

*Appendices*

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*DECEMBER 22, 2000*

*FINAL DESIGN (100%) SUBMITTAL*

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**CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN  
FLORIDA PROJECT**

## **ENGINEERING APPENDIX FOR THE TAMiami TRAIL MODIFICATIONS**

**GENERAL REEVALUATION REPORT/  
SUPPLEMENTAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT  
STATEMENT (GRR/SEIS)**

# **MODIFIED WATER DELIVERIES TO EVERGLADES NATIONAL PARK**



US Army Corps of Engineers  
**Jacksonville District**



**CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN  
FLORIDA PROJECT**

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EVERGLADES NATIONAL PARK**

**APPENDICES**



## **APPENDICES**

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APP. A



**APPENDIX A**

**PERTINENT**

**FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**CORRESPONDENCE**





## Florida Department of Transportation

JEB BUSH  
GOVERNOR

THOMAS F. BARRY, JR.  
SECRETARY

March 30, 2000

District Six Environmental Management Office  
1000 N.W. 111th Avenue, Room 6101  
Miami, Florida 33172

Mr. Richard E. Bonner, P.E.  
Department of the Army  
Jacksonville District Corps of Engineers  
Programs and Project Management Division  
Project Management Branch  
P.O. Box 4970  
Jacksonville, Florida 32232-0019

Dear Mr. Bonner:

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) is in receipt of your letter dated January 12, 2000 which recaps discussions held on November 3, 1999, between the FDOT and the Army Corps of Engineers (the Corps). As you know, on-going coordination between the Corps and the FDOT has been conducted in consideration of potential negative impacts to approximately ten miles of Tamiami Trail as surrounding surface water elevations are raised during the implementation of the Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park (MWD) project. As noted in your January 12, 2000 letter, the Corps has reviewed a number of alternatives and has determined that construction of four bridges on Tamiami Trail would meet the Corps' future flow requirements and maintain a surface water elevation that would only affect the subgrade of the roadway during low frequency events.

During a meeting held on February 17, 2000, the FDOT presented their findings of review to the Corps regarding this proposed alternative. As stated in the FDOT's letter to the Corps dated May 7, 1999, the base clearance requirement may be reduced from 2 feet to one foot for purposes of conceptual alternative analysis. The clearance reduction is predicated on the use of black base (i.e., asphalt, which is more resistant to flooding than a limerock base [a limerock base would require a greater clearance of two to three feet]). The clearance would be measured from the design high water elevation to the bottom of the base at the outside edge of shoulder.

With existing roadway conditions, and assuming the desired flow of 4,000 cubic feet per second (cfs) with implementation of the MWD project, the Corps predicts a design high water elevation of 9.5 feet. An attachment to the FDOT letter dated May 6, 1999, provides the calculations which



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result in the proposed profile grade. It shows that the outside edge of the shoulder would need to be built to 12 feet NGVD in order to provide for high water elevations of 9.5 feet and at least 1 foot of clearance from the bottom of the subgrade (black base).

The Corps has proposed to build four bridges in strategic locations, without reconstructing the remainder of Tamiami Trail, in order to decrease future surface water intrusion into the base of the roadway. However, based on the Corps' hydrology study, the bridge option would only lower the surface water to 8.87 feet, lowered only 0.63 feet when compared to the option of having no bridges (existing). These numbers apply to the desired 4,000 cfs. If lower flows are considered, for instance 2,250 cfs, the study shows a difference of only 0.18 feet between the two options. This appears to indicate that constructing bridges will have a negligible positive effect in reducing the water levels. Assuming that the Corps reduces the flow from the desirable 4,000 cfs to 1,600 cfs (with or without bridges), the highway would still need to be elevated and reconstructed with black base and there would be a gain of 1.5 feet which translates into a required crown elevation of 11.04 feet (down from 12.54 feet at 4,000 cfs). (Please note that it has been previously stated, in FDOT's May 7, 1999 letter, that the crown of Tamiami Trail would need to be at 12 feet NGVD with reconstruction. This was an incorrect statement and other citations within the same letter reflect that the elevation of the outside edge of the shoulder would need to be 12 feet NGVD if the water surface elevation were to rise to 9.5 feet. This translates into crown of 12.54 feet.) Please see the attached typical section.

The FDOT realizes the additional expense and complications, particularly on environmental grounds, that roadway reconstruction would pose. This is enhanced by the need to bring the roadway design to current standards, resulting in a wider typical section, with total reconstruction. The FDOT would entertain entering into an administrative agreement with the Corps whereby the Corps would perform maintenance on Tamiami Trail during the MWD program and the Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Project (CERP) implementation and for some specified time thereafter, in lieu of requiring total reconstruction. This could be accomplished through a Joint Project Agreement (JPA) between the FDOT and the Corps, which stipulates the Corps' responsibility for any necessary maintenance along this section of Tamiami Trail attributable to the elevated water levels.

Such an agreement would also be desired by the FDOT as the Corps is currently proceeding with regulatory water releases in meeting the requirements stipulated in the Biological Opinion (BO) Reasonable and Prudent Alternative (RPA) for the Cape Sable seaside sparrow. As discussed in previous meetings, it would be prudent for the Corps to consider the monetary, environmental and safety costs of long term, continued maintenance on the Tamiami Trail versus total reconstruction.

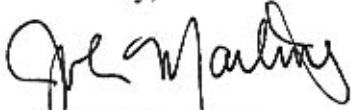
Consideration of this issue has been coordinated with the FDOT Central Environmental Management Office in Tallahassee. The FDOT looks forward to continued coordination with the Corps in order to reach a mutually agreeable course of action in considering impacts to the integrity of Tamiami Trail as the Modified Water Deliveries program proceeds.



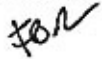
March 30, 2000  
Richard Bonner  
page three

Thank you for your consideration and continued communication in this regard. Should you have any questions in this matter, please feel free to contact me at (305) 470-5220.

Sincerely,



Marjorie K. Bixby  
Acting Environmental Administrator



cc: Tom Barry  
Jose Abreu  
John Martinez  
Gus Pego  
Mike Ciscar





*Chris Smith*  
*EW/HH* *22*

## Florida Department of Transportation

JEB BUSH  
GOVERNOR

THOMAS F. BARRY, JR.  
SECRETARY

District Six Environmental Management Office  
1000 N.W. 111 Avenue, Room 6101  
Miami, Florida 33172

August 13, 1999

Richard E. Bonner, P.E.  
Deputy District Engineer for Project Management  
Department of the Army  
Jacksonville District Corps of Engineers  
P.O. Box 4970  
Jacksonville, Florida 32232-0019

**Re: Condition of Culverts under U.S. 41 / S.R. 90 / Tamiami Trail**

Dear Mr. Bonner:

Enclosed please find a report on the condition of the culverts under U.S. 41 / S.R. 90 / Tamiami Trail from Station 708 + 10.28 (M.P. 13.871, west of Krome Avenue) to Station 1299 + 46.28 in Miami-Dade County. As a follow-up to our February 15, 1999 correspondence to you, this field assessment and report were prepared by our consultant in response to your earlier request to assess the condition and need for maintenance of the existing culverts under Tamiami Trail in Miami-Dade County. The results of this assessment were previously relayed in my telephone discussion with Ms. Cheryl Ulrich, P.E., of your office on June 3, 1999. The enclosed report is forwarded for your files and provides additional details regarding the present condition of all culverts in this area.

In summary, there are 55 steel-reinforced concrete pipe culverts between the above referenced stations. These culverts are placed in groups (typically three) within a single head wall structure on either side of the roadway (please see report for photograph of typical culvert structure). A visual inspection of each culvert on both sides of the roadway revealed that all of the culverts were between 50% and 100% full of water. No culverts were observed with obstructions from substantial sediment, debris, or vegetation build-up inside of, or immediately adjacent to, the pipe openings. A southern flow of water was observed at each location with rates varying from slow to rapid. Based on the consultant's observations, it appears that at present, the primary determining factor for flow rate through the culverts is the water level. Rapid flow rates coincide with dredged waterways south of the culverts and restricted flow rates are associated with shallow water wetlands outside of the Department's right-of-way. There is some minor



Richard E. Bonner, P.E.

August 13, 1999

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maintenance needed on the southern side of the roadway at culverts #1, 2 and #3 (head wall structure #S-2), where it is recommended that a dense mat of water hyacinth be removed to improve flow. There is also an abandoned 55-gallon drum located on the south side of the roadway at culvert #55 (head wall structure #S-23). While this drum is not impeding flow, it should be removed and properly disposed of. Both the vegetation and the drum are outside the Department's right-of-way. They appear to be within Everglades National Park property, although this was not confirmed.

Based on the above findings, no maintenance of the culverts is needed at this time.

As mentioned previously, the Department is proceeding with plans to install two stadia adjacent to the canal, which will allow our maintenance personnel to regularly monitor water levels next to Tamiami Trail in this area.

We hope this information is helpful. If there are any questions regarding this report please call me at (305) 470-5220.

Sincerely,



Barbara B. Culhane, A.I.C.P.  
District Environmental Administrator

cc: Richard Ring, ENP  
Gary Evink, FDOT Central Office  
Ron Steiner, FDOT Maintenance  
Mike Ciscar, FDOT Environmental Mgmt  
Marjorie Bixby, FDOT Environmental Mgmt.



**TAMIAMI TRAIL CULVERT SURVEY REPORT  
S.R. 90/U.S. 41/TAMIAMI TRAIL**

**FROM STATION 708+10.28 (M.P. 13.871, WEST OF KROME AVENUE)  
TO STATION 1299+46.28  
IN MIAMI-DADE COUNTY**

**FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DISTRICT SIX**

**MAY, 1999**



## INTRODUCTION

The objective of this report is to provide a summary of our recent inspections of cross culverts under S.R. 90/U.S. 41/Tamiami Trail. There are a total of fifty-five (55) pipe culverts under Tamiami Trail with 37 headwall structures (north and south of the roadway) at nineteen (19) locations. They are located in an eleven (11) mile section of Tamiami Trail west of S.R. 997/S.W. 177 Ave/Krome Avenue. The typical structure is a group of three steel-reinforced concrete pipes in a north-south orientation (under the road) between two concrete headwalls that are orientated parallel to the road. Sample plan details of the culverts and structures are included with this report (see Attachment 1).

## METHODOLOGY

The field inspections were conducted on February 23 and 24, 1999, by two biologists from Consulting Engineering & Science, Inc. Two goals of the inspections were characterizing any obstructions to the effective operation of the culverts and marking the culvert locations for any warranted FDOT maintenance crew activities. Potential obstructions due to wetland vegetation or sedimentary buildup in front of the pipes on either side of the roadway were investigated. We also noted the shape and approximate diameter of the pipes, as well as their general hydrologic operating conditions. Each location was marked by painting the structure number on the headwall and on the asphalt beneath the guardrail on both the north and south road shoulders. In addition, a numbered wooden stake flagged with pink survey tape was placed in front of the headwalls. Representative photographs and a table summarizing our findings are enclosed (see Attachments 2 and 3, respectively).

## RESULTS

The overall condition of the culverts is good and no structural problems were observed. No culverts were observed with obstructions from substantial sediment, debris, or vegetation build-up inside of, or immediately adjacent to, the pipe openings. A southern flow of water was observed at each location, with rates varying from slow (noticeable by drifting periphyton) to rapid (with visibly turbulent water). Water was observed discharging mainly into shallow expanses of water surrounded by densely vegetated wetlands adjacent to the southern roadway shoulder (within Everglades National Park). However, several culverts discharged into dredged channels or sloughs (utilized as airboat docks and navigation channels at tourist establishments) which were relatively clear of vegetation and exhibited rapid flow rates.



The slow flow rates were observed at culvert locations that initially discharged to deep (3 to 4 foot depths) dredged water areas in front of southern headwalls. These dredged areas appeared to extend between 15 and 30 feet south of the discharge structures (based upon visual observations at several locations where vegetation did not obscure the view). However, the area then generally transitions at a steep slope to shallow-water (approximately 1 foot), densely vegetated wetlands to the south of Tamiami Trail.

Yellow cow lilies (Nuphar sp.) are the predominant emergent vegetative cover in front of the culverts. They occur in sparse (5 to 30 percent of surface water area) to moderate (30 to 70 percent) coverages. Other native, non-invasive aquatic vegetation present in front of the culverts included: bladderworts (Utricularia sp.), tape-grass (Vallisneria americana), and Illinois pondweed (Potamogeton illinoensis). Invasive exotic species present in front of the culverts included: water hyacinth (Eichhornia crassipes), fanworts (Cabomba sp.), and Hydrilla (Hydrilla verticillata). Only Culverts No. 1, 2, & 3 on the southside of the roadway (Structure No. S-2) had openings obstructed by a dense mat of vegetation (water hyacinth). However, based on construction plans, the FDOT right-of-way ends at the headwall at this location.

## DISCUSSION

Based on our observations, it appears that the determining factor for flow rate through the culverts is hydrologic and not due to vegetation, debris, or sediment build-up. Rapid flow rates coincide with dredged waterways south of the culverts and restricted flow rates are associated with shallow water wetlands outside of FDOT right-of-way.

The mat of water hyacinth in front of Culverts 1, 2, & 3 (Structure No. S-2), located at the southern toe-of-slope near the western limits of the survey (M.P. 13.871) should be removed in order to improve flow at these culverts. This vegetation is outside of the FDOT right-of-way. It appears to be within Everglades National Park right-of-way, however this has not been confirmed. In addition, Culvert No. 35 (Structure No. S-23) has a 55-gallon drum which should be removed from the water in front of the pipe opening. This drum is outside of the FDOT right-of-way. Culvert No. 40 (Structure No. S-26) had cattails sucked into the pipe at this location but they did not appear to restrict water flow.



## **ATTACHMENT 1**

### **SAMPLE CONSTRUCTION PLAN SHEETS**











**BILL OF ADDITIONAL REINFORCING STEEL 3-60" PIPE**

MARK	SIZE	NO	FIELD MEASURE (APPROXIMATE LENGTH SHOWN)	LOCATION	REMARKS
A	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
B	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
C	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
D	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
E	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
F	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
G	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
H	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
I	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
J	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
K	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
L	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
M	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
N	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
O	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
P	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
Q	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
R	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
S	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
T	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
U	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
V	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
W	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
X	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
Y	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
Z	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger

\* FIELD MEASURE (APPROXIMATE LENGTH SHOWN)

**ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL QUANTITIES 3-60" PIPE**

ITEM	UNIT	QTY	PRICE	TOTAL
Reinforcing Steel	CU YD	1.2	1.25	1.50
Formwork	SQ YD	1.2	1.25	1.50
Concrete	CY	1.2	1.25	1.50

NOTE: ADD THESE QUANTITIES TO THOSE SHOWN IN INDEX B 231

**BILL OF ADDITIONAL REINFORCING STEEL 3-72" PIPE**

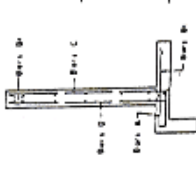
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A	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
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L	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
M	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
N	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
O	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
P	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
Q	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
R	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
S	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
T	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
U	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
V	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
W	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
X	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
Y	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
Z	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger

\* FIELD MEASURE (APPROXIMATE LENGTH SHOWN)

**ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL QUANTITIES 3-72" PIPE**

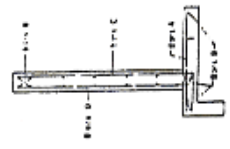
ITEM	UNIT	QTY	PRICE	TOTAL
Reinforcing Steel	CU YD	1.2	1.25	1.50
Formwork	SQ YD	1.2	1.25	1.50
Concrete	CY	1.2	1.25	1.50

NOTE: ADD THESE QUANTITIES TO THOSE SHOWN IN INDEX B 231



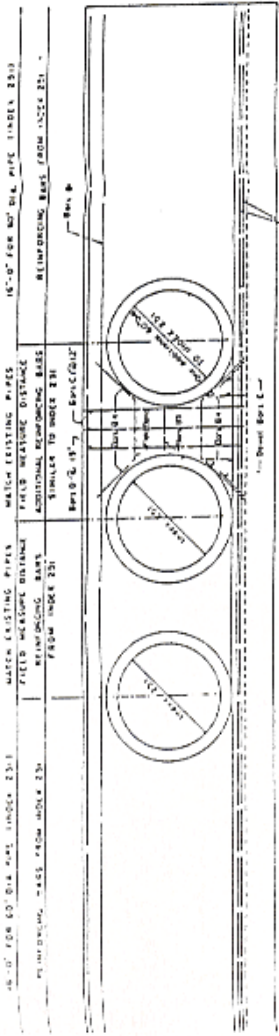
**TYPICAL SECTION THRU ENDWALL**

SEE INDEX B 231 FOR ALL DIMENSIONS AND REINFORCING



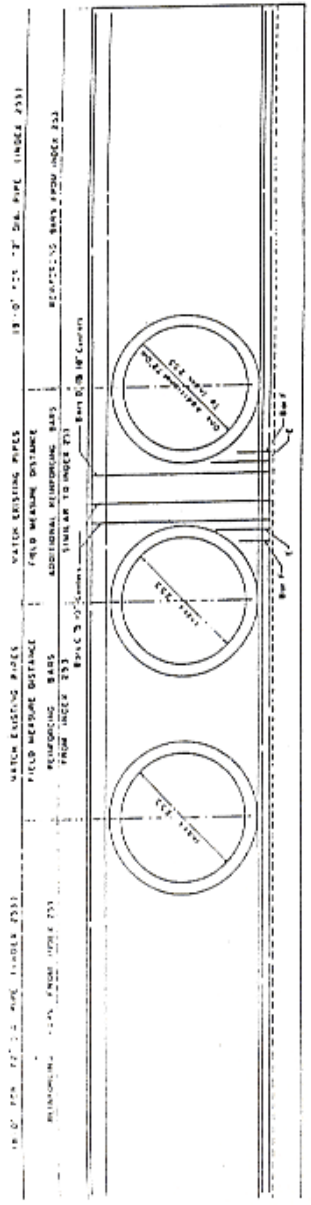
**TYPICAL SECTION THRU ENDWALL**

SEE INDEX B 231 FOR ALL DIMENSIONS AND REINFORCING



**ELEVATION OF TRIPLE 60" DIAMETER CONCRETE PIPE**

REINFORCING STEEL REQUIRED IN ADDITION TO INDEX B 231 (SEE INDEX B 231 FOR ALL DIMENSIONS AND REINFORCING). SEE INDEX B 231 FOR ALL DIMENSIONS AND REINFORCING. SEE INDEX B 231 FOR ALL DIMENSIONS AND REINFORCING.



**ELEVATION OF TRIPLE 72" DIAMETER CONCRETE PIPE**

REINFORCING STEEL REQUIRED IN ADDITION TO INDEX B 231 (SEE INDEX B 231 FOR ALL DIMENSIONS AND REINFORCING). SEE INDEX B 231 FOR ALL DIMENSIONS AND REINFORCING. SEE INDEX B 231 FOR ALL DIMENSIONS AND REINFORCING.

**BILL OF ADDITIONAL REINFORCING STEEL 4-60" PIPE**

MARK	SIZE	NO	FIELD MEASURE (APPROXIMATE LENGTH SHOWN)	LOCATION	REMARKS
A	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
B	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
C	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
D	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
E	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
F	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
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P	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
Q	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
R	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
S	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
T	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
U	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
V	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
W	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
X	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
Y	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger
Z	3"	4	4'-2"	Field	Stagger

\* FIELD MEASURE (APPROXIMATE LENGTH SHOWN)

**ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL QUANTITIES 4-60" PIPE**

ITEM	UNIT	QTY	PRICE	TOTAL
Reinforcing Steel	CU YD	1.2	1.25	1.50
Formwork	SQ YD	1.2	1.25	1.50
Concrete	CY	1.2	1.25	1.50

NOTE: ADD THESE QUANTITIES TO THOSE SHOWN IN INDEX B 231

**NOTES**

- 1- FOR TRIPLE 48" DIA. PIPES SEE INDEX B 230 (MULTIPLE PIPES).
- 2- THIS SHEET IS TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH INDEX B 231 AND B 233.
- 3- FOR DRAINAGE STRUCTURES 5-16 AND 5-17 CONSISTING OF 4-60" DIA. PIPES REPEAT THE ADDITIONAL REINFORCING BARS, TWICE, AS SHOWN ABOVE IN TRIPLE PIPE ELEVATION.
- 4- COST ASSOCIATED WITH THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE ENDWALLS (INCLUDING COFFERDAMS, DEWATERING) SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE COST OF CLASS II CONCRETE.

† The endwall for 3 72" Diameter Concrete Pipe was not provided because their are no 72" Pipes with in the Project Limits.



## **ATTACHMENT 2**

## **PHOTOGRAPHS**



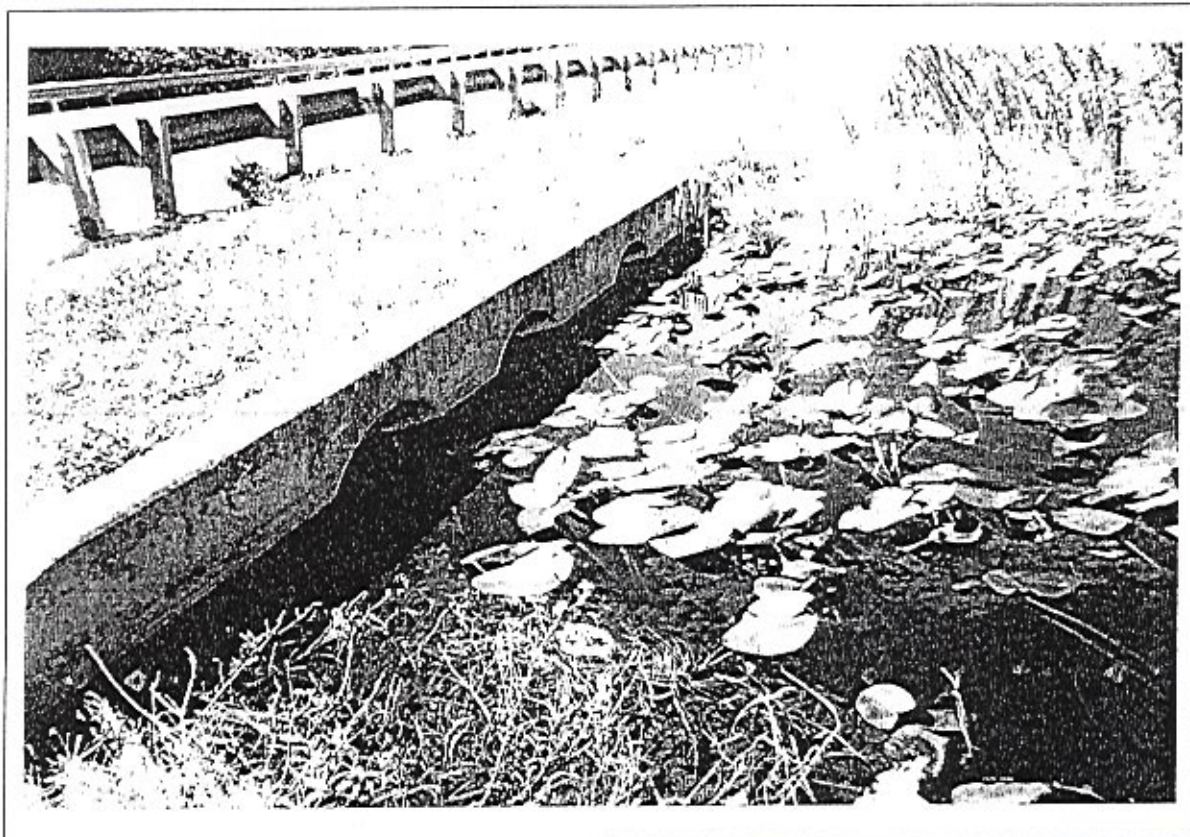


Photo 1: Typical northern culvert opening headwall intaking water from adjacent Tamiami Canal with slow flow through moderate wetland and aquatic vegetation.

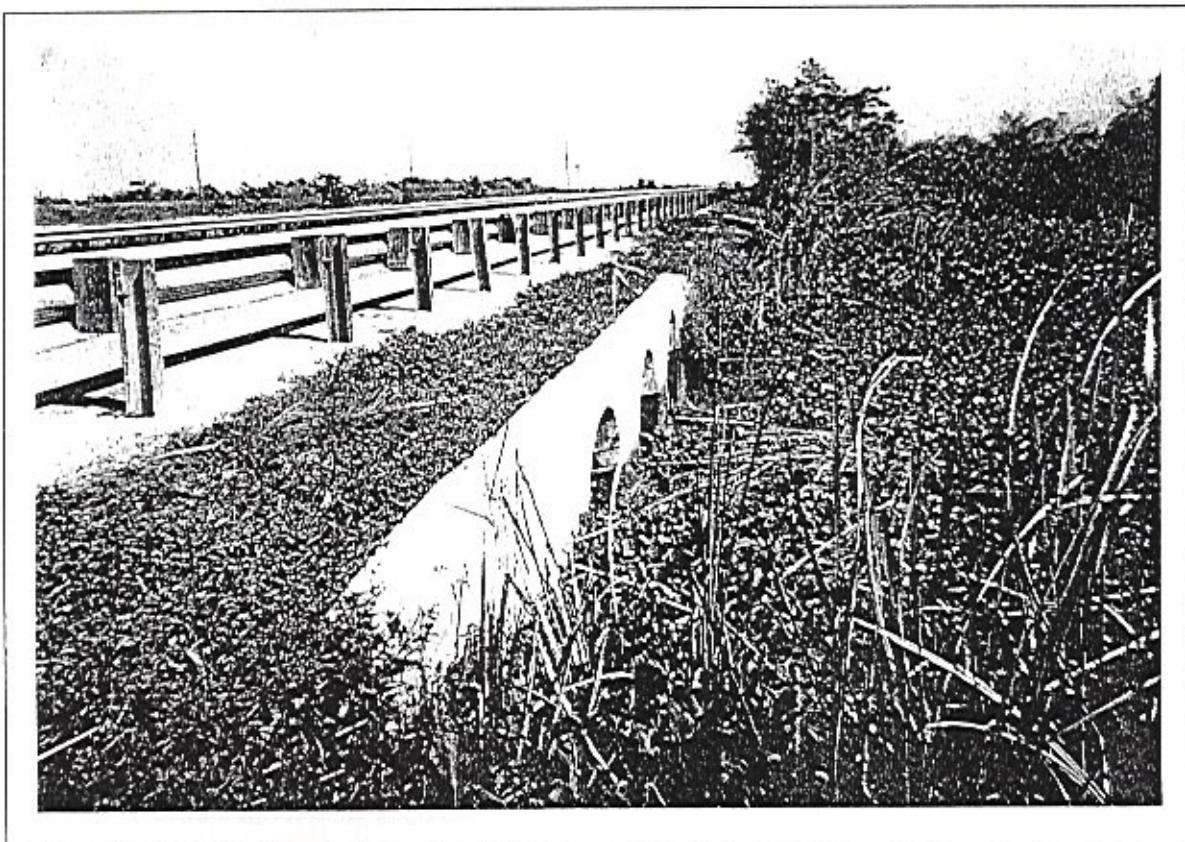


Photo 2: Culverts No. 1, 2, & 3 (Structure S-2), south of roadway, with a slow water discharge into a dense mat of exotic water hyacinth.



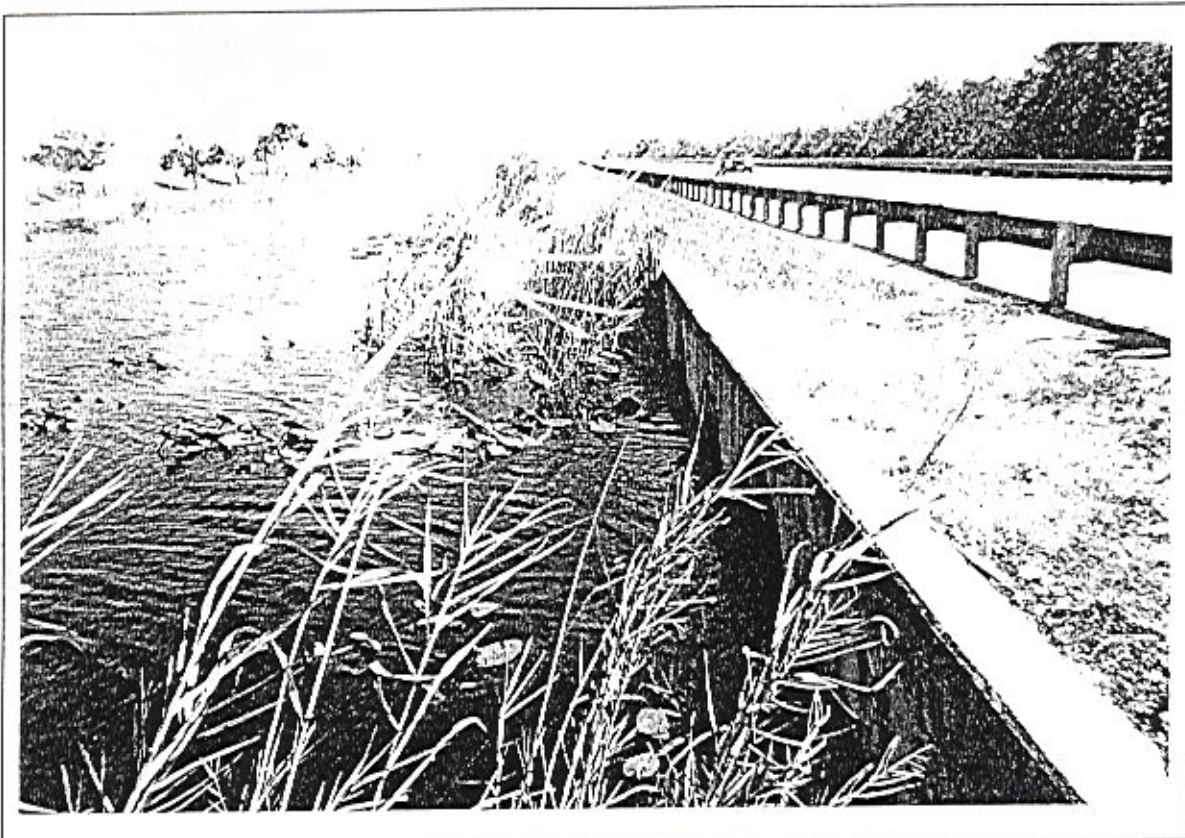


Photo 3: Example of northern culvert openings 1/2 full of water, with moderate to rapid flow, and sparse vegetation.



Photo 4: Example of 2/3 full southern culvert openings discharging a slow to moderate flow into sparse/mainly open water dredged area (dredging limited to headwall vicinity).



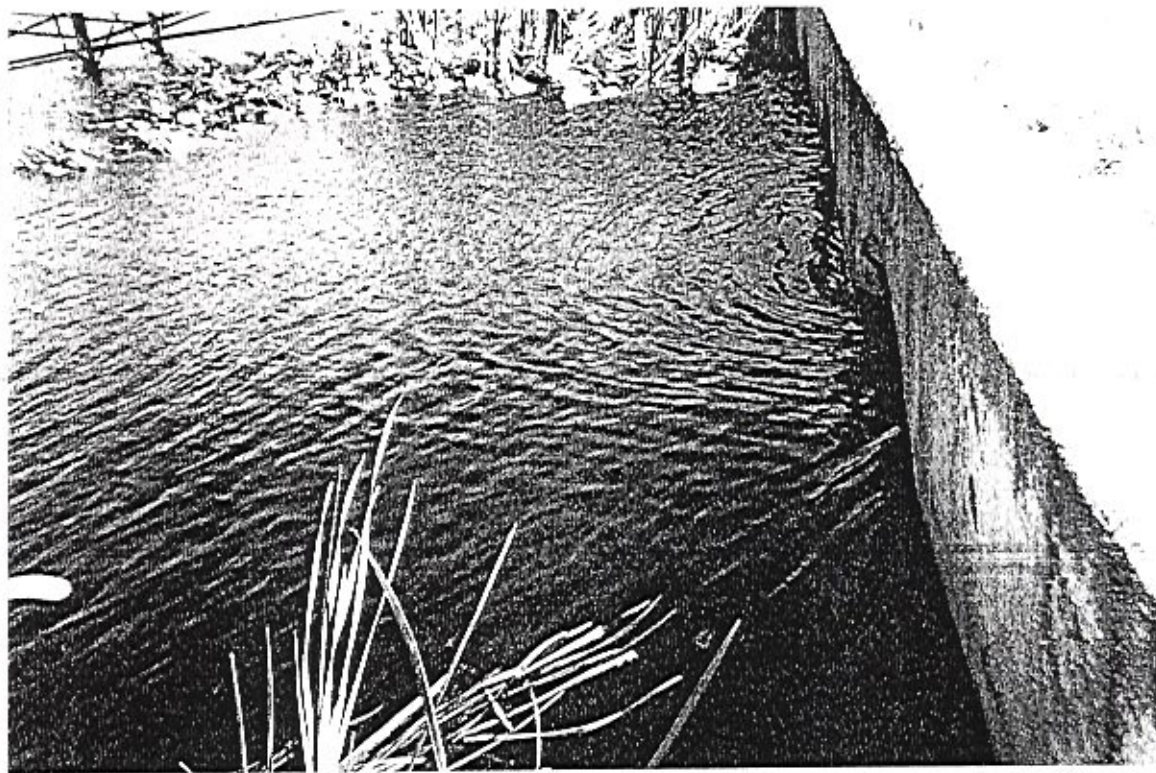


Photo 5: Example of 2/3 full northern culvert openings with a moderate water intake rate and open water - no vegetation.

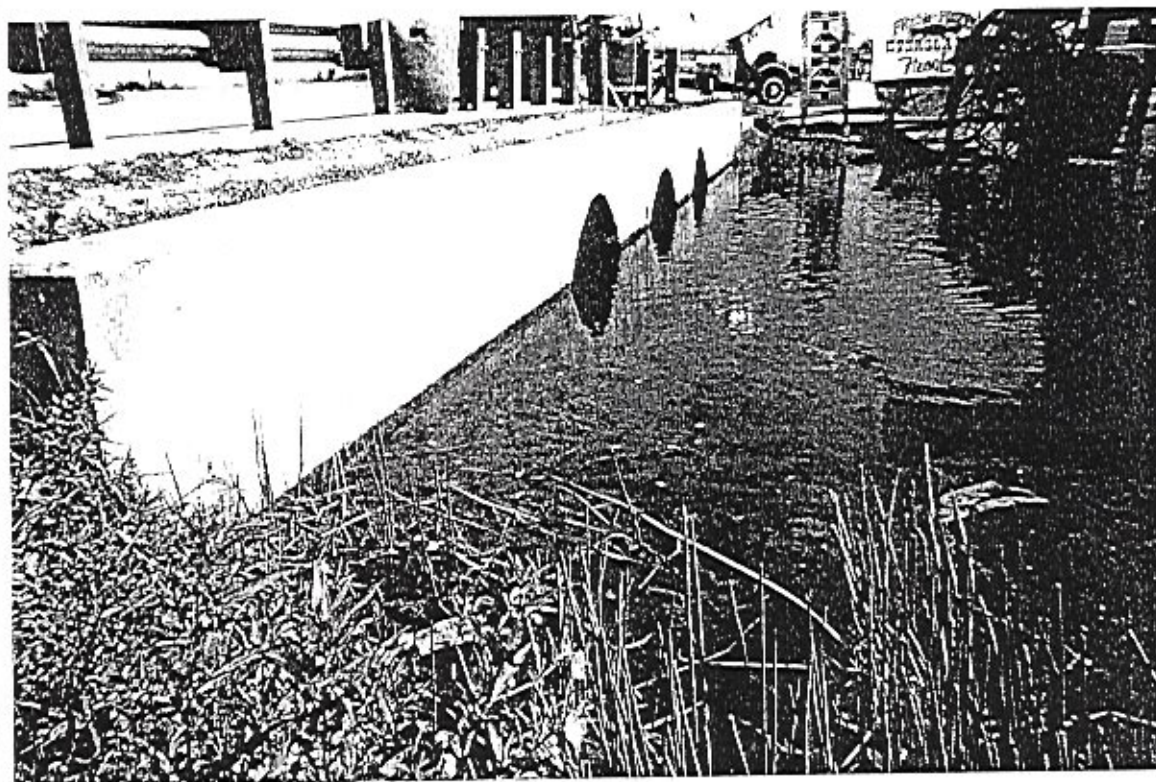


Photo 6: Example of 2/3 full southern culvert openings with a slow to moderate discharge of water to an airboat docking area/navigation channel, no vegetation in open water.



## ATTACHMENT 3

### TABLE 1



TABLE 1  
S.R. 90 / U.S. 41 / TAMiami TRAIL CROSS CULVERTS

Culverts	Headwall Structure No.	Wetland Vegetation	Pipe Descriptions		Operating Conditions	Sedimentation Inside Pipe Openings	Notes
			Shape	Avg. Diameter (in inches)			
1, 2, 3	S-1 (North)	Native/ Exotic	Round	44	open, 1/2 full, slow southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies and Illinois pondweed in front of culverts (moderate density) with saltbush, arrowhead, sawgrass and giant leather fern at the headwall abutments. Exotic species = Fanwort in front of culverts (moderate density).
	S-2 (South)	Exotic	Round	45	open, 1/2 full, slow southern flow	Minimal	Exotic species = Water hyacinth in a solid floating mat (high density). Fire in front of center pipe, grasses at headwall abutments.
4, 5, 6	S-3 (North)	Native/ Exotic	Round	44	open, 2/3 full, slow southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies and Illinois pondweed in front of culverts (moderate density). Exotic species = Torpedo grass at headwall abutments.
	S-4 (South)	Native/ Exotic	Round	48	open, 2/3 full, slow southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (moderate density). Exotic species = Water hyacinth (high density) behind lilies, approximately 20 feet from the culverts.
7, 8, 9	S-5 (North)	Native/ Exotic	Round	48	open, full, slow southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (moderate density). Saltbush, arrowhead, pond apple, hydrocotyl, and sparrowwort at abutments. Exotic species = Torpedo grass and fanwort at abutments.
	S-6 (South)	Native/ Exotic	Round	48	open, full, slow/moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (moderate density). Nuisance/Exotic species = Fanworts in front of culverts (moderate density). Cattails and grasses at the abutments.



Culverts	Headwall Structure No.	Wetland Vegetation	Pipe Descriptions		Operating Conditions	Sedimentation Inside Pipe Openings	Notes
			Shape	Avg. Diameter (in inches)			
10, 11, 12	S-7 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	48	Open, full, slow southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies and Illinois pondweed in front of culverts (moderate density). Saltbush, broomsedge, and grasses at the abutments. Nuisance/Exotic species = Cattails and torpedo grass at abutments.
	S-8 (South)	Native/Exotic	Round	48	Open, full, slow/moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (moderate density). Pickerelweed is present among lilies. Grasses, broomsedge, and willow at the abutments. Nuisance/Exotic species = Cattails at the abutments.
13, 14, 15	S-9 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	50 (North, concrete headwall) 54 (South, 3 corrugated steel pipes)	Open, 1/2 full, rapid southern flow	Minimal	Only 1 structure number, steel pipes with no headwall on southside. Native species = Yellow cow lilies, type grass and Illinois pond weed (moderate densities) in front of culverts with sections of open water. Pond apple, giant spikerush and arrowhead at the abutments. Exotic species = Torpedo grass at the abutments.
	S-10 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	44	Open, full, moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies and Illinois pond weed in front of culverts (moderate density). Pickerelweed at N.E. abutment. Nuisance/Exotic species = Bankswort in front of culverts (moderate density) and common reed at N.W. abutment.
16, 17, 18	S-11 (South)	Native	Round	42	Open, 3/4 full, moderate southern flow	None	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (moderate density) with cattails and pickerelweed further south in shallow waters. Giant leather fern at S.E. abutment.
	S-12 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	48	Open, 1/2 full, slow/moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (moderate density) with spikerush, broomsedge, arrowhead, pond apple, giant leather fern, and shield ferns at abutments. Nuisance/Exotic species = Torpedo grass and pickerelweed at abutments.



Culverts	Headwall Structure No.	Wetland Vegetation	Pipe Descriptions		Operating Conditions	Sedimentation Inside Pipe Openings	Notes
			Shape	Avg. Diameter (in inches)			
19, 20, 21	S-13 (South)	Native/Exotic	Round	48	Open, 1/2 full, moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (moderate density) with pond apples, giant leather ferns, and shield ferns at abutments. Nuisance/Exotic species = Cattails in front of culverts (moderate density) with Brazilian pepper at abutments.
	S-14 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	48	Open, 3/4 full, slow/moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies and Illinois pondweed in front of culverts (moderate density) with sawgrass, arrowhead, and primrose willow at abutments. Nuisance/Exotic species = Fanwort in front of culverts (moderate density), with cattails, pickerelweed, and common reed at abutments.
25, 26, 27, 28	S-15 (South)	Native/Nuisance	Round	48	Open, 3/4 full, slow southern flow	None	Native species = Yellow cow lilies, scattered in open water in front of culverts (sparse density), with flatsedge at one abutment. Nuisance species = Common reed at abutments.
	S-16 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	54	Open, full, slow/moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (moderate density), with giant spikerush, mixed pond apple saplings and sawgrass clumps at the abutments. Exotic species = Fanworts in front of culverts (moderate density).
29, 30, 31	S-17 (South)	Native	Round	54	Open, full, slow southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (moderate density) and at abutments, with arrowhead, coastal plain willow, arrowhead, and giant spikerush also at abutments. Nuisance species = Common reed at one abutment.
	S-18 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	57	Open, full, moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Mostly open water in front of culverts, some yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (sparse density), with some spikerush at abutments. Exotic species = Mostly open water in front of culverts, some fanworts in front of culverts (sparse density) and at abutments, with torpedo grass also present at the abutments.



Culverts	Headwall Structure No.	Wetland Vegetation	Pipe Descriptions		Operating Conditions	Sedimentation Inside Pipe Openings	Notes
			Shape	Avg. Diameter (in inches)			
29, 30, 31	S-19 (South)	Native/ Exotic	Round	54	Open, full, moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Mostly open water in front of culverts, some yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (sparse density). Exotic species = Mostly open water in front of culverts, some fanworts in front of culverts (sparse density) with some moved torpedo grass at abutments.
	S-20 (North)	Native/ Exotic	Round	45	Open, full, slow southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (moderate density) with moved primrose willow and giant leather ferns at abutments. Exotic species = Fanworts in front of culverts (moderate density) with cattails and torpedo grass at abutments.
	S-21 (South)	Native/ Exotic	Round	44	Open, full, slow southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (moderate density) with coastal plain willow, pond apple, red bay, giant leather fern, saltbush, and various grasses at abutments. Exotic species = Fanworts in front of culverts (moderate density).
35	S-22 (North)	Native/ Exotic	Round	58	Open, full, slow southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (moderate density) with broomsedge, saltbush, arrowhead, primrose willow, and various ferns at abutments. Exotic/Nuisance species = Fanworts in front of culverts (moderate density) with moved torpedo grass and common reeds at abutments.
	S-23 (South)	Native/ Exotic	Round	58	Open, full, no/slow southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culvert (moderate to high density) with sawgrass, arrowhead, giant spikerush, and various ferns at abutments. Exotic/Nuisance species = Fanworts in front of culvert (moderate to high density) with torpedo grass, hydrilla, Brazilian pepper, common reed, and cattails at abutments. Additionally, an open-ended, 55 gallon drum is in the water, approximately 1 meter south of the culvert opening.



Culverts	Headwall Structure No.	Wetland Vegetation	Pipe Descriptions		Operating Conditions	Sedimentation Inside Pipe Openings	Notes
			Shape	Avg. Diameter (in inches)			
35, 37, 38	S-24 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	53	Open, 3/4 full, moderate/rapid southern flow	Minimal	Native species - No vegetation in front of culverts. Open water with yellow cow lilies and giant spikerush at the abutments. Exotic/Nuisance species - Open water in front of the culverts, with fanworts and cattails at the abutments.
	S-25 (South)	Native/Exotic	Round	53	Open, 3/4 full, moderate/rapid southern flow	Minimal	Native species - Open water in front of culverts, with bladderwort, giant spikerush, pennywort, and primrose willow at the abutments. Exotic species - Fanworts and Hydrilla in water BETWEEN the culverts, NOT in front of the culverts, with mowed torpedo grass at the abutments.
	S-26 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	48	Open, full, moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species - Mainly open water in front of culverts, with some Illinois pondweed (moderate density), and with yellow cow lilies at the abutments. Nuisance/Exotic species - Cattails confined mainly to the abutments with common reeds and torpedo grass.
39, 40	S-27 (South)	Native/Exotic	Round	48	Open, full, moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species - Mainly open water in front of culverts, with some yellow cow lilies (sparse density), and coastal plain willow at the abutments. Exotic/Nuisance species - Hydrilla and cattails (sparse density) in open water with Brazilian pepper and cattails at the abutments.
	S-28 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	56	Open, 1/2 full, slow/moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species - Yellow cow lilies and Illinois pondweed in front of culverts (sparse density). Exotic/Nuisance - Fanworts in front of culverts (sparse density) with torpedo grass, cattails, and common reed at abutments.
41, 42, 43	S-29 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	54	Open, 1/2 full, moderate southern flow	None	Native species - Yellow cow lilies in BETWEEN the culverts, NOT in front of the culverts (moderate density), with giant leather fern, coastal plains willow, broomsedge, and white beggar ticks at the abutments. Exotic species - Cabomba in BETWEEN the culverts, NOT in front of the culverts (moderate density), with Brazilian pepper and torpedo grass at the abutments.
	S-30 (South)	Native/Exotic	Round	54	Open, 1/2 full, moderate southern flow	None	Native species - Yellow cow lilies in BETWEEN the culverts, NOT in front of the culverts (moderate density), with giant leather fern, coastal plains willow, broomsedge, and white beggar ticks at the abutments. Exotic species - Cabomba in BETWEEN the culverts, NOT in front of the culverts (moderate density), with Brazilian pepper and torpedo grass at the abutments.



Culverts	Headwall Structure No.	Wetland Vegetation	Pipe Descriptions		Operating Conditions	Sedimentation Inside Pipe Openings	Notes
			Shape	Avg. Diameter (in inches)			
44, 45, 46	S-30 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	48	Open, full, moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies and Illinois pondweed in front of culverts (moderate density) with white beggar ticks, arrowheads, as well as mixed leather and shield ferns at the abutments. Exotic/Nuisance = Fanworts in front of culverts (moderate density) with torpedo grass at the abutments.
	S-31 (South)	Native/Exotic	Round	48	Open, full, moderate southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies in front of culverts (moderate density) and at the abutments. Exotic/Nuisance = Fanworts in front of culverts (moderate density) with napier grass at the abutments.
47, 48, 49	S-32 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	48	Open, full, moderate/rapid southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Yellow cow lilies and Illinois pondweed in front of culverts (moderate density) with white beggar ticks, arrowheads, and bladderworts at the abutments. Exotic/Nuisance = Fanworts in front of culverts (moderate density) with torpedo grass at the abutments.
	S-33 (South)	Native/Exotic	Round	44	Open, full, moderate/rapid southern flow	Minimal	Native species = Mainly open water in front of culverts, with some yellow cow lilies (sparse density) and some coastal plain willow, white beggar ticks, lantana, and broomsedge at the abutments. Exotic/Nuisance species = Hydrilla (sparse density) in open water with fanworts and hydrilla at the abutments.
50, 51, 52	S-34 (North)	Native/Exotic	Round	38	Open, full, rapid southern flow	None	Native species = Mainly open water with some Illinois pondweed (sparse density) in front of culverts. Exotic/Nuisance species = Hydrilla (sparse density) in open water with cattails, torpedo grass and hydrilla at the abutments.
	S-35 (South)	Native/Exotic	Round	38	Open, full, rapid southern flow	None	Native species = Open water in front of culverts, with yellow cow lilies and coastal plain willow at the abutments. Exotic/Nuisance species = Mainly open water in front of the culverts with hydrilla, cattails, and common reed at the abutments.



Culverts	Headwall Structure No.	Wetland Vegetation	Pipe Descriptions		Operating Conditions	Sedimentation Inside Pipe Openings	Notes
			Shape	Avg. Diameter (in inches)			
53, 54, 55	S-36 (North)	Native/ Exotic	Round	48	Open, full, rapid southern flow	None	Native species = Mainly open water in front of culverts with yellow cow lilies, Illinois pondweed, arrowheads, and white beggar ticks at the abutments. Exotic species = Mainly open water in front of culverts but with some strands of hydrilla sucked into the intake opening of at least one culvert and laying flat on the bottom. Fanworks and torpedo grass at the abutments.
	S-37 (South)	Native/ Exotic	Round	48	Open, full, rapid southern flow	Minimal	Native species = No vegetation, only open water in front of culverts with flatsedge and coastal plain willow at the abutments. Exotic/Nuisance species = No vegetation, only open water in front of culverts with Brazilian pepper, cattails, hydrilla, and torpedo grass at the abutments.





## Florida Department of Transportation

JEB BUSH  
GOVERNOR

THOMAS F. BARRY, JR.  
SECRETARY

District Six Environmental Management Office  
1000 N.W. 111 Avenue, Room 6101  
Miami, Florida 33172

May 7, 1999

Richard Bonner, Deputy District Engineer for Project Management  
Department of the Army  
Jacksonville District Corps of Engineers  
P.O. Box 4970  
Jacksonville, Florida 32232-0019

Dear Mr. Bonner:

This is in response to your April 16, 1999 letter received April 22, 1999 regarding the Tamiami Trail project feature of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' (the "Corps") Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project.

Since our February 23, 1999 meeting with your staff, a coordination team has been established within the Florida Department of Transportation (the "Department") to assist in reviewing alternatives and plans developed for this project. A list of team members along with their responsibilities and contact information is attached. A number of these team members met to discuss your most recent letter and have assembled the information provided below. The information in this letter is divided into two parts: the first part contains general comments regarding the project, and the second part contains specific responses to questions raised in your letter.

### General Comments

We were concerned to read in your letter that your process is on hold pending information from our agency, since your staff stated at the conclusion of our February 23<sup>rd</sup> meeting that they would proceed with additional alternatives analysis through March and early April, and subsequently provide that information to the Department for review. As we committed in the February meeting, our Traffic Operations Division proceeded with obtaining all traffic Level of Service (LOS) and crash data for this portion of Tamiami Trail and performed a detailed analysis of this data in order to determine the possible need for four-laning of the roadway or for provision of a median separator. That work was completed April 26, 1999 and the results are provided below.



Richard Bonner  
May 7, 1999  
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As expressed at the February 23rd meeting and in our July 31, 1998 teleconference with your staff, we are concerned about the level of major engineering and environmental work involved in developing and analyzing the alternatives for this project, particularly given the ambitious schedule for project implementation. We wish to reiterate our recommendation made in last summer's teleconference that the Corps hire a qualified consulting firm with expertise in transportation engineering and environmental analysis to perform the substantial work involved in developing the project alternatives. While the Department's coordination team can assist with review of alternatives and plans, and serve as a source of information and contacts, we feel that a dedicated consultant team is essential to completing the substantial work involved in developing and designing this project within the established schedule. To that end, we are providing a list of consulting firms, which are prequalified by the Department to perform Project Development and Environmental (PD&E) (i.e., National Environmental Policy Act [NEPA]) alternatives analysis studies and prepare project master plans. This is in addition to the attached list of Department-prequalified Final Design firms, which your staff requested at our February 23rd meeting. One advantageous approach would be to consider hiring a single firm qualified not only in PD&E and Final Design, but Construction, Engineering and Inspection (CEI) work as well, since a CEI firm will be needed to inspect the construction contractor's work. In addition, due to the project length, you should consider dividing the project construction into two or three segments in order to expedite this phase by utilizing multiple contractors.

As discussed in February, part of the difficulty in responding to your staff's request for all the environmental, water quality, and design considerations which would need to be incorporated into this project lies in the fact that the decision of which agency (s) will design, construct and fund this project, and which specific funding types will be utilized, has not yet been decided. For example, if the ACOE were to construct and fund this project using Department of Interior (DOI) funds, we do not believe that Section 4 (f) [Title 49 U.S.C., Section 1653(f), as amended in 1983 and codified as 49 U.S.C. Section 303] would apply, as it only applies to agencies within the U.S. Department of Transportation. We do feel that a final legal determination of this issue needs to be made since a U.S. highway is involved, and therefore we will request such a determination and will forward the opinion to you separately. If any FHWA funds were utilized at any stage of this project, however (design, construction, right-of-way acquisition, etc.), Section 4(f) would apply. This includes the potential for direct permanent Section 4(f) impacts, temporary Section 4(f) impacts due to Maintenance of Traffic (MOT) or other construction activities, indirect impacts through changes in access to Section 4(f) lands, and Constructive Use Section 4(f). Section 4(f) lands in the area include Everglades National Park and possibly other publicly owned recreation areas, wildlife or waterfowl refuges, or archaeological or historic sites identified as part of a comprehensive archaeological and cultural resource survey. In any case, you should be aware that if Section 4(f) were determined to apply, it could substantially affect the project's MOT plans, and consequently the preferred alternative alignment, as well as the



project schedule.

Similarly, other processes, procedures and permitting requirements may apply if this project is designed and constructed by the Department, which may not apply to a Corps-designed and -constructed facility on our right-of-way. Consequently it is difficult to insure a complete list of all issues and design considerations which should be addressed for this project. For comparison purposes, based on our knowledge of the proposed improvements planned thus far, the standard process which the Department would follow in developing this project would include, at a minimum, the following:

**1. Project Development and Environmental Study Phase**

- Project scoping phase.
- Development of detailed project schedule and Public Involvement Plan (PIP).
- Advanced Notification Package to applicable agencies, organizations and elected officials.
- Engineering and Environmental data collection & analysis; detailed field surveys for endangered species, wetlands impacts, right-of-way impacts, cultural resource surveys, etc.
- NEPA alternatives analysis, interagency coordination (including required Endangered Species Act [ESA] Section Seven consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service [USFWS]; coordination with the State Historic Preservation Officer [SHPO], etc.)
- Development of engineering masterplans for various alternatives.
- Preparation of draft Preliminary Engineering Report (PER) and required environmental documents.
- Public notice and public involvement (public workshops; public hearing).
- Selection of preferred alternative.
- Document revision, completion, circulation and approval.

**2. Final Design Phase**

- Development of detailed roadway and drainage design plans based on the preferred NEPA alternative.
- Structural design of retaining walls, bridges, etc., if any.
- Utility coordination.
- Right-of-way acquisition; acquisition of construction easements.
- Additional public involvement as warranted.
- Environmental document reevaluation and update.
- Regulatory permitting.
- Preparation of Technical Special Provisions (TSP's) for inclusion in contract documents.
- Plans circulation and review.
- Construction cost estimating.



### 3. Construction Phase

- Contractor bidding, contract letting and negotiations.
- Contractor mobilization.
- Potential utility relocation.
- Implementation of MOT plans.
- Project construction and inspection.
- Potential restoration of MOT area.
- Wetlands mitigation construction.

Based on the above process, we estimate that with the use of prequalified consulting firms experienced in transportation Project Development and Final Design, and assuming major modifications to the entire 10-mile project area, an accelerated schedule for completion of both the Project Development and Final Design Phases would be two years each, and an accelerated Construction Phase would take approximately two years, for a total of six years. This assumes that the basic type of improvements needed (bridges, culverts, roadway elevation, or some combination of all three) has already been established in the planning phase (i.e., prior to the Project Development Phase). It also does not allow time for consultant selection and contract negotiation, although in the case of Final Design and CEI consultant selection, this process can be performed simultaneously with other project work, in advance of these phases.

As mentioned by your staff in the February 23rd meeting, the Corps may have different processes or permitting requirements which are less restrictive than those followed by the Department. For purposes of responding to your questions, the information provided below is based on what we believe would be the minimum Project Development, environmental, water quality and pavement design considerations, which would apply, regardless of funding or agency involvement.

### Response to Questions

#### 1) **Waiver request by the Corps to reduce the two-foot base clearance requirement to a one-foot base clearance requirement:**

The base clearance may be reduced from two feet to one foot for purposes of conceptual alternative development. This clearance will be measured from the design high water elevation to the bottom of the base at the outside edge of shoulder. The clearance reduction is predicated on the use of black base (i.e., asphalt; which is more resistant to flooding than a lime rock base). The design high water elevation needs to be established for each conceptual alternative. For purposes of determining roadway profile grades and pavement layer clearances the design high water will be the expected water elevation resulting from a 75 year recurrence interval, or approximately 4,000 cubic feet per second (cfs). As your staff discussed in the February 23<sup>rd</sup> meeting, they anticipate a 4,000 cfs flow event, flooding the roadway base for two to three days



Based on the design high water elevation provided by the Corps of 9.5 feet NGVD (derived from the occasional 4,000 cfs flow), a minimum profile grade elevation at the roadway crown of 12 feet would be required.

**3) Request by the Corps to use black base at a one-foot thickness instead of lime rock at a two-foot thickness) as a subgrade material in alternatives developed for Tamiami Trail:**

As we discussed in the February 23<sup>rd</sup> meeting, the use of black base is acceptable, although typically more expensive than lime rock. The pavement design above is based on the use of black base and a one-foot clearance from its bottom to the design high water elevation.

**4) Waiver request by the Corps to reduce the two-foot bridge drift clearance to a one-foot bridge drift clearance:**

We concur in the reduction of the bridge drift clearance from two feet to one foot for purposes of conceptual alternative development. This clearance will be measured from the design high water elevation to the bottom of the lowest superstructure member. The design high water elevation needs to be established for each conceptual alternative. For the purposes of determining bridge clearances and openings the design high water will be the expected water elevation resulting from a 75 year recurrence interval (4,000 cfs flow). This reduction does not account for any clearance requirements that may be imposed by the South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD). The bridge drift clearance will be reevaluated for the recommended design alternative prior to final approval. The expected water velocity and the potential for debris impacting the superstructure will be part of the evaluation of the recommended design. If the clearance can be reasonably increased, up to the desirable clearance, with minimal economic and/or environmental impacts, you may be asked to review the design to provide increased clearance.

Since bridge drift clearance standards must be approved in this case by both the Department and the SFWMD, we recommend you contact SFWMD for their opinion. For preliminary considerations, as long as the velocity in the canal during the maximum design flow event at the proposed bridge location is at or under 2.5 feet per second (fps), and the type of floating debris does not cause damage to the lowest member elevation of the bridge structure, then the request may be considered for a waiver by the Department. It should also be noted, however, that the other vertical clearance which must be met is the six-foot navigation vertical clearance necessary for maintenance of the canal and the bridge structure. This six-foot vertical clearance should be above the normal water surface elevation, or the October ground water elevation.

Please reference the enclosed typical section demonstrating bridge drift clearance.

**5) Request by the Corps that the Department accept overtopping of Tamiami Trail during a 1 in 500-year flow event:**



Based on the design high water elevation provided by the Corps of 9.5 feet NGVD (derived from the occasional 4,000 cfs flow), a minimum profile grade elevation at the roadway crown of 12 feet would be required.

**3) Request by the Corps to use black base at a one-foot thickness instead of lime rock at a two-foot thickness) as a subgrade material in alternatives developed for Tamiami Trail:**

As we discussed in the February 23<sup>rd</sup> meeting, the use of black base is acceptable, although typically more expensive than lime rock. The pavement design above is based on the use of black base and a one-foot clearance from its bottom to the design high water elevation.

**4) Waiver request by the Corps to reduce the two-foot bridge drift clearance to a one-foot bridge drift clearance:**

We concur in the reduction of the bridge drift clearance from two feet to one foot for purposes of conceptual alternative development. This clearance will be measured from the design high water elevation to the bottom of the lowest superstructure member. The design high water elevation needs to be established for each conceptual alternative. For the purposes of determining bridge clearances and openings the design high water will be the expected water elevation resulting from a 75 year recurrence interval (4,000 cfs flow). This reduction does not account for any clearance requirements that may be imposed by the South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD). The bridge drift clearance will be reevaluated for the recommended design alternative prior to final approval. The expected water velocity and the potential for debris impacting the superstructure will be part of the evaluation of the recommended design. If the clearance can be reasonably increased, up to the desirable clearance, with minimal economic and/or environmental impacts, you may be asked to review the design to provide increased clearance.

Since bridge drift clearance standards must be approved in this case by both the Department and the SFWMD, we recommend you contact SFWMD for their opinion. For preliminary considerations, as long as the velocity in the canal during the maximum design flow event at the proposed bridge location is at or under 2.5 feet per second (fps), and the type of floating debris does not cause damage to the lowest member elevation of the bridge structure, then the request may be considered for a waiver by the Department. It should also be noted, however, that the other vertical clearance which must be met is the six-foot navigation vertical clearance necessary for maintenance of the canal and the bridge structure. This six-foot vertical clearance should be above the normal water surface elevation, or the October ground water elevation.

Please reference the enclosed typical section demonstrating bridge drift clearance.

**5) Request by the Corps that the Department accept overtopping of Tamiami Trail during a 1 in 500-year flow event:**



Overtopping of Tamiami Trail is allowable in extreme events. Our design standards require that the cross drains (bridges and culverts) accommodate the flows expected on a 75 year recurrence interval (4,000 cfs flow). For each design alternative developed, please identify the recurrence interval that will result in an encroachment of water onto the travel lanes of the highway, and the expected duration of the encroachment.

Responses to additional questions in your letter are provided below:

**6) Environmental requirements which would need to be considered in the development of the plan for modification of Tamiami Trail:**

At a minimum, all standard NEPA requirements should be included in the alternatives evaluation. This includes the following:

a) Social Impacts

1. Land Use Changes
2. Relocation Potential (including business sign relocations and other impacts to adjacent business)
3. Community Services
4. Title VI Considerations
5. Controversy Potential
6. Utilities

b) Cultural Impacts

1. Section 4(f) Lands
2. Historic Sites
3. Archaeological Sites

c) Natural Environment

1. Wetlands (direct and secondary impacts and benefits)
2. Water Quality (direct and secondary impacts and benefits)
3. Floodplains
4. Wildlife and Habitat (direct and secondary impacts and benefits)
5. Farmlands

d) Physical Impacts

1. Noise
2. Air
3. Construction
4. Contamination
5. Navigation

Endangered Species; Wetlands Assessment:

A full Endangered Species survey is needed, including a survey for endangered and threatened plants by a qualified botanist trained to recognize and identify such plants, and one survey for



endangered fauna. While it is understood that the USFWS's Biological Opinion has recommended this project as potential enhancement for the endangered Cape Sable Seaside sparrow, this project has the potential to affect other species. A systematic endangered species survey and evaluation for each NEPA alternative will be needed in order to coordinate the preferred design with the USFWS under ESA Section Seven consultation. This analysis should include both temporary impacts (from MOT, construction noise disrupting nesting birds, etc.) and permanent impacts, as well as direct (within the project footprint) and secondary (outside the project footprint) impacts. A similar analysis is needed to assess the amount of wetland impacts resulting from this project. Again, while it is recognized that this project is expected to enhance wetlands beyond the project area, direct wetlands impacts from this project could be substantial. A systematic field evaluation of the acreage, type and condition of all temporary and permanent wetlands impacts, as well as an analysis of the type, amount and present condition of wetlands to be enhanced as a result of the project, will be needed. This will insure a systematic comparison so that no net loss of wetlands occurs, in accordance with Presidential Executive Order 11990 dated May 23, 1977. It will also insure that any needed mitigation can be planned for as early as possible. The wetlands assessment will also provide important information which will be needed in the evaluation of project impacts to endangered and threatened species within, or migrating through, the area.

Contamination Assessment:

A Phase I contamination impact assessment which considers adjacent properties should be performed as part of the alternative analysis process, however it does not appear from a cursory review of the project area that the potential exists for substantial contamination impacts. Any contaminated soil disrupted by roadway construction must not be exacerbated and must be remediated during construction by a qualified contamination remediation contractor. TSP's for handling this material should be included in the construction contract documents prior to contract letting.

Public Involvement; Canal and Adjacent Property Access Issues:

A Public Involvement Plan which identifies all potentially affected parties, including affected property owners and those who access the area for recreational purposes, as well as the motoring public, is suggested. There is potential to affect recreational access usage of Canal L-29, and adjacent property access, either through elevation of Tamiami Trail, or the possible need to construct retaining walls (see water quality discussion below) or relocate guardrail. Any changes in recreational access will need to be coordinated with the SFWMD and the public. In addition, any access changes which affect the SFWMD's ability to perform either routine or emergency (post-hurricane) maintenance of Canal L-29 will need to be coordinated with the SFWMD's Maintenance Division. Access to adjacent properties may be affected if the roadway is elevated, or if retaining walls must be built due to right-of-way restrictions. At a minimum, this would require easements to perform driveway harmonization during construction, and may require



right-of-way acquisition (see water quality discussion below).

Cultural Resource Assessment:

As mentioned above, a detailed archaeological and historical survey should be made by a qualified firm approved by the SHPO, and the results of the survey coordinated and addressed with the SHPO.

Permits:

Permits which need to be obtained, at a minimum, include federal and state dredge and fill permits from the appropriate agencies, a Department of Transportation permit authorizing the roadway-modifications, and a SFWMD Right-of-Way Occupancy permit for any permanent or temporary impacts to their right-of-way. Other permits, such as the DERM Class II (drainage system) or state issued (Florida Department of Environmental Protection [FDEP] or SFWMD) drainage permit may be needed.

Utilities:

We are aware of at least one buried telephone fiber optic line adjacent to Tamiami Trail within our right-of-way. If the roadway is elevated on the same footprint as the existing facility, it will probably not be necessary for the utility to relocate this line. However, construction of MOT facilities (e.g., temporary roads), or construction of culverts or bridges under the roadway have the potential to affect this line. Other utilities may be within or adjacent to the right-of-way. A full investigation of all utilities in the area must be performed as required by Florida Statutes, and impacts coordinated with the utility companies and the Department. If needed, the Department can assist you with information on which utility companies you should contact.

As mentioned above in the General Comments, the above list of environmental concerns should not be considered all-inclusive. Once the proposed improvements (elevation, bridges, culverts, etc.) have been established, additional project scoping and a complete field review should be performed in order to determine all environmental considerations for this project.

**7) Water quality / drainage requirements which would need to be considered in the development of the plan for modification of Tamiami Trail:**

Drainage must be provided for in the reconstruction of this portion of Tamiami Trail. The drainage facilities should be designed based on a three-year design storm frequency to convey the water. From the water quality standpoint, this facility should be designed based on a five-year design storm frequency, zone 10 or the equivalent 10-year storm frequency curves of Miami-Dade County. Pollution control structures must be designed accordingly prior to an overflow discharge. Two types of different systems might be utilized for this facility. The first is drainage swales with rock trenches at the bottom of the swales working as french drains, and the second is a french drain system where applicable. Since this road carries a rural



classification, roadside swales would be preferable and less expensive. However if right-of-way constraints, such as the need to avoid impact to Everglades National Park, or restraints on the north side of the roadway adjacent to the canal, result in inadequate right-of-way to meet the requirements of the 8 foot shoulder and roadside swales, some other drainage system will have to be designed. Drainage systems such as collection and piping of stormwater to swale areas, or the installation of french drains, will add to project costs. Additional right-of-way may be needed to accommodate the drainage system, which will also add to cost and could substantially affect the project schedule. For these reasons, drainage requirements should be addressed as early as possible.

Treatment requirements are, of course, set by the applicable regulatory agency. The Department typically obtains its drainage permits from Miami-Dade County's Department of Environmental Resources Management (DERM) under its state-delegated program, except in the case of large projects (over 40 acres of impervious area), in which case a drainage permit is obtained from the SFWMD. Typically we are required to provide treatment for the first one inch of roadway runoff. Specific water quality treatment requirements for this project would be set by the appropriate permitting agency (the FDEP, SFWMD or DERM).

**8) Maps showing the Department's right-of-way for Tamiami Trail between Krome Avenue and water control structure S-333:**

Copies of FDOT right-of-way maps for this portion of Tamiami Trail are enclosed. If you have any question regarding these maps please contact Arturo Toriac of our Right-of-Way Engineering Office at (305) 470-5195.

**9) Status update on the resolution of ownership on some portion(s) of Tamiami Trail between the Department and the SFWMD:**

The Department has received Tamiami Trail right-of-way maps, deeds and other documents from the SFWMD, and is presently comparing them with Department right-of-way maintenance maps to identify conflict areas. Mrs. Betty Blackman of the SFWMD has indicated that once the Department defines its corridor and determines the extent of the conflict areas, the SFWMD will consider the appropriate resolution of this issue. We are working steadily on this issue and hope to resolve it within the next two to three months. We will notify you when it is resolved or, alternatively, keep you informed of our progress.

In addition to the information presented here, the Corps should contact our Maps and Publications Office in Tallahassee at (850) 414-4915 for copies of several Department manuals which should be utilized in developing this project. These include the Project Development and Environment Manual, the Drainage Manual, the Plans Preparation Manual, the Roadway and Traffic Design Standards Manual.




Richard Bonner  
May 7, 1999  
Page 11

I hope this information is informative and helpful. It is emphasized that all environmental and engineering considerations should be studied thoroughly and weighed early in the process, prior to completion of the NEPA document, and not during a later detailed design phase, since many of the above listed items have the potential to affect the selected NEPA alternative. This will prevent serious delays later in the process as final design plans are developed.

We would like to request that the Corps provide as soon as possible a detailed written project schedule which includes all milestone activities (hydrologic modeling, alternatives analysis, interagency coordination, public involvement, document preparation and approval, final design, construction, etc.).

If you have any questions regarding the enclosed information, please call me at (305) 470-5220. We look forward to continuing to work with you on this very important project.

Sincerely,



Barbara Bernier Culhane, A.I.C.P.  
District Environmental Administrator

cc: Joe Miller, ACOE Jacksonville, District Engineer  
Leroy Irwin, FDOT Tallahassee, Manager, Central Environmental Management Office  
Jose Abreu, FDOT Miami, District Secretary  
John Martinez, FDOT Miami, District Director of Production  
Mike Ciscar, FDOT Miami, District Environmental Management Engineer



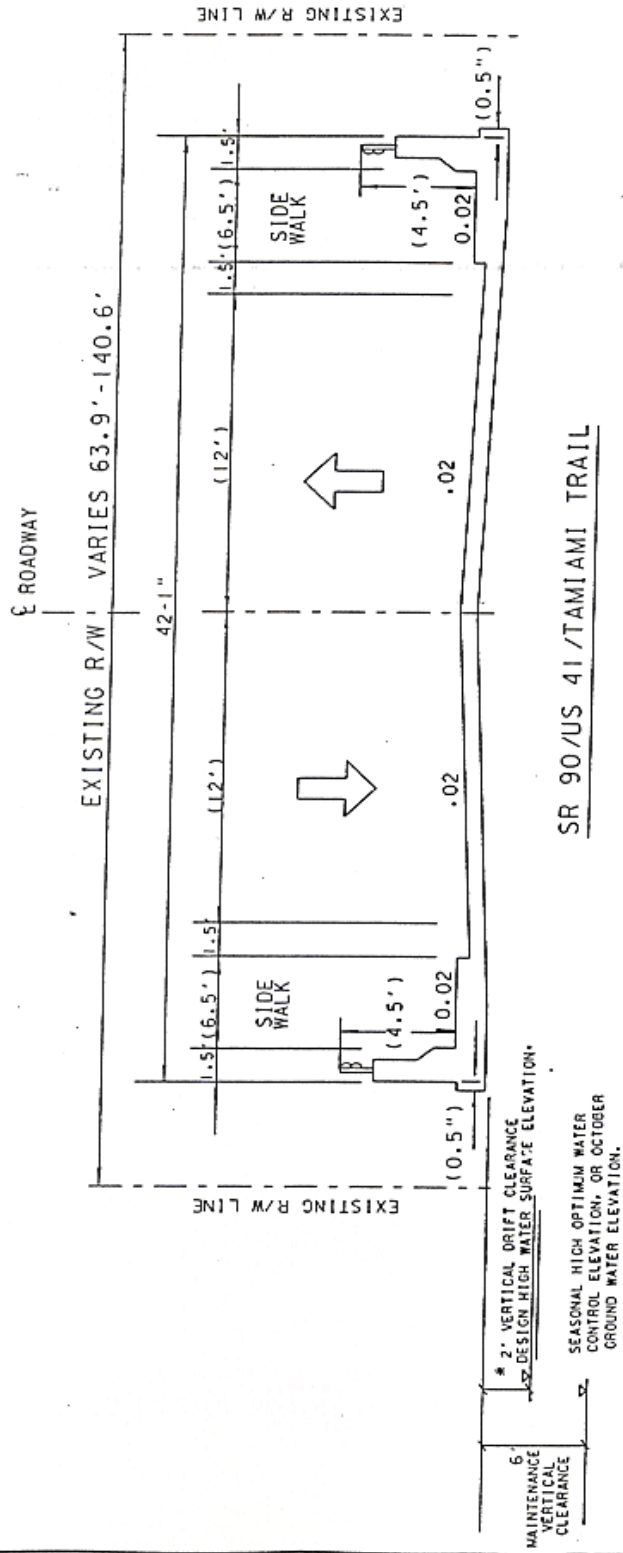
Florida Department of Transportation  
 Coordination Team Members  
 for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers  
 Modified Water Deliveries Project / Tamiami Trail Modifications

Name/Title	Address	Phone	Fax
<b>Barbara Culhane, A.I.C.P.,</b> District Environmental Administrator FDOT Project Coordinator	Florida Department of Transportation District Six 1000 N.W. 111 Avenue, Room 6101 Miami, Florida 33172	(305) 470-5220	(305) 499-2308
<b>Marjorie Bixby,</b> Environmental Manager environmental impact review; National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) document review; project coordination documentation.	Florida Department of Transportation District Six 1000 N.W. 111 Avenue, Room 6101 Miami, Florida 33172	(305) 470-5229	(305) 499-2308
<b>Jorge Frases, P.E., Senior Project Manager</b> roadway design issues; Project Development issues; typical section, traffic safety and Level of Service issues.	Florida Department of Transportation District Six 1000 N.W. 111 Avenue, Room 6103 Miami, Florida 33172	(305) 470-5305	(305) 470-5205
<b>Ricardo Salazar, P.E. District Drainage Engineer</b> storm water treatment issues; roadway elevation issues.	Florida Department of Transportation District Six 1000 N.W. 111 Avenue, Room 6218 Miami, Florida 33172	(305) 470-5264	(305) 470-5293
<b>Reinaldo Carvajal, P.E. Drainage Engineer</b> storm water treatment issues; roadway elevation issues; hydrology issues.	Florida Department of Transportation District Six 1000 N.W. 111 Avenue, Room 6218 Miami, Florida 33172	(305) 470-5251	(305) 470-5293
<b>Roberto Perez, P.E. Pavement Design Engineer</b> roadway and pavement design issues.	Florida Department of Transportation District Six 1000 N.W. 111 Avenue, Room 6111 Miami, Florida 33172	(305) 470-5266	(305) 470-5338



<b>Melanie Calvo,</b> <b>District Permits</b> <b>Coordinator</b> regulatory permitting issues; wetlands impact issues.	Florida Department of Transportation District Six 1000 N.W. 111 Avenue, Room 6101 Miami, Florida 33172	(305) 470-5223	(305) 499-2308
<b>Susan Day,</b> <b>Assistant Right-of-Way</b> <b>Manager</b> right-of-way acquisition; right-of-way impact issues.	Florida Department of Transportation District Six 1000 N.W. 111 Avenue, Room 6118 Miami, Florida 33172	(305) 470-5169	(305) 470-5564
<b>James McGetrick, P.E.</b> <b>District Utilities Engineer</b> utility issues.	Florida Department of Transportation District Six 1000 N.W. 111 Avenue, Room 6218 Miami, Florida 33172	(305) 470-5231	(305) 470-5293
<b>Charles Newton,</b> <b>District Traffic</b> <b>Maintenance Engineer</b> Maintenance Of Traffic (MOT) issues.	Florida Department of Transportation District Six 1000 N.W. 111 Avenue, Room 6202 Miami, Florida 33172	(305) 470-5344	(305) 470-5815
<b>Mikhail Dubrovsky, P.E.</b> <b>Construction Plans</b> <b>Review Engineer</b> constructibility issues.	Florida Department of Transportation District Six Construction Office 1000 N.W. 111 Avenue Miami, Florida 33172	(305) 499-2354	(305) 499-2351
<b>Robert Crim, P.E.,</b> <b>State Project</b> <b>Development Engineer</b> Central Office project coordinator; Project Development issues; design issues.	Florida Department of Transportation Central Environmental Mgmt. Office 2740 Centerview Drive, Suite 3C Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2100	(850) 487-3985	(850) 922-7217
<b>David Miro, P.E.</b> <b>Districts Four and Six</b> <b>Geotechnical Engineer</b> geotechnical issues.	Florida Department of Transportation District Materials Office 14200 West S.R. 84 Davie, Florida 33325	(954) 475-4102	(954) 475-4119





\* VERTICAL DRIFT CLEARANCE  
MAY BE REDUCED TO 1' IF  
S.F.W.M.D. AGREES WITH THIS  
WAIVER REQUEST.

FIGURE NO.  
1

SR 90 - US 41 - TAMAMI TRAIL



# FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DESIGN SUMMARY SHEET

Preliminary , subject to change

Prepared by: Roberto Perez

Date: May 6, 1999

W.P.I. No. \_\_\_\_\_

SR/90/US41/Tamiami Trail

State Project No. 87110-

From 11 miles w of SR 997

F.A.P. No. \_\_\_\_\_

To SR 997/Krome Ave

County Miami-Dade

Project Length 11 miles

Opening Year 2002

LBR 40 SSV ---

Design Year 2022

Mr 84 Mpa

80 KN/eq.Loads 3,100,000

%Reliability 90

SN Required 3.45

Design Speed 55 MPH

Type of Work and location: Reconstruction (Existing Profile varies from 10.3 to 12.0 Ft NGVD, Prop. Profile will be at 12.0 Ft NGVD)  
Existing Pavement:

	Tk.	Coef.	SN
Sub-grade Stabilization (LBR 40)	12"	0.08	0.96
Limerock Base 12" tk.	12"	0.18	2.16
Type S Asphaltic Conc. 3.5" tk	3.5"	0.25	0.87
FC-2, Friction Course 5/8" tk	5/8"	0.00	0.00
			3.99

**Prop. Profile Grade :**

9.50 (DHW)+1ft Clearance+1.5 ft(Pav't tk.+cross slope)=12.0 Ft NGVD  
It means raise the Road from 0 to (12.0-10.3) 1.7 Ft= 20.4 inches

**Prop. Pavement:**

Mill FC-2, entire corridor

	SN
Existing pavement SN	3.99
Type S overbuild(4" to 12.4") (400 to 1240 lb/sy)	0.00
OBG 9 *	1.80
Type 'SP' Struct.Cse.( Level 3 ) 2" tk	0.44
FC5-Friction Course, (80lb/sy), 3/4" tk	0.00
	0.00
Design SN	6.67

\*Optional code permite 609 (6"ABC-3)

Approved by: [Signature]  
Pav.Des.Eng

Date : 5-6-99

Concurred By: [Signature]  
Dist.Des.Eng.

Date: 5-6-99



APP. B



**APPENDIX B            HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS**

**Appendix B-1            COE Analysis of Tamiami Trail**

**Appendix B-2            Stage Hydrographs and Duration Curves**

**Appendix B-3            Culvert Service Life Estimation**



## Appendix B-1

## COE Analysis of Tamiami Trail



1. Introduction. This interim report has been prepared to investigate and document potential high water conditions along U.S. Highway 41 (U.S. 41) also known as Tamiami Trail caused by construction and operation of the Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park project and Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Project.

2. Authorizations and Background. Water regulation in the Everglades and Everglades National Park (ENP) are part of the larger Central and Southern Florida project (C&SF). Phase I of the Comprehensive Plan for the C&SF Project was authorized in 1948, as outlined in House Document No. 643. The remainder of the Comprehensive Plan was authorized by the Flood Control Act of 1954. A C&SF map is attached as Figure 1. The project purposes include flood control, prevention of salt water intrusion, water supply to ENP, municipal and agricultural water supply, groundwater recharge, and preservation of fish and wildlife. Project features include Water Conservation Area (WCA) Nos. 1, 2, and 3. WCA No. 3 is the largest and southernmost of the three WCA's with a total area of about 915 square miles. It is subdivided into WCA No. 3A (760 square miles) and 3B (156 square miles) by Levee 67A and C (L-67A and C). WCA No. 3B is completely encircled by levees and is not regulated. The majority of inflow and outflow consists of direct rainfall, seepage, and evaporation and transpiration. There are some small culverts in L-29 at Coopertown. Water Deliveries to ENP, other than direct rainfall are provided from WCA No. 3A.

2.1 In 1962, construction of Levee 29 (L-29) was completed. This was the final feature of WCA No. 3A and enabled control of all flows into Shark River Slough in the northern portion of ENP. After 1962, all flows into the ENP via Shark River Slough were discharged at the S-12 structures.

2.2 L-67 Extension (L-67 Ext.) was authorized by the Flood Control Act of 1948 (PL-858; 80th Congress). Its purposes are: to convey water releases through the S-12 structures far enough into the Park to prevent increases in water levels on adjacent private lands above those experienced under prior conditions; and to prevent flooding of U.S. Highway 41. The L-67 Ext. borrow canal was constructed from May 1966 through April 1967 to aid in the implementation of the 1966 Interim Release Schedule for ENP that was agreed upon following a severe drought from 1962 through 1965. The L-67 Ext. borrow canal was designed to provide 1,000 cfs of water to the Park during relatively wet conditions (its conveyance during the dry season is considerably less).

2.3 The Flood Control Act of 1965 authorized a plan to provide seasonal flood protection in Southwest Dade County. The plan consisted of levees, canals, water control structures, and pumping stations capable of removing 15 inches of runoff per month plus seepage into the area following a 10-year flood. The approved plan provided for the southward and eastward continuation of the L-67 extension to connect with the L-31W levee at the western edge of the Frog Pond. The plan was designed to enable desirable water levels for winter agriculture in southwest Dade County. Growing recognition of the potential negative environmental impacts of the Southwest Dade project caused the local sponsor to withdraw their support for the project. This project was officially deauthorized after Congress expanded the ENP to include most of the area that would have been protected.

2.4 In 1968, the ENP-South Dade Conveyance System was authorized by Congress. It is designed to enable conveyance of flood waters to water supply needs and deliver water to the ENP's Taylor Slough and Canal 111 (eastern panhandle). The Conveyance System was superimposed over the existing flood control system. Design flood control and operation were not altered by the construction of these works.

2.5 On December 13, 1989, Congress passed Public Law 101-229, the Everglades National Park Protection and Expansion Act. This law authorizes modification to the Central and Southern Florida project to improve water deliveries to ENP. The purpose of the Act was to increase the level of protection of the outstanding values of Everglades National Park and to enhance and restore the ecological values, natural hydrologic conditions, and public enjoyment of such area by



adding the area commonly known as Northeast Shark River Slough and the East Everglades to Everglades National Park; and assure that the Park is managed in order to maintain the natural abundance, diversity and ecological integrity of native lands and animals, as well as the behavior of native animals, as a part of their ecosystem. The Park was also expanded 107,000 acres to include portions of Northeast Shark River Slough (NESRS). In 1992, as directed by the Act, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers published a General Design Memorandum for Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park. The Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project consists of structural and operational changes to the Central and Southern Florida Project in south Dade County. Specifically, water will be passed through WCA No. 3B into Northeast Shark River Slough through additional structures. Project components include reconnecting WCA No. 3A to 3B by structures through L-67A and gaps in L-67C, and reconnecting WCA No. 3B to Shark River Slough with structures in L-29.

2.6 Tamiami Trail (US 41) was completed in the late 1920's. As a source of borrow for Tamiami Trail and a means of conveying water in an east/west direction, the Tamiami Canal was constructed along the north side of the roadway. The original construction plans were not available for review. However, based on a consultants work on the western portion of Tamiami Trail, they estimate that the existing roadway pavement structure consists of a limerock base (10"-12" thick), an asphalt structural course (2"-3" thick), and an asphalt friction course (5/8"-1" thick). For this analysis, it is assumed that the subgrade extends 18" below the crown of the road.

3 Purpose of this Study. Due to proposed modifications of the Central and Southern Florida (C&SF) Project, higher stages in WCA No. 3B and the L-29 borrow canal may potentially cause problems for U.S. Highway 41 (Tamiami Trail). This study was conducted to identify any potential impacts caused by implementation of the Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park project and the Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Plan (CERP) to U.S Highway 41.

4. Future Conditions. The Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park project includes the construction of several water control structures in this vicinity. With the construction of S-355A, S-355B, and S-356 and modification of S-333 the total discharge into the L-29 borrow canal would be a maximum of 4,000 cfs. The Comprehensive Everglades Restoration (CERP) (formerly the known as the C&SF Restudy) proposes further modifications to the C&SF project and flows could be higher than the 4,000 cfs proposed by the Modified Water Deliveries to ENP project. In addition these high flows are for long durations (weeks).

5. Study Plan. Hydrologic models were used to determine the stage and flow-paths in Everglades National Park for various flows. The South Florida Water Management Model (SFWMM) was used to establish boundary conditions for the two-dimensional RMA-2 model. The SFWMM model is a regional model which extends from Lake Okeechobee to Florida Bay. Water surfaces are computed on a 2 mile by 2 mile grid. The RMA-2 model was used for more detailed modeling in a limited area. Figure 2 shows RMA-2 model related features.. The north-south extent of the model extended from just south of Tamiami Trail to about 15 miles south of the southern terminus of L-67 Ext. The east-west extent extended from just west of L-67 Ext. to about L-31N and the 8 1/2 Square Mile Residential Area. The model boundary is also shown on Figure 3. The RMA-2 model constructed for this effort was calibrated against existing gage data in the area. A description of RMA-2 is found below.

6. Model Description. RMA-2 was developed by Resource Management Associates of Davis, California. RMA-2 is a two dimensional, depth averaged, free-surface, finite element program for solving hydrodynamic problems. RMA-2 can be used to compute water surface elevations and flow velocities at nodes; points in a finite element mesh representing a body of water such as a rivers, harbor, or estuary. RMA-2 can perform both steady-state and transient solutions. In other words, the boundary conditions (incoming flowrate, water surface elevation) can vary with time and a solution can be found at a number of time steps. This makes it possible to model dynamic flow conditions caused by fluctuating runoff or tidal cycles. RMA-2 is not applicable to supercritical flow problems. The output from RMA-2 is written to a binary solution file. The file



may contain the solution for one or more time steps depending on whether a steady-state or transient analysis is performed. The solution file can be input to SMS (Surface-Water Modeling System) for graphical display of the results. SMS is a pre- and post-processor for a two-dimensional finite element model and is specifically designed to be used in conjunction with the TABS-MD suite of programs maintained by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Waterways Experiment Station (WES). The TABS-MD programs will calculate water surface elevations and flow velocities for shallow water flow problems.

7. Existing Conditions. There are a numerous structures, levees, canals, and roads that influence stages and flow paths into and within ENP. (Note: all elevations herein reference the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD29)) These features are shown on Figure 2.

7.1 L-67 Extension (L-67 Ext.) extends from S-333 to approximately 11 miles due south. The levee crown ranges from elevation 13 to 15 ft. There is a borrow canal on the levee's west side from which the levee was constructed. Canal invert elevations range from about -11.0 to -3.0 ft. and canal top widths range from about 30 to 60 ft. See Figure 3 for structure and canal locations.

7.2. There are 19 sets of culverts under Tamiami Trail in the approximately 11 mile stretch of highway between S-333 and S-334. Each culvert set consists of one to four culverts with diameters ranging from 42-inches to 60-inches. Culvert invert elevations and lengths are typically about 4 ft. and 60 ft., respectively.

7.3 Centerline elevations for Tamiami Trail in this reach range from about 10.2 ft to 12.2 ft based on data provided by FDOT. The average centerline elevation is about 10.9 ft.

7.4 Topographic Data: Survey lines south of Tamiami Trail in the ENP were used to build the grid for the RMA-2 model. These transects (x,y,z) were obtained from a 1981 survey by the ENP. As-builts for the L-29 Borrow Canal enlargement August 1975 were also used in the model.

7.5. Culverts: Culvert data was furnished by FDOT. There are 19 sets of culverts under Tamiami Trail between FDOT stations 732+10.0 and 1298+5.0 (S-333 to S-334) with each group having between 1 & 4 barrels (55 total barrels).

8. Future Flow Conditions: The RMA-2 model described above was calibrated to known water surfaces and flow rates at gages. The RMA-2 model then was given a variety of flowrates to determine associated water levels.. Flow rates and downstream boundary conditions were obtained from the SFWMM 2X2 runs done for the Central and Southern Florida (C&SF) Restudy selected alternative Alt13DR. Table 1 contains the flows and downstream boundary conditions used in the RMA-2 models.

9. Model Results. Model results for the RMA-2 runs are shown in Table 2 below. Results are taken at the south side (ENP) side of Tamiami Trail. Water levels on the north side (L-29) will be higher due to the resistance (headloss) of the culverts to passing these higher flows. Table 2 also shows the expected L-29 Borrow Canal stage based on the rated capacity of the culverts.

10. Alternative Considered. For this analysis, four bridges were added to the existing Tamiami Trail to permit water to flow from L-29 Borrow Canal to Everglades National Park. The same nine flows were examined to determine the effects of adding additional conveyance area through Tamiami Trail. For each flow, the RMA-2 model was run to determine the stage south of Tamiami Trail and the corresponding stage in L-29 Borrow Canal. The four bridges were selected on the following subjective criteria: proximity to control structures (S-333, S355A&B, S-356); downstream obstructions (vegetation, airboat camps, etc); low areas in the road; and distribution along L-29 Borrow Canal.



11. Conclusion. Graphical representations of the flows with and without bridges are shown on Figures 4 and 5. The bridges greatly reduce the L-29 Borrow Canal stages for the expected high flows.

12. CERP Compatibility. As a final check of this analysis, the RMA-2 results were compared to the modeling done for the CERP. Stage duration curves and hydrographs for cells immediately south of Tamiami Trail were used in this comparison. The output from the CERP modeling is attached as Annex A. These graphs indicate RMA-2 model and CERP 2X2 model results compare favorably.



Table 1

Tamiami Trail Modeling  
Boundary Condition at Cell 1724

<u>Event</u>	<u>Flow (cfs)</u>	<u>Stage 2X2</u>
1-yr	597	7.15
2-yr	1600	7.94
5-yr	2250	8.23
10-yr	2700	8.39
20-yr	3150	8.56*
50-yr	3770	8.68
100-yr	4270	8.78
200-yr	4800	8.88
500-yr	5550	9.01

\* Estimated stage.

Note: All elevations are in feet referenced to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD29).



Table 2  
Tamiami Trail Modeling  
Without Project

Event	Flow (cfs)	Stage South US 41 RMA-2	L-29 Canal Stage with Culverts Only (1)
1-yr	597	7.39	7.50
2-yr	1600	8.20	8.32
5-yr	2250	8.54	8.70
10-yr	2700	8.74	9.00
20-yr	3150	8.90	9.30
50-yr	3770	9.15	9.65
100-yr	4270	9.21	9.82
200-yr	4800	9.31	10.05
500-yr	5550	9.43	10.40 (2)

Note: All elevations are in feet referenced to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD29).

(1) Theoretical rating through the culverts

(2) Water will begin overtopping the road at approximate elevation 10.13 ft.



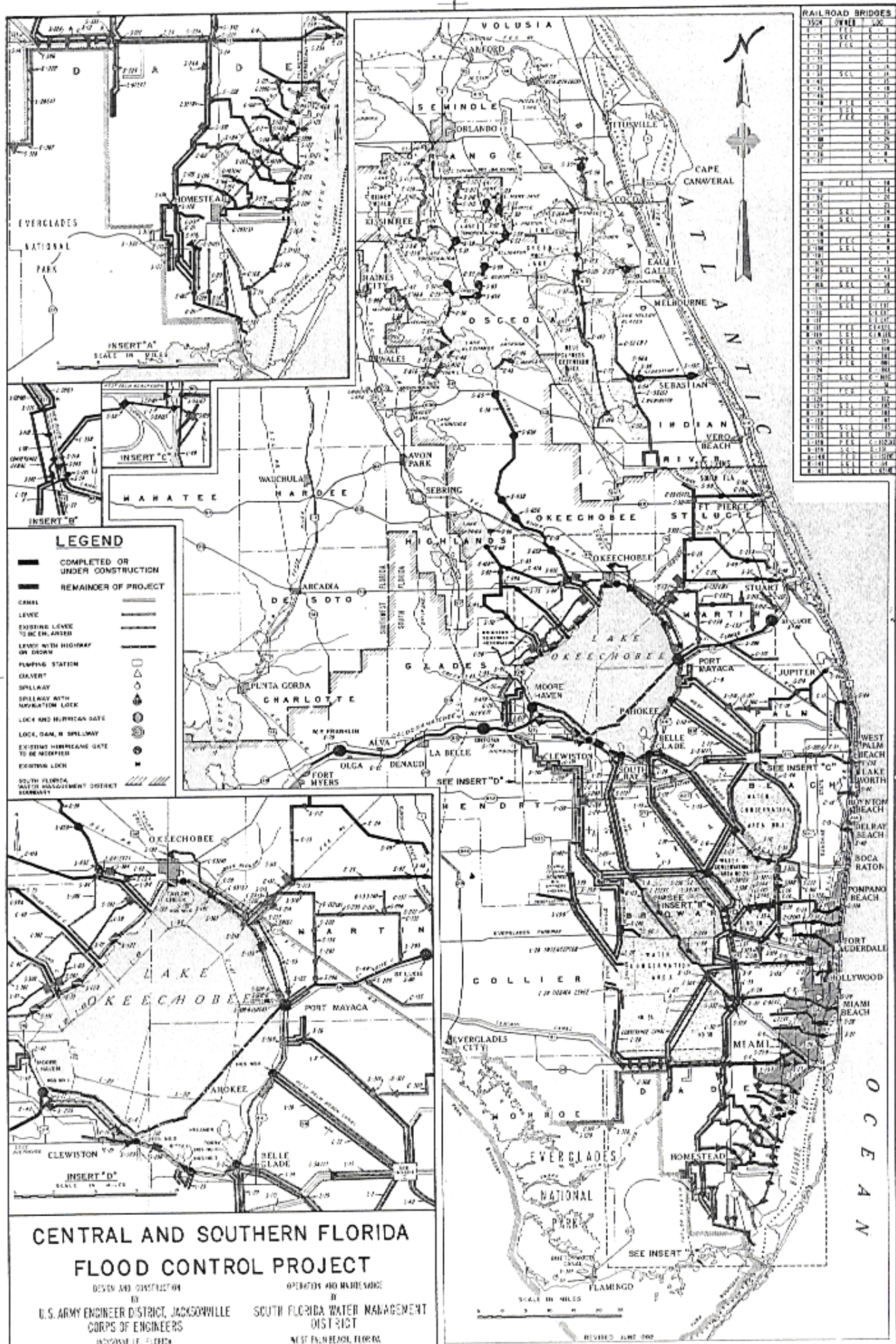
Table 3

Tamiami Trail Modeling  
With Four Bridges

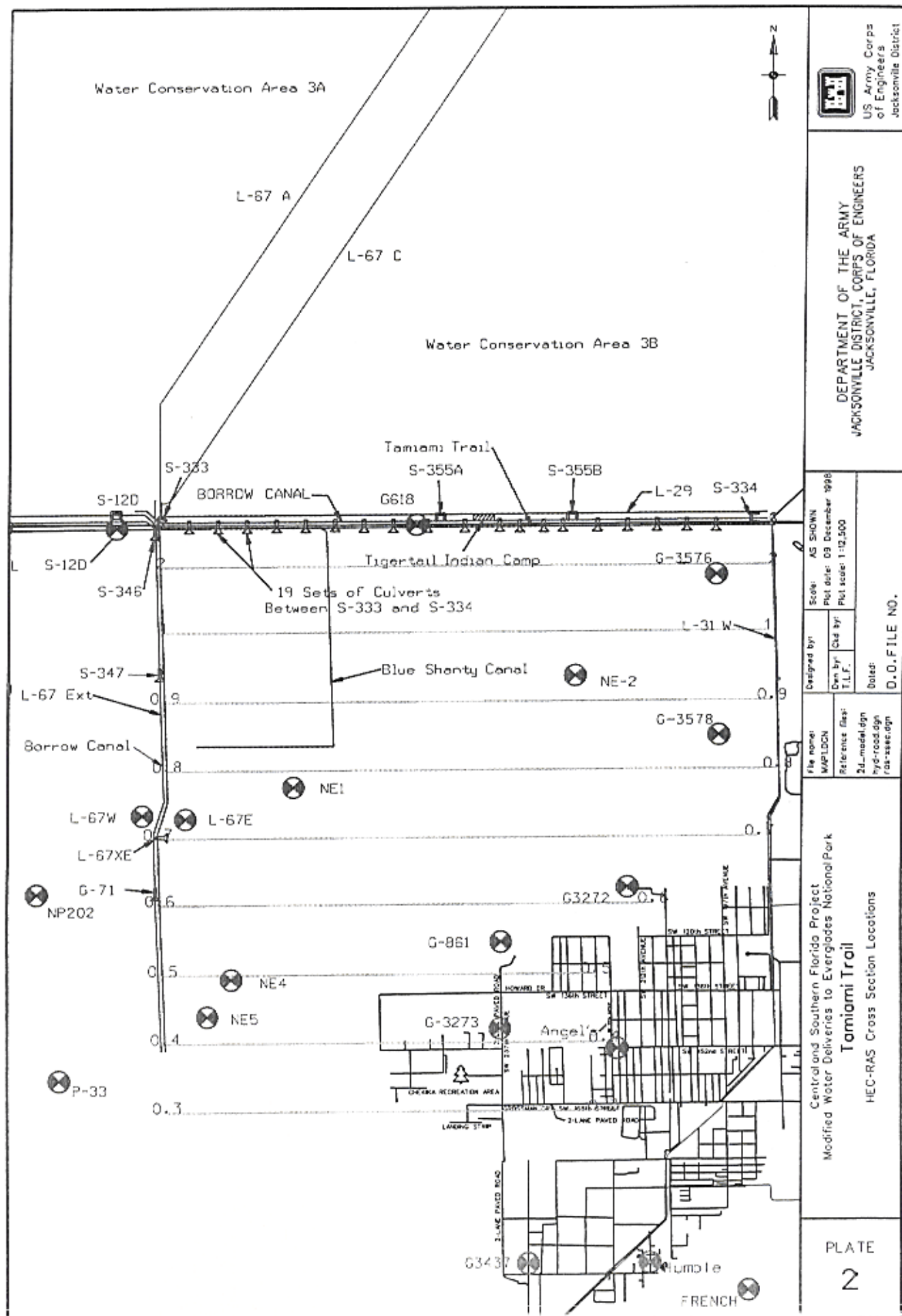
<u>Event</u>	<u>Flow (cfs)</u>	<u>Stage South US 41</u> <u>RMA-2</u>	<u>L-29 Canal Stage</u> <u>with Bridges</u>
1-yr	597	7.39	7.39
2-yr	1600	8.20	8.20
5-yr	2250	8.54	8.55
10-yr	2700	8.74	8.75
20-yr	3150	8.90	8.93
50-yr	3770	9.15	9.23
100-yr	4270	9.21	9.30
200-yr	4800	9.31	9.36
500-yr	5550	9.43	9.58

Note: All elevations are in feet referenced to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD29).

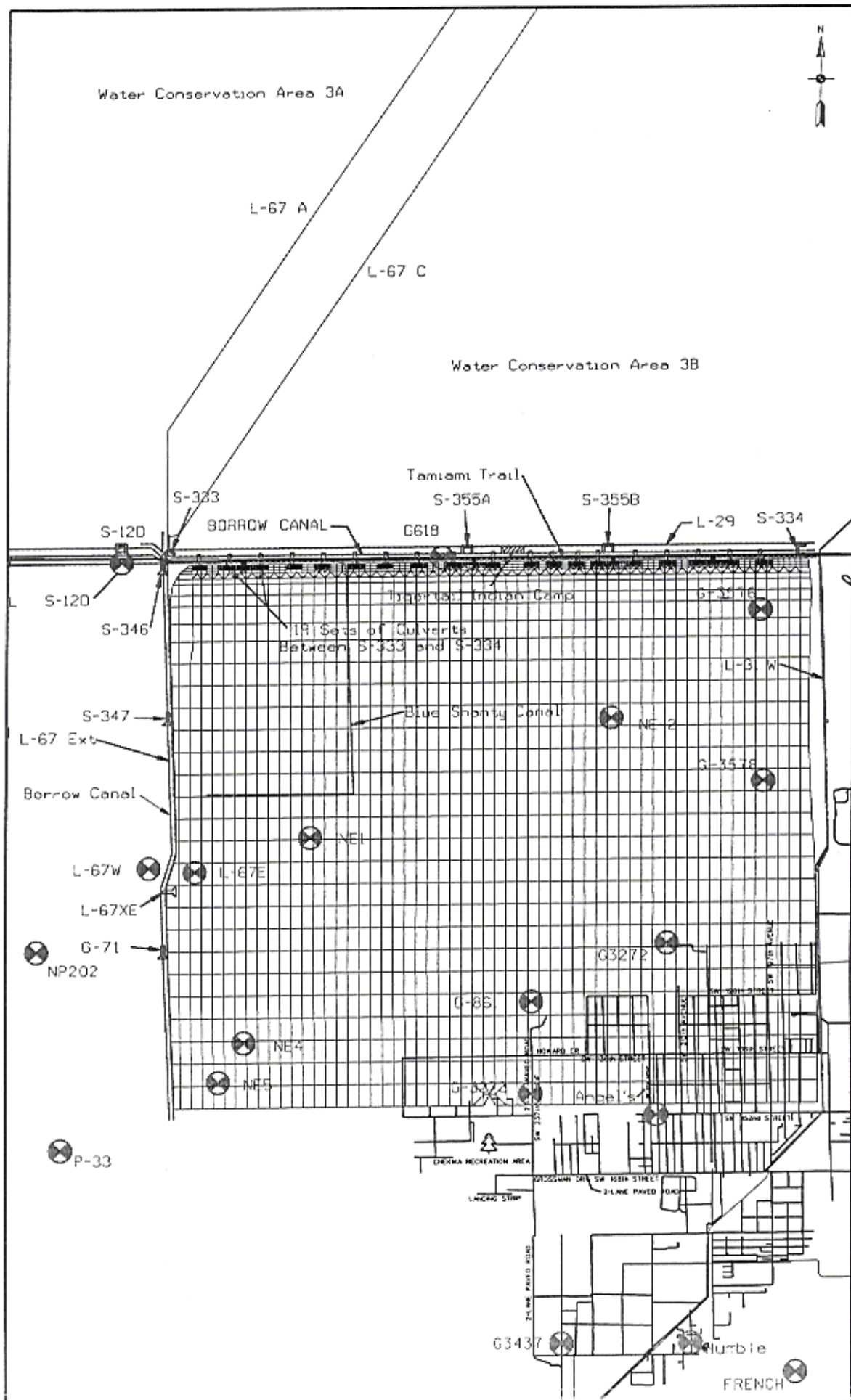















US Army Corps  
of Engineers

Jacksonville District

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
JACKSONVILLE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS  
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

<p>File name: MAP3.DGN</p> <p>Reference files: 2d_model.dgn hyd-road.dgn nears.dgn</p>	<p>Designed by: Can by: T.L.F.</p> <p>Checked by: T.L.F.</p> <p>Dated:</p>	<p>Scale: AS SHOWN</p> <p>Plot date: 09 December 1998</p> <p>Plot scale: 1:12,500</p>	<p>D.O. FILE NO.</p>
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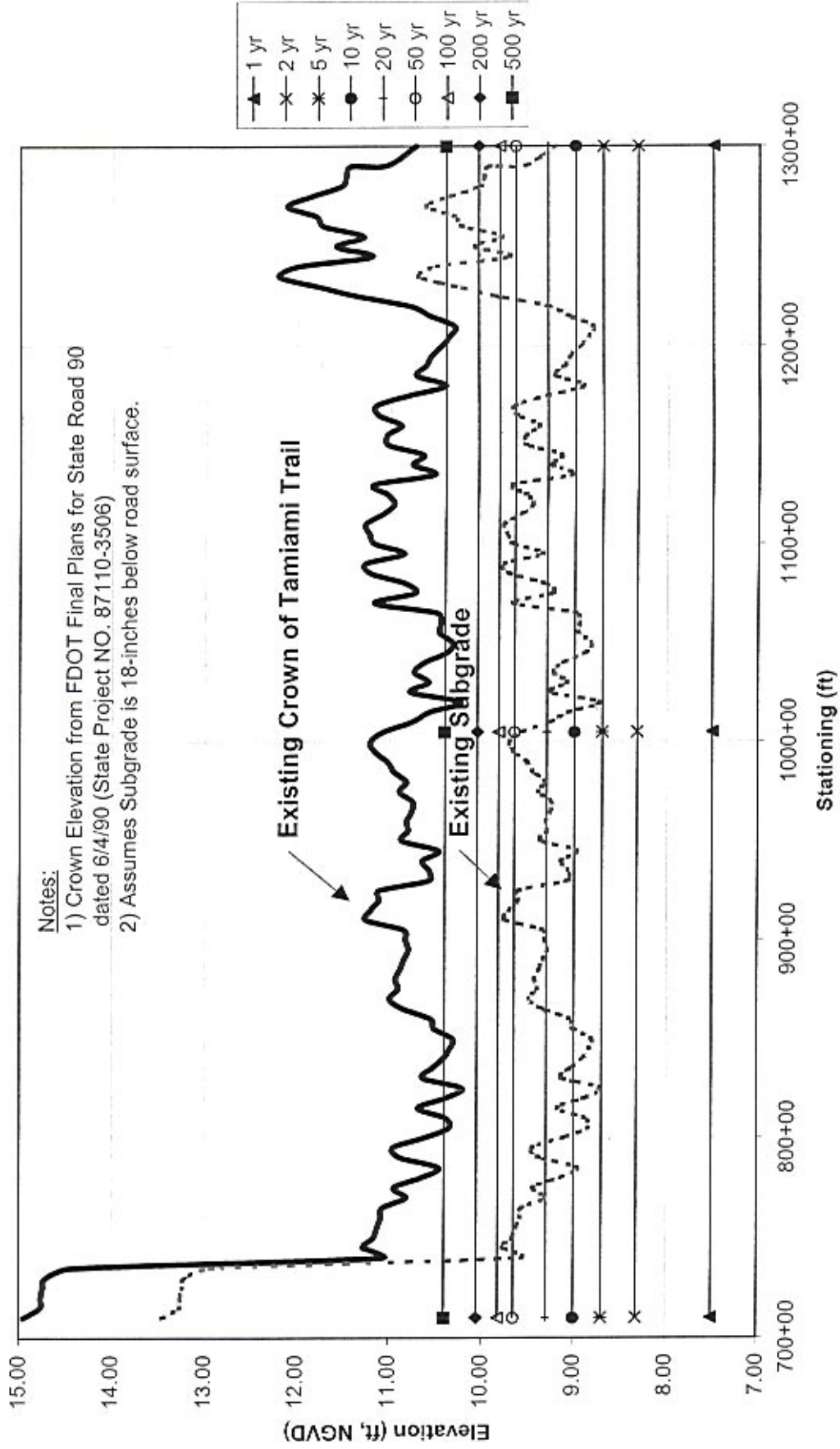
Central and Southern Florida Project  
Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park

**Tamiami Trail**  
RMA-2 Grid

PLATE  
**3**

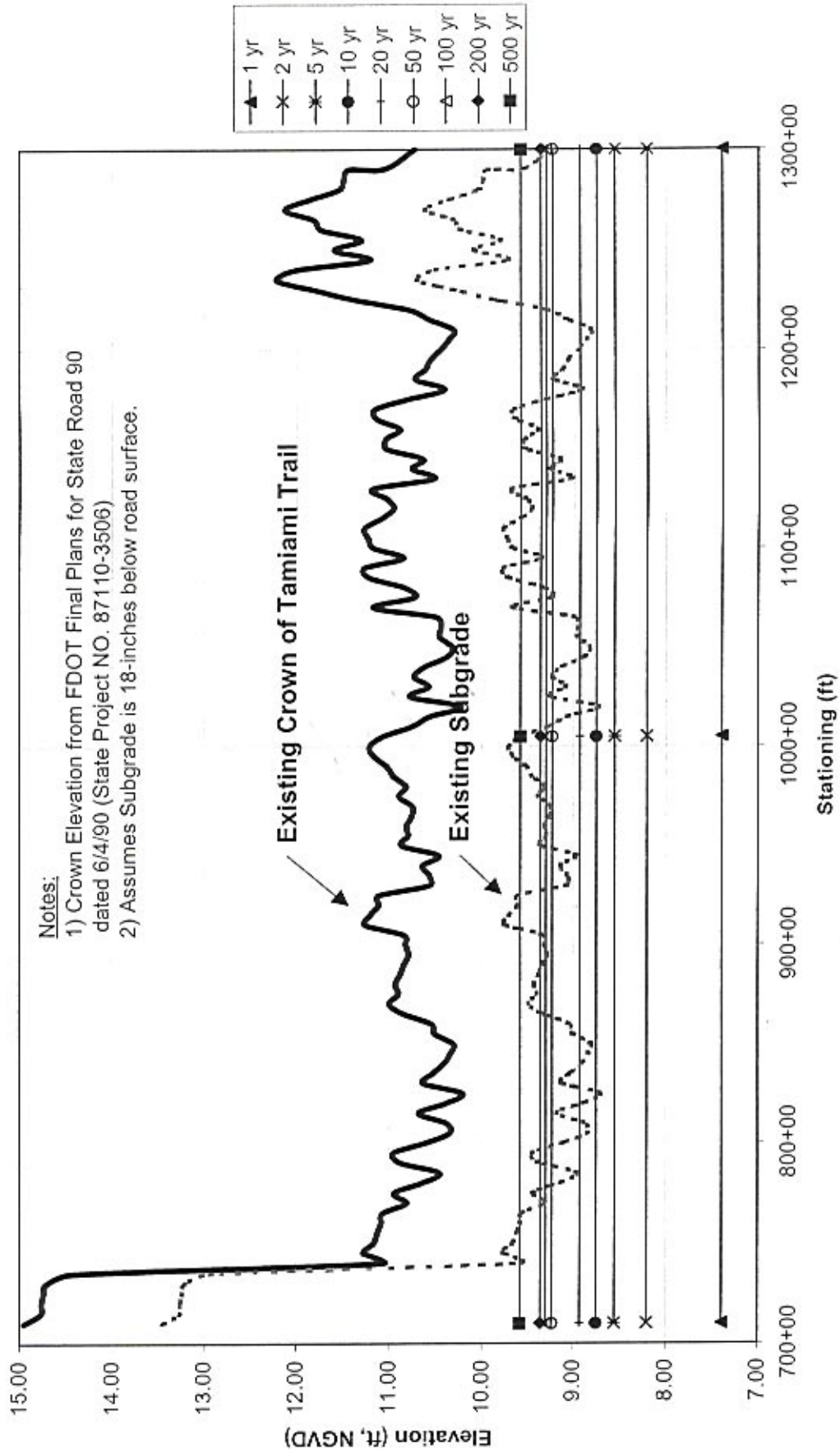


# C&SF Comprehensive Review Plan (Restudy) Existing Conditions Water Surface Elevation L-29 Borrow Canal vs. Tamiami Trail Stationing





# C&SF Comprehensive Review Plan (Restudy) Proposed Alternative - Four Bridges Water Surface Elevation L-29 Borrow Canal vs. Tamiami Trail Stationing





14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14



## Appendix B-2

## Stage Hydrographs and Duration Curves



Christopher T Smith

11/02/2000 08:49 AM

To: riblingham@pbsj.com@exchange  
cc:  
Subject: L-29 Canal Data S333 & S334

Ralph -

Attached are data for L-29 canal as requested (ascii). S-333 tailwater is the western elevation and S-334 is the east elevation. You can interpolate between the reading to determine the stage at the boring locations.

Chris

Forwarded by Christopher T Smith/CESAJ/SAJ02 on 11/02/2000 08:47 AM

Gregory A Stormant  
11/02/2000 00:34 AM

To: Christopher T Smith/CESAJ/SAJ02@CESAJ  
cc:  
Subject: S333 & S334

As requested,

S333 Tailwater: June - July 2000

s333\_tw.asc

S334 Headwater: June - July 2000

s334\_hrw.asc

Aaron

Water took  
from Ralph  
11/8/00  
[ Sam cell  
should be an  
average between 2

Fax #	
Phone #	
Co/Dpt.	M/M/TRANS PLAN
From	M. JANSSEN
Date	12 DEC 00
# of pages	5

Post-it Fax Note 7671

RECEIVED TRANSPORTATION DESIGN	
NOV 07 2000	
PBSJ INC.-WINTER PARK	
R. J. J. J.	
FILE	



WEST

JE COAST CANAL S/6333/6LEV-TAIL//1DAY//

RTS Ver:899 Prog:SSMAT LW:02NOV00 07:32:06 Tag:T14295 Prec:0

Start: 31MAY2000 at 2400 hours; End: 01AUG2000 at 2400 hours; Number: 63

Units: FT-NGVD Type: INST-VAL

31MAY2000, 2400;	7.03
01JUN2000, 2400;	6.93
02JUN2000, 2400;	6.91
03JUN2000, 2400;	6.89
04JUN2000, 2400;	6.88
05JUN2000, 2400;	6.87
06JUN2000, 2400;	6.97
07JUN2000, 2400;	6.95
08JUN2000, 2400;	6.91
09JUN2000, 2400;	7.03
10JUN2000, 2400;	7.01
11JUN2000, 2400;	7.07
12JUN2000, 2400;	7.10
13JUN2000, 2400;	7.09
14JUN2000, 2400;	7.07
15JUN2000, 2400;	7.31
16JUN2000, 2400;	-901.00
17JUN2000, 2400;	-901.00
18JUN2000, 2400;	7.28
19JUN2000, 2400;	7.28
20JUN2000, 2400;	7.29
21JUN2000, 2400;	7.29
22JUN2000, 2400;	7.15
23JUN2000, 2400;	7.15
24JUN2000, 2400;	7.24
25JUN2000, 2400;	7.20
26JUN2000, 2400;	7.25
27JUN2000, 2400;	7.28
28JUN2000, 2400;	7.21
29JUN2000, 2400;	7.20
30JUN2000, 2400;	7.19
01JUL2000, 2400;	7.18
02JUL2000, 2400;	7.19
03JUL2000, 2400;	7.25
04JUL2000, 2400;	7.25
05JUL2000, 2400;	7.26
06JUL2000, 2400;	7.27
07JUL2000, 2400;	7.35
08JUL2000, 2400;	7.29
09JUL2000, 2400;	7.30
10JUL2000, 2400;	7.33
11JUL2000, 2400;	7.32
12JUL2000, 2400;	7.32
13JUL2000, 2400;	7.30
14JUL2000, 2400;	7.29
15JUL2000, 2400;	7.30
16JUL2000, 2400;	7.28
17JUL2000, 2400;	7.17
18JUL2000, 2400;	7.11
19JUL2000, 2400;	7.07
20JUL2000, 2400;	7.07
21JUL2000, 2400;	7.13



22JUL2000, 2400;	7.16
23JUL2000, 2400;	7.17
24JUL2000, 2400;	7.18
25JUL2000, 2400;	7.12
26JUL2000, 2400;	7.09
27JUL2000, 2400;	7.06
28JUL2000, 2400;	7.03
29JUL2000, 2400;	7.04
30JUL2000, 2400;	7.03
31JUL2000, 2400;	6.99
01AUG2000, 2400;	6.99
END FILE	



EAST

IE COAST CANAL S/S334/ELEV-HEAD//1DAY//

RTS Ver:999 Prog:995MAT LW:02NOV00 07:32:06 Tag:T14296 Prec:0

Start: 31MAY2000 at 2400 hours; End: 01AUG2000 at 2400 hours; Number: 63

Units: FT-NGVD Type: INST-VAL

31MAY2000, 2400;	7.21
01JUN2000, 2400;	7.14
02JUN2000, 2400;	7.14
03JUN2000, 2400;	7.10
04JUN2000, 2400;	7.09
05JUN2000, 2400;	7.07
06JUN2000, 2400;	7.11
07JUN2000, 2400;	7.13
08JUN2000, 2400;	7.14
09JUN2000, 2400;	7.21
10JUN2000, 2400;	7.19
11JUN2000, 2400;	7.24
12JUN2000, 2400;	7.29
13JUN2000, 2400;	7.27
14JUN2000, 2400;	7.26
15JUN2000, 2400;	7.47
16JUN2000, 2400;	-901.00
17JUN2000, 2400;	-901.00
18JUN2000, 2400;	7.47
19JUN2000, 2400;	7.48
20JUN2000, 2400;	7.49
21JUN2000, 2400;	7.47
22JUN2000, 2400;	7.36
23JUN2000, 2400;	7.35
24JUN2000, 2400;	7.38
25JUN2000, 2400;	7.39
26JUN2000, 2400;	7.43
27JUN2000, 2400;	7.44
28JUN2000, 2400;	7.40
29JUN2000, 2400;	7.41
30JUN2000, 2400;	7.38
01JUL2000, 2400;	7.38
02JUL2000, 2400;	7.45
03JUL2000, 2400;	7.44
04JUL2000, 2400;	7.46
05JUL2000, 2400;	7.45
06JUL2000, 2400;	7.45
07JUL2000, 2400;	7.53
08JUL2000, 2400;	7.49
09JUL2000, 2400;	7.49
10JUL2000, 2400;	7.52
11JUL2000, 2400;	7.52
12JUL2000, 2400;	7.51
13JUL2000, 2400;	7.51
14JUL2000, 2400;	7.48
15JUL2000, 2400;	7.48
16JUL2000, 2400;	7.47
17JUL2000, 2400;	7.37
18JUL2000, 2400;	7.31
19JUL2000, 2400;	7.27
20JUL2000, 2400;	7.26
21JUL2000, 2400;	7.32



22JUL2000, 2400;	7.35
23JUL2000, 2400;	7.38
24JUL2000, 2400;	7.34
25JUL2000, 2400;	7.31
26JUL2000, 2400;	7.29
27JUL2000, 2400;	7.25
28JUL2000, 2400;	7.22
29JUL2000, 2400;	7.24
30JUL2000, 2400;	7.20
31JUL2000, 2400;	7.17
01AUG2000, 2400;	7.18
END FILE	



## ANNEX A

### CERP Model Results



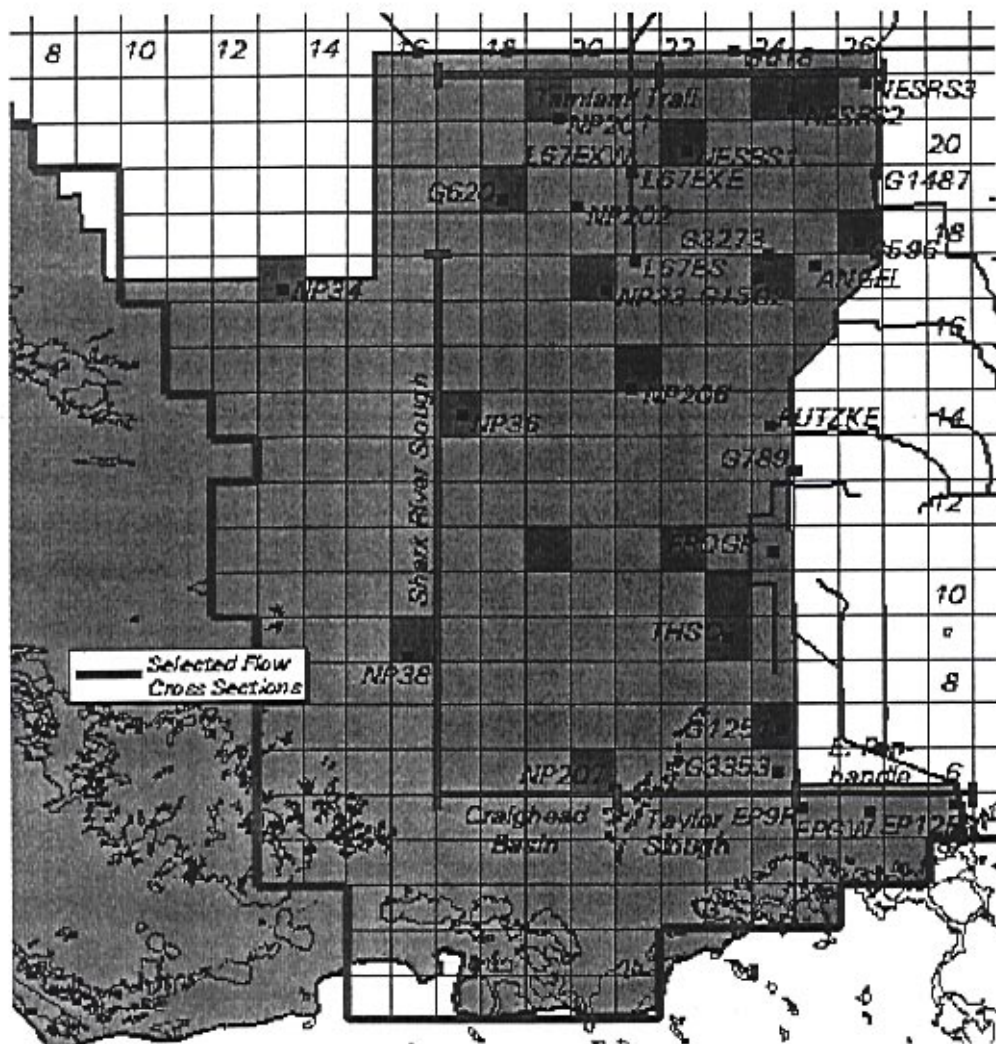
**CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN FLORIDA PROJECT  
COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW STUDY**

**FINAL  
INTEGRATED FEASIBILITY REPORT AND  
PROGRAMMATIC ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT**



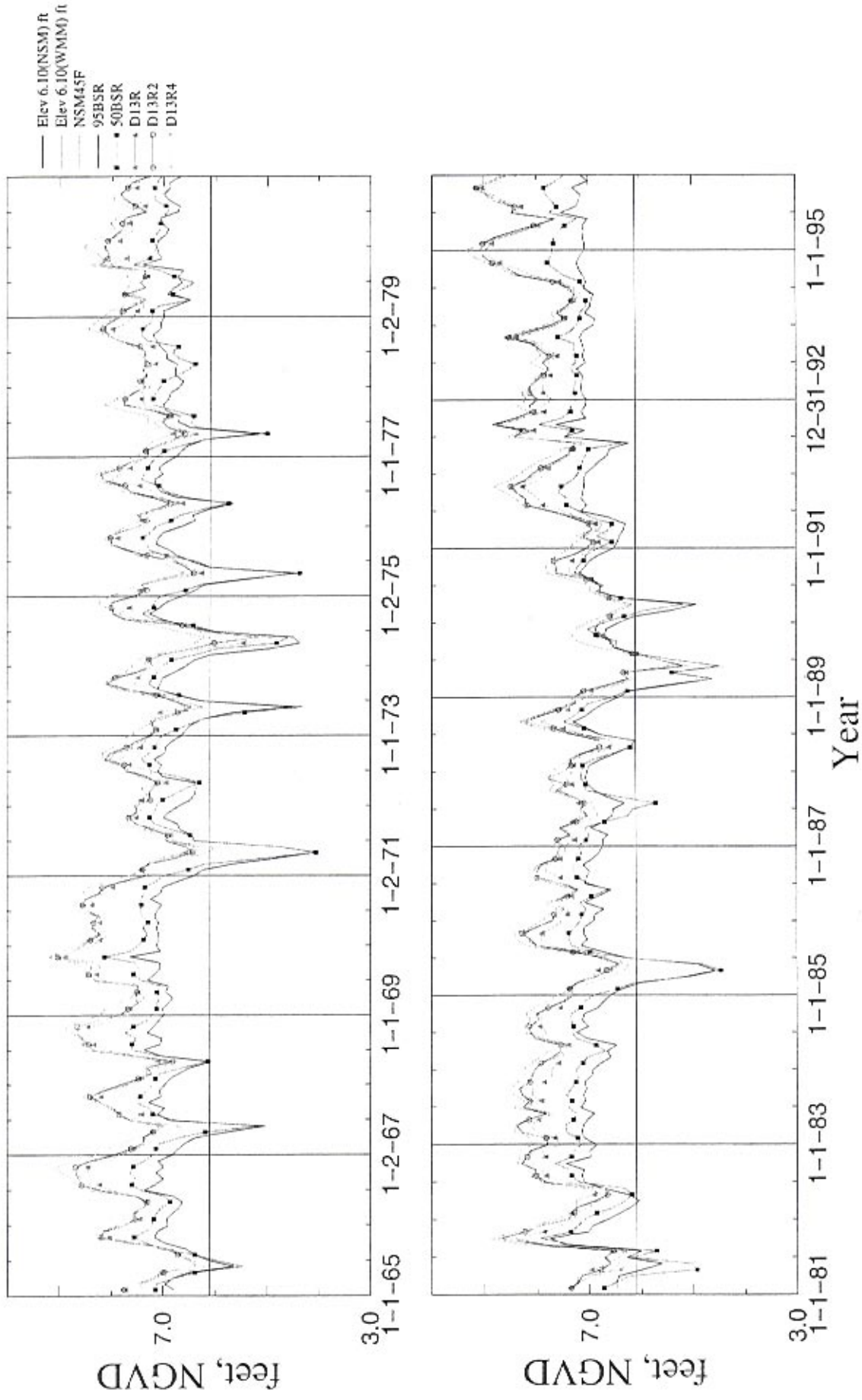
*April 1999*





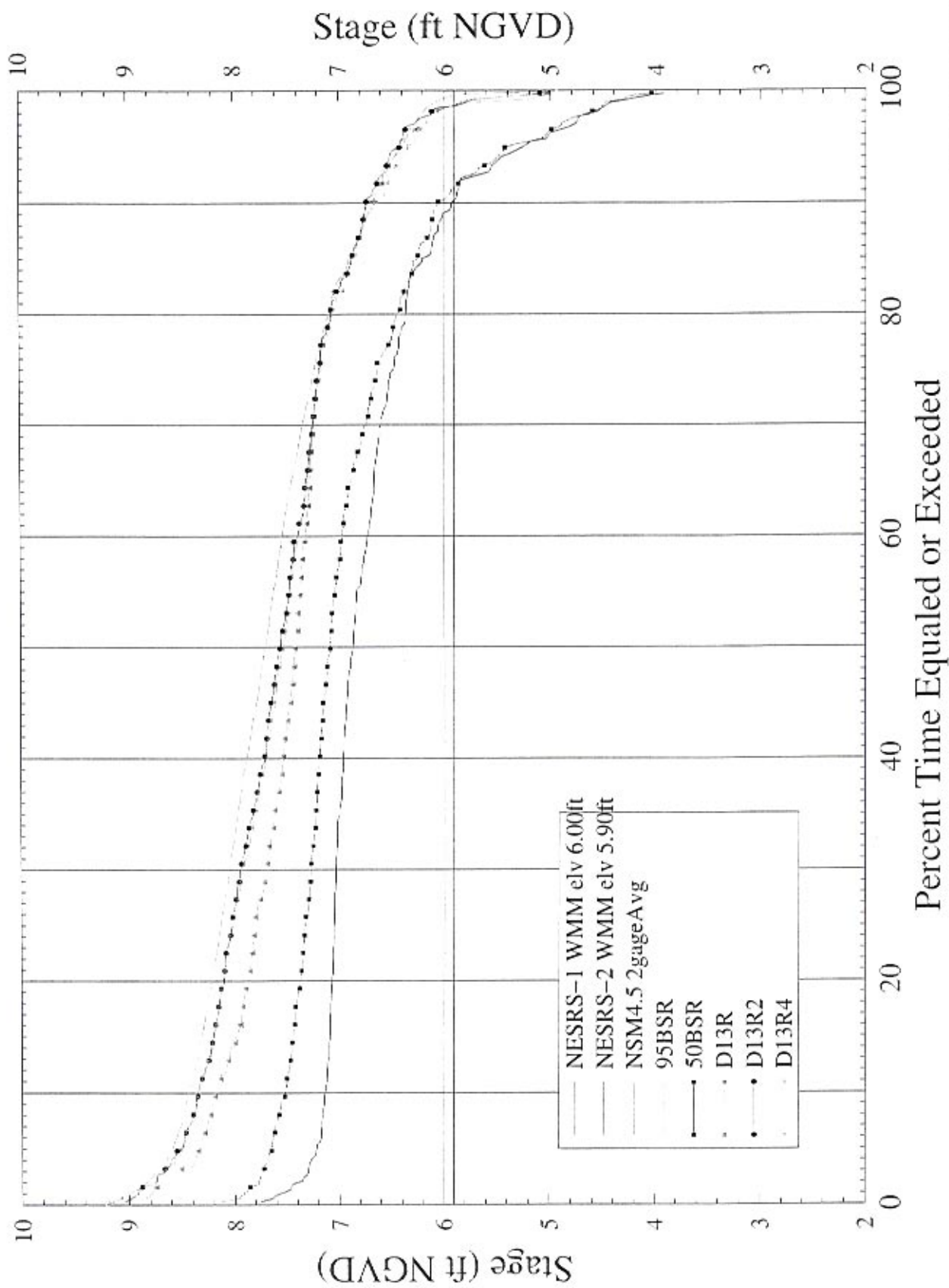


# Stage Hydrograph at N.E. Shark River Slough Gage NESRS\_2, Cell R21 C24





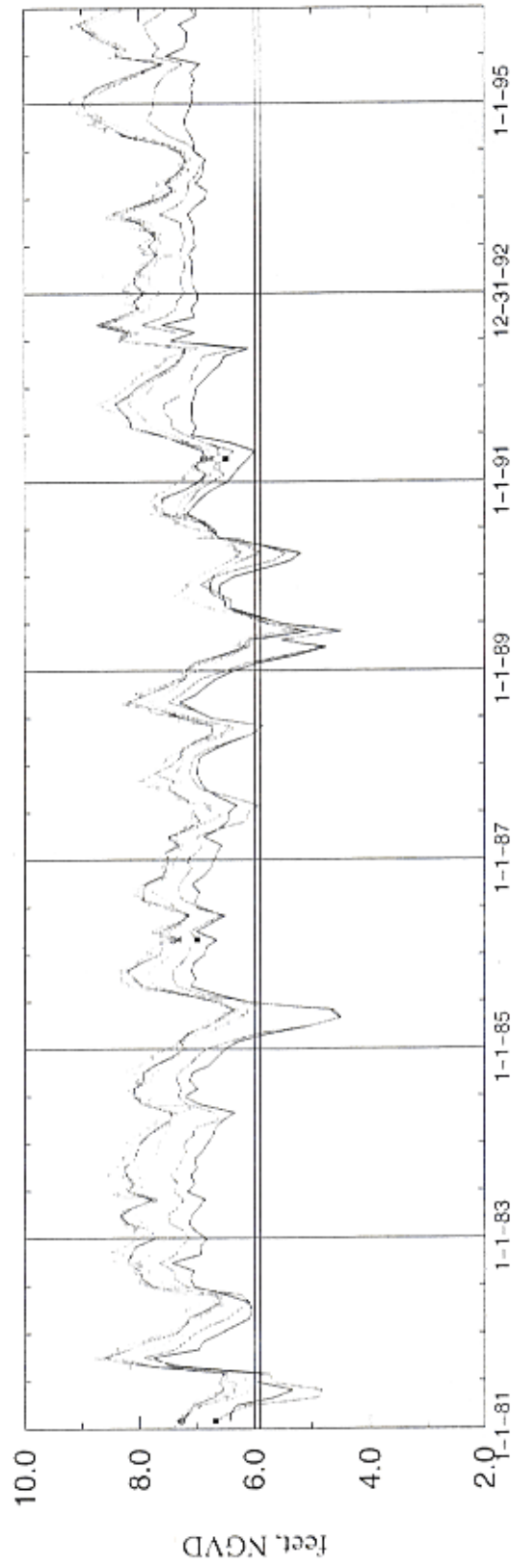
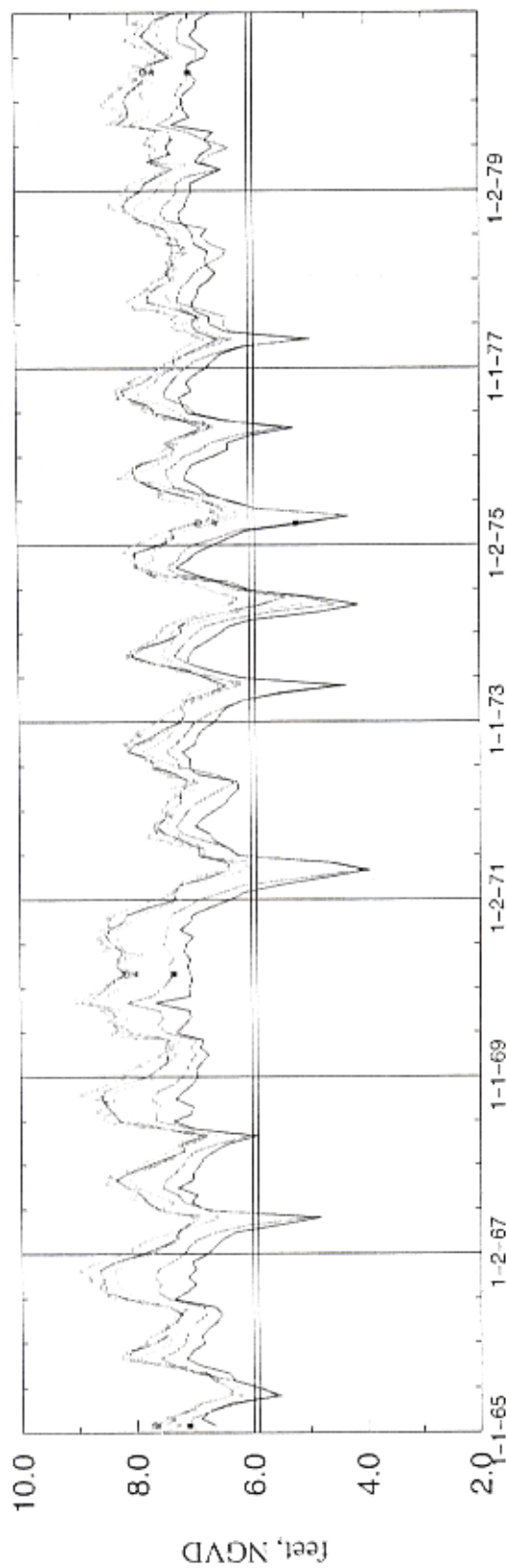
# 2-Gage Avg Import Stg Duration Curves for NESRS Gage NESRS-1(R20 C22) & NESRS-2(R21 C25)





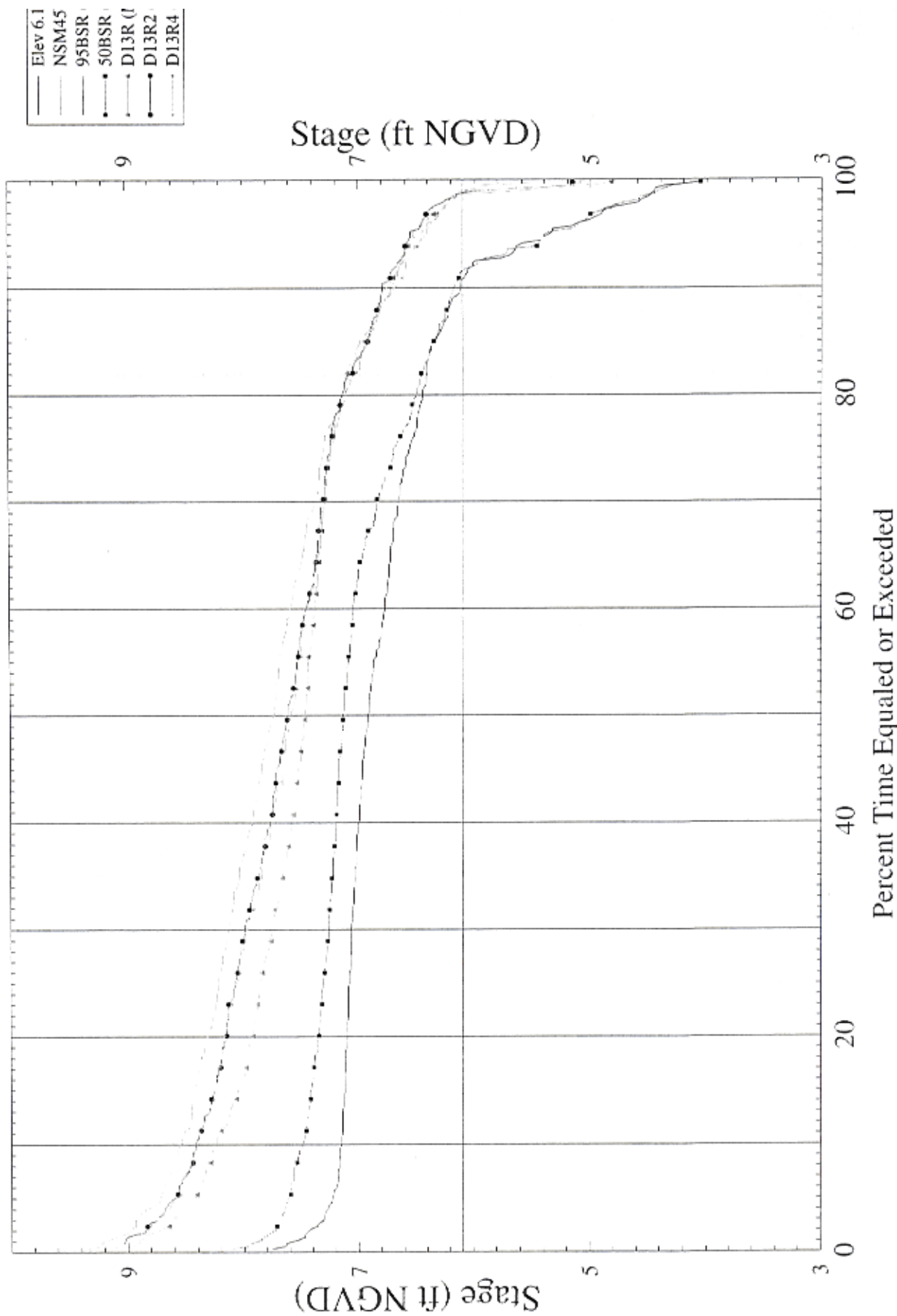
# 2-Gage Average Import Stage Hydrograph for NESRS Gage NESRS-1(R20 C22) & NESRS-2(R21 C25)

— NESRS-1A  
 — NESRS-2A  
 — NSM4.5 2g  
 — 95BSR  
 — 50BSR  
 — D13R  
 — D13R2  
 — D13R4



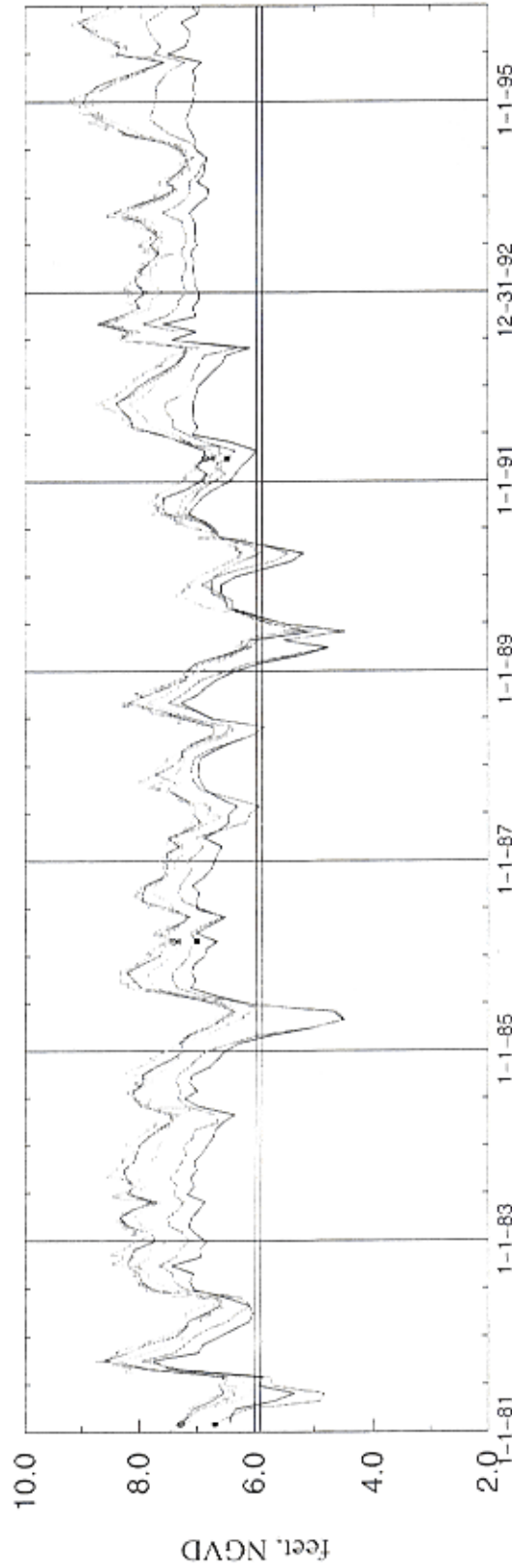
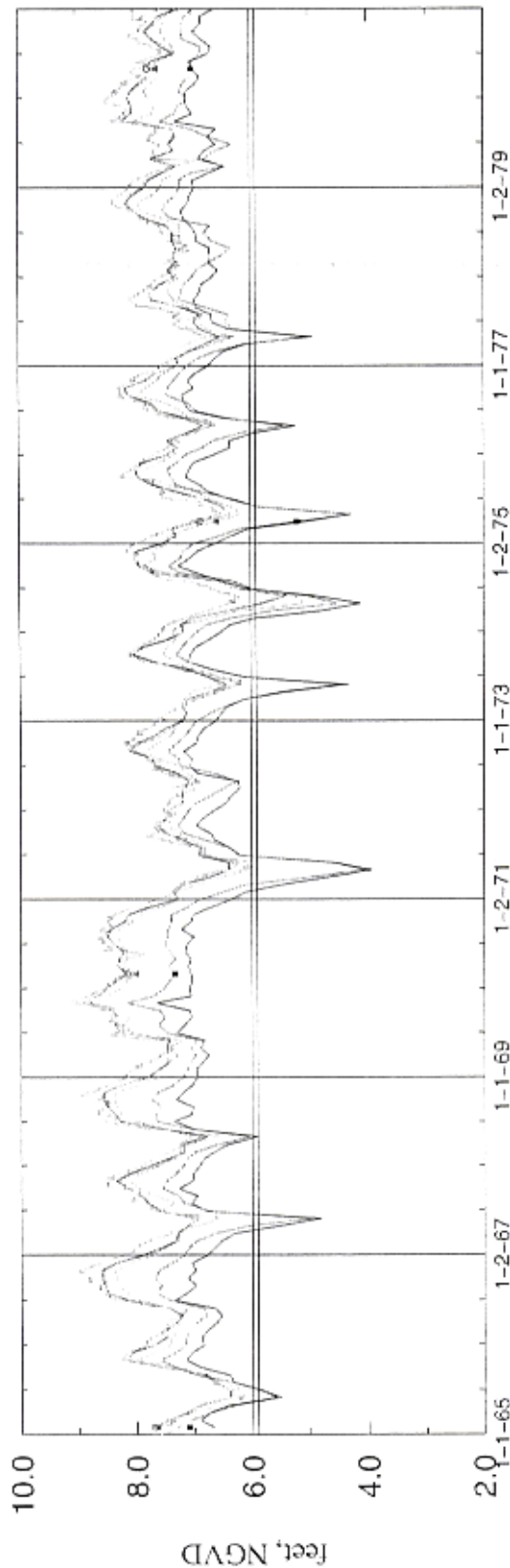


# Stage Duration Curves at N.E. Shark River Slough Gage NESRS\_2, Cell R21 C24





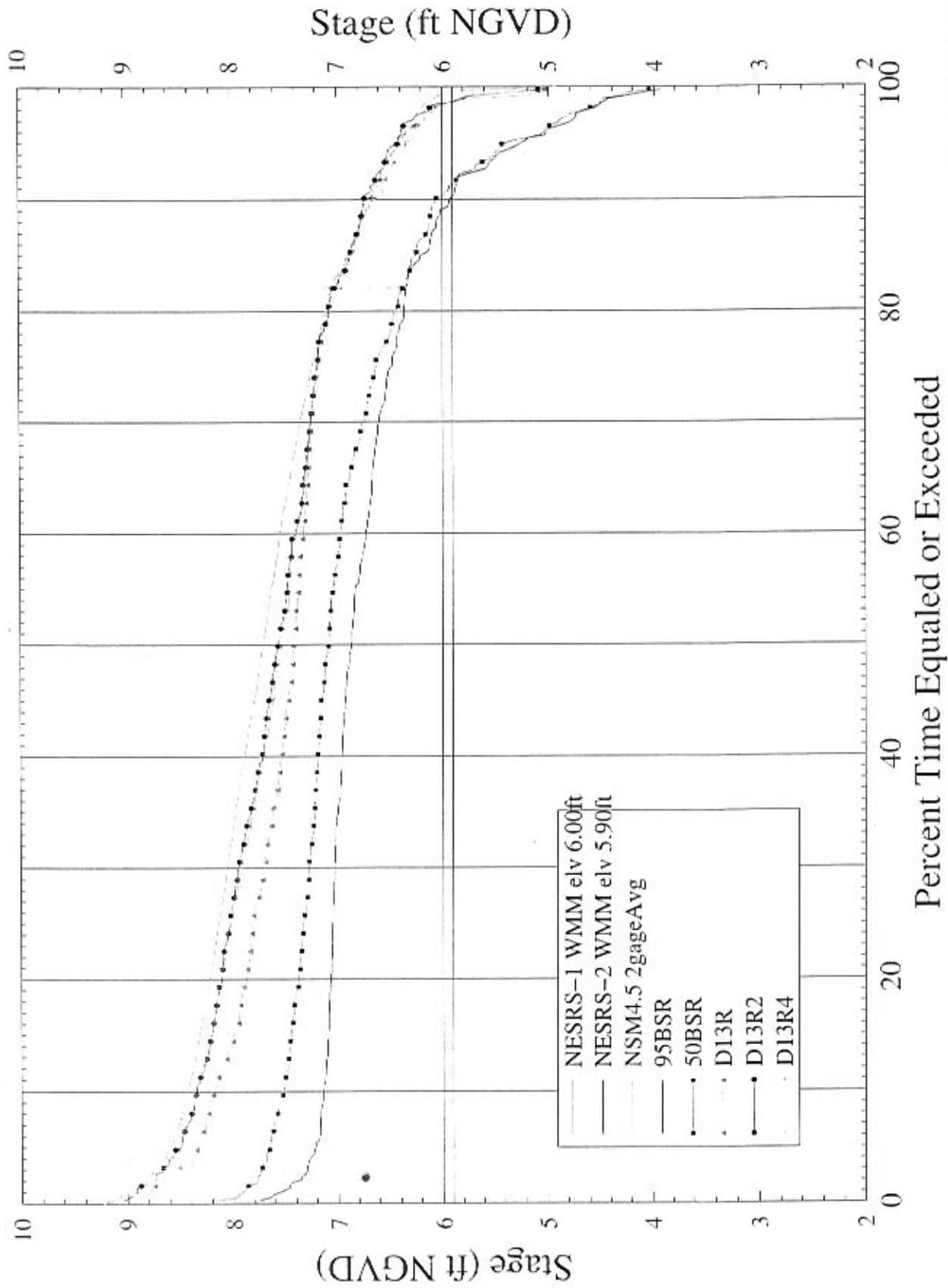
# 2-Gage Average Import Stage Hydrograph for NESRS Gage NESRS-1(R20 C22) & NESRS-2(R21 C25)



NESRS-1 \  
 NESRS-2 \  
 NSM4.5 2g  
 95BSR  
 50BSR  
 D13R  
 D13R2  
 D13R4



# 2-Gage Avg Import Stg Duration Curves for NESRS Gage NESRS-1(R20 C22) & NESRS-2(R21 C25)







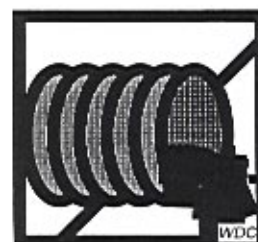


**Florida Department of Transportation**  
*Corrosion Research Laboratory*

# Culvert Service Life Estimator

Project Name: Tamiami Trail Evaluation  
Work Program Item Number:  
State Job Number:  
Federal Job Number:  
County: Dade  
Elevation:  
Station: CB-.5(S-3)  
Designer:

	pH	<input type="text" value="9.45"/>
Design Life (years)	Resistivity	<input type="text" value="14368"/>
<input type="text" value="25"/>	Chlorides	<input type="text" value="16"/>
	Sulfates	<input type="text" value="18"/>
	Diameter	<input type="text" value="48"/>



<u>Type Of Culvert</u>	<u>Computed Service Life (years)*</u>
CONCRETE, Typical Dry Cast	360
POLYETHYLENE AND PVC	50
ALUMINUM CANNOT BE USED	
ALUMINIZED STEEL CANNOT BE USED	
GALVANIZED STEEL CANNOT BE USED	

\* This program is intended for use as an environmental durability estimator ONLY. It is the designer's responsibility to choose the proper culvert to meet all structural and hydraulic requirements.

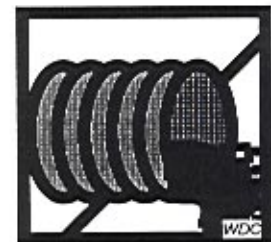


**Florida Department of Transportation**  
*Corrosion Research Laboratory*

# Culvert Service Life Estimator

Project Name: Tamiami Trail Evaluation  
Work Program Item Number:  
State Job Number:  
Federal Job Number:  
County: Dade  
Elevation:  
Station: CB-.5(S-6)  
Designer:

	pH	<input type="text" value="7.67"/>
Design Life (years)	Resistivity	<input type="text" value="2096"/>
<input type="text" value="25"/>	Chlorides	<input type="text" value="62"/>
	Sulfates	<input type="text" value="40"/>
	Diameter	<input type="text" value="48"/>



<u>Type Of Culvert</u>	<u>Computed Service Life (years)*</u>
CONCRETE, Typical Dry Cast	360
16 ga. ALUMINUM	173
16 ga. ALUMINIZED STEEL	79
POLYETHYLENE AND PVC	50
16 ga. GALVANIZED STEEL	42

\* This program is intended for use as an environmental durability estimator ONLY. It is the designer's responsibility to choose the proper culvert to meet all structural and hydraulic requirements.



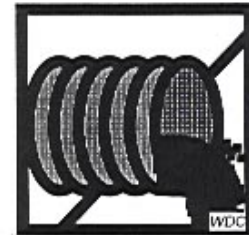
# Florida Department of Transportation

## *Corrosion Research Laboratory*

# Culvert Service Life Estimator

Project Name: Tamiami Trail Evaluation  
Work Program Item Number:  
State Job Number:  
Federal Job Number:  
County: Dade  
Elevation:  
Station: CB-8.5(S-5)  
Designer:

	pH	<input type="text" value="7.95"/>
Design Life (years)	Resistivity	<input type="text" value="2833"/>
<input type="text" value="25"/>	Chlorides	<input type="text" value="66"/>
	Sulfates	<input type="text" value="93"/>
	Diameter	<input type="text" value="48"/>



<u>Type Of Culvert</u>	<u>Computed Service Life (years)*</u>
CONCRETE, Typical Dry Cast	360
16 ga. ALUMINUM	184
16 ga. ALUMINIZED STEEL	85
POLYETHYLENE AND PVC	50
16 ga. GALVANIZED STEEL	48

\* This program is intended for use as an environmental durability estimator ONLY. It is the designer's responsibility to choose the proper culvert to meet all structural and hydraulic requirements.

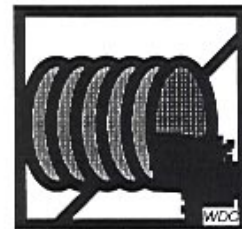


**Florida Department of Transportation**  
*Corrosion Research Laboratory*

## Culvert Service Life Estimator

Project Name:	Tamiami Trail Evaluation
Work Program Item Number:	
State Job Number:	
Federal Job Number:	
County:	Dade
Elevation:	
Station:	CB-8.5(S-3)
Designer:	

	pH	<input type="text" value="9.59"/>
Design Life (years)	Resistivity	<input type="text" value="8811"/>
<input type="text" value="25"/>	Chlorides	<input type="text" value="52"/>
	Sulfates	<input type="text" value="52"/>
	Diameter	<input type="text" value="48"/>



<u>Type Of Culvert</u>	<u>Computed Service Life (years)*</u>
CONCRETE, Typical Dry Cast	360
POLYETHYLENE AND PVC	50
ALUMINUM CANNOT BE USED	
ALUMINIZED STEEL CANNOT BE USED	
GALVANIZED STEEL CANNOT BE USED	

\* This program is intended for use as an environmental durability estimator ONLY. It is the designer's responsibility to choose the proper culvert to meet all structural and hydraulic requirements.



# LAW

**LAWGIBB Group Member**

**FACSIMILE TRANSMITTAL SHEET**

**LAW ENGINEERING & ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.**

**5845 NW 158th Street, Miami Lakes, Florida 33014**

**Tel: (305) 826-5588**

**Fax: (305) 826-1799**

**Email: [tmcdanie@lawco.com](mailto:tmcdanie@lawco.com)**

To: Mark Jensen From: G. Thomas McDaniel, P.E.  
Company: PBSJ Date transmitted 8-22-00  
Fax Number: 1-407-647-1283 Telephone: (305) 826-5588  
Subject: Tamiami Trail Corrosivity Tests Fax Number: (305) 826-1799  
No. pages transmitted (incl. cover) 5 Hard Copy to Follow: Yes ☐ No ☐  
CC: \_\_\_\_\_

Urgent\_ For Review X Please Comment \_\_\_ Please Reply \_\_\_ Please Recycle \_\_\_

Mark

These are the 4 corrosivity test results. Two tests are in the limerock fill and 2 tests are in the peat layer.

If you have any other questions or comments please contact me.

G. Thomas McDaniel, PE

Principal Geotechnical Engineer

**CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE:** This message is intended only for the use of the individual or entity to which it is addressed, and may contain information that is privileged, confidential, and exempt from disclosure under applicable law. If the reader of this message is not the intended recipient, or the employee or agent responsible for delivering the message to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution, or copying of this communication is strictly prohibited. If you have received this communication in error, please notify us immediately by telephone and return the original message to us at the above address via the U.S. Postal Service. Thank you.

If transmission is not received in good order, please call Tom McDaniel

	TRANS	ED.
	N DESIGN	
<b>AUG 22 2000</b>		
PBSJ, INC WATER PARK		
M. Jansen		
FEB		





STL Miami

LAWENG000282  
Ricardo Bernal  
Law Engineering (MiamiLakes) ✓  
5845 NW 158th Street  
Miami Lakes, FL 33014

Page 1  
August 17, 2000  
Submission # 8000760  
Order # 74170  
FDEP CompQAP# 990102  
FL-DOH Certification# E86349, 86413, 86565

Site Location/Project  
Tamiami Trail & Krome Avenue .5,8.5,6,2  
40700-0-2369

Sample I.D.: CB-.5(S-3) 3.0 to 4.6 feet  
Collected: 07/21/00 10:00 Fill -  
Received: 08/15/00 16:00 Limestone  
Collected by: Client

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	METHOD	DETECTION LIMIT	DATE EXT.	DATE ANALY.	ANALYST
Sulfate	18	mg/Kg	ASTM D4130	1.0	08/16/2000	08/16/2000	MC
Chloride	16	mg/Kg	ASTM D512	10.0	08/16/2000	08/16/2000	MC
pH	9.45		ASTM G-31	1.0	08/16/2000	08/16/2000	KOD
ASTM-G57 Resistivity in SOIL expressed as Ohm*cm			MEDF	1			
Resistivity (As Received)	15552	Ω*cm.	ASTM G-57	1,000	08/17/2000	08/17/2000	MC
Resistivity (Saturated)	14368	Ω*cm.	ASTM G-57	1,000	08/17/2000	08/17/2000	MC

\*\*\*BDL: Indicates Analyte is Below Detection Limit\*\*\*MEDF: Matrix Effect Dilution Factor:\*\*\*

\*\*\*Work Subcontracted to Outside Labs Denoted by HRS Cert ID in Analyst Field\*\*\*

\*\*\*Qualifier following result conforms to FAC 62-160 Table 7\*\*\*\*\*Unless otherwise noted, mg/Kg denotes wet weight\*\*\*

\*\*\*62-770: If the MDL using the most sensitive and currently available technology is higher than a specific criterion, the PQL shall be used.

Certs: AL. = #41180, Ct. = #PH0217, Ks. = #E270 + E1245, Ky. = #90087, La. = #9601, Md. = #271, Ma. = #M-FL535

NC. = #539, ND. = #R163, OK. = #9523, SC. = #96023, Tn. = #TN02826

*Way Khan*

Authorized Laboratory Management



LAWENG000282  
Ricardo Bernai  
Law Engineering (MiamiLakes) ✓  
5845 NW 158th Street  
Miami Lakes, FL 33014

Page 4  
August 17, 2000  
Submission # 8000760  
Order # 74173  
FDEP CompQAP# 990102  
FL-DOH Certification# E86349, 86413, 86565

Site Location/Project  
Tamiami Trail & Krome Avenue .S,8.5,6,2  
40700-0-2369

Sample I.D.: CB-8.5(S-5)  
Collected: 07/24/00 08:10  
Received: 08/15/00 16:00  
Collected by: Client

7.5 to 9.0 Ft  
PEAT

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	METHOD	DETECTION LIMIT	DATE EXT.	DATE ANALY.	ANALYST
Sulfate	93	mg/Kg	ASTM D4130	1.0	08/16/2000	08/16/2000	MC
Chloride	66	mg/Kg	ASTM D512	10.0	08/16/2000	08/16/2000	MC
pH	7.95		ASTM G-51	1.0	08/16/2000	08/16/2000	KOD
ASTM-G57 Resistivity in SOIL expressed as Ohm*cm			MEDF	1			
Resistivity (As Received)	2833	Ω*cm.	ASTM G-57	1,000	08/17/2000	08/17/2000	MC
Resistivity (Saturated)	2227	Ω*cm.	ASTM G-57	1,000	08/17/2000	08/17/2000	MC

\*\*\*BDL: Indicates Analyte is Below Detection Limit\*\*\*MEDF: Matrix Effect Dilution Factor\*\*\*

\*\*\*Work Subcontracted to Outside Labs Denoted by HRS Cert ID in Analyst Field\*\*\*

\*\*\*Qualifier following result conforms to FAC 62 160 Table 7\*\*\*\*\*Unless otherwise noted, mg/Kg denotes wet weight\*\*\*

\*\*\*62-770: If the MDL using the most sensitive and currently available technology is higher than a specific criterion, the PQL shall be used.

Certs:Al.=#41180, Cl.=#PH0217, Ks.=#E270 + E1245, Ky.=#90087, La.=#9601, Md.=#271, Ma.=#M-FLS35

NC.=#539, ND.=#R163, OK.=#9523, SC.=#96023, Tn.=#TN02826

*Way Khan*

Authorized Laboratory Management



LAWENG000282  
Ricardo Bernai  
Law Engineering (MiamiLakes) ✓  
5845 NW 158th Street  
Miami Lakes, FL 33014

Page 3  
August 17, 2000  
Submission # 8000760  
Order # 74172  
FDEP CompQAP# 990102  
FL-DOH Certification# E86349, 86413, 86565

Site Location/Project  
Tamiami Trail & Krome Avenue .5,8.5,6,2  
40700-0-2369

Sample I.D.: CB-8.5(S-3) 3' to 4.5 ft.  
Collected: 07/24/00 08:06 Fill -  
Received: 08/15/00 16:00 Limerock  
Collected by: Client

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	METHOD	DETECTION LIMIT	DATE EXT.	DATE ANALY.	ANALYST
Sulfate	52	mg/Kg	ASTM D4130	1.0	08/16/2000	08/16/2000	MC
Chloride	52	mg/Kg	ASTM D512	10.0	08/16/2000	08/16/2000	MC
pH	9.39		ASTM G-51	1.0	08/16/2000	08/16/2000	KOD
ASTM-G57 Resistivity in SOIL expressed as Ohm*cm.			MEDF	1			
Resistivity (As Received)	8811	Ω*cm.	ASTM G-57	1.000	08/17/2000	08/17/2000	MC
Resistivity (Saturated)	8811	Ω*cm.	ASTM G-57	1.000	08/17/2000	08/17/2000	MC

\*\*\*BDL: Indicates Analyte is Below Detection Limit\*\*\*MEDF: Matrix Effected Dilution Factor\*\*\*

\*\*\*Work Subcontracted to Outside Labs Denoted by HRS Cert ID in Analyst Field\*\*\*

\*\*\*Qualifier following result conforms to FAC 62-160 Table 7\*\*\*\*\*Unless otherwise noted, mg/Kg denotes wrt weight\*\*\*

\*\*\*62-770: If the MDL using the most sensitive and currently available technology is higher than a specific criterion, the POL shall be used.

Certs:Al. = #41180, Ct. = #PH0217, Ks. = #E270 + E1245, Ky. = #90087, La. = #9601, Md. = #271, Ma. = #M-FL535

NC. = #539, ND. = #R163, OK. = #9523, SC. = #96023, Tn. = #TN02826

*Weng Khan*

Authorized Laboratory Management



LAWENG000282  
Ricardo Bernai  
Law Engineering (MiamiLakes) ✓  
5845 NW 158th Street  
Miami Lakes, FL 33014

Page 2  
August 17, 2000  
Submission # 8000760  
Order # 74171  
FDEP CompQAP# 990102  
FL-DOH Certification# E86349, 86413, 86565

Site Location/Project  
Tamiami Trail & Krome Avenue .5,8.5,6,2  
40700-0-2369

Sample I.D.: CB-.5(S-6) 7.5 to 9.0 ft  
Collected: 07/21/00 10:15 Peat  
Received: 08/15/00 16:00  
Collected by: Client

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	METHOD	DETECTION LIMIT	DATE EXT.	DATE ANALY.	ANALYST
Sulfate	40	mg/Kg	ASTM D4130	1.0	08/16/2000	08/16/2000	MC
Chloride	62	mg/Kg	ASTM D512	10.0	08/16/2000	08/16/2000	MC
pH	7.67		ASTM G-51	1.0	08/16/2000	08/16/2000	KOD
ASTM-G57 Resistivity in SOIL expressed as Ohm*cm			MEDF	1			
Resistivity (As Received)	2096	Ω*cm.	ASTM G-57	1.000	08/17/2000	08/17/2000	MC
Resistivity (Saturated)	2096	Ω*cm.	ASTM G-57	1.000	08/17/2000	08/17/2000	MC

\*\*\*BDL: Indicates Analyte is Below Detection Limit\*\*\*MEDF: Matrix Effect Dilution Factor\*\*\*

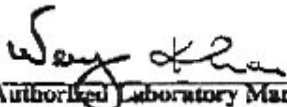
\*\*\*Work Subcontracted to Outside Labs Denoted by HRS Cert ID in Analyst Field\*\*\*

\*\*\*Qualifier following result conforms to FAC 62-160 Table 7\*\*\*\*\*Unless otherwise noted, mg/Kg denotes wet weight\*\*\*

\*\*\*62-770: If the MDL using the most sensitive and currently available technology is higher than a specific criterion, the POL shall be used.

Certs: Al. = #41180, Ct. = #PH0217, Ks. = #E270 + E1245, Ky. = #90087, La. = #9601, Md. = #271, Ma. = #M-PL535

NC. = #539, ND. = #R163, OK. = #9523, SC. = #96023, Tn. = #TN02826

  
Authorized Laboratory Management



APP. C

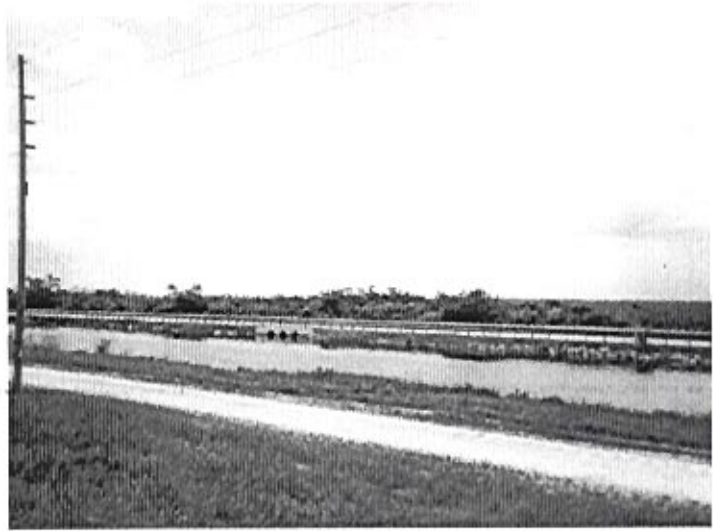


## **APPENDIX C - PAVEMENT INFORMATION**

<b>Appendix C-1</b>	<b>Florida DOT Pavement Information</b>
<b>Appendix C-2</b>	<b>Falling Weight Deflectometer Results</b>
<b>Appendix C-3</b>	<b>IMS GPR and Distress Data</b>
<b>Appendix C-4</b>	<b>Pavement Design Calculations</b>
<b>Appendix C-5</b>	<b>Pavement Core Data</b>



View from Levee L-29 looking SE.



View from south shoulder,  
looking NE



View of test location DCB-100,  
approximately at Station 771+00.





Typical longitudinal crack in outside wheelpath, Eastbound lane.



View of test location DCB-5, approximately at Station 1280+20.



View of WB Outside wheelpath and test location that was not used. Approximate station 1227+40.





View of EB Outside wheelpath and  
test location that was not used.  
Approximate station 1149+80.



View of test location DCB-20,  
approximately at Station 1200+10.



View of test location CB-25,  
approximately at Station 1173+00.





## **Appendix C-1 - Florida DOT Pavement Information**

- 1. Historic Maintenance Costs**
- 2. Typical Funded Annual Maintenance**
- 3. Minimum Overlay Calculations**
- 4. Pavement Condition Ratings- Florida DOT**



## 4/16/00 FY 01/02 MAINTENANCE BUDGET NEEDS

## TAMIAMI TRAIL

ESTIMATE BASED ON MP 13.131 TO MP 24.410

Activity Number	Description	Total Needs \$
411	Plant Mix Patching (Manual)	\$4,682.08
412	Plant Mix Patching (Mech.)	\$2,216.70
414	Base Repair	\$401.64
421	Pressure Grouting	\$266.51
423	Concrete Pavement Joint Repair	\$0.00
424	Concrete Slope Pavt Joint Repair	\$0.00
425	Concrete Pavement Surface Repair	\$0.00
431	Motor Grader Operation	\$0.00
432	Rep N-paved Shld, Slopes, Ditches (	\$2,508.92
433	Sodding	\$1,933.04
435	Seeding, Fertilizing and Mulching	\$1,223.90
436	Reworking Shoulders	\$4,338.82
437	Misc. Slope and Ditch Repair	\$4,441.07
451	Clean Drainage Structures	\$305.83
456	Repair or Replace Storm Dr, Side Dr	\$553.85
457	Concrete Repair	\$0.00
459	Concrete Sidewalk Repair	\$0.00
461	Roadside Ditches - Clean & Reshape	\$5,063.46
464	Outfall Ditches - Clean & Repair	\$0.00
471	Large Machine Mowing	\$519.58
482	Slope Mowing	\$17,524.39
484	Intermediate Machine Mowing	\$80.07
485	Small Machine Mowing	\$74.85
487	Weed Control (Manual)	\$0.00
489	Wildflowers	\$148.51
490	Fertilizing	\$1,074.76
492	Tree Trimming and Removal	\$2,583.83
493	Landscape Area Maintenance	\$0.00
494	Chemical Weed and Grass Control	\$2,510.53
497	Chemical Weed and Grass Control (Br	\$296.03
519	Delineators	\$1,065.56
520	Signs (Ground Signs 30 sf or less)	\$864.23
521	Signs (Ground Signs over 30 sf and	\$0.00



522 Sign Cleaning	\$40.67
526 Guardrail Repair	\$22,456.94
527 Fence Repair	\$0.00
530 Attenuator Inspect. & Serv.	\$0.00
531 Attenuator Repair	\$0.00
532 Pavement Striping (Large Machine)	\$9,098.90
534 Pavement Symbols	\$327.72
537 Raised Pavement Marker Replacement	\$3,768.44
540 Graffiti Removal	\$0.00
541 Roadside Litter Removal	\$4,409.43
542 Road Sweeping (Manual)	\$0.00
543 Roadsweeping (Mech.)	\$439.48
545 Edging and Sweeping	\$0.00
781 Weight Station Maintenance	\$0.00
805 Bridge Joint Repair	\$0.00
806 Bridge Deck Maintenance And Repair	\$0.00
810 Bridge Handrail Maintenance And Rep	\$0.00
825 Superstructure Maintenance And Repa	\$0.00
845 Substructure Maintenance And Repair	\$0.00
859 Channel Maintenance	\$0.00
861 Routine Bridge Electrical Maintenanc	\$0.00
865 Routine Bridge Mechanical Maintenanc	\$0.00
869 Movable Bridge Structural Maintenanc	\$0.00
995 Maintenance Support Services	\$4,760.99

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Total	\$99,980.72
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## Florida Department of Transportation


JEB BUSH  
GOVERNOR

THOMAS F. BARRY, JR.  
SECRETARY

### MEMORANDUM

DATE: August 21, 2000

TO: Barbara Culhane, Environmental Administrator

FROM: Guy Gladson, District Drainage Permit Engineer 

COPIES: Gus Pego, Ron Steiner, John Slaton

SUBJECT: Maintenance Costs on Tamiami Trail (10 mile portion starting  
1 mile west of Krome Avenue)

Attached are the FDOT's average estimated annual maintenance activity costs for the 10 mile portion of concern on the Tamiami Trail. The costs are based on an average of the last 3 years of maintenance performed on Tamiami Trail (Section 87110). This information was obtained from the Maintenance Management System (MMS) and is only an estimate. Inspection costs are not identified through the MMS, therefore an additional 15% was added to the actual activity costs.

Maintenance efforts associated with unpaved shoulder and asphalt repair are due to mainly failing shoulders. Maintenance expects these costs to significantly increase in the future as the sub-base continues to fail.

Please feel free to call John Slaton (305-470-5358) or myself (305-470-5372) for further information or clarification.

GG/ro



**TAMIAMI TRAIL MAINTENANCE Dollar Analysis**  
18-Aug-00

**AVERAGE ANNUAL COST FOR TEN MILES ONLY**

ACTIVITY	In-house Maintenance MMS	Contract Maintenance Costs	TOTAL Estimate	Current Schedule
Mowing	\$0	\$20,060	\$20,060	Slope Mowing- 4 times a year Tree Trimming with Slope Mower- 4 time a year
Litter Removal	\$0	\$3,392	\$3,392	Litter removal- 12 times a year
Guardrail repair	\$10,350	\$1,328	\$11,678	As needed basis
Sign repair	\$1,243	\$0	\$1,243	As needed basis
Herbicide	\$545	\$0	\$545	Once a year
Bridge Repairs	\$125	\$0	\$125	As needed basis
Asphalt Repair	\$251	\$0	\$251	As needed basis
Unpaved Shoulder Repair	\$1,151	\$0	\$1,151	As needed basis
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$13,665</b>	<b>\$21,398</b>	<b>\$35,064</b>	

$$35,054 \times \frac{11,279}{10} = 39,537$$

$$35,054 \times \frac{11,279}{10} = 39,559$$

for 11 miles of  
MWD

Estimates based on 3 year activity average costs, except mowing costs based on last year Contract dollars. Mowing cycles are expected to increase in future years when current contract expires.

Costs based on MMS cost information. Tamiami Trail (section 87110) is 25.715 miles in total length. This report took average cost per mile of section 87110 and prorated to ten miles to obtain the costs above.

Guardrail based on actual repairs within limits of ten miles section. average over three years.

Striping for the ten mile section is in good condition. Striping schedule once every four years.



# FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DESIGN SUMMARY SHEET

Preliminary , subject to change

Prepared by: Roberto Perez

Date: May 6, 1999

W.P.I. No. \_\_\_\_\_

SR/90/US41/Tamiami Trial

State Project No. 87110-

From 11 miles w of SR 997

F.A.P. No. \_\_\_\_\_

To SR 997/Krome Ave

County Miami-Dade

Project Length 11 miles

Opening Year 2002

LBR 40 SSV ---

Design Year 2022

Mr 84 Mpa (12<sup>1</sup> Psi)

80 KN/eq. Loads 3,100,000

%Reliability 90

SN Required 3.45

Design Speed 55 MPH

Type of Work and location: Reconstruction (Existing Profile varies from 10.3 to 12.0 Ft NGVD, Prop. Profile will be at 12.0 Ft NGVD Existing Pavement:

	Tk.	Coef.	SN
Sub-grade Stabilization (LBR 40)	12"	0.08	0.96
Limerock Base 12" tk.	12"	0.18	2.16
Type S Asphaltic Conc. 3.5" tk	3.5"	0.25	0.87
FC-2, Friction Course 5/8" tk	5/8"	0.00	0.00
			3.99

## Prop. Profile Grade :

9.50 (DHW)+1ft Clearance+1.5 ft (Pav't tk.+cross slope)=12.0 Ft NGVD  
It means raise the Road from 0 to (12.0-10.3) 1.7 Ft= 20.4 inches

## Prop. Pavement:

Mill FC-2, entire corridor

	SN
Existing pavement SN	3.99
Type S overbuild(4" to 12.4") (400 to 1240 lb/sy)	0.00
OBG 9 *	1.80
Type 'SP' Struct.Cse. ( Level 3 ) 2" tk	0.44
FC5-Friction Course, (80lb/sy), 3/4" tk	0.00
Design SN	6.67

\*Optional code permite 609 (6"ABC-3)

Approved by: [Signature]  
Pav.Des.Eng

Date : 5-6-99

Concurred By: [Signature]  
Dist.Des.Eng.

Date: 5-6-99



## ALL SYSTEM PAVEMENT CONDITION FORECAST

PAVEMENT IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS IN FM WPA TENTATIVE PLAN -- 2001 - 2006, EXTRACTED ON &XDATE  
 SORT BY RDWYID MILEPOST R ASCENDING L DESCENDING

DISTRICT = 6 COUNTY = DADE																				
DISTRESS SURVEYED YEAR																				
RDWYID	BMP	EMP	RW	SYSTEM	TYPE	ADDT	RATINGS	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
ITMSECT AT (MP SIDE)																				
ITMSEG-P W_EMP W_EMP RW FY-P WKMX-P																				
CONTRACTOR (YEAR--PAVEMENT ONE YR OLD)																				
ITMSEG-F	W_BMP	W_EMP	RW	FY-F	WKMX-F			1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2005 (REG)
87110000	8.432	13.131	C	1	1	CRACKING	9.4	9.4	9.4	8.4			7.0	7.0	9.4			9.4	9.4	9.4
90 41					55	5200 RIDE	8.5	8.0	8.0	7.8			8.5	8.6	8.3			8.3	8.7	8.2
BRIDGE #29-OVER CANAL(10.4C)							7.0	8.0	8.0	8.0			7.0	7.0	8.0			9.0	9.0	9.0
2499241	3.920	13.220	C	1995	0221	CRACKING	8.0	9.4	10.0	10.0		9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	
PAN AMERICAN CONSTRUCTION CO(1998)							8.3	8.6	8.4	7.7	8.0	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.6	7.6	8.1	8.8	8.9	
						RIDE														
						RUTTING	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	
87110000	13.131	24.410	C	1	1	CRACKING	8.4	8.4	6.2*	5.1*			6.2*	5.1*	7.7			7.7	8.4	8.4
90 41					55	5200 RIDE	8.0	7.2	7.2	7.3			8.2	8.1	8.1			7.9	8.2	7.7
BRIDGE #31-OVER CANAL(13.2Q)							7.0	7.0	7.0	6.0*			6.0*	6.0*	8.0			9.0	9.0	9.0
2492121	13.200	24.400	C	1991	0222	CRACKING	8.4	8.4	8.0			10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	8.0	6.0*	6.0*	
WHITE CONSTRUCTION CO (1994)							7.8	8.1	7.9			8.0	8.0	7.7	8.2	7.7	7.7	8.5	8.3	
4056361	13.131	24.410	C	2002	0612	RUTTING	9.0	9.0	9.0			10.0	10.0	9.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
87110000	24.410	25.715	C	1	1	CRACKING	8.4	8.4	6.2*	7.0	7.0		5.8*	5.1*	7.7			7.7	8.4	8.4
90 41					55	5200 RIDE	8.0	7.2	7.2	7.3			8.2	8.1	8.1			7.9	8.2	7.7
SIDE ROAD(24.4C)							7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0			6.0*	6.0*	8.0			9.0	9.0	9.0
2499231	24.420	25.698	C	1995	0221	CRACKING	8.4	8.4	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	
PAN AMERICAN CONSTRUCTION CO(1998)							7.8	8.1	7.9	7.2	7.1	7.4	7.4	7.0	7.3	6.8	8.2	8.5	8.3	
						RIDE														
						RUTTING	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	10.0	9.0	9.0	9.0



FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT CONDITION SURVEY -- 1999  
SORT BY DISTRICT RDWYID MILEPOST R ASCENDING L DESCENDING

14:00 TUESDAY, MARCH 28, 2000 18

D T	RDWYID	BEGIN M.P.	END M.P.	NET LENGTH	R L S T D A Y Y W N S P Y E T E	SR NO.	US NO.	MO YR	RAVEL	P A T	IR1	RUT LAS	<< DEDUCTS >> CRACKING CW CD	<< RATINGS >> CRK RUT RIDE KP E	CT RY KP E	** REMARKS **
	6 87090000	18.492	18.764	0.273	C 4 1 1	25	27	04 98			103	0	0.0 0.0	10.0 10	7.5	P/L
	6 87090000	18.764	19.317	0.470	C 2 1 1	25	27	04 98			115	1	0.0 0.0	10.0 9	7.8	
	6 87090000	19.317	19.638	0.252	R 2 1 1	25	27	04 98			147	1	0.0 0.0	10.0 9	7.0	
	6 87090000	19.317	19.638	0.315	L 2 1 1	25	27	04 98			205	1	0.0 0.0	10.0 9	6.7	T/L
	6 87090000	14.990	15.411	0.195	L 2 1 1	25	27	04 98		L 136	2	0.5 0.0	9.5 8	6.6	RIP,PT	
	6 87090000	13.022	13.493	0.457	L 3 1 1	25	27	04 98		L 141	1	2.0 0.0	8.0 9	6.8	RIP,DEP,PT	
	6 87090000	10.512	13.022	2.511	L 3 1 1	25	27	04 98		L 118	1	2.0 1.0	7.0 9	6.6	RIP,DEP,PT,M/L	
	6 87090000	9.884	10.512	0.420	L 3 1 1	25	27	04 98		86	2	0.0 0.0	10.0 8	7.5	M/L	
	6 87090000	5.317	9.884		L 3 1 8	25	27								UNDER CONST	
	6 87090000	0.000	5.317	5.269	L 2 1 1	25	27	04 98 M 1- 5%		65	1	0.5 0.0	9.5 9	8.4	RIP,RAV	
	6 87091000	0.000	2.461	2.432	C 2 1 1	994		04 98 M 1- 5%	L 164	2	2.0 1.5	6.5 8	6.4	A	RIP,DEP,RAV,PT	
	6 87091000	2.461	4.328	1.747	C 2 1 1	994		04 98	L 142	1	2.0 1.0	7.0 9	6.8	C	RIP,SPL,DEL,PT	
	6 87091000	4.328	5.000	0.726	C 2 1 1	994		04 98	L 115	0	1.0 1.0	8.0 10	7.8		RIP,PT	
	6 87091000	5.000	6.853	1.815	R 2 1 7	994		04 98	76	0	0.0 0.0	10.0 10	8.4		NEW PAVT	
	6 87091000	6.853	7.086	0.237	R 2 1 1	994		04 98	L 126	0	1.0 0.0	9.0 10	7.2		RIP,PT	
	6 87091000	7.086	8.058	0.916	R 2 1 7	994		04 98	93	0	0.0 0.0	10.0 10	7.9		NEW PAVT	
	6 87091000	7.086	8.058	0.977	L 2 1 5	994		04 98	88	0	0.0 0.0	10.1 10	8.4		NEW CONST	
	6 87091000	6.853	7.086	0.211	L 2 1 1	994		04 98	L 166	0	1.0 0.0	9.0 10	6.2		RIP,PT	
	6 87091000	5.000	6.853	1.820	L 2 1 5	994		04 98	76	0	0.0 0.0	10.0 10	8.4		NEW CONST	
WEST	6 87110000	0.000	3.893	3.888	C 2 1 1	90	41	05 98	L 127	1	2.0 0.0	8.0 9	6.9	C	RIP,PT	
	6 87110000	3.893	7.722	3.721	C 2 1 1	90	41	05 98	52	0	0.0 0.0	10.0 10	8.8			
	6 87110000	7.722	8.116	0.386	C 2 1 1	90	41	05 98	55	0	0.0 0.0	10.0 10	8.9			
	6 87110000	8.116	13.131	4.964	C 2 1 1	90	41	05 98	50	0	0.0 0.0	10.0 10	8.8			
	6 87110000	13.131	24.410	11.170	C 2 1 1	90	41	05 98	77	1	3.0 1.0	6.0 9	8.5	C		
	6 87110000	24.410	25.715	1.258	C 2 1 1	90	41	05 98	62	1	0.0 0.0	10.0 9	8.5			
LAST	6 87120000	0.000	5.035	4.948	R 2 1 1	90	41	05 98	68	1	0.0 0.0	10.0 9	8.4			



FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
PRIMARY SYSTEM FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT CONDITION SURVEY -- 1998  
SORT BY DISTRICT RDWYID MILEPOST R ASCENDING L DESCENDING

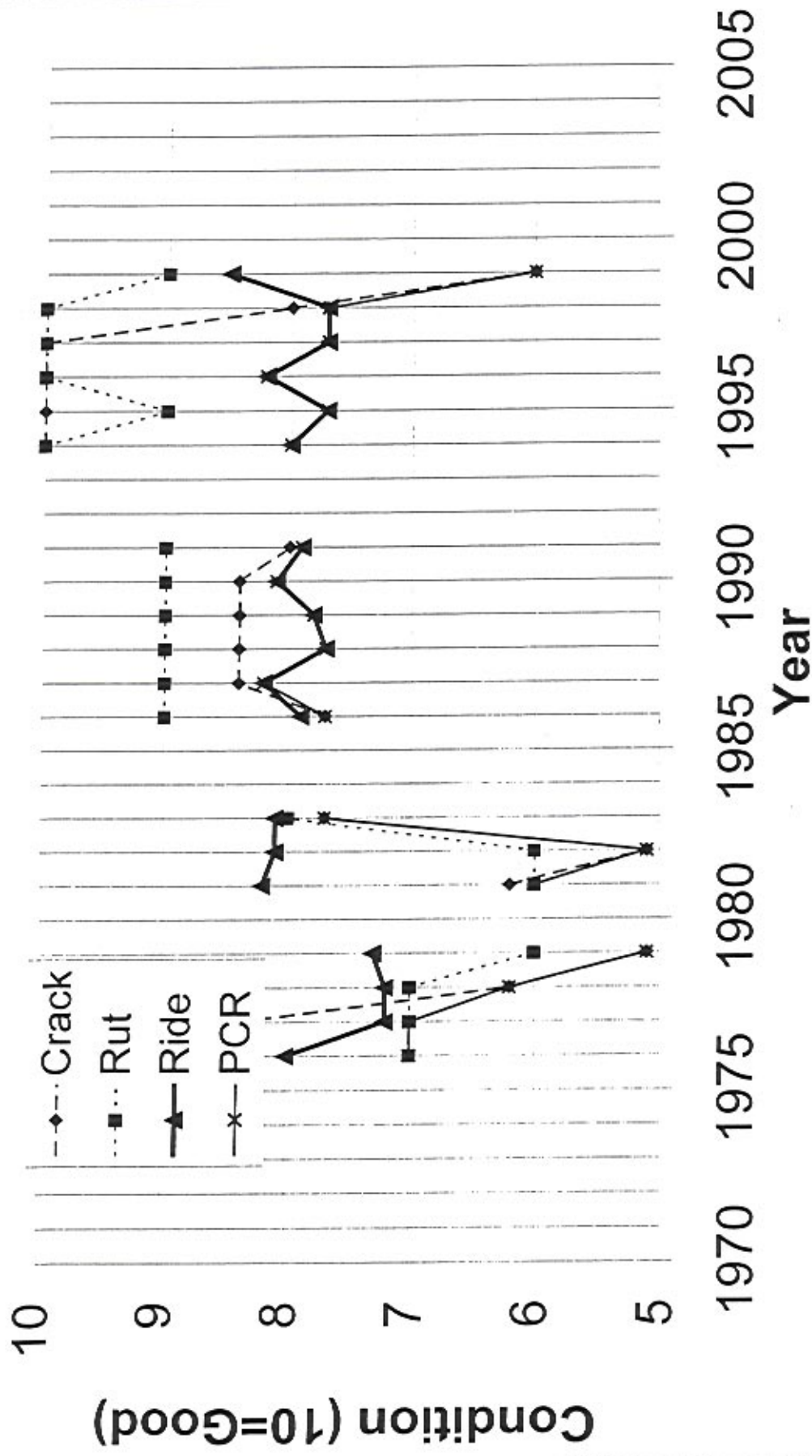
14:00 TUESDAY, MARCH 28, 2000 17

D T	RDWYID	BEGIN M.P.	END M.P.	NET LENGTH	R L S T W N S P Y E T E	SR NO.	US NO.	MO YR	RAVEL	P A I R J T	<< DEDUCTS >> RUT CRACKING ULT CW CO	<< RATINGS >> CRK RUT RIDE KP E	CT RY	** REMARKS **
	6 87090000	14.943	15.411	0.297	R 2 1 1	25	27	04 97		L 166	1 1.0 0.5	8.5 9 7.4		RIP,PT,P/L
	6 87090000	15.411	17.400		C 1 4	25	27							RIGID PAVT
	6 87090000	17.400	18.492	0.976	C 2 1 1	25	27	04 97	M 1- 5% L	226	2 2.5 1.0	6.5 8 6.4		RIP,RAV,PT,P/L
	6 87090000	18.492	18.764	0.272	C 4 1 1	25	27	04 97		140	0 0.0 0.0	10.0 10 7.8		P/L
	6 87090000	18.764	19.270	0.499	C 2 1 1	25	27	04 97		131	1 0.0 0.0	10.0 9 7.9		
	6 87090000	19.270	19.638	0.330	R 2 1 1	25	27	04 97		183	1 0.0 0.0	10.0 9 7.1		
	6 87090000	19.270	19.638	0.323	L 2 1 1	25	27	04 97		205	1 0.0 0.0	10.0 9 6.8		T/L
	6 87090000	14.943	15.411	0.313	L 2 1 1	25	27	04 97		L 205	2 0.5 0.0	9.5 8 6.8		RIP,PT
	6 87090000	13.022	13.450	0.423	L 3 1 1	25	27	04 97		L 148	1 0.5 0.0	9.5 9 7.7		RIP,DEP,PT
	6 87090000	10.512	13.022	2.561	L 3 1 1	25	27	04 97		L 131	1 0.5 1.0	8.5 9 7.9		RIP,DEP,PT,M/L
	6 87090000	5.166	10.512	5.178	L 3 1 1	25	27	04 97		70	2 0.5 0.0	9.5 8 8.9		SPL,M/L
	6 87090000	0.000	5.166	5.212	L 2 1 1	25	27	04 97	M 1- 5% L	138	1 0.0 0.0	10.0 9 7.8		RIP,RAV
	6 87091000	0.000	2.461	2.870	C 2 1 1	994	03 97	M 1- 5% L	176	2 2.0 1.0	7.0 8 7.2	A		RIP,DEP,RAV,PT
	6 87091000	2.461	4.328	1.700	C 2 1 1	994	03 97	L 6-25% L	150	1 2.0 1.0	7.0 9 7.6	C		RIP,RAV,DEL,PT
	6 87091000	4.328	5.000	0.366	C 2 1 1	994	03 97		L 185	1 0.5 0.0	9.5 9 7.1			RIP,PT
	6 87091000	5.000	6.853		C 2 1 8	994								UNDER CONST
	6 87091000	6.853	7.086	0.235	R 2 1 1	994	03 97		L 152	0 1.0 0.0	9.0 10 7.6			RIP,PT
	6 87091000	7.086	8.058		C 2 1 8	994								UNDER CONST
	6 87091000	6.853	7.086	0.220	L 2 1 1	994	03 97		L 157	0 1.0 0.0	9.0 10 7.5			RIP,PT
	6 87110000	0.000	3.893	3.894	C 2 1 1	90	41 03 97		189	0 0.5 0.0	9.5 10 7.0	C		RIP
	6 87110000	3.893	7.722	3.753	C 2 1 7	90	41 03 97		120	0 0.0 0.0	10.0 10 8.1			NEW PAVT
	6 87110000	7.722	8.116	0.575	C 2 1 7	90	41 03 97		101	0 0.0 0.0	10.0 10 8.4			NEW PAVT
	6 87110000	8.116	13.131	4.758	C 2 1 7	90	41 03 97		119	0 0.0 0.0	10.0 10 8.1			NEW PAVT
	6 87110000	13.131	24.613	11.200	C 2 1 1	90	41 03 97		142	0 2.0 0.0	8.0 10 7.7			
	6 87110000	24.613	25.715	1.289	C 2 1 7	90	41 03 97		115	0 0.0 0.0	10.0 10 8.2			NEW PAVT
	6 87120000	0.000	5.035	4.956	R 2 1 1	90	41 03 97		95	0 0.0 0.0	10.0 10 8.5			



# Florida DOT Pavement Condition Information

## Tamiami Trail





## Appendix C-2 - Falling Weight Deflectometer Results



**ERES**

CONSULTANTS

A Division of Applied Research Associates, Inc.

August 22, 2000

Mr. Mark Jansen  
PBS&J  
1560 Orange Avenue, Suite 700  
Winter Park, Florida 32789  
(407) 647-7275 ext. 361  
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Subject: **FWD Results for U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail – Miami, Florida.**  
ERES Project No. 0276

Dear Mr. Jansen:

ERES Consultants is pleased to submit the falling weight deflectometer (FWD) testing results for the above referenced project.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to PBS&J, and if you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

**ERES CONSULTANTS**

A Division of Applied Research Associates, Inc.

for Douglas A. Steele, P.E.  
Senior Engineer

Toby L. Crow, P.E.  
Principal Engineer

RECEIVED TRANSPORTATION DESIGN	
AUG 24 2000	
PBSJ, INC.-WINTER PARK	
M. Jansen	
FILE	

Research  
Technology Transfer  
Software Development  
Evaluation & Design  
Pavement & Asset Management  
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## Background

As part of a pavement evaluation and design study being performed by PBS&J on the Tamiami Trail, ERES was subcontracted to perform structural evaluation with a falling weight deflectometer (FWD). The project is located in the Everglades just west of Miami and begins at a point 1.35 miles to the east of Structure S334 and extends 12.5 miles west. This portion of the Tamiami Trail consists of two lanes (one lane per direction) of an asphalt concrete (AC) pavement over a crushed limerock base. The natural soil in this area is peat approximately 4-ft in depth overlying limestone bedrock. An embankment layer using a granular material, approximately 2 to 3-ft depth, has been constructed over the entire length of the project.

Pavement layer thickness data were determined through ground-penetrating radar (GPR) survey and pavement coring and boring. The AC layer thicknesses provided by GPR were highly variable, as shown in figure 1. The point-by-point values used in FWD data analysis are included in appendix table A.1. A constant base thickness of 12 in was assumed, based on results of subsurface borings reported by PBS&J.

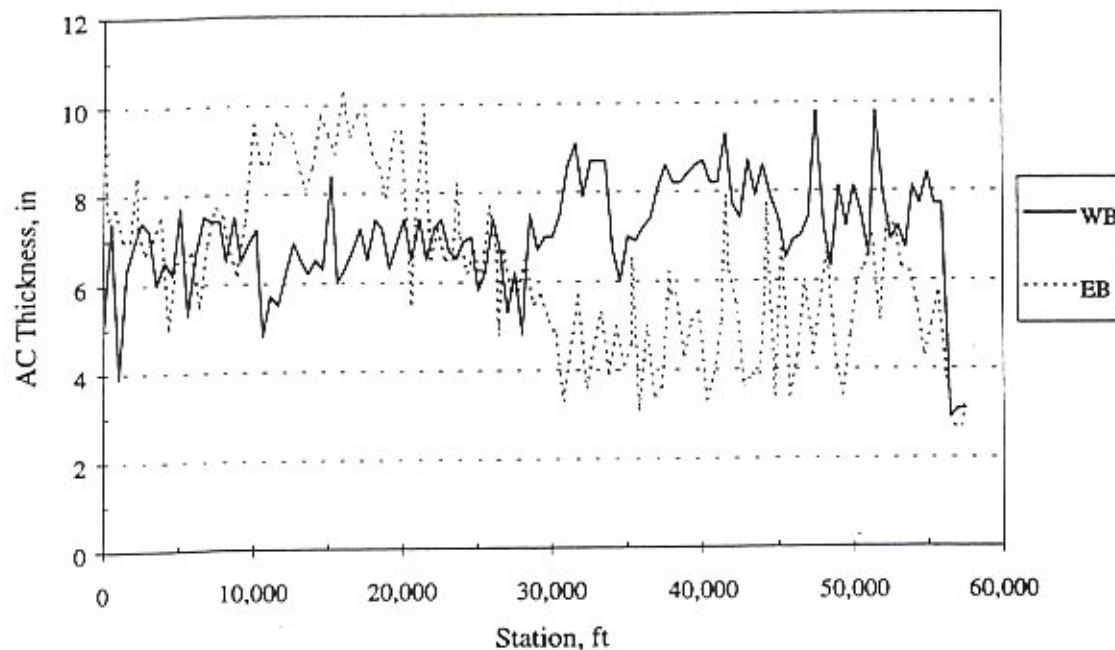


Figure 1. AC layer thicknesses determination by GPR.  
U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail – Miami, Florida.

## FWD Data Collection

FWD testing using one of ERES' Dynatest Model 8081 falling weight deflectometers (figure 2) was conducted on July 20 and 21, 2000. Testing was performed during the approximate hours of 8:30 am to 2:30 pm, using moving lane closures and flaggers provided by All-American Barricades. Testing was performed in the outer wheel path at 500-ft intervals per lane, with the test points between WB and EB lanes staggered, effectively providing 250-ft spacing along the pavement centerline.





Figure 2. ERES' FWD performing structural evaluation.

Data were collected at target loads of 9, 12, and 16 kips, with sensors placed at distances of 0, 8, 12, 18, 24, 36, and 60 in from the load center. In addition to the load and deflection data, the air and pavement surface temperatures, and time and date stamps were recorded at each test point. Twice each day the pavement mid-depth temperature was measured manually by drilling into the AC layer.

## FWD Results

Two types of deflection data analysis were performed—normalization of maximum deflection to load and temperature, and backcalculation of pavement and subgrade layer moduli.

### Normalization of Maximum Deflections to Load and Temperature

The largest pavement deflection occurs at the center of the load and is referred to as the maximum deflection,  $D_0$ . Due to changes in pavement stiffness at each test location, the resulting dynamic load varies slightly from its target load. To standardize all maximum deflections to the same load level, a linear extrapolation of the load/deflection relationship is performed. This process is referred to as normalization to load.

In the case of highway pavements, the 18-kip equivalent single axle load (ESAL) is a standard for pavement design, and the maximum deflection for the drop height corresponding to a 9-kip target load (equal to one side of an 18-kip single axle) was normalized to a load of 9,000 lbf. In addition, AC pavement deflections are temperature dependent. The temperature correction method presented in the *1993 AASHTO Guide for Design of Pavement Structures* was used to normalize maximum deflections to a temperature of 68°F.

The maximum deflections normalized to 9,000 lbf and 68°F are shown in figure 3. The majority of deflections range from 5 to 15 mils (1 mil = 0.001 in), with an overall mean of approximately 10 mils. Deflections in this range are typical for the pavement structure and subgrade type of this section. It can be seen that the pavement section from approximately 55,000 ft to the end of the project exhibits very low deflections, in spite of having only a thin AC layer, approximately 3 in. Generally, thinner pavement structures result in higher deflections; however, in this case, the lower deflections are due to a very stiff foundation in this area. In general, the difference in  $D_0$  between EB and WB lanes at a given station is due to the combination of differing AC thicknesses and subgrade support.



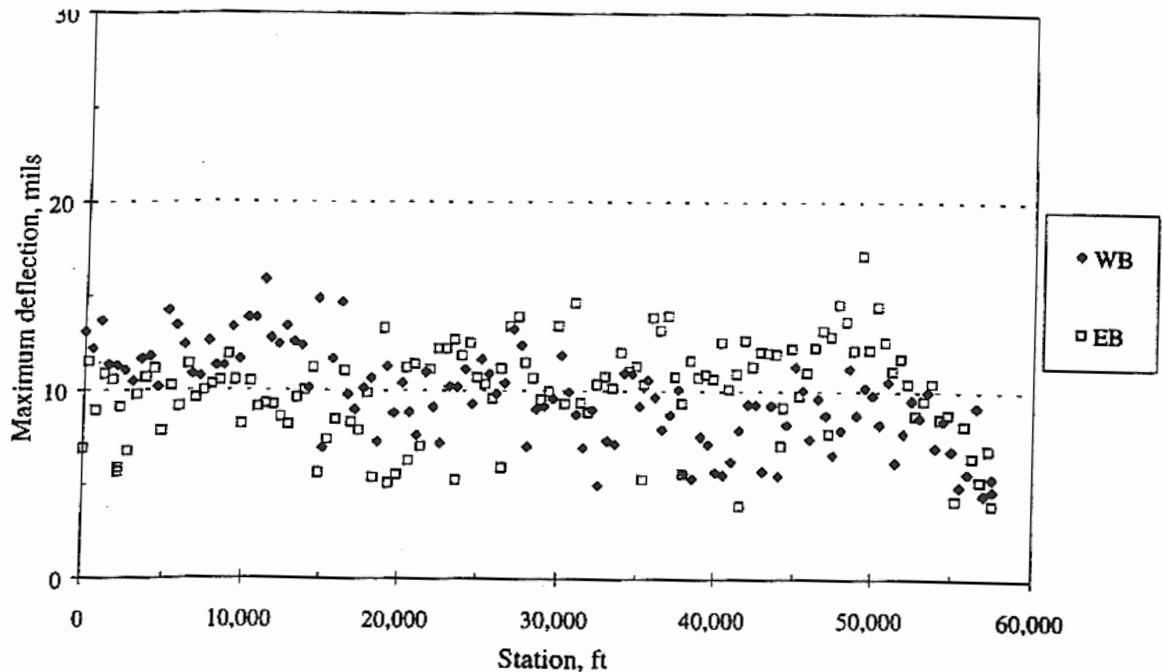


Figure 3. Maximum deflection normalized to 9,000 lbf and 68°F ( $D_0$ ).  
U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail – Miami, Florida

#### Determination of Pavement Layer Moduli

The FWD data were analyzed using the flexible pavement backcalculation procedure presented in the 1993 AASHTO *Guide for Design of Pavement Structures*. For flexible pavements, the AASHTO method models the pavement as a two-layer system. One is the combination of all pavement layers above the subgrade (e.g., the asphalt and granular layers), and the other layer is the subgrade. The AASHTO method uses an outer sensor (say, 24 in) for characterization of the subgrade stiffness and the deflection at the center of the load (i.e., the maximum deflection) for determination of the combined stiffness of all layers above the subgrade.

The outputs of this method are the subgrade resilient modulus,  $M_r$ , and the composite pavement modulus,  $E_p$ . Based on the pavement layer thicknesses and  $E_p$ , the effective structural number,  $SN_{eff}$ , of the in situ asphalt pavement is determined. Structural number is the concept used in AASHTO for characterization of the structural capacity of the pavement layers. In the AASHTO design model,  $M_r$  and  $SN_{eff}$  are primary inputs in the determination of the load-carrying capacity of flexible pavements.

Figure 4 shows the  $M_r$  values for the WB and EB lanes. The majority of values range from 5,000 to 12,000 psi, with an overall mean of 7,500 psi.  $M_r$  results in this range are indicative of fair subgrade support. In this case, the backcalculated  $M_r$  values reflect the improvement of the weak peat layer by the granular embankment of variable thickness.

It can be seen that extremely high subgrade resilient moduli were detected from approximately station 56,000 to the end of the project. This significant increase in stiffness can be attributed to either an increase in the thickness and quality of embankment, or a shallow depth to bedrock.



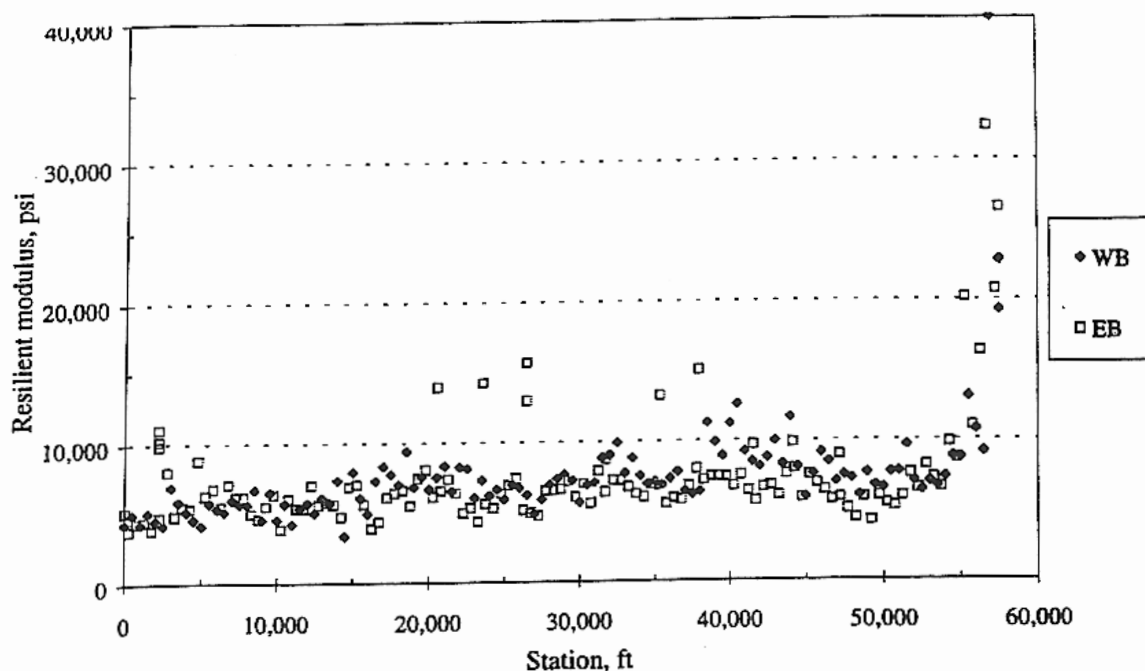


Figure 4. Subgrade resilient modulus ( $M_r$ ).  
U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail – Miami, Florida

The backcalculated  $E_p$  values are presented in figure 5. The results are highly variable, ranging from approximately 80,000 to 350,000 psi. This variability may be due to variations in the actual base thickness from the assumed constant thickness of 12 in.

Figure 6 presents the  $SN_{eff}$  results for the WB and EB lanes. The majority of values range between 3.5 and 6 in, reflecting the high variability in backcalculated  $E_p$  values and layer thicknesses.  $SN_{eff}$  values in this range are indicative of medium to thick AC pavements.  $SN_{eff}$  is highly dependent on the total pavement thickness, and this can be seen in the difference in results between WB and EB lanes, which were reported to have significantly different AC thicknesses at several locations along the project.

The numerical point-by-point FWD results for  $D_0$ ,  $M_r$ ,  $E_p$ , and  $SN_{eff}$  are included in appendix table B.1.



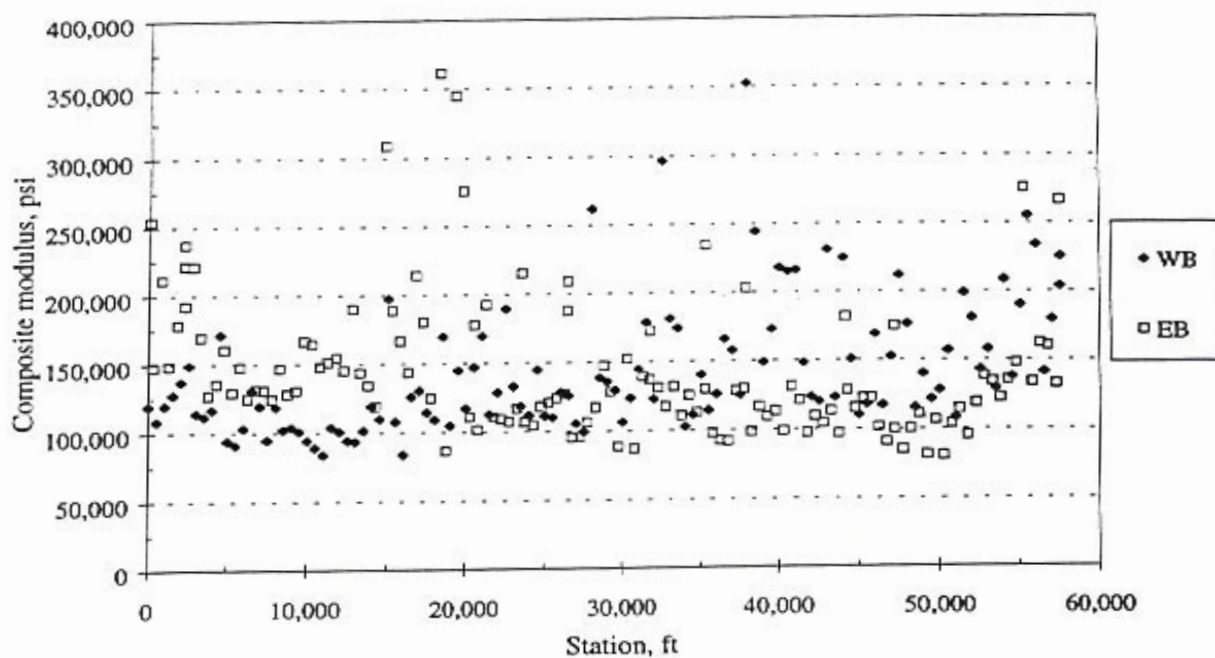


Figure 5. Pavement composite modulus ( $E_p$ ).  
U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail - Miami, Florida

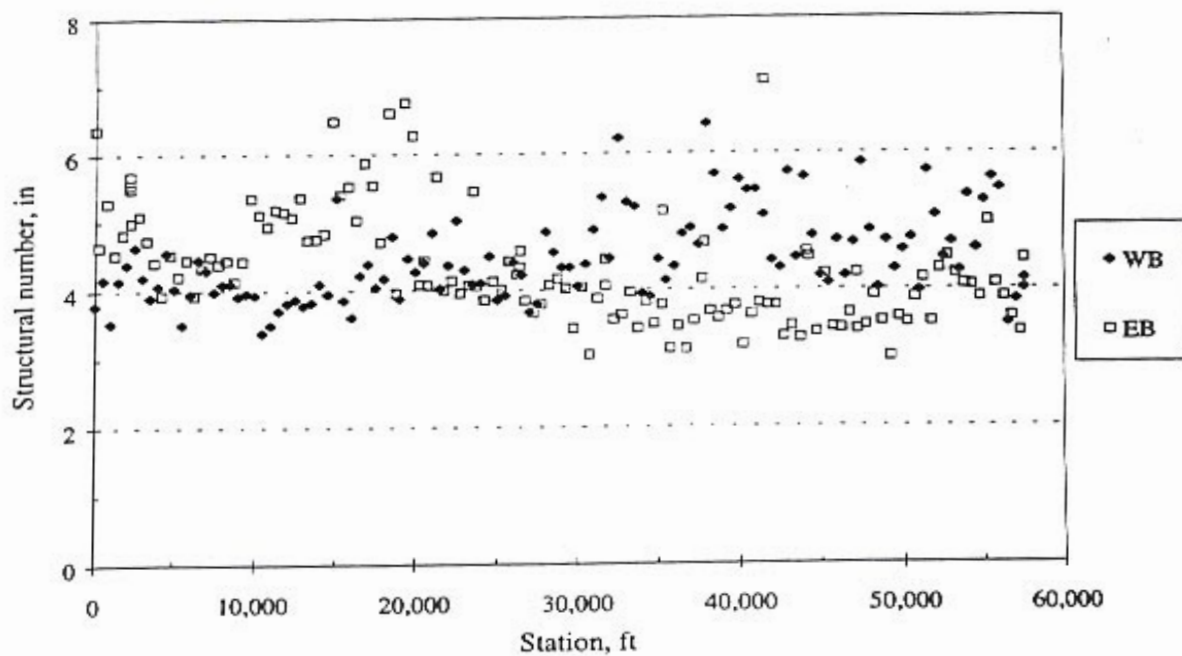


Figure 6. Effective structural number ( $SN_{eff}$ ).  
U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail - Miami, Florida



**APPENDIX A**  
**AC LAYER THICKNESSES FROM GPR**  
**USED FOR FWD ANALYSIS**



Table A.1. AC Layer Thicknesses from GPR.  
U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail - Miami, Florida.

Direction	Station (ft)	AC Thickness (in)	Direction	Station (ft)	AC Thickness (in)
Westbound	0	5.1	Eastbound	0	10.3
Westbound	500	7.4	Eastbound	250	7.5
Westbound	1,001	3.9	Eastbound	750	7.7
Westbound	1,500	6.3	Eastbound	1,250	7.0
Westbound	2,000	6.9	Eastbound	1,750	7.0
Westbound	2,500	7.4	Eastbound	2,176	8.4
Westbound	3,000	7.2	Eastbound	2,184	8.4
Westbound	3,500	6.0	Eastbound	2,191	8.2
Westbound	4,000	6.5	Eastbound	2,250	7.2
Westbound	4,500	6.2	Eastbound	2,750	6.7
Westbound	5,000	7.7	Eastbound	3,250	7.0
Westbound	5,500	5.3	Eastbound	3,750	7.5
Westbound	6,000	6.7	Eastbound	4,250	5.0
Westbound	6,500	7.5	Eastbound	4,750	6.5
Westbound	7,000	7.4	Eastbound	5,250	6.5
Westbound	7,500	7.4	Eastbound	5,750	6.7
Westbound	8,000	6.5	Eastbound	6,250	5.5
Westbound	8,500	7.5	Eastbound	6,750	6.9
Westbound	9,000	6.5	Eastbound	7,250	7.7
Westbound	9,500	6.9	Eastbound	7,750	7.5
Westbound	10,000	7.2	Eastbound	8,250	6.7
Westbound	10,500	4.8	Eastbound	8,750	6.2
Westbound	11,000	5.7	Eastbound	9,250	7.4
Westbound	11,500	5.5	Eastbound	9,750	9.6
Westbound	12,000	6.2	Eastbound	10,250	8.7
Westbound	12,500	6.9	Eastbound	10,750	8.7
Westbound	13,000	6.5	Eastbound	11,250	9.6
Westbound	13,500	6.2	Eastbound	11,750	9.3
Westbound	14,000	6.5	Eastbound	12,250	9.4
Westbound	14,500	6.3	Eastbound	12,750	8.7
Westbound	15,000	8.4	Eastbound	13,250	8.1
Westbound	15,500	6.0	Eastbound	13,750	8.6
Westbound	16,000	6.3	Eastbound	14,250	9.8
Westbound	16,500	6.7	Eastbound	14,750	9.3
Westbound	17,000	7.2	Eastbound	15,250	8.9
Westbound	17,500	6.5	Eastbound	15,750	10.3
Westbound	18,000	7.4	Eastbound	16,250	9.3
Westbound	18,500	7.2	Eastbound	16,750	9.8
Westbound	19,000	6.3	Eastbound	17,250	9.8
Westbound	19,500	6.9	Eastbound	17,750	8.9
Westbound	20,000	7.4	Eastbound	18,250	8.6
Westbound	20,500	6.5	Eastbound	18,750	7.9
Westbound	21,000	7.4	Eastbound	19,250	9.4
Westbound	21,500	6.5	Eastbound	19,751	9.4
Westbound	22,000	7.2	Eastbound	20,250	6.9
Westbound	22,500	7.4	Eastbound	20,508	5.5
Westbound	23,000	6.7	Eastbound	20,750	7.4
Westbound	23,500	6.5	Eastbound	21,250	9.8
Westbound	24,000	6.9	Eastbound	21,750	6.5
Westbound	24,500	7.0	Eastbound	22,250	7.2
Westbound	25,000	5.8	Eastbound	22,750	6.5
Westbound	25,500	6.2	Eastbound	23,250	6.5
Westbound	26,000	7.4	Eastbound	23,519	8.2
Westbound	26,500	6.7	Eastbound	23,750	7.0
Westbound	27,000	5.3	Eastbound	24,250	6.2
Westbound	27,500	6.2	Eastbound	24,750	6.7



Table A.1. AC Layer Thicknesses from GPR.  
U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail - Miami, Florida.

Direction	Station (ft)	AC Thickness (in)	Direction	Station (ft)	AC Thickness (in)
Westbound	28,000	4.8	Eastbound	25,249	6.0
Westbound	28,500	7.5	Eastbound	25,750	7.7
Westbound	29,000	6.7	Eastbound	26,250	6.7
Westbound	29,500	7.0	Eastbound	26,417	4.8
Westbound	30,000	7.0	Eastbound	26,426	5.1
Westbound	30,500	7.5	Eastbound	26,750	6.7
Westbound	31,000	8.6	Eastbound	27,250	5.8
Westbound	31,500	9.1	Eastbound	27,748	5.8
Westbound	32,000	7.9	Eastbound	28,250	6.5
Westbound	32,500	8.7	Eastbound	28,750	5.5
Westbound	33,000	8.7	Eastbound	29,250	5.7
Westbound	33,500	8.7	Eastbound	29,750	5.1
Westbound	34,000	6.7	Eastbound	30,250	4.8
Westbound	34,500	6.0	Eastbound	30,750	3.3
Westbound	35,000	7.0	Eastbound	31,250	4.6
Westbound	35,500	6.9	Eastbound	31,728	5.7
Westbound	36,000	7.2	Eastbound	31,750	5.5
Westbound	36,500	7.4	Eastbound	32,250	3.6
Westbound	37,000	8.1	Eastbound	32,750	4.5
Westbound	37,500	8.6	Eastbound	33,250	5.3
Westbound	38,000	8.2	Eastbound	33,750	3.9
Westbound	38,500	8.2	Eastbound	34,249	5.0
Westbound	39,000	8.4	Eastbound	34,750	4.1
Westbound	39,500	8.6	Eastbound	35,250	4.6
Westbound	40,000	8.7	Eastbound	35,296	6.5
Westbound	40,500	8.2	Eastbound	35,750	3.1
Westbound	41,000	8.2	Eastbound	36,250	5.0
Westbound	41,500	9.3	Eastbound	36,750	3.4
Westbound	42,000	7.7	Eastbound	37,250	3.6
Westbound	42,500	7.4	Eastbound	37,750	6.2
Westbound	43,000	8.7	Eastbound	37,886	5.7
Westbound	43,500	7.9	Eastbound	38,248	5.7
Westbound	44,000	8.6	Eastbound	38,750	4.3
Westbound	44,500	7.9	Eastbound	39,250	5.1
Westbound	45,000	7.4	Eastbound	39,750	5.3
Westbound	45,500	6.5	Eastbound	40,250	3.3
Westbound	46,000	6.9	Eastbound	40,750	3.9
Westbound	46,500	7.0	Eastbound	41,250	5.1
Westbound	47,000	7.4	Eastbound	41,555	7.9
Westbound	47,500	9.8	Eastbound	41,750	6.2
Westbound	48,000	7.2	Eastbound	42,250	5.5
Westbound	48,500	6.3	Eastbound	42,750	3.6
Westbound	49,000	8.1	Eastbound	43,250	3.9
Westbound	49,500	7.2	Eastbound	43,750	3.9
Westbound	50,000	8.1	Eastbound	44,144	5.8
Westbound	50,500	7.5	Eastbound	44,250	7.7
Westbound	51,000	6.5	Eastbound	44,750	3.4
Westbound	51,500	9.8	Eastbound	45,250	6.9
Westbound	52,000	7.9	Eastbound	45,750	3.4
Westbound	52,500	6.9	Eastbound	46,250	4.3
Westbound	53,000	7.2	Eastbound	46,750	6.0
Westbound	53,500	6.7	Eastbound	47,191	4.8
Westbound	54,000	8.1	Eastbound	47,250	4.3
Westbound	54,500	7.7	Eastbound	47,750	5.5
Westbound	55,000	8.4	Eastbound	48,250	6.7
Westbound	55,500	7.7	Eastbound	48,750	4.3



Table A.1. AC Layer Thicknesses from GPR.  
U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail - Miami, Florida.

Direction	Station (ft)	AC Thickness (in)		Direction	Station (ft)	AC Thickness (in)
Westbound	56,000	7.7		Eastbound	49,250	3.4
Westbound	56,500	2.9		Eastbound	49,750	4.8
Westbound	57,000	3.1		Eastbound	50,250	6.0
Westbound	57,500	3.1		Eastbound	50,750	6.3
Westbound	57,523	3.1		Eastbound	51,245	7.0
				Eastbound	51,750	5.1
				Eastbound	52,250	7.4
				Eastbound	52,750	7.2
				Eastbound	53,250	6.3
				Eastbound	53,750	6.2
				Eastbound	54,250	5.5
				Eastbound	54,750	4.3
				Eastbound	55,250	5.0
				Eastbound	55,750	5.7
				Eastbound	56,250	3.8
				Eastbound	56,750	2.7
				Eastbound	57,250	2.7
				Eastbound	57,500	3.3



**APPENDIX B**  
**FWD RESULTS**



Table B.1. FWD Results  
U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail - Miami, Florida.

General			Results			
Section Nº	Station (ft)	Lane Nº	D0n (mils)	Mr (psi)	Ep (psi)	SNeff (in)
Lane 1 (WB) Average:			11.1	6,176.7	121,844.6	4.1
Lane 1 (WB) STD:			2.5	3,946.0	47,100.6	0.6
Lane 2 (EB) Average:			10.0	7,473.5	147,101.3	4.3
Lane 2 (EB) STD:			2.6	3,979.3	60,016.4	0.8

GPR Core information (Thickness)	
WB Lane Average:	7.03
WB Lane STD:	1.26
EB Lane Average:	6.32
EB Lane STD:	1.89



Table B.1. FWD Results  
U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail - Miami, Florida.

General			Results			
Section Nº	Station (ft)	Lane Nº	D0n (mils)	Mr (psi)	Ep (psi)	SNeff (in)
1	0	1	13.11	4,359	119,339	3.8
1	500	1	12.22	5,029	108,297	4.2
1	1001	1	13.69	4,310	119,737	3.5
1	1500	1	11.36	5,113	127,530	4.1
1	2000	1	11.33	4,547	136,712	4.4
1	2500	1	11.06	4,192	148,987	4.6
1	3000	1	10.47	6,936	114,079	4.2
1	3500	1	11.65	5,865	111,624	3.9
1	4000	1	11.82	5,184	116,511	4.1
1	4500	1	10.19	4,606	171,499	4.6
1	5000	1	14.23	4,173	94,142	4.0
1	5500	1	13.43	5,783	91,046	3.5
1	6000	1	12.41	5,395	103,247	3.9
1	6500	1	10.85	5,131	130,552	4.5
1	7000	1	10.74	6,001	119,300	4.3
1	7500	1	12.59	5,690	94,980	4.0
1	8000	1	11.28	5,652	118,498	4.1
1	8500	1	11.29	6,704	102,165	4.1
1	9000	1	13.33	4,556	104,068	3.9
1	9500	1	11.63	6,512	100,871	4.0
1	10000	1	13.82	4,584	94,507	3.9
1	10500	1	13.83	5,708	89,206	3.4
1	11000	1	15.85	4,244	84,058	3.5
1	11500	1	12.76	5,375	103,977	3.7
1	12000	1	12.43	5,744	100,731	3.8
1	12500	1	13.39	5,052	94,284	3.9
1	13000	1	12.59	6,123	93,462	3.8
1	13500	1	12.38	5,737	101,425	3.8
1	14000	1	10.11	7,380	118,872	4.1
1	14500	1	14.87	3,379	109,969	3.9
1	15000	1	6.95	7,967	197,298	5.3
1	15500	1	11.68	6,112	107,949	3.9
1	16000	1	14.64	4,984	84,007	3.6
1	16500	1	9.76	7,322	125,580	4.2
1	17000	1	8.98	8,373	130,192	4.4
1	17500	1	10.14	7,799	114,403	4.0
1	18000	1	10.65	7,045	109,156	4.2
1	18500	1	7.30	9,411	169,623	4.8
1	19000	1	11.29	6,858	104,596	3.9
1	19500	1	8.81	7,583	144,507	4.5
1	20000	1	10.42	6,688	116,816	4.3
1	20500	1	8.83	7,544	146,824	4.4
1	21000	1	7.63	8,342	169,493	4.8
1	21500	1	10.97	6,539	112,463	4.0
1	22000	1	9.12	8,247	128,194	4.4
1	22500	1	7.22	8,129	189,394	5.0
1	23000	1	10.22	6,072	132,404	4.3
1	23500	1	10.19	7,318	117,985	4.1
1	24000	1	11.14	6,213	111,683	4.1
1	24500	1	9.29	6,628	144,634	4.5
1	25000	1	11.67	5,942	111,168	3.9
1	25500	1	10.88	7,014	109,930	3.9
1	26000	1	9.81	6,779	127,871	4.4
1	26500	1	10.40	6,261	125,521	4.2
1	27000	1	13.24	4,906	105,305	3.7
1	27500	1	12.38	5,908	99,383	3.8
1	28000	1	7.04	6,958	261,793	4.8



**Table B.1. FWD Results**  
**U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail - Miami, Florida.**

General			Results			
Section Nº	Station (ft)	Lane Nº	D0n (mils)	Mr (psi)	Ep (psi)	SNeff (in)
1	28500	1	9.01	7,393	138,530	4.5
1	29000	1	9.15	7,690	135,445	4.3
1	29500	1	9.58	7,265	129,018	4.3
1	30000	1	11.86	5,700	106,161	4.0
1	30500	1	9.94	6,901	123,367	4.4
2	31000	1	8.73	7,104	144,356	4.9
2	31500	1	6.97	8,842	178,527	5.3
2	32000	1	8.97	9,010	122,490	4.4
2	32500	1	4.98	9,874	296,450	6.2
2	33000	1	7.35	7,733	181,067	5.3
2	33500	1	7.16	8,780	174,010	5.2
2	34000	1	10.95	7,530	102,566	3.9
2	34500	1	10.90	6,953	111,098	3.9
2	35000	1	9.19	7,148	139,832	4.4
2	35500	1	10.58	6,846	114,243	4.1
2	36000	1	9.66	7,310	125,780	4.3
2	36500	1	7.95	7,789	165,683	4.8
2	37000	1	8.73	6,432	157,372	4.9
2	37500	1	10.08	6,168	124,960	4.6
2	38000	1	5.64	6,386	352,191	6.4
2	38500	1	5.34	11,248	244,579	5.7
2	39000	1	7.59	9,870	148,659	4.9
2	39500	1	7.17	8,876	172,808	5.2
2	40000	1	5.68	11,172	217,626	5.6
2	40500	1	5.54	12,556	214,494	5.4
2	41000	1	6.25	9,178	215,659	5.5
2	41500	1	7.93	8,470	147,989	5.1
2	42000	1	9.30	8,124	123,219	4.4
2	42500	1	9.28	8,746	119,560	4.3
2	43000	1	5.75	9,928	230,776	5.7
2	43500	1	9.24	8,277	122,509	4.4
2	44000	1	5.50	11,640	224,457	5.6
2	44500	1	8.21	8,083	150,432	4.8
2	45000	1	11.31	5,961	109,987	4.2
2	45500	1	10.04	7,615	117,756	4.1
2	46000	1	7.46	9,112	168,840	4.7
2	46500	1	9.60	8,462	116,809	4.2
2	47000	1	8.72	7,023	152,226	4.7
2	47500	1	6.62	7,505	211,615	5.8
2	48000	1	7.95	7,251	176,098	4.8
2	48500	1	11.20	6,055	115,139	4.0
2	49000	1	8.74	7,645	139,705	4.7
2	49500	1	10.20	6,745	121,162	4.3
2	50000	1	9.79	6,561	127,774	4.6
2	50500	1	8.25	7,682	156,629	4.7
2	51000	1	10.52	7,736	108,014	4.0
2	51500	1	6.23	9,608	198,716	5.7
2	52000	1	7.77	7,080	180,707	5.1
2	52500	1	9.52	6,398	142,894	4.4
2	53000	1	8.59	7,005	157,614	4.7
2	53500	1	9.96	6,698	129,055	4.3
2	54000	1	7.03	7,333	208,415	5.4
2	54500	1	8.45	8,765	137,467	4.6
2	55000	1	6.85	8,697	189,948	5.3
2	55500	1	4.95	13,062	255,148	5.6
2	56000	1	5.65	10,698	233,936	5.5
2	56500	1	9.17	9,108	140,999	3.5



Table B.1. FWD Results  
U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail - Miami, Florida.

General			Results			
Section Nº	Station (ft)	Lane Nº	D0n (mils)	Mr (psi)	Ep (psi)	SNeff (in)
3	57000	1	4.52	40,040	179,435	3.8
3	57500	1	5.39	19,233	203,443	4.0
3	57523	1	4.74	22,772	225,107	4.1
4	0	2	6.93	5,205	254,415	6.4
4	250	2	11.56	3,825	147,975	4.6
4	750	2	8.95	4,367	211,592	5.3
4	1250	2	10.89	4,471	148,450	4.5
4	1750	2	10.59	3,866	178,651	4.8
4	2176	2	5.68	11,047	221,752	5.6
4	2184	2	5.72	9,811	237,303	5.7
4	2191	2	5.89	10,201	221,262	5.5
4	2250	2	9.13	4,780	192,571	5.0
4	2750	2	6.78	8,014	221,038	5.1
4	3250	2	9.77	4,848	169,357	4.7
4	3750	2	10.70	5,512	126,842	4.4
4	4250	2	11.16	5,368	135,409	3.9
4	4750	2	7.86	8,820	160,478	4.5
4	5250	2	10.25	6,300	129,292	4.2
4	5750	2	9.14	6,798	147,839	4.4
4	6250	2	11.40	5,492	124,499	3.9
4	6750	2	9.58	7,090	131,453	4.3
4	7250	2	9.97	6,195	130,847	4.5
4	7750	2	10.31	6,213	124,410	4.4
4	8250	2	10.51	4,996	146,646	4.4
4	8750	2	11.90	4,610	128,134	4.1
4	9250	2	10.54	5,552	130,218	4.4
5	9750	2	8.20	6,351	166,622	5.3
5	10250	2	10.47	3,891	164,648	5.1
5	10750	2	9.14	6,077	147,954	4.9
5	11250	2	9.29	5,392	151,211	5.2
5	11750	2	9.25	5,378	154,559	5.1
5	12250	2	8.59	7,032	145,186	5.1
5	12750	2	8.19	5,615	190,186	5.4
5	13250	2	9.61	5,806	143,416	4.7
5	13750	2	10.01	5,647	133,882	4.7
5	14250	2	11.22	4,770	118,825	4.8
5	14750	2	5.63	6,908	309,014	6.5
5	15250	2	7.41	7,066	188,991	5.4
5	15750	2	8.47	5,667	166,603	5.5
5	16250	2	11.06	3,914	143,731	5.0
5	16750	2	8.33	4,397	214,290	5.9
5	17250	2	7.91	6,146	180,188	5.5
5	17750	2	9.88	6,430	124,508	4.7
5	18250	2	5.40	6,629	361,385	6.6
5	18750	2	13.33	5,540	86,674	4.0
5	19250	2	5.10	7,478	345,071	6.8
5	19751	2	5.56	8,109	275,881	6.3
6	20250	2	11.23	6,166	110,837	4.1
6	20508	2	6.30	13,958	177,894	4.4
6	20750	2	11.41	6,593	101,683	4.1
6	21250	2	7.04	7,404	192,708	5.7
6	21750	2	11.14	6,424	110,892	4.0
6	22250	2	12.24	5,003	109,420	4.1
6	22750	2	12.24	5,357	107,369	4.0
6	23250	2	12.73	4,375	116,629	4.1
6	23519	2	5.27	14,223	215,304	5.4
6	23750	2	11.86	5,635	107,040	4.1



Table B.1. FWD Results  
U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail - Miami, Florida.

General			Results			
Section Nº	Station (ft)	Lane Nº	D0n (mils)	Mr (psi)	Ep (psi)	SNeff (in)
6	24250	2	12.53	5,328	104,600	3.9
6	24750	2	10.72	6,386	117,900	4.1
6	25249	2	10.36	6,957	120,834	4.0
6	25750	2	9.59	7,462	123,653	4.4
6	26250	2	11.18	5,193	127,118	4.2
6	26417	2	5.90	15,682	187,774	4.3
6	26426	2	5.93	12,967	209,154	4.6
6	26750	2	13.41	4,979	95,634	3.8
6	27250	2	13.91	4,782	96,043	3.7
6	27748	2	11.50	6,550	106,518	3.8
6	28250	2	10.69	6,578	116,963	4.1
6	28750	2	9.54	6,660	147,263	4.2
6	29250	2	9.96	7,185	128,240	4.0
7	29750	2	13.42	6,091	88,691	3.4
7	30250	2	9.32	7,030	152,227	4.0
7	30750	2	14.65	5,631	87,181	3.1
7	31250	2	9.36	7,910	139,026	3.9
7	31728	2	8.84	6,404	172,521	4.4
7	31750	2	8.89	8,713	136,863	4.1
7	32250	2	10.35	7,260	130,751	3.6
7	32750	2	10.77	7,230	117,290	3.6
7	33250	2	10.15	6,767	131,646	4.0
7	33750	2	12.03	6,267	110,487	3.4
7	34249	2	11.05	6,052	125,012	3.8
7	34750	2	11.33	6,921	112,918	3.5
7	35250	2	10.37	6,872	129,445	3.8
7	35296	2	5.31	13,246	234,991	5.1
7	35750	2	13.89	5,552	98,061	3.1
7	36250	2	13.22	5,958	92,883	3.5
7	36750	2	13.97	5,815	92,071	3.1
7	37250	2	10.77	6,815	128,156	3.5
7	37750	2	9.34	8,022	129,722	4.1
7	37886	2	5.62	15,074	202,878	4.7
7	38248	2	11.61	7,225	98,757	3.7
7	38750	2	10.71	7,478	116,469	3.6
7	39250	2	10.90	7,475	109,404	3.7
7	39750	2	10.65	7,429	113,355	3.8
7	40250	2	12.58	6,779	99,031	3.2
7	40750	2	10.10	7,544	130,844	3.6
7	41250	2	10.95	6,440	120,727	3.8
7	41555	2	3.91	9,701	491,589	7.1
7	41750	2	12.69	5,711	97,592	3.8
7	42250	2	11.30	6,677	109,563	3.8
7	42750	2	12.09	6,810	104,365	3.3
7	43250	2	12.03	6,084	113,128	3.5
7	43750	2	11.96	7,609	96,931	3.3
7	44144	2	7.10	9,848	181,808	4.5
7	44250	2	9.15	7,990	127,951	4.5
7	44750	2	12.28	5,893	115,023	3.4
7	45250	2	9.76	7,554	122,323	4.2
7	45750	2	11.00	6,968	122,569	3.4
7	46250	2	12.31	6,475	101,708	3.4
7	46750	2	13.23	5,778	91,052	3.6
7	47191	2	7.76	8,964	174,664	4.2
7	47250	2	12.92	5,909	100,091	3.4
7	47750	2	14.60	5,119	85,257	3.5
7	48250	2	13.70	4,446	100,267	3.9



Table B.1. FWD Results  
U.S. 41, Tamiami Trail - Miami, Florida.

General			Results			
Section Nº	Station (ft)	Lane Nº	D0n (mils)	Mr (psi)	Ep (psi)	SNeff (in)
7	48750	2	12.18	5,908	110,914	3.5
7	49250	2	17.17	4,242	81,760	3.0
7	49750	2	12.22	6,000	106,520	3.6
7	50250	2	14.50	5,482	80,977	3.5
7	50750	2	12.63	5,265	103,702	3.9
7	51245	2	11.10	6,001	114,544	4.2
7	51750	2	11.76	7,606	95,554	3.5
7	52250	2	10.42	6,533	118,539	4.3
7	52750	2	8.72	8,178	138,221	4.5
7	53250	2	9.50	7,274	134,179	4.2
7	53750	2	10.45	6,622	122,240	4.1
7	54250	2	8.53	9,800	135,445	4.0
7	54750	2	8.78	8,639	147,786	3.9
7	55250	2	4.22	20,159	275,709	5.0
7	55750	2	8.21	10,961	133,661	4.1
8	56250	2	6.50	16,330	162,209	3.9
8	56750	2	5.24	32,337	160,192	3.6
8	57250	2	6.91	20,689	132,324	3.4
8	57500	2	4.01	26,517	266,673	4.4



Tamiami Trail Alternatives Study  
Modified FWD Data

Section N	Job Stati	Lane N°	D0n (mils)	Mr (psi)	Ep (psi)	SNeff (in)
10th Percentile			12.99	9,871	214,818	5.4
90th Percentile			5.83	4,883	98,922	3.5
95th Percentile			5.39	4,381	93,056	3.4
Average			9.82	7,556	145,367	4.4
STD			2.54	3,957	54,206	0.7
Max			17.17	40,040	491,589	7.1
Min			3.91	3,379	80,977	3.0
Average + 2 STD			14.89	15,469	253,779	5.8
Average - 2 STD			4.75	-357	36,955	2.9
Average + 1 STD			12.36	11,513	199,573	5.1
Average - 1 STD			7.28	3,600	91,161	3.6



Tamiami Trail Alternatives Study

Modified FWD Data

Section	N Job Stati	Lane N°	D0n (mils)	Mr (psi)	Ep (psi)	SNeff (in)
3	729+50	1 (WB)	4.74	22,772	225,107	4.1
3	729+73	1 (WB)	5.39	19,233	203,443	4.0
3	734+73	1 (WB)	4.52	40,040	179,435	3.8
2	739+73	1 (WB)	9.17	9,108	140,999	3.5
2	744+73	1 (WB)	5.65	10,698	233,936	5.5
2	751+00	1 (WB)	4.95	13,062	255,148	5.6
2	756+00	1 (WB)	6.85	8,697	189,948	5.3
2	761+00	1 (WB)	8.45	8,765	137,467	4.6
2	766+00	1 (WB)	7.03	7,333	208,415	5.4
2	771+00	1 (WB)	9.96	6,698	129,055	4.3
2	776+00	1 (WB)	8.59	7,005	157,614	4.7
2	781+00	1 (WB)	9.52	6,398	142,894	4.4
2	786+00	1 (WB)	7.77	7,080	180,707	5.1
2	791+00	1 (WB)	6.23	9,608	198,716	5.7
2	796+00	1 (WB)	10.52	7,736	108,014	4.0
2	801+00	1 (WB)	8.25	7,682	156,629	4.7
2	806+00	1 (WB)	9.79	6,561	127,774	4.6
2	811+00	1 (WB)	10.20	6,745	121,162	4.3
2	816+00	1 (WB)	8.74	7,645	139,705	4.7
2	821+00	1 (WB)	11.20	6,055	115,139	4.0
2	826+00	1 (WB)	7.95	7,251	176,098	4.8
2	831+00	1 (WB)	6.62	7,505	211,615	5.8
2	836+00	1 (WB)	8.72	7,023	152,226	4.7
2	841+00	1 (WB)	9.60	8,462	116,809	4.2
2	846+00	1 (WB)	7.46	9,112	168,840	4.7
2	851+00	1 (WB)	10.04	7,615	117,756	4.1
2	856+00	1 (WB)	11.31	5,961	109,987	4.2
2	861+00	1 (WB)	8.21	8,083	150,432	4.8
2	866+00	1 (WB)	5.50	11,640	224,457	5.6
2	871+00	1 (WB)	9.24	8,277	122,509	4.4
2	876+00	1 (WB)	5.75	9,928	230,776	5.7
2	881+00	1 (WB)	9.28	8,746	119,560	4.3
2	886+00	1 (WB)	9.30	8,124	123,219	4.4
2	891+00	1 (WB)	7.93	8,470	147,989	5.1
2	896+00	1 (WB)	6.25	9,178	215,659	5.5
2	901+00	1 (WB)	5.54	12,556	214,494	5.4
2	906+00	1 (WB)	5.68	11,172	217,626	5.6
2	911+00	1 (WB)	7.17	8,876	172,808	5.2
2	916+00	1 (WB)	7.59	9,870	148,659	4.9
2	921+00	1 (WB)	5.34	11,248	244,579	5.7
2	926+00	1 (WB)	5.64	6,386	352,191	6.4
2	931+00	1 (WB)	10.08	6,168	124,960	4.6
2	936+00	1 (WB)	8.73	6,432	157,372	4.9
2	941+00	1 (WB)	7.95	7,789	165,683	4.8
2	946+00	1 (WB)	9.66	7,310	125,780	4.3
2	951+00	1 (WB)	10.58	6,846	114,243	4.1
2	956+00	1 (WB)	9.19	7,148	139,832	4.4
2	961+00	1 (WB)	10.90	6,953	111,098	3.9



Tamiami Trail Alternatives Study  
Modified FWD Data

Section	N Job Stati	Lane N°	D0n (mils)	Mr (psi)	Ep (psi)	SNeff (in)
2	966+00	1 (WB)	10.95	7,530	102,566	3.9
2	971+00	1 (WB)	7.16	8,780	174,010	5.2
2	976+00	1 (WB)	7.35	7,733	181,067	5.3
2	981+00	1 (WB)	4.98	9,874	296,450	6.2
2	986+00	1 (WB)	8.97	9,010	122,490	4.4
2	991+00	1 (WB)	6.97	8,842	178,527	5.3
2	996+00	1 (WB)	8.73	7,104	144,356	4.9
1	1001+00	1 (WB)	9.94	6,901	123,367	4.4
1	1006+00	1 (WB)	11.86	5,700	106,161	4.0
1	1011+00	1 (WB)	9.58	7,265	129,018	4.3
1	1016+00	1 (WB)	9.15	7,690	135,445	4.3
1	1021+00	1 (WB)	9.01	7,393	138,530	4.5
1	1026+00	1 (WB)	7.04	6,958	261,793	4.8
1	1031+00	1 (WB)	12.38	5,908	99,383	3.8
1	1036+00	1 (WB)	13.24	4,906	105,305	3.7
1	1041+00	1 (WB)	10.40	6,261	125,521	4.2
1	1046+00	1 (WB)	9.81	6,779	127,871	4.4
1	1051+00	1 (WB)	10.88	7,014	109,930	3.9
1	1056+00	1 (WB)	11.67	5,942	111,168	3.9
1	1061+00	1 (WB)	9.29	6,628	144,634	4.5
1	1066+00	1 (WB)	11.14	6,213	111,683	4.1
1	1071+00	1 (WB)	10.19	7,318	117,985	4.1
1	1076+00	1 (WB)	10.22	6,072	132,404	4.3
1	1081+00	1 (WB)	7.22	8,129	189,394	5.0
1	1086+00	1 (WB)	9.12	8,247	128,194	4.4
1	1091+00	1 (WB)	10.97	6,539	112,463	4.0
1	1096+00	1 (WB)	7.63	8,342	169,493	4.8
1	1101+00	1 (WB)	8.83	7,544	146,824	4.4
1	1106+00	1 (WB)	10.42	6,688	116,816	4.3
1	1111+00	1 (WB)	8.81	7,583	144,507	4.5
1	1116+00	1 (WB)	11.29	6,858	104,596	3.9
1	1121+00	1 (WB)	7.30	9,411	169,623	4.8
1	1126+00	1 (WB)	10.65	7,045	109,156	4.2
1	1131+00	1 (WB)	10.14	7,799	114,403	4.0
1	1136+00	1 (WB)	8.98	8,373	130,192	4.4
1	1141+00	1 (WB)	9.76	7,322	125,580	4.2
1	1146+00	1 (WB)	14.64	4,984	84,007	3.6
1	1151+00	1 (WB)	11.68	6,112	107,949	3.9
1	1156+00	1 (WB)	6.95	7,967	197,298	5.3
1	1161+00	1 (WB)	14.87	3,379	109,969	3.9
1	1166+00	1 (WB)	10.11	7,380	118,872	4.1
1	1171+00	1 (WB)	12.38	5,737	101,425	3.8
1	1176+00	1 (WB)	12.59	6,123	93,462	3.8
1	1181+00	1 (WB)	13.39	5,052	94,284	3.9
1	1186+00	1 (WB)	12.43	5,744	100,731	3.8
1	1191+00	1 (WB)	12.76	5,375	103,977	3.7
1	1196+00	1 (WB)	15.85	4,244	84,058	3.5
1	1201+00	1 (WB)	13.83	5,708	89,206	3.4



Tamiami Trail Alternatives Study  
Modified FWD Data

Section N	Job Stati	Lane N°	D0n (mils)	Mr (psi)	Ep (psi)	SNeff (in)
1	1206+00	1 (WB)	13.82	4,584	94,507	3.9
1	1211+00	1 (WB)	11.63	6,512	100,871	4.0
1	1216+00	1 (WB)	13.33	4,556	104,068	3.9
1	1221+00	1 (WB)	11.29	6,704	102,165	4.1
1	1226+00	1 (WB)	11.28	5,652	118,498	4.1
1	1231+00	1 (WB)	12.59	5,690	94,980	4.0
1	1236+00	1 (WB)	10.74	6,001	119,300	4.3
1	1241+00	1 (WB)	10.85	5,131	130,552	4.5
1	1246+00	1 (WB)	12.41	5,395	103,247	3.9
1	1251+00	1 (WB)	13.43	5,783	91,046	3.5
1	1256+00	1 (WB)	14.23	4,173	94,142	4.0
1	1261+00	1 (WB)	10.19	4,606	171,499	4.6
1	1266+00	1 (WB)	11.82	5,184	116,511	4.1
1	1271+00	1 (WB)	11.65	5,865	111,624	3.9
1	1276+00	1 (WB)	10.47	6,936	114,079	4.2
1	1281+00	1 (WB)	11.06	4,192	148,987	4.6
1	1286+00	1 (WB)	11.33	4,547	136,712	4.4
1	1291+00	1 (WB)	11.36	5,113	127,530	4.1
1	1295+99	1 (WB)	13.69	4,310	119,737	3.5
1	1301+00	1 (WB)	12.22	5,029	108,297	4.2
1	1306+00	1 (WB)	13.11	4,359	119,339	3.8
8	729+73	2 (EB)	4.01	26,517	266,673	4.4
8	732+23	2 (EB)	6.91	20,689	132,324	3.4
8	737+23	2 (EB)	5.24	32,337	160,192	3.6
8	742+23	2 (EB)	6.50	16,330	162,209	3.9
7	748+50	2 (EB)	8.21	10,961	133,661	4.1
7	753+50	2 (EB)	4.22	20,159	275,709	5.0
7	758+50	2 (EB)	8.78	8,639	147,786	3.9
7	763+50	2 (EB)	8.53	9,800	135,445	4.0
7	768+50	2 (EB)	10.45	6,622	122,240	4.1
7	773+50	2 (EB)	9.50	7,274	134,179	4.2
7	778+50	2 (EB)	8.72	8,178	138,221	4.5
7	783+50	2 (EB)	10.42	6,533	118,539	4.3
7	788+50	2 (EB)	11.76	7,606	95,554	3.5
7	793+55	2 (EB)	11.10	6,001	114,544	4.2
7	798+50	2 (EB)	12.63	5,265	103,702	3.9
7	803+50	2 (EB)	14.50	5,482	80,977	3.5
7	808+50	2 (EB)	12.22	6,000	106,520	3.6
7	813+50	2 (EB)	17.17	4,242	81,760	3.0
7	818+50	2 (EB)	12.18	5,908	110,914	3.5
7	823+50	2 (EB)	13.70	4,446	100,267	3.9
7	828+50	2 (EB)	14.60	5,119	85,257	3.5
7	833+50	2 (EB)	12.92	5,909	100,091	3.4
7	834+09	2 (EB)	7.76	8,964	174,664	4.2
7	838+50	2 (EB)	13.23	5,778	91,052	3.6
7	843+50	2 (EB)	12.31	6,475	101,708	3.4
7	848+50	2 (EB)	11.00	6,968	122,569	3.4



Tamiami Trail Alternatives Study  
Modified FWD Data

Section	N Job Stati	Lane N°	D0n (mils)	Mr (psi)	Ep (psi)	SNeff (in)
7	853+50	2 (EB)	9.76	7,554	122,323	4.2
7	858+50	2 (EB)	12.28	5,893	115,023	3.4
7	863+50	2 (EB)	9.15	7,990	127,951	4.5
7	864+56	2 (EB)	7.10	9,848	181,808	4.5
7	868+50	2 (EB)	11.96	7,609	96,931	3.3
7	873+50	2 (EB)	12.03	6,084	113,128	3.5
7	878+50	2 (EB)	12.09	6,810	104,365	3.3
7	883+50	2 (EB)	11.30	6,677	109,563	3.8
7	888+50	2 (EB)	12.69	5,711	97,592	3.8
7	890+45	2 (EB)	3.91	9,701	491,589	7.1
7	893+50	2 (EB)	10.95	6,440	120,727	3.8
7	898+50	2 (EB)	10.10	7,544	130,844	3.6
7	903+50	2 (EB)	12.58	6,779	99,031	3.2
7	908+50	2 (EB)	10.65	7,429	113,355	3.8
7	913+50	2 (EB)	10.90	7,475	109,404	3.7
7	918+50	2 (EB)	10.71	7,478	116,469	3.6
7	923+52	2 (EB)	11.61	7,225	98,757	3.7
7	927+14	2 (EB)	5.62	15,074	202,878	4.7
7	928+50	2 (EB)	9.34	8,022	129,722	4.1
7	933+50	2 (EB)	10.77	6,815	128,156	3.5
7	938+50	2 (EB)	13.97	5,815	92,071	3.1
7	943+50	2 (EB)	13.22	5,958	92,883	3.5
7	948+50	2 (EB)	13.89	5,552	98,061	3.1
7	953+04	2 (EB)	5.31	13,246	234,991	5.1
7	953+50	2 (EB)	10.37	6,872	129,445	3.8
7	958+50	2 (EB)	11.33	6,921	112,918	3.5
7	963+51	2 (EB)	11.05	6,052	125,012	3.8
7	968+50	2 (EB)	12.03	6,267	110,487	3.4
7	973+50	2 (EB)	10.15	6,767	131,646	4.0
7	978+50	2 (EB)	10.77	7,230	117,290	3.6
7	983+50	2 (EB)	10.35	7,260	130,751	3.6
7	988+50	2 (EB)	8.89	8,713	136,863	4.1
7	988+72	2 (EB)	8.84	6,404	172,521	4.4
7	993+50	2 (EB)	9.36	7,910	139,026	3.9
7	998+50	2 (EB)	14.65	5,631	87,181	3.1
7	1003+50	2 (EB)	9.32	7,030	152,227	4.0
7	1008+50	2 (EB)	13.42	6,091	88,691	3.4
6	1013+50	2 (EB)	9.96	7,185	128,240	4.0
6	1018+50	2 (EB)	9.54	6,660	147,263	4.2
6	1023+50	2 (EB)	10.69	6,578	116,963	4.1
6	1028+52	2 (EB)	11.50	6,550	106,518	3.8
6	1033+50	2 (EB)	13.91	4,782	96,043	3.7
6	1038+50	2 (EB)	13.41	4,979	95,634	3.8
6	1041+74	2 (EB)	5.93	12,967	209,154	4.6
6	1041+83	2 (EB)	5.90	15,682	187,774	4.3
6	1043+50	2 (EB)	11.18	5,193	127,118	4.2
6	1048+50	2 (EB)	9.59	7,462	123,653	4.4
6	1053+51	2 (EB)	10.36	6,957	120,834	4.0



Tamiami Trail Alternatives Study  
Modified FWD Data

Section N	Job Stati	Lane N°	D0n (mils)	Mr (psi)	Ep (psi)	SNeff (in)
6	1058+50	2 (EB)	10.72	6,386	117,900	4.1
6	1063+50	2 (EB)	12.53	5,328	104,600	3.9
6	1068+50	2 (EB)	11.86	5,635	107,040	4.1
6	1070+81	2 (EB)	5.27	14,223	215,304	5.4
6	1073+50	2 (EB)	12.73	4,375	116,629	4.1
6	1078+50	2 (EB)	12.24	5,357	107,369	4.0
6	1083+50	2 (EB)	12.24	5,003	109,420	4.1
6	1088+50	2 (EB)	11.14	6,424	110,892	4.0
6	1093+50	2 (EB)	7.04	7,404	192,708	5.7
6	1098+50	2 (EB)	11.41	6,593	101,683	4.1
6	1100+92	2 (EB)	6.30	13,958	177,894	4.4
6	1103+50	2 (EB)	11.23	6,166	110,837	4.1
5	1108+49	2 (EB)	5.56	8,109	275,881	6.3
5	1113+50	2 (EB)	5.10	7,478	345,071	6.8
5	1118+50	2 (EB)	13.33	5,540	86,674	4.0
5	1123+50	2 (EB)	5.40	6,629	361,385	6.6
5	1128+50	2 (EB)	9.88	6,430	124,508	4.7
5	1133+50	2 (EB)	7.91	6,146	180,188	5.5
5	1138+50	2 (EB)	8.33	4,397	214,290	5.9
5	1143+50	2 (EB)	11.06	3,914	143,731	5.0
5	1148+50	2 (EB)	8.47	5,667	166,603	5.5
5	1153+50	2 (EB)	7.41	7,066	188,991	5.4
5	1158+50	2 (EB)	5.63	6,908	309,014	6.5
5	1163+50	2 (EB)	11.22	4,770	118,825	4.8
5	1168+50	2 (EB)	10.01	5,647	133,882	4.7
5	1173+50	2 (EB)	9.61	5,806	143,416	4.7
5	1178+50	2 (EB)	8.19	5,615	190,186	5.4
5	1183+50	2 (EB)	8.59	7,032	145,186	5.1
5	1188+50	2 (EB)	9.25	5,378	154,559	5.1
5	1193+50	2 (EB)	9.29	5,392	151,211	5.2
5	1198+50	2 (EB)	9.14	6,077	147,954	4.9
5	1203+50	2 (EB)	10.47	3,891	164,648	5.1
5	1208+50	2 (EB)	8.20	6,351	166,622	5.3
4	1213+50	2 (EB)	10.54	5,552	130,218	4.4
4	1218+50	2 (EB)	11.90	4,610	128,134	4.1
4	1223+50	2 (EB)	10.51	4,996	146,646	4.4
4	1228+50	2 (EB)	10.31	6,213	124,410	4.4
4	1233+50	2 (EB)	9.97	6,195	130,847	4.5
4	1238+50	2 (EB)	9.58	7,090	131,453	4.3
4	1243+50	2 (EB)	11.40	5,492	124,499	3.9
4	1248+50	2 (EB)	9.14	6,798	147,839	4.4
4	1253+50	2 (EB)	10.25	6,300	129,292	4.2
4	1258+50	2 (EB)	7.86	8,820	160,478	4.5
4	1263+50	2 (EB)	11.16	5,368	135,409	3.9
4	1268+50	2 (EB)	10.70	5,512	126,842	4.4
4	1273+50	2 (EB)	9.77	4,848	169,357	4.7
4	1278+50	2 (EB)	6.78	8,014	221,038	5.1
4	1283+50	2 (EB)	9.13	4,780	192,571	5.0



Tamiami Trail Alternatives Study  
Modified FWD Data

Section	N Station (ft)	Job Stati	Lane N°	D0n (mils)	Mr (psi)	Ep (psi)	S <sub>Neff</sub> (in)	Core
1	2500	1281+00	1 (WB)	11.06	4,192	148,987	4.6	DCB5
4	2750	1278+50	2 (EB)	6.78	8,014	221,038	5.1	DCB5
1	10500	1201+00	1 (WB)	13.83	5,708	89,206	3.4	DCB20
5	10750	1198+50	2 (EB)	9.14	6,077	147,954	4.9	DCB20
1	13500	1171+00	1 (WB)	12.38	5,737	101,425	3.8	CB 25
5	13250	1173+50	2 (EB)	9.61	5,806	143,416	4.7	CB25
1	21000	1096+00	1 (WB)	7.63	8,342	169,493	4.8	DCB40
6	21250	1093+50	2 (EB)	7.04	7,404	192,708	5.7	DCB40
2	32000	986+00	1 (WB)	8.97	9,010	122,490	4.4	CB60
7	32250	983+50	2 (EB)	10.35	7,260	130,751	3.6	CB60
2	35000	956+00	1 (WB)	9.19	7,148	139,832	4.4	DCB65
7	34750	958+50	2 (EB)	11.33	6,921	112,918	3.5	DCB65
2	43000	876+00	1 (WB)	5.75	9,928	230,776	5.7	CB80
7	42750	878+50	2 (EB)	12.09	6,810	104,365	3.3	CB80
2	45500	851+00	1 (WB)	10.04	7,615	117,756	4.1	DCB85
7	45750	848+50	2 (EB)	11.00	6,968	122,569	3.4	DCB85
2	53500	771+00	1 (WB)	9.96	6,698	129,055	4.3	DCB1006
7	53250	773+50	2 (EB)	9.50	7,274	134,179	4.2	DCB1006
2	56500	739+73	1 (WB)	9.17	9,108	140,999	3.5	CB106
8	56750	737+23	2 (EB)	5.24	32,337	160,192	3.6	CB106

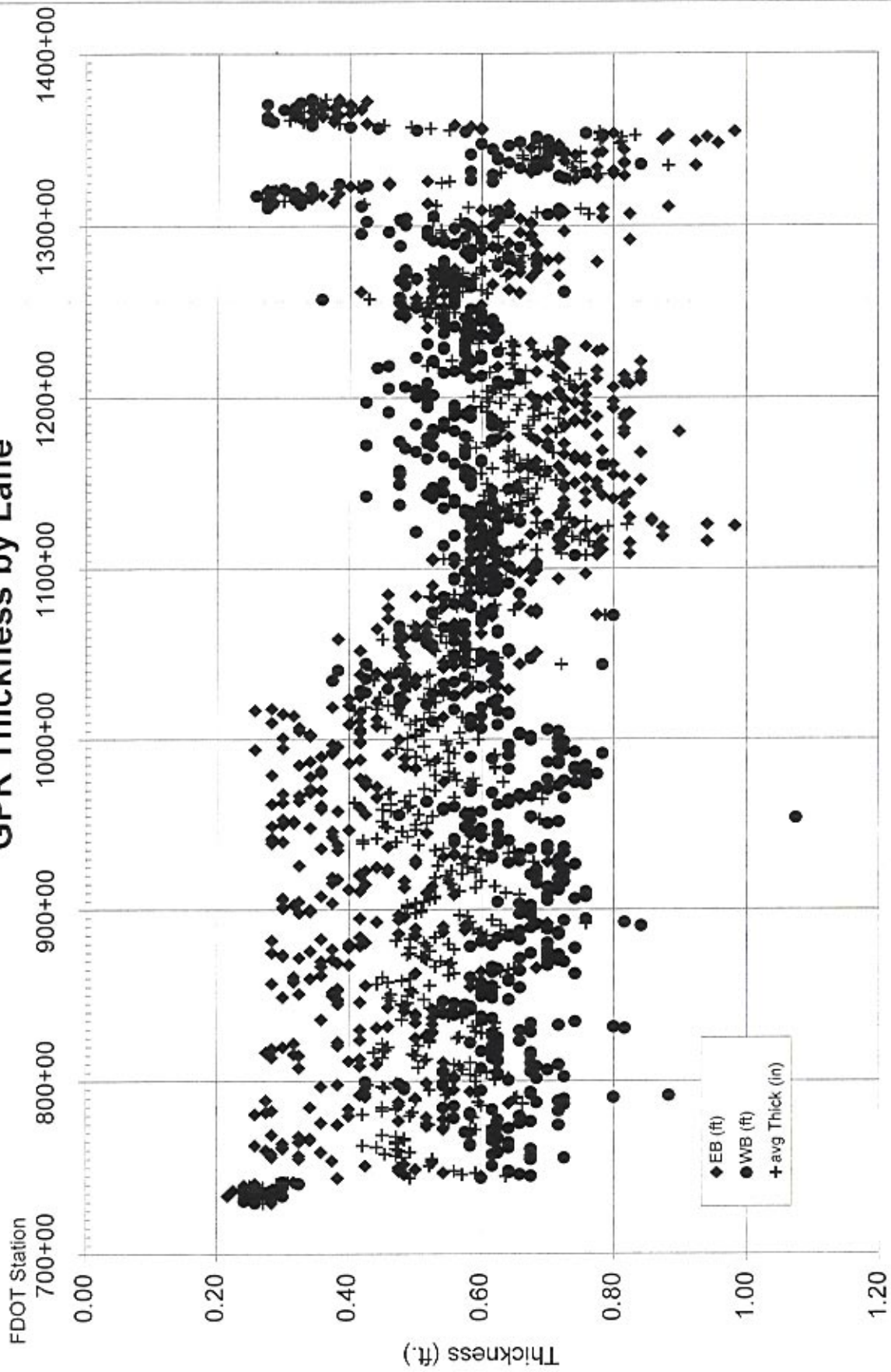


### **Appendix C-3 - IMS GPR and Distress Data**

- 1. GPR Thickness Data**
- 2. IMS Distress Data**
- 3. Centerline, Levee and Canal Elevations**

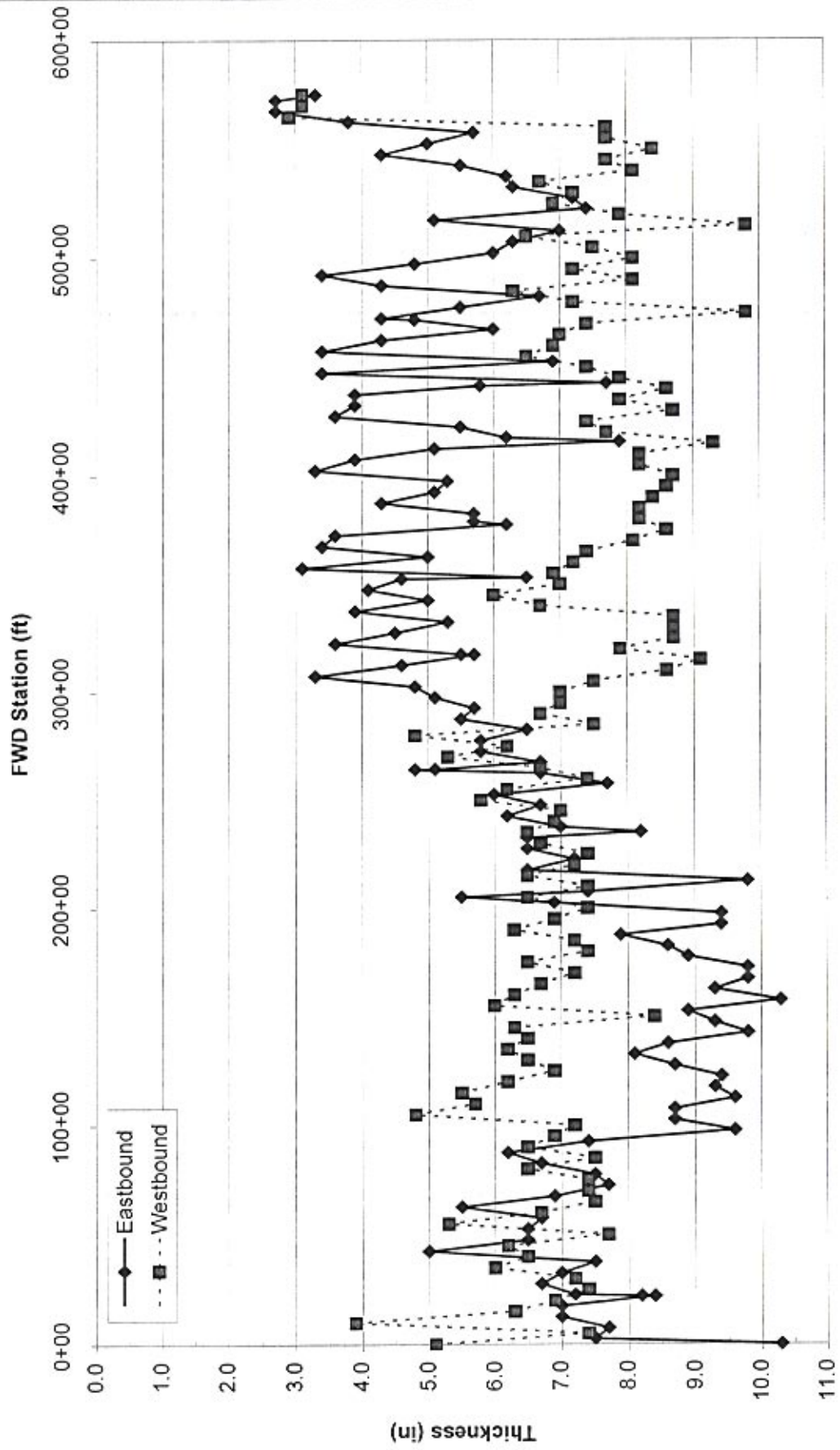


# GPR Thickness by Lane



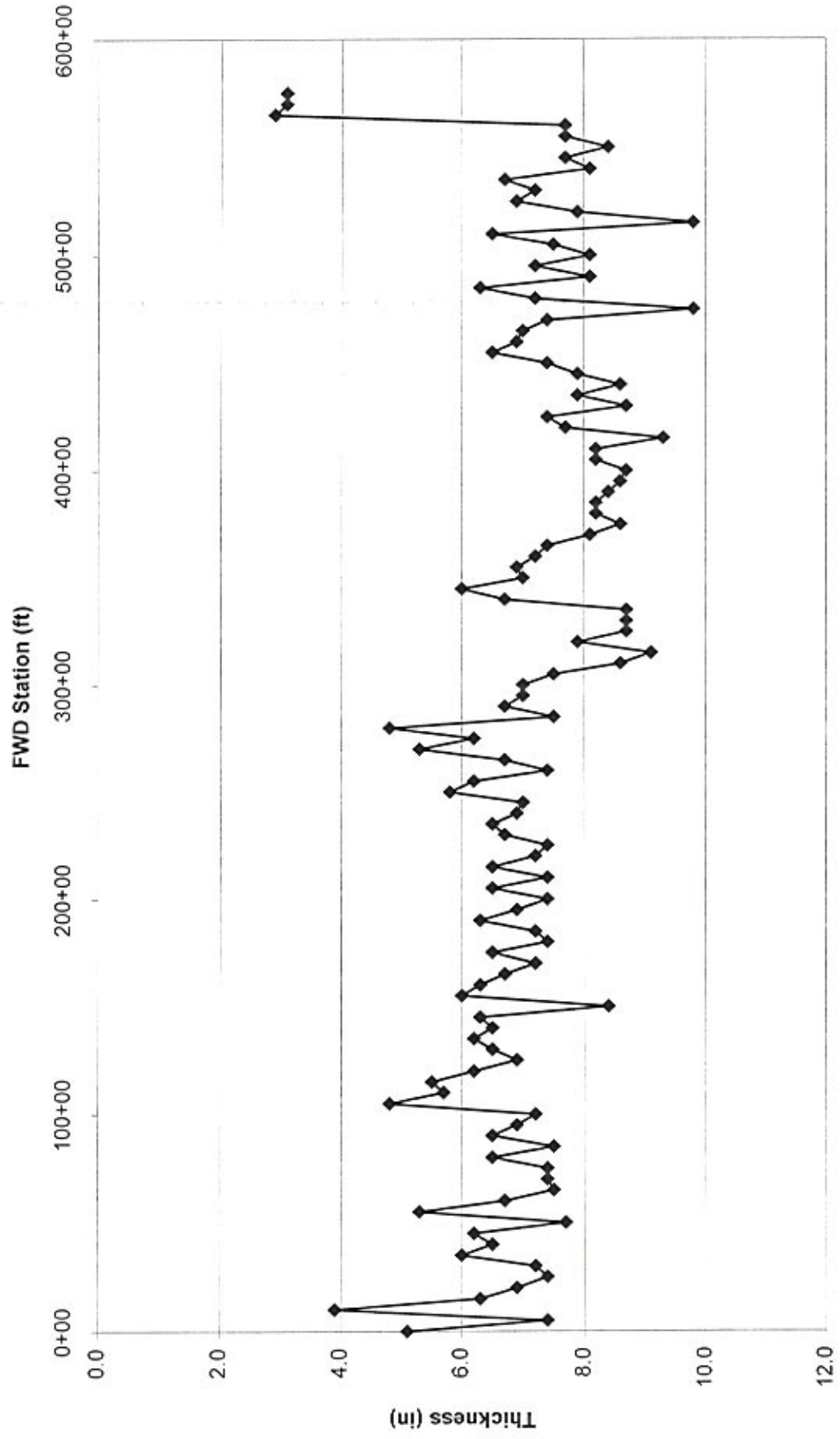


Tamiami Trail  
AC Surface Thicknesses  
EB and WB Lanes



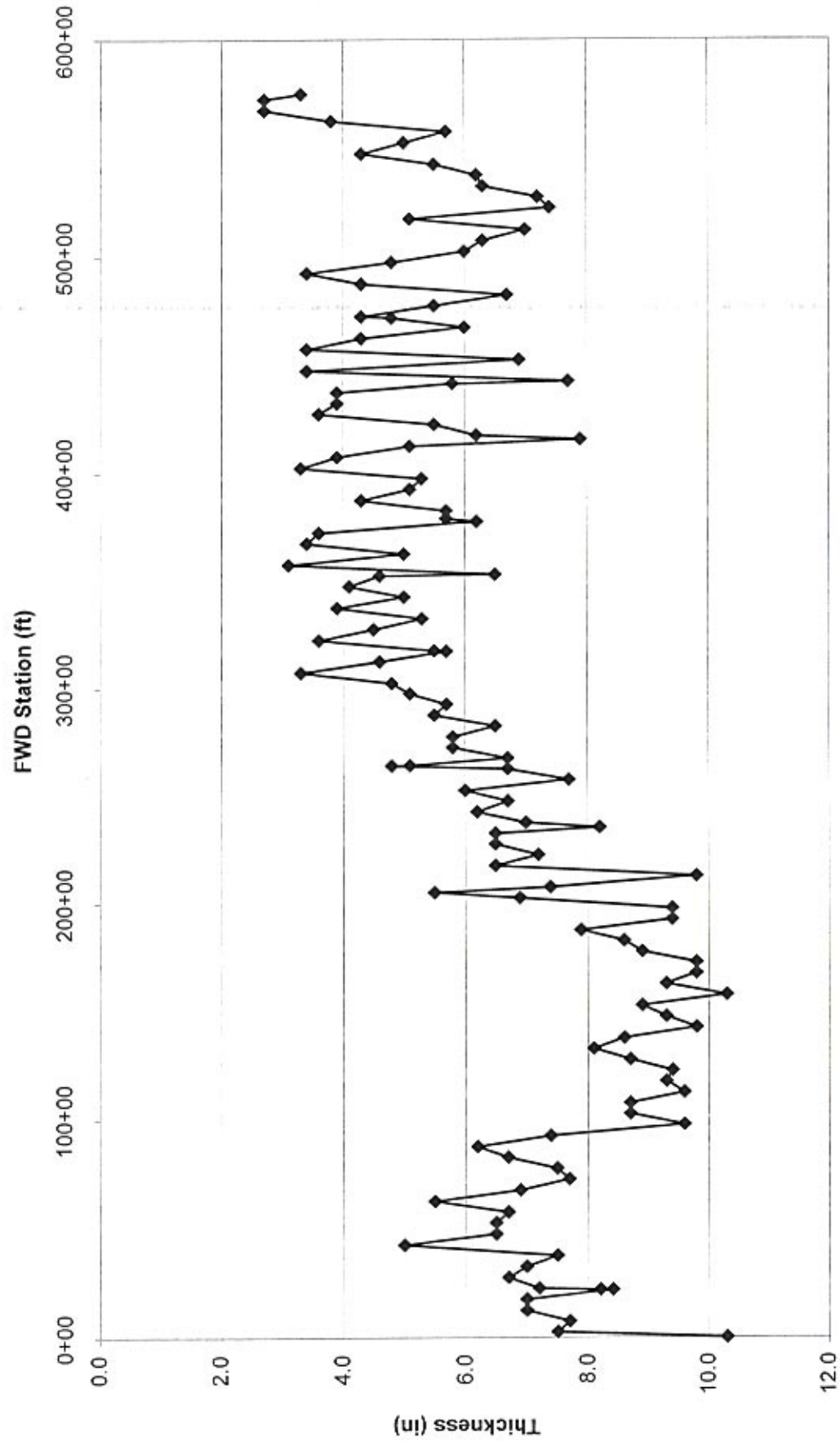


Tamiami Trail  
AC Surface Thicknesses  
Westbound Lane





Tamiami Trail  
AC Surface Thicknesses  
Eastbound Lane





**Jansen, Mark C.**

**From:** Butler, Dave [dbutler@terracon.com]  
**Sent:** Tuesday, November 21, 2000 9:25 AM  
**To:** Jansen, Mark C.  
**Subject:** RE: Tamiami Trail Testing/Report



Tamiami Trail Surface

Data.xls...

<<Tamiami Trail Surface Data.xls>>

Here is the surface data with the IRI data in both wheel paths. To convert to metric (mm/m), divide by 63.36.

If you can't read the attachment, call me.

-----Original Message-----

**From:** Jansen, Mark C. [mailto:MCJansen@pbsj.com]  
**Sent:** Monday, November 20, 2000 6:53 AM  
**To:** 'Butler, Dave'  
**Subject:** RE: Tamiami Trail Testing/Report

Dave:

We are interested in including the IRI data for both wheelpaths in the 75% report to the Corps of Engineers. The draft of this report needs to go out on Wednesday. Can you let me know the possibility of inclusion of this data by then? I will be in all day.

Thank you,  
Mark

Mark C. Jansen, P.E.  
Project Engineer  
PBS&J - Winter Park  
407-647-7275 x361

-----Original Message-----

**From:** Butler, Dave [mailto:dbutler@terracon.com]  
**Sent:** Friday, November 17, 2000 5:45 PM  
**To:** Jansen, Mark C.  
**Subject:** RE: Tamiami Trail Testing/Report

We have both left and right IRI data. It will take 1/2 day of effort to process and check this data. If you are interested, I will pursue it. I will be in the office after 2:00 p.m. on Monday.

-----Original Message-----

**From:** Jansen, Mark C. [mailto:MCJansen@pbsj.com]  
**Sent:** Friday, November 17, 2000 10:04 AM  
**To:** 'Butler, Dave'  
**Cc:** Paul Foxworthy (E-mail)



HEADING	DEFINITION	COMMENT
RSTNUM	Number of each 1/70th mile section	
Object	Number of each 1/10th mile section	
Direction	Direction of travel during test	
Beg Station	Beginning station of test section	
End Station	Ending station of test section	
AREA(ft <sup>2</sup> )	Area of test section in FT <sup>2</sup>	
All-NWP-II	Area of alligator cracking class II non-wheel path in FT <sup>2</sup>	
All-NWP-III	Area of alligator cracking class III non-wheel path in FT <sup>2</sup>	
All-NWP-S	Area of alligator cracking class sealed non-wheel path in FT <sup>2</sup>	There were no sealed cracks
All-WP-II	Area of alligator cracking class II wheel path in FT <sup>2</sup>	
All-WP-III	Area of alligator cracking class III wheel path in FT <sup>2</sup>	
All-WP-S	Area of alligator cracking class sealed wheel path in FT <sup>2</sup>	There were no sealed cracks
BLK-IB	Area of block cracking class IB in FT <sup>2</sup>	There was no significant block cracking
BLK-II	Area of block cracking class II in FT <sup>2</sup>	There was no significant block cracking
BLK-III	Area of block cracking class III in FT <sup>2</sup>	There was no significant block cracking
LONG-IB	Area of longitudinal cracking class IB in FT <sup>2</sup>	
LONG-II	Area of longitudinal cracking class II in FT <sup>2</sup>	
LONG-III	Area of longitudinal cracking class III in FT <sup>2</sup>	
LONG-S	Area of longitudinal cracking class sealed in FT <sup>2</sup>	There were no sealed cracks
RAVEL-L	Area of raveling low severity in FT <sup>2</sup>	There was no significant raveling
RAVEL-M	Area of raveling medium severity in FT <sup>2</sup>	There was no significant raveling
RAVEL-H	Area of raveling high severity in FT <sup>2</sup>	There was no significant raveling
%CL-IB	Percent of class IB distress	
%CL-II	Percent of class II distress	
%CL-III	Percent of class III distress	
rut_ful_In	Rut depth in inches for the full lane width	
rut_right	Rut depth in inches for the right wheel path	
rut_left	Rut depth in inches for the left wheel path	



Object Direction	Obj ID	Obj Name	RA (J2000)	DEC (J2000)	Distance (kpc)	Galactic Coordinates (l, b)	Physical Properties	Notes
NGC 1068	1068	NGC 1068	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1068	NGC 1068
NGC 1069	1069	NGC 1069	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1069	NGC 1069
NGC 1070	1070	NGC 1070	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1070	NGC 1070
NGC 1071	1071	NGC 1071	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1071	NGC 1071
NGC 1072	1072	NGC 1072	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1072	NGC 1072
NGC 1073	1073	NGC 1073	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1073	NGC 1073
NGC 1074	1074	NGC 1074	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1074	NGC 1074
NGC 1075	1075	NGC 1075	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1075	NGC 1075
NGC 1076	1076	NGC 1076	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1076	NGC 1076
NGC 1077	1077	NGC 1077	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1077	NGC 1077
NGC 1078	1078	NGC 1078	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1078	NGC 1078
NGC 1079	1079	NGC 1079	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1079	NGC 1079
NGC 1080	1080	NGC 1080	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1080	NGC 1080
NGC 1081	1081	NGC 1081	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1081	NGC 1081
NGC 1082	1082	NGC 1082	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1082	NGC 1082
NGC 1083	1083	NGC 1083	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1083	NGC 1083
NGC 1084	1084	NGC 1084	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1084	NGC 1084
NGC 1085	1085	NGC 1085	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1085	NGC 1085
NGC 1086	1086	NGC 1086	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1086	NGC 1086
NGC 1087	1087	NGC 1087	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1087	NGC 1087
NGC 1088	1088	NGC 1088	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1088	NGC 1088
NGC 1089	1089	NGC 1089	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1089	NGC 1089
NGC 1090	1090	NGC 1090	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1090	NGC 1090
NGC 1091	1091	NGC 1091	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1091	NGC 1091
NGC 1092	1092	NGC 1092	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1092	NGC 1092
NGC 1093	1093	NGC 1093	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1093	NGC 1093
NGC 1094	1094	NGC 1094	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1094	NGC 1094
NGC 1095	1095	NGC 1095	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1095	NGC 1095
NGC 1096	1096	NGC 1096	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1096	NGC 1096
NGC 1097	1097	NGC 1097	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1097	NGC 1097
NGC 1098	1098	NGC 1098	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1098	NGC 1098
NGC 1099	1099	NGC 1099	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1099	NGC 1099
NGC 1100	1100	NGC 1100	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1100	NGC 1100
NGC 1101	1101	NGC 1101	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1101	NGC 1101
NGC 1102	1102	NGC 1102	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1102	NGC 1102
NGC 1103	1103	NGC 1103	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1103	NGC 1103
NGC 1104	1104	NGC 1104	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1104	NGC 1104
NGC 1105	1105	NGC 1105	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1105	NGC 1105
NGC 1106	1106	NGC 1106	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1106	NGC 1106
NGC 1107	1107	NGC 1107	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1107	NGC 1107
NGC 1108	1108	NGC 1108	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1108	NGC 1108
NGC 1109	1109	NGC 1109	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1109	NGC 1109
NGC 1110	1110	NGC 1110	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1110	NGC 1110
NGC 1111	1111	NGC 1111	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1111	NGC 1111
NGC 1112	1112	NGC 1112	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1112	NGC 1112
NGC 1113	1113	NGC 1113	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1113	NGC 1113
NGC 1114	1114	NGC 1114	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1114	NGC 1114
NGC 1115	1115	NGC 1115	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1115	NGC 1115
NGC 1116	1116	NGC 1116	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1116	NGC 1116
NGC 1117	1117	NGC 1117	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1117	NGC 1117
NGC 1118	1118	NGC 1118	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1118	NGC 1118
NGC 1119	1119	NGC 1119	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1119	NGC 1119
NGC 1120	1120	NGC 1120	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1120	NGC 1120
NGC 1121	1121	NGC 1121	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1121	NGC 1121
NGC 1122	1122	NGC 1122	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1122	NGC 1122
NGC 1123	1123	NGC 1123	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1123	NGC 1123
NGC 1124	1124	NGC 1124	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1124	NGC 1124
NGC 1125	1125	NGC 1125	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1125	NGC 1125
NGC 1126	1126	NGC 1126	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1126	NGC 1126
NGC 1127	1127	NGC 1127	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1127	NGC 1127
NGC 1128	1128	NGC 1128	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1128	NGC 1128
NGC 1129	1129	NGC 1129	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1129	NGC 1129
NGC 1130	1130	NGC 1130	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1130	NGC 1130
NGC 1131	1131	NGC 1131	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1131	NGC 1131
NGC 1132	1132	NGC 1132	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1132	NGC 1132
NGC 1133	1133	NGC 1133	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1133	NGC 1133
NGC 1134	1134	NGC 1134	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1134	NGC 1134
NGC 1135	1135	NGC 1135	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1135	NGC 1135
NGC 1136	1136	NGC 1136	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1136	NGC 1136
NGC 1137	1137	NGC 1137	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1137	NGC 1137
NGC 1138	1138	NGC 1138	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1138	NGC 1138
NGC 1139	1139	NGC 1139	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1139	NGC 1139
NGC 1140	1140	NGC 1140	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1140	NGC 1140
NGC 1141	1141	NGC 1141	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1141	NGC 1141
NGC 1142	1142	NGC 1142	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1142	NGC 1142
NGC 1143	1143	NGC 1143	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1143	NGC 1143
NGC 1144	1144	NGC 1144	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1144	NGC 1144
NGC 1145	1145	NGC 1145	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1145	NGC 1145
NGC 1146	1146	NGC 1146	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1146	NGC 1146
NGC 1147	1147	NGC 1147	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1147	NGC 1147
NGC 1148	1148	NGC 1148	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1148	NGC 1148
NGC 1149	1149	NGC 1149	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1149	NGC 1149
NGC 1150	1150	NGC 1150	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1150	NGC 1150
NGC 1151	1151	NGC 1151	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1151	NGC 1151
NGC 1152	1152	NGC 1152	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1152	NGC 1152
NGC 1153	1153	NGC 1153	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1153	NGC 1153
NGC 1154	1154	NGC 1154	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1154	NGC 1154
NGC 1155	1155	NGC 1155	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1155	NGC 1155
NGC 1156	1156	NGC 1156	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1156	NGC 1156
NGC 1157	1157	NGC 1157	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1157	NGC 1157
NGC 1158	1158	NGC 1158	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1158	NGC 1158
NGC 1159	1159	NGC 1159	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1159	NGC 1159
NGC 1160	1160	NGC 1160	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1160	NGC 1160
NGC 1161	1161	NGC 1161	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1161	NGC 1161
NGC 1162	1162	NGC 1162	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1162	NGC 1162
NGC 1163	1163	NGC 1163	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1163	NGC 1163
NGC 1164	1164	NGC 1164	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1164	NGC 1164
NGC 1165	1165	NGC 1165	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1165	NGC 1165
NGC 1166	1166	NGC 1166	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1166	NGC 1166
NGC 1167	1167	NGC 1167	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1167	NGC 1167
NGC 1168	1168	NGC 1168	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1168	NGC 1168
NGC 1169	1169	NGC 1169	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1169	NGC 1169
NGC 1170	1170	NGC 1170	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1170	NGC 1170
NGC 1171	1171	NGC 1171	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1171	NGC 1171
NGC 1172	1172	NGC 1172	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1172	NGC 1172
NGC 1173	1173	NGC 1173	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1173	NGC 1173
NGC 1174	1174	NGC 1174	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1174	NGC 1174
NGC 1175	1175	NGC 1175	12h 51m 06s	+36° 20' 47"	2.2	(12.85, 36.35)	1175	



[illegible]



[illegible]







Tamiami Trail Centerline Elevation Data (Lowest to Highest)

10.06 C/L OF ROAD	10.89 C/L ROAD	11.42 C/L OF ROAD
10.06 C/L OF ROAD	10.91 C/L OF ROAD	11.42 C/L OF ROAD
10.24 C/L OF ROAD	10.92 C/L OF ROAD	11.44 C/L ROAD
10.38 C/L OF ROAD	10.92 C/L OF ROAD	11.45 C/L OF ROAD
10.39 C/L ROAD	10.93 C/L OF ROAD	11.47 C/L OF ROAD
10.4 C/L OF ROAD	10.93 C/L OF ROAD	11.61 C/L OF ROAD
10.4 C/L ROAD	10.93 C/L ROAD	11.77 C/L OF ROAD
10.46 C/L OF ROAD	10.94 C/L OF ROAD	11.78 C/L
10.46 C/L OF ROAD	10.94 C/L OF ROAD	11.84 C/L OF ROAD
10.46 C/L OF ROAD	10.95 C/L OF ROAD	11.87 C/L OF ROAD
10.47 C/L ROAD	10.96 C/L OF ROAD	11.9 C/L OF ROAD
10.48 C/L OF ROAD	10.97 C/L OF ROAD	11.92 C/L OF ROAD
10.49 C/L ROAD	10.98 C/L OF ROAD	
10.51 C/L ROAD	10.98 C/L OF ROAD	
10.52 C/L OF ROAD	11.03 C/L OF ROAD	
10.54 C/L OF ROAD	11.03 C/L ROAD	
10.55 C/L OF ROAD	11.04 C/L OF ROAD	
10.55 C/L OF ROAD	11.08 C/L OF ROAD	
10.55 C/L ROAD	11.08 C/L OF ROAD	
10.56 C/L OF ROAD	11.08 C/L OF ROAD	
10.57 C/L ROAD	11.09 C/L OF ROAD	
10.57 C/L ROAD	11.09 C/L OF ROAD	
10.57 C/L ROAD	11.1 C/L ROAD	
10.59 C/L OF ROAD	11.11 C/L ROAD	
10.59 C/L OF ROAD	11.12 C/L OF THE ROAD	
10.62 C/L ROAD	11.13 C/L OF ROAD	
10.64 C/L ROAD	11.13 C/L OF ROAD	
10.66 C/L OF ROAD	11.13 C/L ROAD	
10.7 C/L	11.13 C/L ROAD	
10.71 C/L OF ROAD	11.14 C/L OF ROAD	
10.72 C/L OF ROAD	11.14 C/L OF ROAD	
10.72 C/L OF ROAD	11.14 C/L OF ROAD	
10.72 C/L OF ROAD	11.14 C/L ROAD	
10.72 C/L ROAD	11.15 C/L ROAD	
10.74 C/L OF ROAD	11.18 C/L OF ROAD	
10.75 C/L OF ROAD	11.19 C/L ROAD	
10.75 C/L ROAD	11.2 C/L OF ROAD	
10.75 C/L ROAD	11.2 C/L OF ROAD	
10.78 C/L OF ROAD	11.25 C/L OF ROAD	
10.79 C/L OF ROAD	11.27 C/L OF ROAD	
10.81 C/L OF ROAD	11.29 C/L OF ROAD	
10.82 C/L OF ROAD	11.3 C/L ROAD	
10.82 C/L OF ROAD	11.31 C/L OF THE ROAD	
10.83 C/L OF ROAD	11.32 C/L OF ROAD	
10.84 C/L OF ROAD	11.34 C/L OF ROAD	
10.87 C/L OF ROAD	11.34 C/L OF ROAD	
10.87 C/L OF ROAD	11.38 C/L ROAD	
10.88 C/L OF ROAD	11.39 C/L OF ROAD	
10.89 C/L ROAD	11.41 C/L OF ROAD	

10.94827 Average

11.92 Max

10.06 Min

SOURCE: PBS & J SURVEY.  
11/30/00





SUBJECT: LEEVE ELEVATIONS

COMP. BY: muf  
CHK. BY: \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE: 11/30/00  
SHEET NO: \_\_\_\_\_  
JOB NO: \_\_\_\_\_

Source: cross sections cut for Working Meeting in October.  
Maximum elevations on the levee. Developed from Tins developed  
from PBSS Survey.

WEST 17.2

16.5

17.1

16.6

18.1

21.0

18.0

15.1

16.2

EAST 15.4

(10 each)

Avg = 17.12

MAX = 21.0

MIN = 15.1

Note: Elevations were not determined for 3 sections because  
of insufficient data.



OPTIONAL FORM 99 (7-99)

## FAX TRANSMITTAL

# of pages: 5

Christopher T Smith

11/02/2000 08:49 AM


To: rbingham@pbsj.com@exchange  
 cc:  
 Subject: L-29 Canal Data S333 & S334

Ralph -

Attached are data for L-29 canal as requested (ascii). S-333 tailwater is the western elevation and S-334 is the east elevation. You can interpolate between the reading to determine the stage at the boring locations.

Chris

----- Forwarded by Christopher T Smith/CESAJ/SAJ02 on 11/02/2000 08:47 AM -----

 Gregory A Stormant  
 11/02/2000 08:34 AM

To: Christopher T Smith/CESAJ/SAJ02@CESAJ  
 cc:  
 Subject: S333 & S334

As requested,

S333 Tailwater: June - July 2000



s333\_tw.asc

S334 Headwater: June - July 2000



s334\_hw.asc

Aaron

RECEIVED TRANSPORTATION DESIGN	
NOV 07 2000	
PBSJ INC.-WINTER PARK	
<i>R. Bingham</i>	
FILE	

*Water level  
from Ralph*  
*11/2/00*

[ Same cell  
 should be an  
 average between 2 ]

<i>Ralph Bingham</i>	From <i>C. Smith</i>
<i>PBS&amp;J</i>	Phone # <i>904-232-2781</i>
Fax # <i>407-647-4143</i>	Fax # <i>904-232-1772</i>
NOV 15 10 01 017-7043	0000 7301
GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION	



WEST

/E COAST CANALS/S333/ELEV-TAIL//1DAY//

RTS Ver:999 Prog:SSMAT LW:02NOV00 07:32:06 Tag:T14295 Prec:0

Start: 31MAY2000 at 2400 hours; End: 01AUG2000 at 2400 hours; Number: 63

Units: FT-NGVD Type: INST-VAL

31MAY2000, 2400;	7.03
01JUN2000, 2400;	6.93
02JUN2000, 2400;	6.91
03JUN2000, 2400;	6.89
04JUN2000, 2400;	6.88
05JUN2000, 2400;	6.87
06JUN2000, 2400;	6.97
07JUN2000, 2400;	6.95
08JUN2000, 2400;	6.91
09JUN2000, 2400;	7.03
10JUN2000, 2400;	7.01
11JUN2000, 2400;	7.07
12JUN2000, 2400;	7.10
13JUN2000, 2400;	7.09
14JUN2000, 2400;	7.07
15JUN2000, 2400;	7.31
16JUN2000, 2400;	-901.00
17JUN2000, 2400;	-901.00
18JUN2000, 2400;	7.28
19JUN2000, 2400;	7.28
20JUN2000, 2400;	7.29
21JUN2000, 2400;	7.29
22JUN2000, 2400;	7.15
23JUN2000, 2400;	7.15
24JUN2000, 2400;	7.24
25JUN2000, 2400;	7.20
26JUN2000, 2400;	7.25
27JUN2000, 2400;	7.28
28JUN2000, 2400;	7.21
29JUN2000, 2400;	7.20
30JUN2000, 2400;	7.19
01JUL2000, 2400;	7.18
02JUL2000, 2400;	7.19
03JUL2000, 2400;	7.25
04JUL2000, 2400;	7.25
05JUL2000, 2400;	7.26
06JUL2000, 2400;	7.27
07JUL2000, 2400;	7.35
08JUL2000, 2400;	7.29
09JUL2000, 2400;	7.30
10JUL2000, 2400;	7.33
11JUL2000, 2400;	7.32
12JUL2000, 2400;	7.32
13JUL2000, 2400;	7.30
14JUL2000, 2400;	7.29
15JUL2000, 2400;	7.30
16JUL2000, 2400;	7.28
17JUL2000, 2400;	7.17
18JUL2000, 2400;	7.11
19JUL2000, 2400;	7.07
20JUL2000, 2400;	7.07
21JUL2000, 2400;	7.13



22JUL2000, 2400;	7.16
23JUL2000, 2400;	7.17
24JUL2000, 2400;	7.19
25JUL2000, 2400;	7.12
26JUL2000, 2400;	7.09
27JUL2000, 2400;	7.06
28JUL2000, 2400;	7.03
29JUL2000, 2400;	7.04
30JUL2000, 2400;	7.03
31JUL2000, 2400;	6.99
01AUG2000, 2400;	6.99
END FILE	



EAST  
/E COAST CANALS/S334/ELEV-HEAD//1DAY//

RTS Ver:999 Prog:DSMAT LW:02NOV00 07:32:06 Tag:T14296 Prec:0

Start: 31MAY2000 at 2400 hours; End: 01AUG2000 at 2400 hours; Number: 63

Units: FT-NGVD Type: INST-VAL

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02JUN2000, 2400;	7.14
03JUN2000, 2400;	7.10
04JUN2000, 2400;	7.09
05JUN2000, 2400;	7.07
06JUN2000, 2400;	7.11
07JUN2000, 2400;	7.13
08JUN2000, 2400;	7.14
09JUN2000, 2400;	7.21
10JUN2000, 2400;	7.19
11JUN2000, 2400;	7.24
12JUN2000, 2400;	7.29
13JUN2000, 2400;	7.27
14JUN2000, 2400;	7.26
15JUN2000, 2400;	7.47
16JUN2000, 2400;	-901.00
17JUN2000, 2400;	-901.00
18JUN2000, 2400;	7.47
19JUN2000, 2400;	7.48
20JUN2000, 2400;	7.49
21JUN2000, 2400;	7.47
22JUN2000, 2400;	7.36
23JUN2000, 2400;	7.35
24JUN2000, 2400;	7.38
25JUN2000, 2400;	7.39
26JUN2000, 2400;	7.43
27JUN2000, 2400;	7.44
28JUN2000, 2400;	7.40
29JUN2000, 2400;	7.41
30JUN2000, 2400;	7.38
01JUL2000, 2400;	7.38
02JUL2000, 2400;	7.45
03JUL2000, 2400;	7.44
04JUL2000, 2400;	7.46
05JUL2000, 2400;	7.45
06JUL2000, 2400;	7.46
07JUL2000, 2400;	7.53
08JUL2000, 2400;	7.49
09JUL2000, 2400;	7.49
10JUL2000, 2400;	7.52
11JUL2000, 2400;	7.52
12JUL2000, 2400;	7.51
13JUL2000, 2400;	7.51
14JUL2000, 2400;	7.48
15JUL2000, 2400;	7.48
16JUL2000, 2400;	7.47
17JUL2000, 2400;	7.37
18JUL2000, 2400;	7.31
19JUL2000, 2400;	7.27
20JUL2000, 2400;	7.26
21JUL2000, 2400;	7.32



22JUL2000, 2400;	7.35
23JUL2000, 2400;	7.38
24JUL2000, 2400;	7.34
25JUL2000, 2400;	7.31
26JUL2000, 2400;	7.29
27JUL2000, 2400;	7.25
28JUL2000, 2400;	7.22
29JUL2000, 2400;	7.24
30JUL2000, 2400;	7.20
31JUL2000, 2400;	7.17
01AUG2000, 2400;	7.18
END FILE	



## Appendix C-4 – Pavement Design Calculations



Steps in Determining Pavement Thickness:

1. Traffic- ESAL Calculation
2. Mr of the Subgrade
3. Determine Other design variables
4. Complete pavement thickness design.

NOTE: All references in the pavement design process are from the  
*Florida DOT Flexible Pavement Design Manual*, January 2000.



### **Step 1- Traffic**

1. Traffic-ESAL Calculation
2. Florida DOT ESAL Equations from Florida DOT Pavement Design Manual





SUBJECT: TAMIAMI TRAIL - TRAFFIC

COMP. BY: MSJ  
CHK. BY: \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE: 8/9/00  
SHEET NO: \_\_\_\_\_  
JOB NO: \_\_\_\_\_

### DESIGN TRAFFIC

AAST = 5,200 veh/day

% TRUCKS = 11

FROM  
"PERTINENT DATA"

(also ref. J. Schmettler e-mail, 5/16/00 - See attached).

% Growth:

(Assumed) - changed to 2.2% for 50 years (see graph)

Truck Classification:

3.6802 → ~~18 wheel~~ 4% → 13 wheel

#

10% → SH

Cars

86.2 → Cars

See  
below

Growth: assume Traffic Doubles to 10,000 AAST by 2050

Design AAST = 20 - 3.3 Million ESALS

(From "DESIGN TRAFFIC 30 - 5.6 M

AND ESALS CHART") 50 - 11.7 M

NOTE: 2.2% Growth used because if 4.66% is used, the Traffic in 50 years WILL BE MORE THAN THE 2-LANE ROAD CAN ACCOMMODATE. SEE "TAMIAMI TRAIL TRAFFIC GROWTH" CHART FOR A COMPARISON.



# TAMIAMI TRAIL MODIFIED WATER DELIVERIES TO EVERGLADES NATIONAL PARK

## PERTINENT DATA

### US 41/TAMIAMI TRAIL

West Project Limit -----	S-333 Sta. 580+46 on Levee 29
East Project Limit -----	S-334 Sta. 15+26 on Levee 29
Florida Dept. of Transportation State Route No. -----	S.R. 90
Florida Dept. of Transportation Section No. -----	870003
Florida Dept. of Transportation Functional Classification -----	Rural Arterial
Roadway Design Speed -----	60 mph
Roadway Posted Speed Limit -----	55 mph
Number of Existing Travel Lanes -----	2
Number of Future Travel Lanes -----	2
Existing Average Daily Traffic (1999)-----	5,200 vehicles
Projected Average Daily Traffic (2022)-----	9,200
Percent Heavy Trucks -----	11.47%
Peak Hour to Daily Traffic Ratio -----	9.29%
Directional Distribution Factor -----	52.66%
Corridor Length -----	56,520 feet/ 10.7 miles
Datum -----	NGVD 29
Design Stage Upstream of L-29 Borrow Canal -----	10.5 feet
Design Stage at L-29 Borrow Canal -----	9.0 feet
Design State Downstream of US 41/Tamiami Trail -----	9.0 feet
Contract Price	
Alt. 1: Existing Alignment and Profile with Four New Bridges --	\$ 13,471,981
Alt. 2: Existing Alignment with Raised Profile and	
Four New Bridges: Without Water Quality Treatment -----	\$ 23,387,038
With Water Quality Treatment -----	\$ 39,093,978
Alt. 3: New North Alignment with Raised Profile and	
Four New Bridges: Without Water Quality Treatment -----	\$ 55,119,470
With Water Quality Treatment -----	\$ 56,205,969
Alt. 4: New South Alignment with Raised Profile and	
Four New Bridges: Without Water Quality Treatment -----	\$ 29,943,240
With Water Quality Treatment -----	\$ 31,536,767
Alt. 5: New Alignment on Structure -----	\$ 119,356,002

PAVEMENT/  
ESAL  
CALC.  
DATA



## Jansen, Mark C.

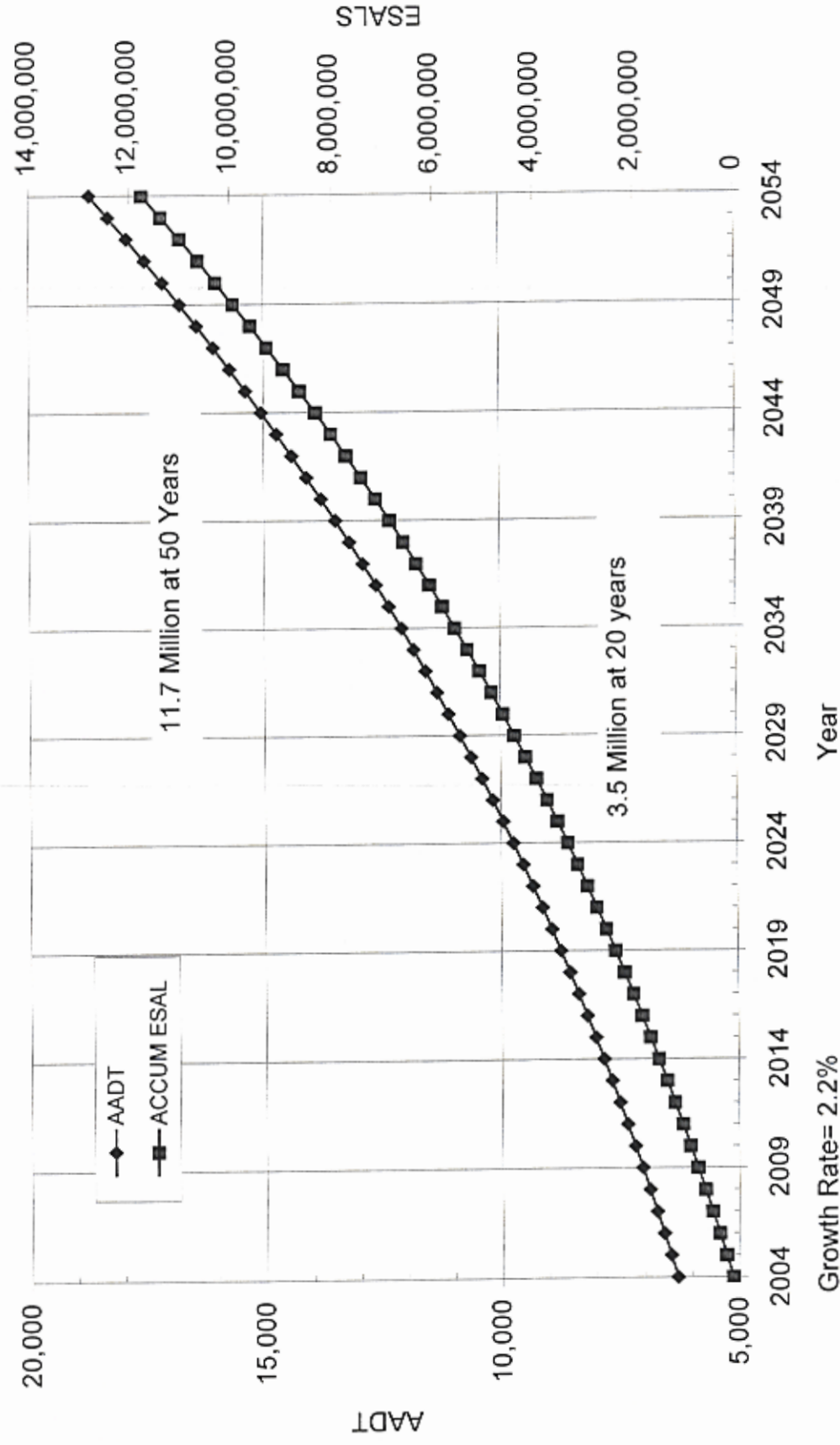
---

**From:** Schnettler, Jack S.  
**Sent:** Tuesday, May 16, 2000 11:58 AM  
**To:** Anderson, John R.; Jansen, Mark C.  
**Cc:** Yerkes, Eugene H.

Tamiami Trail has about 5,200 daily vehicles on it, with a 9.2% peak hour percentage and 11% trucks, according to an FDOT count just west of Krome Ave. This means the peak hour has about 460 vehicles in the peak hour, about 250 in the peak direction, or 1 about every 4 minutes each way on the average. Beyond that, we would need to talk to FDOT on closure procedures, or make assumptions. Maybe do the estimate worst case and "average" and include worst case in the table. I'm awaiting feedback from Gene Yerkes.



# Design Traffic and ESALS





Tamiami Trail Alternatives Study  
Traffic data for design- used to construct Design Traffic and ESALS Chart  
Based on Florida DOT Pavement design information.

Df	0.5		
T24	11.5%	1999 AADT	5200
LF	1.0		
E18	0.96		
Growth	2.2%		

Year	AADT	ESAL	ACCUM ESAL	Summary:
2004	6,400	128,947	128,947	20- Years 3,395,503
2005	6,541	131,784	260,731	30- Years 5,645,893
2006	6,685	134,683	395,415	50-Years 11,920,940
2007	6,832	137,646	533,061	
2008	6,982	140,675	673,735	
2009	7,136	143,769	817,505	
2010	7,293	146,932	964,437	
2011	7,453	150,165	1,114,602	
2012	7,617	153,468	1,268,070	
2013	7,785	156,845	1,424,915	
2014	7,956	160,295	1,585,210	
2015	8,131	163,822	1,749,032	
2016	8,310	167,426	1,916,458	
2017	8,493	171,109	2,087,567	
2018	8,679	174,874	2,262,441	
2019	8,870	178,721	2,441,162	
2020	9,066	182,653	2,623,815	
2021	9,265	186,671	2,810,486	
2022	9,469	190,778	3,001,264	
2023	9,677	194,975	3,196,239	
2024	9,890	199,264	3,395,503	20 Years
2025	10,108	203,648	3,599,152	
2026	10,330	208,129	3,807,280	
2027	10,557	212,707	4,019,987	
2028	10,790	217,387	4,237,374	
2029	11,027	222,169	4,459,544	
2030	11,269	227,057	4,686,601	
2031	11,517	232,052	4,918,653	
2032	11,771	237,158	5,155,811	
2033	12,030	242,375	5,398,186	
2034	12,294	247,707	5,645,893	30 Years
2035	12,565	253,157	5,899,050	
2036	12,841	258,726	6,157,776	
2037	13,124	264,418	6,422,195	
2038	13,413	270,235	6,692,430	
2039	13,708	276,181	6,968,611	
2040	14,009	282,257	7,250,867	
2041	14,317	288,466	7,539,334	
2042	14,632	294,813	7,834,146	
2043	14,954	301,298	8,135,445	
2044	15,283	307,927	8,443,372	
2045	15,619	314,701	8,758,073	
2046	15,963	321,625	9,079,698	
2047	16,314	328,701	9,408,398	
2048	16,673	335,932	9,744,330	
2049	17,040	343,322	10,087,653	
2050	17,415	350,876	10,438,528	
2051	17,798	358,595	10,797,123	
2052	18,190	366,484	11,163,607	
2053	18,590	374,547	11,538,154	
2054	18,999	382,787	11,920,940	50 Years



Florida Department of Transportation  
Annual Vehicle Classification Report  
Count Year 1997

County: 87 - DADE

Site Co Sec Sub MilePost Description  
0003 87110000 25.660 SR90/US41/TAMIAMI TRL, 200'W OF SR997/KROMEAV,DADE

Func. Class: 02 - Rural Principal Arterial -- Other

Survey Type: Portable Duration: 1 Days Annual Average Daily

	Volume	%	
Class 01 MOTORCYCLES	55	1.24	
Class 02 CARS	3033	68.93	87.052
Class 03 PICK-UPS AND VANS	743	16.88	
Class 04 BUSES	4	0.09	
Class 05 2-AXLE, SINGLE UNIT TRUCKS	74	1.68	
Class 06 3-AXLE, SINGLE UNIT TRUCKS	164	3.73	9.272
Class 07 4-AXLE, SINGLE UNIT TRUCKS	58	1.31	
Class 08 2-AXL TRCTR W/ 1 OR 2-AXL TRLR	108	2.46	
Class 09 3-AXLE TRACTOR W/ 2-AXLE TRLR	135	3.07	
Class 10 3-AXLE TRACTOR W/ 3-AXLE TRLR	6	0.13	
Class 11 5-AXLE MULTI-TRLR	11	0.24	3.6802
Class 12 6-AXLE MULTI-TRLR	1	0.02	
Class 13 ANY 7 OR MORE AXLE	10	0.22	
Class 14 NOT USED	0	0.00	
Class 15 OTHER	0	0.00	
	4400	100.00	

Light Box

LARGE

Summary Daily Statistics

Daily	Design Hour
24T&B = 12.94%	DHT = 6.47%
24T = 12.85%	
24H = 11.18%	DH3 = 5.59%
24M = 1.76%	DH2 = 0.88%



TABLE 3.1  
DESIGN PERIODS

The Following Design Periods Will Be Used For  
Flexible Pavement Designs.

TYPICAL FLOOR	New Construction or Reconstruction	20 Years
	Pavement Overlay Without Milling	8 to 20 Years
	Pavement Overlay With Milling	
	Limited Access	12 to 20 Years*
	Non-Limited Access	14 to 20 Years*
	Pavement Overlay of Rigid Pavement	8 to 12 Years

**Notes**

- \* Shorter design periods can be used if there are constraints such as curb and gutter or scheduled future capacity projects that justify limiting overlay thickness. These reasons should be documented in the pavement design package.



## D.2

## BASIC EQUATION

The  $ESAL_D$  required for pavement design purposes can be computed using the following equation:

$$ESAL_D = \sum_{y=1}^y \sum_{x=1}^x (AADT \times T_{24} \times D_f \times L_f \times E_{18} \times 365)$$

where:

$ESAL_D$  = Number of accumulated 18-kip(80-kilonewton) Equivalent Single Axle Loads in the design lane for the design period.

$y$  = The year that the calculation is made for. When  $y=1$ , all the variables apply to year 1. Most of the variables are constant except AADT which may change from year to year. Others may change when changes in the system occur. Such changes include parallel roads, shopping centers, truck terminals, etc.

$x$  = The Design Year.

AADT = Average Annual Daily Traffic.

$T_{24}$  = Percent Heavy Trucks during a 24 hour period. Trucks with 6 tires or more are considered in the calculations.

$D_f$  = Directional Distribution Factor. Use 1.0 if one way traffic is counted or 0.5 for two way traffic. This value is not to be confused with the Directional Factor use for planning capacity computations.

$L_f$  = Lane Factor converts directional trucks to the design lane trucks. Lane factors can be adjusted to account for unique features known to the designer such as roadways with designated truck lanes.  $L_f$  values can be determined from Table D.2.

$E_{18}$  = Equivalency factor which is the damage caused by one average heavy truck measured in 80-kilonewtons Equivalent Single Axle Loads. These factors will be periodically updated based on Weigh-In-Motion (WIM) data.  $E_{18}(E_{80})$  values can be determined from Table D.3.



**TABLE D.3**  
**EQUIVALENCY FACTORS  $E_{18}$  ( $E_{80}$ ) FOR DIFFERENT TYPES OF FACILITIES**

	<u>Flexible Pavement</u>	<u>Rigid Pavement</u>
<b>Freeways</b>		
Rural	1.05	1.60
Urban	0.90	1.27
<b>Arterials and Collectors</b>		
Rural	0.96	1.35
Urban	0.89	1.22

USE FOR TAMIAHI TRAIL =  $E_{18} = E_F$  IN SPREADSHEET



TABLE D.2

LANE FACTORS ( $L_T$ ) FOR DIFFERENT TYPES OF FACILITIES

Two-way Annual

Total AADT	Number of Lanes In One Direction	
	Two Lanes $L_T$	Three or more Lanes $L_T$
4 000	0.94	0.82 ✓
8 000	0.88	0.76
12 000	0.85	0.72
16 000	0.82	0.70
20 000	0.81	0.68
30 000	0.77	0.65
40 000	0.75	0.63
50 000	0.73	0.61
60 000	0.72	0.59
70 000	0.70	0.58
80 000	0.69	0.57
100 000	0.67	0.55
120 000	0.66	0.53
140 000	-	0.52
160 000	-	0.51
200 000	-	0.49

5200 = 0.922  
Use 1.0  
for conservative

The equation that best defines this Lane Factor ( $L_T$ ) information is:

$$L_T = (1.567 - 0.0826 \times \ln(\text{One Way AADT}) - 0.12368 \times LV)$$

where:

$L_T$  = Proportion of all one directional trucks in the design lane.

LV = 0 if the number of lanes in one direction is 2. LV = 1 if the number of lanes in one direction is 3 or more.

Ln = Natural Logarithm.

Source - National Cooperative Highway Research Program Report 277, Portland Cement Concrete Pavement Evaluation System (COPES), Transportation Research Board, September 1986



**Design Traffic Notes:**

The Corps of Engineers provided the following Florida DOT Memorandum to PBS&J, Dated May 5, 1999 with "Traffic Projection" as the subject.

Use of the 4.6% growth rate over 50 years causes a high AADT at the end of the 50-year period as shown in the following chart entitled "Tamiami Trail Traffic Growth." The AADT shown in 2054 exceeds that which can be accommodated by a 2-lane roadway. The 2.2% growth rate was agreed upon by J. Schnettler and the design team at the August 17, 2000 Design Session in Fort Lauderdale.





## Florida Department of Transportation

JED BUSH  
GOVERNOR

OFFICE OF PLANNING - DISTRICT SIX  
602 SOUTH MIAMI AVENUE, MIAMI, FLORIDA 33130  
PHONE: (305) 377-6910 (SC) 452-6910  
FAX: (305) 377-3684 (SC) 452-3684

THOMAS F. BARRY, JR.  
SECRETARY

### MEMORANDUM

DATE: May 5, 1999

TO: Jorge Frases, Project Manager

FROM: Rolando Jiménez, Senior Systems Statistics Project Manager *RJ*

COPIES TO: Albert Dominguez, Bob Perez, Mike Ciscar, file

SUBJECT: **Traffic Projection:**  
State Job No.: 87110-XXXX  
FM No.: N/A  
Budget Item No.: N/A  
FAP No.: N/A  
State Road No.: SR 90/US-27/Tamiami Trail  
From: 11 miles W of SR 997/Krome Ave  
To: SR 997/Krome Ave  
County: Miami-Dade  
Type of Construction: Reconstruction

In compliance with your request, attached is a computer printout showing the estimated projected AADT's and equivalent axle loading from the year of completion, 2002 to the year 2022. The Level of Services Standard for this facility according to LOS Rule 14-94 is "D". This section of road is operating at a Level of Service "C" or better.

The data provided assumes 2 lanes undivided, flexible pavement, and the following factors: K(30 hrs) = 9.29%, D = 52.66%, and T = 11.47%.

These projections are based upon an estimated 4.66% growth rate determined from historical traffic count data.

If you have any questions, please advise.

RJ/rj  
Attachments



**18 kip EQUIVALENT SINGLE AXLE LOAD ANALYSIS - HISTORICAL****DISTRICTWIDE DESIGN TRAFFIC FOR PD&E and DESIGN ANALYSIS INFO / FACTORS**

SECTION NO.: 87120000

SEGMENT NO.: 1

ITEM NO.:

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: SR 90/SW 8 Street/Tamiami Trail

**LOCATION 1 DESCRIPTION:**

LOCATION NO.: 1

From Krome Av. to 11 mi W. of Krome Av.

**GROWTH RATE FORMULA:**

A : Straight-Line

B : Enter Growth Rates

C : Enter all AADT's

Choose A,B or C here:

C

If "A" or "C", continue to next section.

If "B", enter rates as decimals: (1%=0.01)

Between Existing &amp; Opening -

0

Between Opening &amp; Mid-Design -

0

Between Mid-Design &amp; Design -

0**DESIGN INFORMATION:**

	AADT	Daily Directional Split
EXISTING YEAR: 1999	5200	(decimal format, 1%=0.01): <u>0.5</u>
OPENING YEAR: 2002	6000	T (decimal format, 1%=0.01): <u>0.115</u>
MID-DESIGN YEAR: 2012	7600	Lanes in One Direction: <u>1</u>
DESIGN YEAR: 2022	9200	

NOTE: AADT values have been rounded to nearest hundred.

**1995 EQUIVALENCY FACTORS (1):**

(selected with an X)

**FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT**

SN = 5 THICK

**RIGID PAVEMENT**

D = 12 THICK

RURAL FREEWAY: 1.050

1.600

URBAN FREEWAY: 0.900

1.270

RURAL HIGHWAY: 0.960 X

1.350

URBAN HIGHWAY: 0.890

1.220

OTHER (enter factor &amp; X):

(1) Equivalency Factors are based on Updated Pavement Damage Factors Memorandum, dated October 1, 1998.  
Lane Factors developed by Cooper Equation

I have followed the "Design Traffic (Traffic Forecasting and 18 kip Equivalent Single Axle Loading) Procedure",  
adopted by the Florida Department of Transportation.

Prepared by:

Signature

P. R. Aleman &amp; Assoc. Inc.

Firm

P.E. No.

Date

I have reviewed the methodology used to derive the Design Traffic and 18 kip ESAL. I concur with the results.

Reviewed by: (FDOT)

Signature

Date



**18 kip EQUIVALENT SINGLE AXLE LOAD ANALYSIS - LOCATION 1****DISTRICTWIDE DESIGN TRAFFIC FOR PD&E and DESIGN ANALYSIS INFO / FACTORS**

YEARS 1999 TO 2022

SECT. NO. 87120000

SEG. NO.: 1

ITEM NO.:

FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT RURAL HIGHWAY 0.960

SN = 5/THICK From Krome Av. to 11 mi W. of Krome Av.

C

YEAR	AADT	ESAL (1000)	ACCUM (1000)	D	T	LF	EF
1999	5200	105	0	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2000	5500	111	0	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2001	5700	116	0	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2002	6000	121	121	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2003	6200	124	245	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2004	6300	127	372	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2005	6500	131	503	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2006	6600	134	637	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2007	6800	137	774	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2008	7000	140	914	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2009	7100	143	1057	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2010	7300	147	1204	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2011	7400	150	1354	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2012	7600	153	1507	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2013	7800	156	1663	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2014	7900	160	1823	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2015	8100	163	1986	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2016	8200	166	2152	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2017	8400	169	2321	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2018	8600	172	2494	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2019	8700	176	2669	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2020	8900	179	2848	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2021	9000	182	3030	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960
2022	9200	185	3216	0.5	0.115	1.000	0.960

3.2 ESALs - Matiles P655 closely w/in 100K

Opening to Mid-Design Year ESAL Accumulation (1000):

1386

Opening to Design Year ESAL Accumulation (1000):

3095

I have followed the "Design Traffic (Traffic Forecasting and 18 kip Equivalent Single Axle Loading) Procedure", adopted by the Florida Department of Transportation.

Prepared by:

Signature

F.R. Aleman &amp; Assoc. Inc.

Firm

P.E. No.

Date

I have reviewed the methodology used to derive the Design Traffic and 18 kip ESAL. I concur with the results.

Reviewed by: (FDOT)

Signature

Date



Table 5-6

1990 Level of Service Handbook  
Florida Department of Transportation

GENERALIZED ANNUAL AVERAGE DAILY VOLUMES FOR FLORIDAS									
RURAL UNDEVELOPED AREAS					CITIES OR RURAL DEVELOPED AREAS LESS THAN 5,000 POPULATION				
FREEWAYS					MULTILANE UNINTERRUPTED HIGHWAYS				
Lanes	A	B	C	E	Lanes/Level of Service	A	B	C	E
4	20,000	32,000	45,000	56,000	60 MPH POSTED SPEED	14,000	21,000	31,000	40,000
6	30,000	48,000	70,000	86,000	Level of Service	18,000	30,000	42,000	50,000
8	42,000	67,000	96,000	118,000	55 MPH POSTED SPEED	19,000	31,000	44,000	51,000
					Level of Service	20,000	32,000	45,000	52,000
MULTILANE UNINTERRUPTED HIGHWAYS					45 MPH POSTED SPEED				
Lanes/Level of Service	A	B	C	E	Lanes/Level of Service	A	B	C	E
4 Lanes/No Bays	14,000	21,000	31,000	40,000	2 Lanes/No Bays	12,000	18,000	26,000	33,000
4 Undivided Bays	18,000	30,000	42,000	50,000	2 Divided Bays	16,000	27,000	38,000	46,000
4 Divided Bays	19,000	31,000	44,000	51,000	4 Undivided Bays	17,000	28,000	40,000	48,000
6 Divided Bays	20,000	32,000	45,000	52,000	6 Divided Bays	25,000	41,000	60,000	72,000
TWO LANE UNINTERRUPTED HIGHWAYS					TWO LANE UNINTERRUPTED HIGHWAYS				
55 MPH POSTED SPEED					55 MPH POSTED SPEED				
Lanes/Level of Service	A	B	C	E	Lanes/Level of Service	A	B	C	E
2 Lanes/No Bays	2,500	5,000	8,000	13,000	2 Lanes/No Bays	4,200	7,000	10,500	14,000
2 Divided Bays	2,600	5,300	8,600	13,600	2 Divided Bays	5,300	9,000	13,500	18,000
45 MPH POSTED SPEED					45 MPH POSTED SPEED				
Lanes/Level of Service	A	B	C	E	Lanes/Level of Service	A	B	C	E
2 Lanes/No Bays	N/A	2,500	5,000	11,200	2 Lanes/No Bays	N/A	8,200	9,200	13,000
2 Divided Bays	N/A	2,600	5,300	11,300	2 Divided Bays	N/A	7,700	11,400	16,000
EXCLUSIVE PASSING LANE ADJUSTMENTS					EXCLUSIVE PASSING LANE ADJUSTMENTS				
Percent of Miles with Exclusive Passing Lanes	A	B	C	E	Percent of Miles with Exclusive Passing Lanes	A	B	C	E
60+	N/A	2,500	5,000	11,200	60+	N/A	8,200	9,200	13,000
20-59	N/A	2,600	5,300	11,300	20-59	N/A	7,700	11,400	16,000
5-19	N/A	2,700	5,400	11,400	5-19	N/A	7,800	11,500	16,100
1-4	N/A	2,800	5,500	11,500	1-4	N/A	7,900	11,600	16,200
ISOLATED SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS					ISOLATED SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS				
Lanes/Level of Service	A	B	C	E	Lanes/Level of Service	A	B	C	E
2 Lanes/No Bays	N/A	1,200	4,800	10,100	2 Lanes/No Bays	N/A	1,500	6,000	12,600
2 Lanes/1 Bay	N/A	1,300	5,100	10,600	2 Lanes/1 Bay	N/A	1,600	6,400	13,100
4 Lanes/No Bays	N/A	2,500	10,000	20,400	4 Lanes/No Bays	N/A	2,900	11,600	24,000
4 Lanes/1 Bay	N/A	2,600	10,600	21,000	4 Lanes/1 Bay	N/A	3,000	12,200	24,600

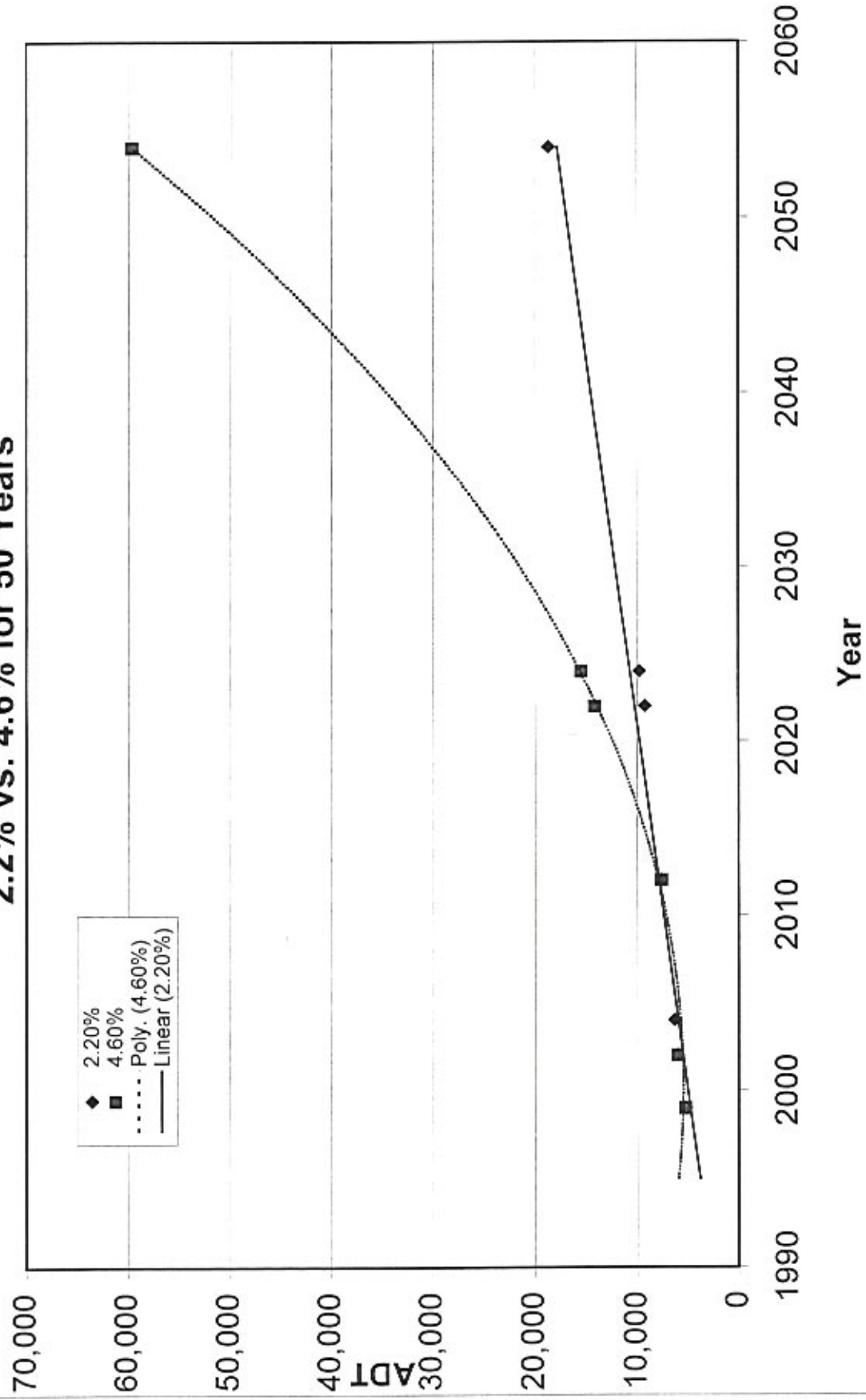
\* The table does not constitute a standard and should be used only for general planning applications. The computer models from which this table is derived should be used for more specific planning applications. The table and existing computer models should not be used for corridor or intersection design, where more refined techniques exist. Values shown are annual average daily volumes (based on 1000 vehicles, not peak-to-peak-to-peak) for levels of service, and are based on the 1997 Update to the Highway Capacity Manual and Florida traffic, roadway, and signalization data. The table's input value assumptions and level of service criteria appear on the following page.

--- Values are comparable because intersection capacities have been reached. September 1998

Source: The Florida Department of Transportation  
System Planning Office  
805 Suwannee Street, Mail Station 19  
Tallahassee, FL 32399-0450  
<http://www.dot.state.fl.us/planning>



# **Tamiami Trail Traffic Growth 2.2% vs. 4.6% for 50 Years**





### **Step 2- Subgrade Properties**

1. Case 1 Subgrade Mr
2. Case 2 Subgrade Mr



### Subgrade Properties

#### Case 1

For this case, the existing pavement remains in place. It was used for the following options:

- Existing Facility Improved
- Alternative 2 Without Water Quality Treatment

For this option, all designs are assumed to include the following cross section:

5" AC (Includes 6" AC with 1" milling)  
12" LBR 40 Granular Base

FWD Testing was completed to determine both a design  $M_{ri}$  value and a design  $SN_{eff}$  value. The testing was completed by ERES Consultants (see the report in the Appendix). Also, see the additional data entitled "Modified FWD Data" which is included in this section for more information.

Assumptions from FWD data:

- The average  $M_{ri}$  value is 6,177 psi and was rounded down to 6,000 psi.
- The 90<sup>th</sup> percentile (value such that 90% of the values are greater)  $M_{ri}$  value was 4,883 psi, which was rounded up to 5,000 psi.
- The Mean + 2 Standard deviations (Reference Florida DOT Flexible Pavement Design Guide Sec. 6.3.1)  $M_{ri}$  value was 15,469 psi which was rounded to 15,000 psi.
- The 90<sup>th</sup> percentile backcalculated  $SN_{eff}$  was 3.5.
- The  $SN_{eff}$ , taking the mean minus 1 standard deviation was 3.6.

It is noted that from the FWD data and the Boring/Geotechnical information summarized in Plate G1-1, there is no obvious



significant influence on the  $M_{ri}$  from the peat level, bedrock level or water table level.

SUMMARY:  $M_{ri} = 5,000$  PSI  
 $SN_{eff} = 3.5$



## Case 2

This option assumes complete muck removal down to the limestone bedrock. It was used for the following options:

- Alternative 2 With Water Quality Treatment and other options requiring new embankment
- Alternative 3 - Both Options
- Alternative 4 - Both Options

### Assumptions:

- Muck removal is completed on a 1:2 Control line per Florida DOT Standard Index #500.
- Select fill to replace the muck is A1-A3 material. Assume LBR of A1-A3 material is 12,000 psi.
- 12" LBR-40 Subgrade stabilization was used in the new construction. This results in a structural coefficient of 0.08.

SUMMARY:  $M_{r1} = 12,000 \text{ PSI}$



### Step 3- Determine Other Variables

1. Other Variables
2. Other Notes
3. Design Elevations



### Other Variables

Section 5 of the Florida DOT pavement design manual was used to determine the additional design variables. They include the following:

- Standard Deviation      **0.45**
- Reliability = **90%** - This is based on the Florida DOT pavement design provided in the example, as well as the fact that it is the high end of the New Rural Arterial Section.

### Other Notes:

- Base extensions of the mainline into the shoulder and outside the shoulder are 4 inches, and based on Florida DOT pavement design guide P. 2.1.
- Muck Removal Limits, and the 1:2 (rise:run) are based on Florida DOT Roadway and Traffic Design Standard Index #500 (January 2000).

### Elevation Data:

This data represents the statistics derived from the PBS&J topographic survey conducted for this project. The data is from the 500' centerline shots and the approximate 1 mile levee shots. For the centerline data, the first few hundred feet (beginning of job to approx. station 745+00) was eliminated because it was coming down from the higher elevation of 16.0. All measurements are in feet.

	<u>Roadway CL</u>	<u>Top of Levee</u>
Average (ft)	10.95	17.1
Maximum (ft)	11.92	21.0
Minimum (ft)	10.06	15.1



#### **Step 4- Pavement Thickness Calculations**

1. Case 1 (Overlay) Calculation
2. Case 2 (New Construction) Calculation
3. Shoulder Pavement Thickness Calculation



### Case 1 (Overlay) Thickness Design

The design variables are repeated here:

- 90% Reliability
- The 90<sup>th</sup> percentile  $M_{ri}$  was 5,000 psi (rounded)
- The 90<sup>th</sup> percentile  $SN_{eff} = 3.5$

#### 50-Year Design Calculations:

- 50-Year Traffic= 11.7 Million ESALS
- $SN_{reqd} = 5.75$  for  $M_{ri} = 5,000$  psi, Design High Water =7.5 ft.
- $SN_{reqd} = 6.17$  for  $M_{ri} = 4,000$  psi, Design High Water =9.3 ft.

#### 50-Year Design, 5,000 psi (DHW = 7.5 FT)

Existing:	$SN_{eff}$ From FWD Testing	3.50
New:	6" AC x 0.44 =	<u>2.64</u>
		6.14 > 5.75 (Req'd) <b>OK</b>

This is the design before the water level increase. Note that the FWD measurements are also measuring the effect of the softer peat layer below, which is already saturated.

To account for the increase in water level and resultant softening of the subgrade material, the  $M_{ri}$  was dropped to 4,000 psi and the design checked. This is also the lowest value on the Florida DOT design charts. The results of that are presented below for comparison.

#### 50-Year Design, 4,000 psi (DHW = 9.3 FT)

Existing:	$SN_{eff}$ From FWD Testing	3.50
New:	6" AC x 0.44 =	<u>2.64</u>
		6.14 < 6.17 (Req'd) <b>OK</b>

The difference is 0.15 inches AC, which is negligible.



From this analysis, the 6" overlay is sufficient to handle an additional rise in the design high water level. Additionally, a 50-year design is conservative in that there will be an overlay every 7 years, which provides the opportunity to increase the thickness gradually over the years if needed.

For the 7 year overlays, the asphalt that has lost some of its load carrying ability (0.15 structural coefficient) will be removed and new asphalt (0.44 structural coefficient) can be added in a manner to either maintain existing grade or to increase the overall pavement structure.



*20-Year Design Calculations:*

To check against the Florida DOT recommended design period, a 20-year design was examined. The following variables change for these calculations:

- 20-Year Traffic= 3.3 Million ESALS
- $SN_{reqd} = 4.83$  for  $M_{R1} = 5,000$  psi, Design High Water =7.5 ft.
- $SN_{reqd} = 5.21$  for  $M_{R1} = 4,000$  psi, Design High Water =9.3 ft.

20-Year Design, 5,000 psi

Existing:	$SN_{eff \text{ from FWD Testing}}$	3.50
New:	$3'' \text{ AC} \times 0.44 =$	<u>1.32</u>
		$4.82 = 4.83 \text{ (Req'd) OK}$

20-Year Design, 4,000 psi

Existing:	$SN_{eff \text{ from FWD Testing}}$	3.50
New:	$4'' \text{ AC} \times 0.44 =$	<u>1.76</u>
		$5.26 > 5.21 \text{ (Req'd) OK}$

Because the Corps. of Engineers has requested a 50 year analysis, 6" is used for the concept development.



*Design Calculations using Florida DOT Reduced Layer Coefficients  
and Florida DOT Recommended Mr*

To check the  $SN_{eff}$  design procedure, an evaluation of the existing pavement using the Florida DOT reduced layer coefficients was used (ref: Florida DOT Flexible Pavement Design Manual, Sec. 6.4.4).

- The pavement is in "Poor" condition based on the Florida DOT Condition survey data (Cracking rating 7 or less). This section of Tamiami Trail is rated 6.
- Mean + 2 Standard deviations (Reference Florida DOT Flexible Pavement Design Guide Sec. 6.3.1)  $M_{ri}$  value of **15,000 psi** was used.
- To account for the raised water level, the layer coefficient for the granular embankment directly below the asphalt was modeled as a weak LBR 30 subgrade. This is conservative because soaked CBRs of 35 or greater were reported in the geotechnical testing. The LBR is  $35/0.8 = 44$ . The structural coefficient of this material was reduced to 0.06 from 0.08, a 25% reduction. This is similar in magnitude to the 20% reduction of the  $M_{ri}$ .
- 50-Year Traffic= 11.7 Million ESALS;  $SN_{reqd} = 3.97$
- 20-Year Traffic= 3.3 Million ESALS;  $SN_{reqd} = 3.24$

50-Year Design, 15,000 psi

Existing:	5" AC x 0.15=	0.75
	12" LBR 30 x 0.06 =	0.72
New:	6" AC x 0.44 =	<u>2.64</u>
		4.11 > 3.97 (Req'd) <b>OK</b>



20-Year Design, 15,000 psi

Existing:	5" AC x 0.15=	0.75
	12" LBR 30 x 0.06 =	0.72
New:	6" AC x 0.44 =	<u>2.64</u>
		4.11 > 3.24 (Req'd) <b>OK</b>

This shows that the a 4" overlay is adequate for the requirements, and the 6" overlay is more than sufficient for the 50 year design using the Florida DOT guidelines.

A check on the areas of overbuild (to get the entire roadway to 11.0 before the overlay begins) was also conducted. It shows that with the overbuild, there is more than sufficient asphalt to support the traffic. The overbuild will consist of up to 12" of asphalt (minimum elevation 10.06). The extreme case is shown below:

50-Year Design, 15,000 psi WITH OVERBUILD

Overbuild:	12" x 0.2 =	2.40
Existing:	5" AC x 0.15=	0.75
	12" LBR 40 x 0.06 =	0.72
New:	6" AC x 0.44 =	<u>2.64</u>
		6.51 > 3.97 (Req'd) <b>OK</b>



Case 2 (New Construction) Thickness Design

The design variables are repeated here:

- 95% Reliability (increased for new construction)
- $M_{ri}$  of the A1-A3 material is 12,000 psi

50-Year Design Calculations:

- 50-Year Traffic = 11.7 Million ESALS
- $SN_{reqd} = 4.56$  for  $M_{ri} = 5,000$  psi

50-Year Design, 5,000 psi

New:	¾" Friction course	0.0
	4" AC Structural x 0.44 =	1.76
	10" Limerock Base x 0.18 =	1.80
	(or Optional Base Group 9)	
	12" LBR 40 Stab. Base x 0.08 =	<u>0.96</u>
		4.52 = 4.56 (Req'd) <b>OK</b>

Note that periodic resurfacings can address any issues that develop in the 50 year design period.



**Shoulder Thickness Design**

The shoulder shall consist of 4" of asphalt surface and 8" limerock base. This exceeds the amount required in Chapter 8 of the Florida DOT design guide, however the construction traffic warrants the thicker surface and base. Since traffic will be shifted onto the shoulders during the construction, as well as future construction and maintenance.



TABLE 5.1

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN RESILIENT MODULUS ( $M_R$ ) AND  
LIMEROCK BEARING RATIO (LBR) SAMPLE VALUES

The following are some Limerock Bearing Ratio (LBR) input values that were input into these equations to obtain Resilient Modulus ( $M_R$ ) values.

Limerock Bearing <u>Ratio (LBR)</u>	Resilient Modulus	
	PSI	MPa
10	4500	30
12	5000	35
14	5500	39
16	6000	43
18	7000	47
20	7500	51
22	8000	54
24	8500	58
26	9000	61
28	9500	65
30	10000	68
32	10500	72
34	11000	75
36	11500	78
38	12000	81
40	12000	84



TABLE 5.2

## RELIABILITY (%R) FOR DIFFERENT ROADWAY FACILITIES

Facility	New	Rehabilitation
Limited Access	80 - (95)	95 - 99
Urban Arterials	80 - 90	90 - 97
Rural Arterials	75 - (90)	90 - (95)
Collectors	75 - 85	90 - 95

← TAMILAN  
TRAIL

**Notes**

The type of roadway is determined by the Office of Planning and can be obtained from the Roadway Characteristics Inventory (RCI).

The designer has some flexibility in selecting values that best fits the project when choosing the Reliability (%R).

Considerations for selecting a reliability level include projected traffic volumes and the consequences involved with early rehabilitation, if actual traffic loadings are greater than anticipated. A detailed discussion of reliability concepts can be found in the AASHTO Guide For Design Of Pavement Structures, .

For traffic volume ranges, refer to Chapter 2, Design Geometrics and Criteria, of the Plans Preparation Manual - Topic No. 625-000-005.



TABLE 5.6

GENERAL USE OPTIONAL BASE GROUPS AND STRUCTURAL NUMBERS  
(STANDARD INDEX 514) (inches)

BASE THICKNESS AND OPTION CODES									
Base Group	Structural Range	Base Group Pay Item Number	Base Options						
			Limerock LBR 100	Cemented Coquina LBR 100	Shell Rock LBR 100	Bank Run Shell LBR 100	Graded Aggregate Base LBR 100	Type B-12.5	B-12.5 And 4" Granular Subbase, LBR 100 *
			Structural Number (Per. in.)						
			(.18)	(.18)	(.18)	(.18)	(.15)	(.30)	(.30 & .15)
1	.65-.75	701	4"	4"	4"	4"	4½"	4" Δ	5" □
2	.80-.90	702	5"	5"	5"	5"	5½"	4" Δ	
3	.95-1.05	703	5½"	5½"	5½"	5½"	6½"	4" Δ	
4	1.05-1.15	704	6"	6"	6"	6"	7½"	4" Δ	
5	1.25-1.35	705	7"	7"	7"	7"	8½"	4½"	
6	1.35-1.50	706	8"	8"	8"	8"	9"	5"	
7	1.50-1.65	707	8½"	8½"	8½"	8½"	10"	5½"	
8	1.65-1.75	708	9½"	9½"	9½"	9½"	11"	5½"	
9	1.75-1.85	709	10"	10"	10"	10"	12"	6"	4"
10	1.90-2.00	710	11"	11"	11"	11"	13" ∅	6½"	4½"
11	2.05-2.15	711	12"	12"	12"	12"	14" ∅	7"	5"
12	2.20-2.30	712	12½"	12½"	12½"	12½"		7½"	5½"
13	2.35-2.45	713	13½" ∅	13½" ∅	13½" ∅	13½" ∅		8"	6"
14	2.45-2.55	714	14" ∅	14" ∅	14" ∅	14" ∅		8½"	6½"
15	2.60-2.70	715						9"	7"

\* For granular subbase, the construction of both the subbase and Type B-12.5 will be paid for under the contract unit price for Optional Base. Granular subbases include Limerock, Cemented Coquina, Shell Rock, Bank Run Shell and Graded Aggregate Base at LBR 100. The base thickness shown is Type B-12.5. All subbase thicknesses are 4".

∅ To be used for widening only, three feet or less.

Δ Based on minimum practical thicknesses.

□ Restricted to non-limited access shoulder base construction.



TABLE 6.1

# REDUCED STRUCTURAL COEFFICIENTS OF ASPHALT MATERIALS PER UNIT THICKNESS

## Recommended Criteria

**Good** - No Cracking, minor rutting/distortion  
**Fair** - Crack Rated 8 or higher, minor rutting and / or distortion  
**Poor** - Cracking or Rutting rated 7 or less

Pavement Condition should be based on the surface appearance of the pavement (cracking, patching, rutting, etc.) and may be supplemented by additional testing.

Layer	Original Design	Pavement Condition		
		Good	Fair	Poor
FC-2 or FC-5	0			
FC-1 or FC-4	0.20	0.17	0.15	0.12
FC-3	0.22	0.20	0.17	0.15
FC-6	0.44	0.34	0.25	0.15
Type S or SP	0.44	0.34	0.25	0.15
Type I	0.37	0.30	0.23	0.15
Type II	0.20	0.17	0.15	0.12
Type III	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.15
Binder	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.15
ABC-1	0.20	0.17	0.14	0.10
ABC-2	0.25	0.20	0.16	0.12
ABC-3	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.15
Type B-12.5	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.15
SAHM	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.08
SBRM	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.08

TAMAMI  
TRAIL  
EXISTING  
ASPHALT



TABLE A.4A

REQUIRED STRUCTURAL NUMBER ( $SN_R$ )

90% RELIABILITY (%R)

RESILIENT MODULUS ( $M_R$ ) RANGE 4000 PSI TO 18000 PSIRESILIENT MODULUS ( $M_R$ ), (PSI  $\times$  1000)

ESAL <sub>D</sub>	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
100 000	3.02	2.77	2.59	2.44	2.31	2.21	2.12	2.04	1.97	1.91	1.86	1.81	1.76	1.72	1.68
150 000	3.23	2.97	2.77	2.61	2.47	2.36	2.27	2.19	2.11	2.05	1.99	1.94	1.89	1.84	1.80
200 000	3.39	3.11	2.90	2.73	2.60	2.48	2.38	2.30	2.22	2.15	2.09	2.03	1.98	1.94	1.89
250 000	3.52	3.23	3.01	2.84	2.69	2.57	2.47	2.38	2.30	2.23	2.17	2.11	2.06	2.01	1.97
300 000	3.62	3.33	3.10	2.92	2.78	2.65	2.55	2.46	2.37	2.30	2.24	2.18	2.12	2.07	2.03
350 000	3.71	3.41	3.18	3.00	2.85	2.72	2.61	2.52	2.44	2.36	2.30	2.23	2.18	2.13	2.08
400 000	3.79	3.49	3.25	3.07	2.91	2.78	2.67	2.58	2.49	2.42	2.35	2.29	2.23	2.18	2.13
450 000	3.87	3.56	3.32	3.13	2.97	2.84	2.73	2.63	2.54	2.46	2.39	2.33	2.27	2.22	2.17
500 000	3.93	3.62	3.38	3.18	3.02	2.89	2.77	2.67	2.59	2.51	2.44	2.37	2.31	2.26	2.21
600 000	4.05	3.73	3.48	3.28	3.12	2.98	2.86	2.76	2.67	2.58	2.51	2.45	2.39	2.33	2.28
700 000	4.14	3.82	3.57	3.36	3.20	3.05	2.93	2.83	2.73	2.65	2.58	2.51	2.45	2.39	2.34
800 000	4.23	3.90	3.64	3.44	3.27	3.12	3.00	2.89	2.80	2.71	2.63	2.57	2.50	2.44	2.39
900 000	4.31	3.97	3.71	3.51	3.33	3.18	3.06	2.95	2.85	2.76	2.69	2.62	2.55	2.49	2.44
1 000 000	4.38	4.04	3.78	3.57	3.39	3.24	3.11	3.00	2.90	2.81	2.73	2.66	2.60	2.54	2.48
1 500 000	4.65	4.30	4.03	3.81	3.62	3.46	3.33	3.21	3.10	3.01	2.92	2.85	2.78	2.71	2.65
2 000 000	4.85	4.50	4.21	3.99	3.79	3.63	3.49	3.36	3.25	3.16	3.07	2.99	2.91	2.85	2.78
2 500 000	5.01	4.65	4.36	4.13	3.93	3.76	3.62	3.49	3.38	3.27	3.18	3.10	3.02	2.95	2.89
3 000 000	5.14	4.77	4.48	4.25	4.05	3.88	3.73	3.60	3.48	3.37	3.28	3.19	3.12	3.04	2.98
3 500 000	5.25	4.88	4.59	4.35	4.14	3.97	3.82	3.69	3.57	3.46	3.36	3.28	3.20	3.12	3.06
4 000 000	5.35	4.98	4.68	4.44	4.23	4.06	3.90	3.77	3.65	3.54	3.44	3.35	3.27	3.19	3.12
4 500 000	5.44	5.06	4.76	4.52	4.31	4.13	3.98	3.84	3.72	3.61	3.51	3.42	3.33	3.26	3.19
5 000 000	5.52	5.14	4.83	4.59	4.38	4.20	4.04	3.90	3.78	3.67	3.57	3.47	3.39	3.31	3.24
6 000 000	5.66	5.27	4.96	4.71	4.50	4.32	4.16	4.02	3.89	3.78	3.67	3.58	3.49	3.41	3.34
7 000 000	5.78	5.38	5.07	4.82	4.61	4.42	4.26	4.12	3.99	3.87	3.77	3.67	3.58	3.50	3.43
8 000 000	5.88	5.48	5.17	4.91	4.70	4.51	4.35	4.20	4.07	3.95	3.85	3.75	3.66	3.58	3.50
9 000 000	5.97	5.57	5.26	5.00	4.78	4.59	4.43	4.28	4.15	4.03	3.92	3.82	3.73	3.65	3.57
10 000 000	6.06	5.65	5.33	5.07	4.85	4.66	4.50	4.35	4.22	4.10	3.99	3.89	3.79	3.71	3.63
15 000 000	6.39	5.97	5.64	5.37	5.14	4.95	4.77	4.62	4.48	4.36	4.25	4.14	4.05	3.96	3.88
20 000 000	6.63	6.20	5.86	5.59	5.35	5.15	4.98	4.82	4.68	4.55	4.44	4.33	4.23	4.14	4.06
25 000 000	6.82	6.38	6.04	5.76	5.52	5.32	5.14	4.98	4.84	4.71	4.59	4.48	4.38	4.29	4.20
30 000 000	6.98	6.53	6.18	5.90	5.66	5.45	5.27	5.11	4.96	4.83	4.71	4.60	4.50	4.41	4.32
35 000 000	7.12	6.66	6.31	6.02	5.78	5.57	5.38	5.22	5.07	4.94	4.82	4.71	4.61	4.51	4.42
40 000 000	7.24	6.78	6.42	6.13	5.88	5.67	5.48	5.32	5.17	5.04	4.91	4.80	4.70	4.60	4.51
45 000 000	7.34	6.88	6.52	6.22	5.97	5.76	5.57	5.41	5.26	5.12	5.00	4.88	4.78	4.68	4.59
50 000 000	7.44	6.97	6.61	6.31	6.06	5.84	5.65	5.49	5.34	5.20	5.07	4.96	4.85	4.76	4.66
60 000 000	7.61	7.13	6.76	6.46	6.21	5.99	5.79	5.62	5.47	5.33	5.21	5.09	4.98	4.88	4.79
70 000 000	7.76	7.27	6.90	6.59	6.33	6.11	5.91	5.74	5.59	5.45	5.32	5.20	5.09	4.99	4.90
80 000 000	7.88	7.40	7.01	6.70	6.44	6.22	6.02	5.85	5.69	5.55	5.42	5.30	5.19	5.09	4.99
90 000 000	8.00	7.51	7.12	6.80	6.54	6.31	6.11	5.94	5.78	5.64	5.51	5.39	5.28	5.17	5.08
100 000 000	8.10	7.60	7.21	6.90	6.63	6.40	6.20	6.02	5.86	5.72	5.59	5.47	5.35	5.25	5.15

3.48 ← 3.53  
3.574.22 ← 4.308  
4.48



TABLE A.7A

REQUIRED STRUCTURAL NUMBER ( $SN_R$ )  
 95% RELIABILITY (%R)  
 RESILIENT MODULUS ( $M_R$ ) RANGE 4000 PSI TO 18000 PSI

RESILIENT MODULUS ( $M_R$ ), (PSI  $\times$  1000)

ESAL <sub>0</sub>	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
100 000	3.22	2.95	2.75	2.59	2.46	2.35	2.26	2.18	2.10	2.04	1.98	1.93	1.88	1.83	1.79
150 000	3.44	3.16	2.94	2.77	2.63	2.52	2.42	2.33	2.25	2.18	2.12	2.06	2.01	1.97	1.92
200 000	3.60	3.31	3.09	2.91	2.76	2.64	2.54	2.44	2.36	2.29	2.23	2.17	2.11	2.06	2.02
250 000	3.74	3.43	3.20	3.02	2.87	2.74	2.63	2.54	2.45	2.38	2.31	2.25	2.19	2.14	2.10
300 000	3.85	3.54	3.30	3.11	2.96	2.83	2.71	2.61	2.53	2.45	2.38	2.32	2.26	2.21	2.16
350 000	3.94	3.63	3.39	3.19	3.03	2.90	2.78	2.68	2.59	2.52	2.44	2.38	2.32	2.27	2.22
400 000	4.03	3.71	3.46	3.26	3.10	2.96	2.85	2.74	2.65	2.57	2.50	2.43	2.37	2.32	2.27
450 000	4.10	3.78	3.53	3.33	3.16	3.02	2.90	2.80	2.70	2.62	2.55	2.48	2.42	2.36	2.31
500 000	4.17	3.84	3.59	3.39	3.22	3.07	2.95	2.85	2.75	2.67	2.59	2.53	2.46	2.41	2.35
600 000	4.29	3.96	3.70	3.49	3.32	3.17	3.04	2.93	2.84	2.75	2.67	2.60	2.54	2.48	2.43
700 000	4.39	4.05	3.79	3.58	3.40	3.25	3.12	3.01	2.91	2.82	2.74	2.67	2.61	2.55	2.49
800 000	4.48	4.14	3.87	3.66	3.48	3.32	3.19	3.08	2.98	2.89	2.80	2.73	2.66	2.60	2.55
900 000	4.56	4.22	3.95	3.73	3.54	3.39	3.25	3.14	3.03	2.94	2.86	2.78	2.72	2.65	2.60
1 000 000	4.63	4.28	4.01	3.79	3.60	3.45	3.31	3.19	3.09	2.99	2.91	2.83	2.76	2.70	2.64
1 500 000	4.91	4.56	4.27	4.04	3.85	3.68	3.54	3.41	3.30	3.20	3.11	3.03	2.96	2.89	2.83
2 000 000	5.12	4.75	4.46	4.23	4.03	3.86	3.71	3.58	3.46	3.36	3.26	3.18	3.10	3.03	2.96
2 500 000	5.28	4.91	4.62	4.37	4.17	4.00	3.84	3.71	3.59	3.48	3.39	3.30	3.22	3.14	3.08
3 000 000	5.42	5.04	4.74	4.50	4.29	4.11	3.96	3.82	3.70	3.59	3.49	3.40	3.32	3.24	3.17
3 500 000	5.53	5.15	4.85	4.60	4.39	4.21	4.05	3.92	3.79	3.68	3.58	3.49	3.40	3.32	3.25
4 000 000	5.64	5.25	4.94	4.69	4.48	4.30	4.14	4.00	3.87	3.76	3.66	3.56	3.48	3.40	3.32
4 500 000	5.73	5.33	5.03	4.77	4.56	4.38	4.22	4.07	3.95	3.83	3.73	3.63	3.54	3.46	3.39
5 000 000	5.81	5.41	5.10	4.85	4.63	4.45	4.28	4.14	4.01	3.90	3.79	3.69	3.61	3.52	3.45
6 000 000	5.95	5.55	5.24	4.98	4.76	4.57	4.41	4.26	4.13	4.01	3.90	3.80	3.71	3.63	3.55
7 000 000	6.07	5.67	5.35	5.09	4.87	4.68	4.51	4.36	4.23	4.11	4.00	3.90	3.81	3.72	3.64
8 000 000	6.18	5.77	5.45	5.18	4.96	4.77	4.60	4.45	4.32	4.19	4.08	3.98	3.89	3.80	3.72
9 000 000	6.28	5.86	5.54	5.27	5.05	4.85	4.68	4.53	4.39	4.27	4.16	4.06	3.96	3.87	3.79
10 000 000	6.36	5.95	5.62	5.35	5.12	4.93	4.75	4.60	4.46	4.34	4.23	4.12	4.03	3.94	3.86
15 000 000	6.70	6.27	5.93	5.65	5.42	5.22	5.04	4.88	4.74	4.61	4.50	4.39	4.29	4.20	4.11
20 000 000	6.95	6.51	6.16	5.88	5.64	5.43	5.25	5.09	4.94	4.81	4.69	4.58	4.48	4.39	4.30
25 000 000	7.15	6.70	6.34	6.05	5.81	5.60	5.41	5.25	5.10	4.97	4.85	4.74	4.63	4.54	4.45
30 000 000	7.32	6.86	6.49	6.20	5.95	5.74	5.55	5.39	5.24	5.10	4.98	4.86	4.76	4.66	4.57
35 000 000	7.46	6.99	6.62	6.33	6.07	5.86	5.67	5.50	5.35	5.21	5.09	4.97	4.87	4.77	4.68
40 000 000	7.58	7.11	6.74	6.44	6.18	5.96	5.77	5.60	5.45	5.31	5.19	5.07	4.96	4.86	4.77
45 000 000	7.69	7.21	6.84	6.53	6.28	6.06	5.86	5.69	5.54	5.40	5.27	5.15	5.05	4.95	4.85
50 000 000	7.79	7.31	6.93	6.62	6.36	6.14	5.95	5.77	5.62	5.48	5.35	5.23	5.12	5.02	4.93
60 000 000	7.97	7.48	7.09	6.78	6.52	6.29	6.09	5.92	5.76	5.62	5.49	5.37	5.26	5.15	5.06
70 000 000	8.12	7.62	7.23	6.91	6.65	6.42	6.22	6.04	5.88	5.73	5.60	5.48	5.37	5.27	5.17
80 000 000	8.26	7.75	7.35	7.03	6.76	6.53	6.32	6.14	5.98	5.84	5.70	5.58	5.47	5.36	5.27
90 000 000	8.38	7.86	7.46	7.14	6.86	6.63	6.42	6.24	6.08	5.93	5.80	5.67	5.56	5.45	5.35
100 000 000	8.48	7.96	7.56	7.23	6.95	6.72	6.51	6.33	6.16	6.01	5.88	5.75	5.64	5.53	5.43



Life Cycle Cost Calculations

1. Assumptions
2. Overlay Existing Pavement Costs
3. Overlay New Costs
4. Overbuild Calculations
5. ~~2006~~ Overlay Cost Calculation



**Life Cycle Cost (LCC) General Assumptions**

All Alternatives

- Discount rate is the difference between the market interest rate and the construction inflation rate, and is assumed to be 4% for all calculations.
- Guardrail replacement cost is \$11 LF, based on PBS&J cost estimation found in different section of the report. The total replacement cost is  $(11 \times 2 \times 5280) = \$116,000$ .
- Asphalt concrete price is \$38/ton.
- No user costs are considered in the alternatives. These would normally include traffic delay costs, vehicle operating costs, accident costs, and discomfort costs.
- Costs for traffic control are not included.
- No salvage value is assumed.
- Striping/Pavement marking is included in these costs.
- 50-year design/rehabilitation life.

**LCC- Overlay Existing**

Alternatives: Existing Facility Improved, Alt. 1, Alt. 2 Without Water Quality Treatment

Assumptions for this alternative:

- Assume that guardrail will be replaced in 30 years. Using the replacement cost developed above, the present worth of the guardrail replacement cost is \$36,000. This cost was rolled up into other rehabilitation costs and was not considered further, because it is small.
- 
- Mainline pavement details:  
12' wide  
Mill  $\frac{3}{4}$ " F.C and 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Structural Course= 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ " Total Milling  
Replace  $\frac{3}{4}$ " F.C and 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Structural Course= 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ " Total Replacement  
Therefore, there will be no elevation change.
- Shoulder pavement details:  
8' wide each side  
Mill 1" Structural Course  
Replace 1" Structural Course  
Therefore, there will be no elevation change.
- Overbuild required to restore cross-slope because of settlement. Assume 25% of roadway area requires overbuild during each resurfacing. Extent of overbuild is from 0" at the centerline to 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ " 12' from the centerline. This amounts to an additional 1525 tons of asphalt concrete surface course per overlay cycle.
- See spreadsheets for costs for differing overlay intervals, however an overlay interval of 7 years is assumed based on the life and performance of the overlay from 1993 to the present.
- Square Yard cost per maintenance treatment is \$21.25. Total life cycle cost is **\$54.32** for a 7 year cycle (6 treatments).



**LCC- Overlay New**

Alternatives: Alt. 2 With Water Quality Treatment (2, 2C,2D), Alt. 3 With AND Without Water, Quality Treatment, Alt. 4 With AND Without Water Quality Treatment

Assumptions for this alternative:

- Costs of guardrail replacement are rolled into other costs and treated the same as the guardrail was treated for the overlay option.
- Mainline:  
12' wide  
Mill  $\frac{3}{4}$ " F.C and  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Structural Course=  $3\frac{1}{4}$ " Total Milling  
Replace  $\frac{3}{4}$ " F.C and  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Structural Course=  $3\frac{1}{4}$ " Total Replacement  
Therefore, there will be no elevation change.
- Shoulder:  
5' wide each side  
Mill 1" Structural Course  
Replace 1" Structural Course
- See spreadsheets for costs for differing overlay intervals, however an overlay interval of 12 years is assumed based on the life and performance new construction (with no muck) around the state is typically about 14 years. To account for any impacts due to being surrounded by swamp, the life is reduced to 12 years.
- Square Yard cost per maintenance treatment is \$15.83. Total life cycle cost is **\$19.92** for a 12-year cycle (3 treatments).





# Tamiami Trail Alternates Study

Job. No: 11032.05  
 Sheet No.:  
 Date: 12/18/2000  
 Comp. By: MCJ  
 Chk By:

Subject: **LC Cost Calculations: Overlay Existing**

Alternatives: Existing Facility Improved  
 Alt. 1  
 Alt. 2 Without Water Quality Treatment

Mill 3 1/4" & Add Level Wedge, 2-1/2" Asphalt + 3/4" Friction Course  
 Per 1 Mile (2 Lanes)

## ESTIMATED PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST

ITEM NO.	ITEM DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL COST
327- 70- 6	MILLING EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT (3" AVG.)	14,080	SY	\$1.10	\$15,488.00
331- 72- 10	TYPE S ASPHALTIC CONCRETE (2-1/2")	14,080	SY	\$4.25	\$59,840.00
	TYPE S ASPHALTIC CONCRETE (Overbuild)	1,525	TON	\$38.00	\$57,950.00
337- 7- 2	ASPH. CONC. FRICTION COURSE (5/8") (FC-5) (RUBBER) (GRA	15,254	SY	\$1.65	\$25,169.10
300- 1- 3	BITUMINOUS MATERIAL (TACK COAT)	1,408	GA	\$1.00	\$1,408.00
546- 72- 51	RUMBLE STRIP (GROUND-IN) (16" MIN. WIDTH)	2	PM	\$1,000.00	\$2,000.00
706- 1- 12	REFLECTIVE PAVEMENT MARKERS (CLASS B)	132	EA	\$3.60	\$475.20
706- 2	REMOVAL OF EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKERS	132	EA	\$0.65	\$85.80
710- 21	SKIP TRAFFIC STRIPE (W/B)	1	GM	\$255.00	\$255.00
710- 25- 61	SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE (W/B) (SOLID) (6")	5,280	LF	\$0.20	\$1,056.00
710- 26- 61	SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE (Y) (SOLID) (6")	5,280	LF	\$0.20	\$1,056.00
711- 31- 9P	TRAFFIC STRIPE SKIP (PPRT) (9" B/W CONTRAST) (10'-30')	1	GM	\$6,000.00	\$6,000.00
711- 37- 61P	TRAFFIC STRIPE SOLID (PPRT) (6" WHITE)	1	NM	\$14,000.00	\$14,000.00
711- 38- 61P	TRAFFIC STRIPE SOLID (PPRT) (6" YELLOW)	1	NM	\$14,000.00	\$14,000.00
Shoulder, 8' wide					
327- 70- 6	MILLING EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT (1" AVG.)	11,147	SY	\$0.75	\$8,360.00
331- 72- 10	TYPE S ASPHALTIC CONCRETE (1")	11,147	SY	\$1.80	\$20,064.00

SUB-TOTAL	\$227,207.10
EROSION CONTROL (1%)	\$2,272.07
SUB-TOTAL	\$229,479.17
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC (5%)	\$11,473.96
SUB-TOTAL	\$240,953.13
MOBILIZATION (8%)	\$19,276.25
SUB-TOTAL	\$260,229.38
CONTINGENCY (15%)	\$39,034.41
TOTAL	\$299,263.79

**TOTALS:** **\$149,631.89** Per Lane Mile  
**\$2.36** Per Sq. Foot  
**\$21.25** Per Sq. Yard





## Tamiami Trail Alternates Study

Job. No: **11032.05**  
Sheet No.:  
Date: **#####**  
Comp. By: **MCJ**  
Chk By:

Subject: **LC Cost Calculations: Overlay Existing**

Alternatives: Existing Facility Improved  
Alt. 1  
Alt. 2 Without Water Quality Treatment

Note: Figures shown are for SY

Disc. Rate 0.04

**10 Year Resurfacing Cycle**

Year	Cost	Factor	PW Cost
0		1.00	\$0.00
10	\$21.25	0.68	\$14.36
20	\$21.25	0.46	\$9.70
30	\$21.25	0.31	\$6.55
40	\$21.25	0.21	\$4.43
Sum			\$35.04

**8 Year Resurfacing Cycle**

Year	Cost	Factor	PW Cost
0		1.00	\$0.00
8	\$21.25	0.73	\$15.53
16	\$21.25	0.53	\$11.35
24	\$21.25	0.39	\$8.29
32	\$21.25	0.29	\$6.06
40	\$21.25	0.21	\$4.43
Sum			\$45.66

**7 Year Resurfacing Cycle**

Year	Cost	Factor	PW Cost
0		1.00	\$0.00
7	\$21.25	0.76	\$16.15
14	\$21.25	0.58	\$12.27
21	\$21.25	0.44	\$9.33
28	\$21.25	0.33	\$7.09
35	\$21.25	0.25	\$5.39
42	\$21.25	0.19	\$4.09
Sum			\$54.32

**6 Year Resurfacing Cycle**

Year	Cost	Factor	PW Cost
0		1.00	\$0.00
6	\$21.25	0.79	\$16.80
12	\$21.25	0.62	\$13.28
18	\$21.25	0.49	\$10.49
24	\$21.25	0.39	\$8.29
30	\$21.25	0.31	\$6.55
36	\$21.25	0.24	\$5.18
42	\$21.25	0.19	\$4.09
Sum			\$64.68





# Tamiami Trail Alternates Study

Job. No: 11032.05  
 Sheet No.:  
 Date: 12/18/2000  
 Comp. By: MCJ  
 Chk By:

Subject: **LC Cost Calculations: New then OL**  
 Alternatives: Alt. 2 With Water Quality Treatment  
 Alt. 2 With Water Quality Treatment  
 Alt. 3 With AND Without Water Quality Treatment  
 Alt. 4 With AND Without Water Quality Treatment

Mill 3 1/4" & 2-1/2" Asphalt + 3/4" Friction Course  
 Per 1 Mile (2 Lanes)

## ESTIMATED PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST

ITEM NO.	ITEM DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL COST
327- 70- 6	MILLING EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT (3" AVG.)	14,080	SY	\$1.10	\$15,488.00
331- 72- 10	TYPE S ASPHALTIC CONCRETE (2-1/2")	14,080	SY	\$4.25	\$59,840.00
337- 7- 2	ASPH. CONC. FRICTION COURSE (3/4") (FC-5) (RUBBER) (GRAN.)	15,254	SY	\$1.65	\$25,169.10
300- 1- 3	BITUMINOUS MATERIAL (TACK COAT)	1,408	GA	\$1.00	\$1,408.00
546- 72- 51	RUMBLE STRIP (GROUND-IN) (16" MIN. WIDTH)	2	PM	\$1,000.00	\$2,000.00
706- 1- 12	REFLECTIVE PAVEMENT MARKERS (CLASS B)	132	EA	\$3.60	\$475.20
706- 2	REMOVAL OF EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKERS	132	EA	\$0.65	\$85.80
710- 21	SKIP TRAFFIC STRIPE (W/B)	1	GM	\$255.00	\$255.00
710- 25- 61	SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE (W/B) (SOLID) (6")	5,280	LF	\$0.20	\$1,056.00
710- 26- 61	SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE (Y) (SOLID) (6")	5,280	LF	\$0.20	\$1,056.00
711- 31- 9P	TRAFFIC STRIPE SKIP (PPRT) (9" B/W CONTRAST) (10'-30')	1	GM	\$6,000.00	\$6,000.00
711- 37- 61P	TRAFFIC STRIPE SOLID (PPRT) (6" WHITE)	1	NM	\$14,000.00	\$14,000.00
711- 38- 61P	TRAFFIC STRIPE SOLID (PPRT) (6" YELLOW)	1	NM	\$14,000.00	\$14,000.00
Shoulder, 5' wide					
327- 70- 6	MILLING EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT (1" AVG.)	11,147	SY	\$0.75	\$8,360.00
331- 72- 10	TYPE S ASPHALTIC CONCRETE (1")	11,147	SY	\$1.80	\$20,064.00

SUB-TOTAL	\$169,257.10
EROSION CONTROL (1%)	\$1,692.57
SUB-TOTAL	\$170,949.67
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC (5%)	\$8,547.48
SUB-TOTAL	\$179,497.15
MOBILIZATION (8%)	\$14,359.77
SUB-TOTAL	\$193,856.93
CONTINGENCY (15%)	\$29,078.54
TOTAL	\$222,935.47

**TOTALS:** **\$111,467.73 Per Lane Mile**  
**\$1.76 Per Sq. Foot**  
**\$15.83 Per Sq. Yard**





Tamiami Trail Alternates Study

Job. No: **11032.05**  
Sheet No.:  
Date: **12/18/2000**  
Comp. By: **MCJ**  
Chk By:

Subject: **LC Cost Calculations: New then OL (Opt. 2N, 3N, 3T, 4N, 4T)**

Alternatives: Alt. 2 With Water Quality Treatment (2, 2C, 2D)  
Alt. 3 With AND Without Water Quality Treatment  
Alt. 4 With AND Without Water Quality Treatment

Note: Figures shown are for SY  
Disc. Rate 0.04

12 Year Resurfacing Cycle			
Year	Cost	Factor	PW Cost
0		1.00	\$0.00
12	\$15.83	0.62	\$9.89
24	\$15.83	0.39	\$6.18
36	\$15.83	0.24	\$3.86
Sum			\$19.92

10 Year Resurfacing Cycle			
Year	Cost	Factor	PW Cost
0		1.00	\$0.00
10	\$15.83	0.68	\$10.70
20	\$15.83	0.46	\$7.23
30	\$15.83	0.31	\$4.88
40	\$15.83	0.21	\$3.30
Sum			\$26.10

8 Year Resurfacing Cycle			
Year	Cost	Factor	PW Cost
0		1.00	\$0.00
8	\$15.83	0.73	\$11.57
16	\$15.83	0.53	\$8.45
24	\$15.83	0.39	\$6.18
32	\$15.83	0.29	\$4.51
40	\$15.83	0.21	\$3.30
Sum			\$34.01

6 Year Resurfacing Cycle			
Year	Cost	Factor	PW Cost
0		1.00	\$0.00
6	\$15.83	0.79	\$12.51
12	\$15.83	0.62	\$9.89
18	\$15.83	0.49	\$7.82
24	\$15.83	0.39	\$6.18
30	\$15.83	0.31	\$4.88
36	\$15.83	0.24	\$3.86
42	\$15.83	0.19	\$3.05
Sum			\$48.18





SUBJECT: LCC - OVERBUILD CALCS

COMP. BY: mef  
CHK. BY: \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE: 9/25/00  
SHEET NO: \_\_\_\_\_  
JOB NO: \_\_\_\_\_

AREA OF OVERBUILD FOR "OVERLAY EXISTING"



$$\text{Vol} = \left( \frac{1.5'}{12''/\text{ft}} \times \frac{1}{2} \right) \times 12' \times (11 \text{ miles} \times 5280 \text{ ft/mile}) \times 2 \text{ LANES} \times 25\%$$
$$= 21,780 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$\text{Asph. Tonnage} = 21,780 \text{ ft}^3 \times 140 \text{ lb/ft}^3 \times \frac{1 \text{ TON}}{2000 \text{ lb}} = \underline{\underline{1524 \text{ TON}}}$$





SUBJECT: 2006 Estimate - TT

COMP. BY: mf  
 CHK. BY: \_\_\_\_\_  
 DATE: 9/5/00  
 SHEET NO: \_\_\_\_\_  
 JOB NO: \_\_\_\_\_

2006 estimate

Mainline: Mill 2", add 1.5" Struct.,  $\frac{3}{4}"$  F.C. =  $\frac{13.75}{SY.}$   
 (incl. striping, etc.)

Shldr: Mill 1.0", add 1" Struct.  
 Mill 1"

=  $\frac{3.00}{SY.}$   
 (no striping, etc.)

form (occur) =  $13.75/SY =$

Area: STN  $\frac{1299+46}{730+00}$   
 $56946 = 10.785 \text{ Mi.}$

Mainl. =  $\frac{56,946 \times 26'}{9 \frac{1}{2}/yd^2} = 164,510 \text{ S.Y. Pavement}$

Shldr. =  $\frac{56,946 \times 18'}{9 \frac{1}{2}/yd^2} = 113,892 \text{ SY. Shoulder}$

ESTS:

Mainl.  $164510 \times 13.75 = 2.3 \text{ million}$

Shldr.  $113892 \times 3 = 0.34 \text{ mil}$

2.6 Million



### Appendix C-5 – Pavement Core Data



**TAMIAMI TRAIL ALTERNATIVES STUDY**  
**PAVEMENT CORES DATA SHEET**  
 LAW PROJECT NO. 40700-0-2369

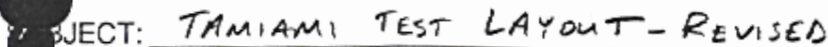
Core Number	Pavement Courses	Description of Cracks
DCB-5	1/2 inch wearing course	Vertical crack full depth
	2 1/2 inch Structural	Vertical crack full depth
	3 inch Structural	Vertical crack full depth
DCB-20	1/2 inch wearing course	No Cracking
	5 inch Strucutral	No Cracking
CB-25	1/2 inch wearing course	No Cracking
	3 1/8 Structural	No Cracking
DCB-40	1/2 inch wearing course	No Cracking
	10 5/8 inch Structural	No Cracking
CB-60	3/8 inch Wearing Course	No Cracking
	7 1/8 inch Structural	No Cracking
DCB-65	2 inch Structural	No Cracking
CB-80	1/2 Wearing Course	No Cracking
	9 3/8 inch Structural	No Cracking
DCB-85	5/8 inch Wearing Course	No Cracking
	4 inch Structural	No Cracking
DCB-100	3/8 inch Wearing Course	No Cracking
	6 5/8 inch Structural	No Cracking
CB-106	1/2 inch Wearing course	No Cracking
	1 7/8 inch Structural	No Cracking




TAMIAMI TRAIL ALTERNATIVES STUDY  
PAVEMENT CORES DATA SHEET  
LAW PROJECT NO. 40700-0-2369

Core Number	Height(in)	Diameter(in)	Volume(ft^3)	Weight(lb)	Density(lb/ft^3)
DCB-5	5.788	6.672	0.117	16.241	138.81
DCB-20	5.594	5.667	0.082	10.965	133.72
CB-25	3.639	6.718	0.075	9.48	126.39
DCB-40	11.3	5.702	0.167	22.605	135.36
CB-60	7.491	5.714	0.111	14.872	133.98
DCB-65	1.945	6.683	0.039	5.207	133.51
CB-80	9.916	5.723	0.148	19.681	132.98
DCB-85	4.619	6.512	0.089	12.758	143.35
DCB-100	7.019	6.605	0.139	17.895	128.74
CB-106	3.336	6.575	0.066	9.069	137.41







COMP. BY: mef  
CHK. BY: \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE: 7/11/00  
SHEET NO: \_\_\_\_\_  
JOB NO: 011032.05

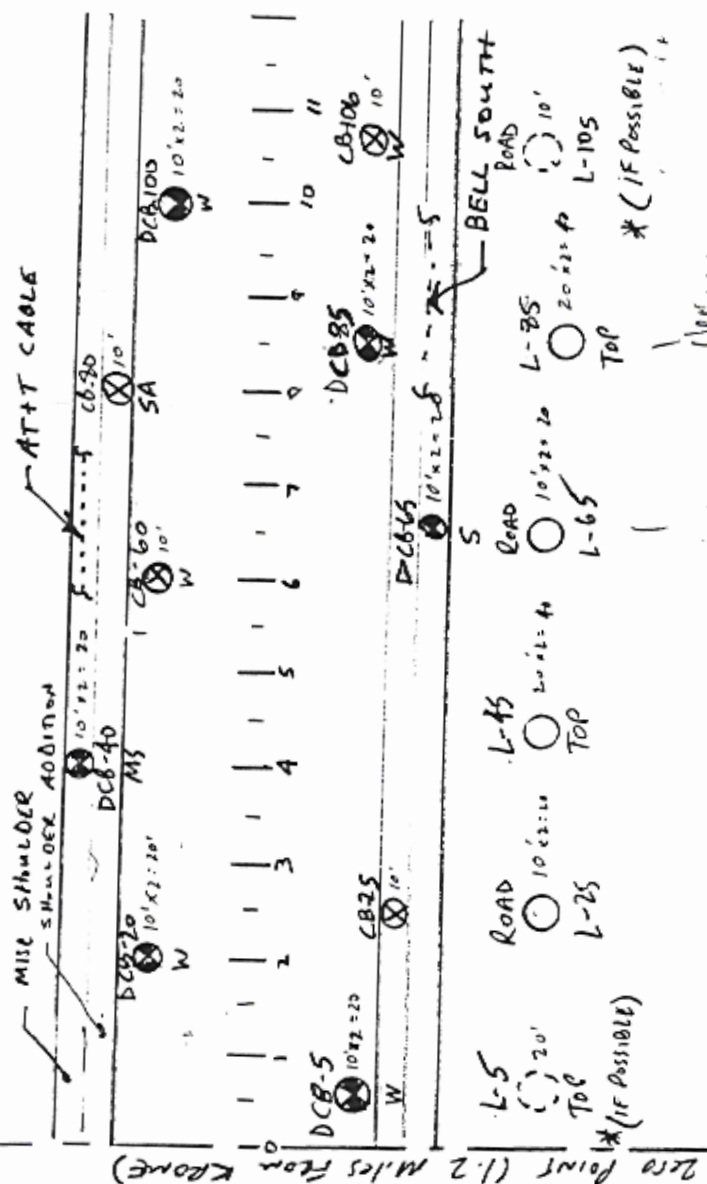
 CB  
 CORE/SPT IN ROADWAY      To 10'

---

 DCB  
 = CORE/SPT / DRILL IN ROADWAY      Drill for LBE/CSE/GEADATIONS

---


 = SPT/DRILL ON LEVEE



DATA = 160  
6 <sup>10</sup>class (0.68)  
10 <sup>10</sup>corrs (0.8)  
10 <sup>10</sup>thick  
10 <sup>10</sup>crack down  
10 <sup>10</sup>layoff  
6 <sup>10</sup>graduation  
5 <sup>10</sup>color  
6 <sup>10</sup>color  
6 <sup>10</sup>color  
6 <sup>10</sup>practise

ORILL: 120  
4 <sup>10</sup>user class  
4 <sup>10</sup>graduation  
4 <sup>10</sup>coloring  
4 <sup>10</sup>color  
4 <sup>10</sup>color  
4 <sup>10</sup>practise

total  $\alpha.11 = 280$





SUBJECT: LEVEE CORING LOCATIONS - TAMiami TRAIL

COMP. BY: mcf

CHK. BY: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: 8/7/00

SHEET NO: \_\_\_\_\_

JOB NO: \_\_\_\_\_

LOCATION

LANDMARK

10' S. of

T-5 → SR90-112

R-25 → Right e SR90-90

T-45 → 288' E of SR90-68

R-65 → 40' W of SR90-47

T-85 → adjacent to DCB-85

R-105 → across from DCB 106

T= TOP (top of levee)

R= Road (canal seal)



APP D



## **APPENDIX D        STRUCTURES ANALYSIS**

**Appendix D-1                Unit Prices and Cost Summary**

**Appendix D-2                Alternatives 1 and 2**

**Appendix D-3                Alternatives 1 and 2 North Canal Detour**

**Appendix D-4                Alternatives 2C and 2D**

**Appendix D-5                Alternative 3**

**Appendix D-6                Alternative 5**



## Appendix D-1

### Unit Prices and Cost Summary



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS  
Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida**



Done by: M. LeComte

Checked by: C. Li

**UNIT PRICES**

November 29, 2000

f:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternatives-1,2,4\Type A Bridges 1 and 4.xls\COST

Unit prices assumed for cost analysis:

<u>SUPERSTRUCTURE ITEMS:</u>	<u>UNIT</u>	<u>UNIT PRICE</u>
Concrete	CY	\$310
Reinforcing Steel	lbs	\$0.45
Bridge Floor Grooving	SY	\$2.50
Traffic Railing Barrier	Ft	\$35
Expansion Joints	Ft	\$84
Neoprene Bearing Pads	CF	\$425
AASHTO Beams		
Type II	Ft	\$54
Type III	Ft	\$67
Type IV	Ft	\$84
Type V	Ft	\$92
Type VI	Ft	\$110
FBT72	Ft	\$97
FBT78	Ft	\$110
Florida Double Tees		
FDT18	Ft	\$180
FDT24	Ft	\$215
FDT30	Ft	\$250
Precast Slab Units	CY	\$750
<u>SUBSTRUCTURE ITEMS:</u>		
Concrete	CY	\$415
Reinforcing Steel	lbs	\$0.45
Prestressed Piles (18" square)		
Piling, Driven & Furnished	Ft	\$33
Test Pile	Ft	\$160
Pile Splice	Each	\$110
Pile Hole Preformed	Each	\$200
Prestressed Piles (24" square)		
Piling, Driven & Furnished	Ft	\$46
Test Pile	Ft	\$160
Pile Splice	Each	\$170
Pile Hole Preformed	Each	\$200
Drilled Shaft (36" diameter)		
Drilled Shaft	Ft	\$220
Test Load	Each	\$50,000
Temporary Casing	Ft	
Core (Shaft Excavation)	Ft	
Casing, Steel (Splice included in shaft price)	Each	
Excavation, Unclassified Shaft	Ft	
Drilled Shaft Sidewall Over Reaming	Ft	
Excavation, Unclassified Extra depth	Ft	
Steel Sheet Pile	SF	\$16
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)		5%
Contingency (15% of Construction Cost)		15%



STRUCTURAL COST COMPARISON OF ALTERNATIVES

[STRUCTUTDesign] Tamiami-Trail design cost analysis (Detailed Summary.xls) (RESULT)

RESULTS OF COST COMPARISON STUDY:

Description:	Alternatives 1, 2 & 4 (Bridges 1 & 4)	Alternatives 1, 2 & 4 (Bridges 2 & 3)	Alternative 5
Bridge Type:	Type A	Type B	Type H
Total bridge length:	475.00 Ft.	345.50 Ft.	59220.00 Ft.
Bridge Width:	43.08 Ft.	43.08 Ft.	43.08 Ft.
Optimum Span Arrangement:	11 spans at 43.18 FT.	8 spans at 43.19 FT.	555 spans at 106.70 FT.
Most economical superstructure type:	Type II	Type II	Type V
Most economical substructure type:	18 Piles	18 Piles	DRILLED SHAFT
<b>Total Construction Cost</b>	<b>\$632,347</b>	<b>\$470,880</b>	<b>\$80,516,220</b>
Deck Square Footage	20,465 sf	14,885 sf	2,551,375 sf
<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>	<b>\$30.90/sf</b>	<b>\$31.63/sf</b>	<b>\$31.56/sf</b>

Description:	Alternative 3 (Bridges 1 & 8)	Alternative 3 (Bridges 2 & 7)	Alternative 3 (Bridge 3)	Alternative 3 (Bridges 5 & 6)
Bridge Type:	Type C	Type D	Type E	Type G
Total bridge length:	1214.00 Ft.	248.50 Ft.	194.00 Ft.	1200.00 Ft.
Bridge Width:	43.08 Ft.	43.08 Ft.	43.08 Ft.	43.08 Ft.
Optimum Span Arrangement:	12 spans at 101.17 FT.	6 spans at 41.42 FT.	3 spans at 64.67 FT.	13 spans at 92.31 FT.
Most economical superstructure type:	Type V	Type II	Type III	Type V
Most economical substructure type:	DRILLED SHAFT	18 Piles	18 Piles	24 IN. PILES
<b>Total Construction Cost</b>	<b>\$1,868,922</b>	<b>\$358,412</b>	<b>\$293,571</b>	<b>\$1,642,172</b>
Deck Square Footage	52,303 sf	10,706 sf	8,358 sf	51,700 sf
<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>	<b>\$35.73/sf</b>	<b>\$33.48/sf</b>	<b>\$35.12/sf</b>	<b>\$31.76/sf</b>


Description:	Alternative 2C	Alternative 2D	Alternative 1 & 2 (North Detour)
<b>Additional Construction Cost</b>	<b>\$39,341,403</b>	<b>\$57,707,396</b>	<b>\$52,577,456</b>

Alternatives	Total Construction Cost of Structures
Alternative 1	\$2,206,454
Alternative 2	\$2,206,454
Alternative 2C	\$41,547,856
Alternative 2D	\$59,913,849
Alternative 1 (North Detour)	\$52,577,456
Alternative 2 (North Detour)	\$52,577,456
Alternative 3	\$8,267,036
Alternative 4	\$2,206,454
Alternative 5	\$80,516,220

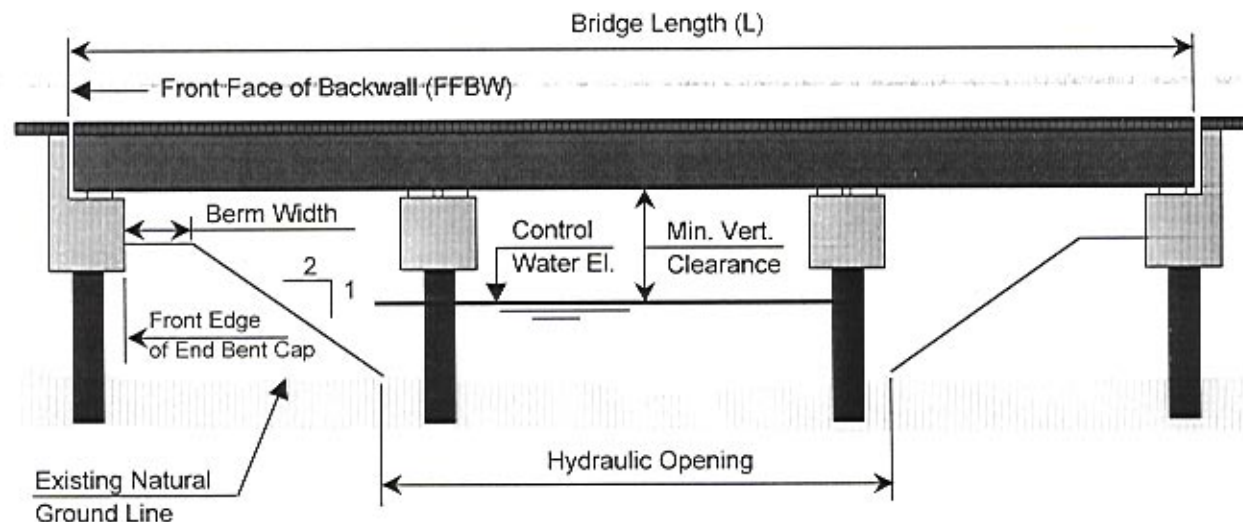






<b>Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project</b> <b>Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS</b> Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida		 Done by: M. LeComte Checked by: C. Li November 29, 2000
Alternatives 1, 2 & 4 (Bridges 1 & 4)	<b>BRIDGE AND SPAN LENGTHS</b>	
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Determine Bridge Length based on hydraulic opening:



Hydraulic Opening Width at Natural Ground Level 425.00 Ft.  
 Natural Ground Elevation 5.00 Ft.  
 Control Water Elevation 7.50 Ft.  
 Minimum Clearance over Control Water Elevation 6.00 Ft.  
 Berm Width 3.00 Ft.  
 Vertical Distance from bottom of beams to top of Berm where slope starts 2.25 Ft.  
 Distance From FFBW to Front Edge of End Bent Cap 2.00 Ft.  
 Minimum Span length 28.00 Ft.

Preliminary Bridge Length (No adjustment due to pile/drilled shaft in the opening),  $L' = 460.00$  Ft.

Number of Spans	ADJUSTED BRIDGE LENGTH (L)			ADJUSTED SPAN LENGTH		
	18 in. Pile	24 in. Pile	36 in. Drilled Shaft	18 in. Pile	24 in. Pile	36 in. Drilled Shaft
5	466.00 Ft.	468.00 Ft.	472.00 Ft.	93.20 Ft.	93.60 Ft.	94.40 Ft.
6	467.50 Ft.	470.00 Ft.	475.00 Ft.	77.92 Ft.	78.33 Ft.	79.17 Ft.
7	469.00 Ft.	472.00 Ft.	478.00 Ft.	67.00 Ft.	67.43 Ft.	68.29 Ft.
8	470.50 Ft.	474.00 Ft.	481.00 Ft.	58.81 Ft.	59.25 Ft.	60.13 Ft.
9	472.00 Ft.	476.00 Ft.	484.00 Ft.	52.44 Ft.	52.89 Ft.	53.78 Ft.
10	473.50 Ft.	478.00 Ft.	487.00 Ft.	47.35 Ft.	47.80 Ft.	48.70 Ft.
11	475.00 Ft.	480.00 Ft.	490.00 Ft.	43.18 Ft.	43.64 Ft.	44.55 Ft.
12	476.50 Ft.	482.00 Ft.	493.00 Ft.	39.71 Ft.	40.17 Ft.	41.08 Ft.
13	478.00 Ft.	484.00 Ft.	496.00 Ft.	36.77 Ft.	37.23 Ft.	38.15 Ft.
14	479.50 Ft.	486.00 Ft.	499.00 Ft.	34.25 Ft.	34.71 Ft.	35.64 Ft.
15	481.00 Ft.	488.00 Ft.	502.00 Ft.	32.07 Ft.	32.53 Ft.	33.47 Ft.
16	482.50 Ft.	490.00 Ft.	505.00 Ft.	30.16 Ft.	30.63 Ft.	31.56 Ft.
17	484.00 Ft.	492.00 Ft.	508.00 Ft.	28.47 Ft.	28.94 Ft.	29.88 Ft.
18	485.50 Ft.	494.00 Ft.	511.00 Ft.			28.39 Ft.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS  
Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida**



Done by: M. LeComte

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**Alternatives 1, 2 & 4 (Bridges  
1 & 4)**

**BEAM SPACING vs. DESIGN SPAN**

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**Determine beam spacing and design span:**

Bridge Width: 43.08 Ft.

Slab Thickness: 8.50 in.

Number of Beams	<sup>1</sup> Beam Spacing	<sup>2</sup> Design Span					
		AASHTO Type II	AASHTO Type III	AASHTO Type IV	18" Double T	24" Double T	30" Double T
<b>4</b>	10.77 Ft.	<b>46.00 Ft.</b>	<b>65.00 Ft.</b>	<b>84.00 Ft.</b>			
5	8.62 Ft.	<b>52.00 Ft.</b>	<b>73.00 Ft.</b>	<b>90.00 Ft.</b>			
6	7.18 Ft.	<b>58.00 Ft.</b>	<b>78.00 Ft.</b>	<b>96.00 Ft.</b>	<b>40.00 Ft.</b>	<b>50.00 Ft.</b>	<b>60.00 Ft.</b>
7	6.15 Ft.	<b>62.00 Ft.</b>	<b>82.00 Ft.</b>	<b>98.00 Ft.</b>			
8	5.39 Ft.	<b>66.00 Ft.</b>	<b>84.00 Ft.</b>	<b>102.00 Ft.</b>			

<sup>1</sup>Beam spacing is based on assuming the cantilever to be half of the beam spacing.

<sup>2</sup>Design spans are determined from the charts based on the beam spacing given.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: M. LeComte

**Alternatives 1, 2 & 4**  
**(Bridges 1 & 4)**

**AASHTO BEAMS COMPARISON**

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

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Number of Spans	Adjusted Span Length			Number of AASHTO Beams Required								
	PILES		Drilled Shaft	18" Piles			24" Piles			Drilled Shaft		
	18 in.	24 in.		II	III	IV	II	III	IV	II	III	IV
5	93.20 Ft.	93.60 Ft.	94.40 Ft.			6			6			6
6	77.92 Ft.	78.33 Ft.	79.17 Ft.		6	4		7	4		7	4
7	67.00 Ft.	67.43 Ft.	68.29 Ft.	8	5	4	8	5	4		5	4
8	58.81 Ft.	59.25 Ft.	60.13 Ft.	7	4	4	7	4	4	7	4	4
9	52.44 Ft.	52.89 Ft.	53.78 Ft.	6	4	4	6	4	4	6	4	4
10	47.35 Ft.	47.80 Ft.	48.70 Ft.	5	4	4	5	4	4	5	4	4
11	43.18 Ft.	43.64 Ft.	44.55 Ft.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
12	39.71 Ft.	40.17 Ft.	41.08 Ft.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
13	36.77 Ft.	37.23 Ft.	38.15 Ft.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
14	34.25 Ft.	34.71 Ft.	35.64 Ft.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
15	32.07 Ft.	32.53 Ft.	33.47 Ft.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
16	30.16 Ft.	30.63 Ft.	31.56 Ft.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
17	28.47 Ft.	28.94 Ft.	29.88 Ft.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
18			28.39 Ft.							4	4	4

Number of Spans	Estimated Construction Cost of AASHTO Beams								
	18 in. Piles			24 in. Piles			DRILLED SHAFT		
	II	III	IV	II	III	IV	II	III	IV
5	N/A	N/A	\$234,864	N/A	N/A	\$235,872	N/A	N/A	\$237,888
6	N/A	\$187,935	\$157,080	N/A	\$220,430	\$157,920	N/A	\$222,775	\$159,600
7	\$202,608	\$157,115	\$157,584	\$203,904	\$158,120	\$158,592	N/A	\$160,130	\$160,608
8	\$177,849	\$126,094	\$158,088	\$179,172	\$127,032	\$159,264	\$181,818	\$128,908	\$161,616
9	\$152,928	\$126,496	\$158,592	\$154,224	\$127,568	\$159,936	\$156,816	\$129,712	\$162,624
10	\$127,845	\$126,898	\$159,096	\$129,060	\$128,104	\$160,608	\$131,490	\$130,516	\$163,632
11	\$102,600	\$127,300	\$159,600	\$103,680	\$128,640	\$161,280	\$105,840	\$131,320	\$164,640
12	\$102,924	\$127,702	\$160,104	\$104,112	\$129,176	\$161,952	\$106,488	\$132,124	\$165,648
13	\$103,248	\$128,104	\$160,608	\$104,544	\$129,712	\$162,624	\$107,136	\$132,928	\$166,656
14	\$103,572	\$128,506	\$161,112	\$104,976	\$130,248	\$163,296	\$107,784	\$133,732	\$167,664
15	\$103,896	\$128,908	\$161,616	\$105,408	\$130,784	\$163,968	\$108,432	\$134,536	\$168,672
16	\$104,220	\$129,310	\$162,120	\$105,840	\$131,320	\$164,640	\$109,080	\$135,340	\$169,680
17	\$104,544	\$129,712	\$162,624	\$106,272	\$131,856	\$165,312	\$109,728	\$136,144	\$170,688
18	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$110,376	\$136,948	\$171,696

Number of Spans	Most Economical AASHTO Beam Type					
	18" PILES		24" PILES		DRILLED SHAFT	
	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST
5	IV	\$234,864	IV	\$235,872	IV	\$237,888
6	IV	\$157,080	IV	\$157,920	IV	\$159,600
7	III	\$157,115	III	\$158,120	III	\$160,130
8	III	\$126,094	III	\$127,032	III	\$128,908
9	III	\$126,496	III	\$127,568	III	\$129,712
10	III	\$126,898	III	\$128,104	III	\$130,516
11	II	\$102,600	II	\$103,680	II	\$105,840
12	II	\$102,924	II	\$104,112	II	\$106,488
13	II	\$103,248	II	\$104,544	II	\$107,136
14	II	\$103,572	II	\$104,976	II	\$107,784
15	II	\$103,896	II	\$105,408	II	\$108,432
16	II	\$104,220	II	\$105,840	II	\$109,080
17	II	\$104,544	II	\$106,272	II	\$109,728
18					II	\$110,376



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**

Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: M. LeComte

Alternatives 1, 2 & 4  
(Bridges 1 & 4)

**SUPERSTRUCTURE ALTERNATIVES COMPARISON**

Checked by: C. Li

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November 29, 2000

Number of Spans	AASHTO BEAMS WITH DECK						Florida Double Tee Beams					
	18" PILES		24" PILES		DRILLED SHAF		18" PILES		24" PILES		DRILLED SHAF	
	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST
5	IV	\$446,732	IV	\$448,649	IV	\$452,484	N/A		N/A		N/A	
6	IV	\$369,630	IV	\$371,607	IV	\$375,560	N/A		N/A		N/A	
7	III	\$370,347	III	\$372,716	III	\$377,454	N/A		N/A		N/A	
8	III	\$340,008	III	\$342,537	III	\$347,596	FDT30	\$705,750	FDT30	\$711,000	N/A	
9	III	\$341,092	III	\$343,982	III	\$349,764	FDT30	\$708,000	FDT30	\$714,000	FDT30	\$726,000
10	III	\$342,176	III	\$345,428	III	\$351,932	FDT24	\$610,815	FDT24	\$616,620	FDT24	\$628,230
11	II	\$318,560	II	\$321,913	II	\$328,620	FDT24	\$612,750	FDT24	\$619,200	FDT24	\$632,100
12	II	\$319,566	II	\$323,254	II	\$330,632	FDT18	\$514,620	FDT24	\$621,780	FDT24	\$635,970
13	II	\$320,572	II	\$324,596	II	\$332,643	FDT18	\$516,240	FDT18	\$522,720	FDT18	\$535,680
14	II	\$321,578	II	\$325,937	II	\$334,655	FDT18	\$517,860	FDT18	\$524,880	FDT18	\$538,920
15	II	\$322,584	II	\$327,278	II	\$336,667	FDT18	\$519,480	FDT18	\$527,040	FDT18	\$542,160
16	II	\$323,590	II	\$328,620	II	\$338,679	FDT18	\$521,100	FDT18	\$529,200	FDT18	\$545,400
17	II	\$324,596	II	\$329,961	II	\$340,691	FDT18	\$522,720	FDT18	\$531,360	FDT18	\$548,640
18					II	\$342,703					FDT18	\$551,880

Deck Reinforcement 205 lbs/CY concrete

Cost of Deck per foot \$455/ft.

Number of Spans	PRECAST SLAB						MOST ECONOMICAL SUPERSTRUCTURE ALTERNATIVE								
	18" PILES		24" PILES		DRILLED SHAF		18 in. Pile			24 in. Pile			36 in. Shaft		
	Thick- ness	Estimated Cost	Thick- ness	Estimated Cost	Thick- ness	Estimated Cost	Number of Beams	Beam Type	Estimated Cost	Number of Beams	Beam Type	Estimated Cost	Number of Beams	Beam Type	Estimated Cost
5							6	IV	\$446,732	6	IV	\$448,649	6	IV	\$452,484
6							4	IV	\$369,630	4	IV	\$371,607	4	IV	\$375,560
7							5	III	\$370,347	5	III	\$372,716	5	III	\$377,454
8							4	III	\$340,008	4	III	\$342,537	4	III	\$347,596
9							4	III	\$341,092	4	III	\$343,982	4	III	\$349,764
10							4	III	\$342,176	4	III	\$345,428	4	III	\$351,932
11							4	II	\$318,560	4	II	\$321,913	4	II	\$328,620
12	23	\$1,092,990					4	II	\$319,566	4	II	\$323,254	4	II	\$330,632
13	22	\$1,048,760	22	\$1,061,924	23	\$1,137,719	4	II	\$320,572	4	II	\$324,596	4	II	\$332,643
14	21	\$1,004,231	21	\$1,017,844	21	\$1,045,070	4	II	\$321,578	4	II	\$325,937	4	II	\$334,655
15	20	\$959,402	20	\$973,364	20	\$1,001,289	4	II	\$322,584	4	II	\$327,278	4	II	\$336,667
16	19	\$914,274	19	\$928,486	19	\$956,909	4	II	\$323,590	4	II	\$328,620	4	II	\$338,679
17	18	\$868,847	18	\$883,208	19	\$962,593	4	II	\$324,596	4	II	\$329,961	4	II	\$340,691
18					18	\$917,316							4	II	\$342,703







**PBS**  
Presented by M. LaCombe

## Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

## Number of Florida Double Tee = 6

Dead Load	Number of Spans		5 spans	6 spans	7 spans	8 spans	9 spans	10 spans	11 spans	12 spans	13 spans	14 spans	15 spans	16 spans	17 spans	
	Beam Type	IV	IV	IV	III	III	III	III	II	II	II	II	II	II	II	
	Beam Weight (k/ft)	0.822 klf	0.822 klf	0.822 klf	0.583 klf	0.583 klf	0.583 klf	0.583 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	
	Number of Beams		6 beams	4 beams	5 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	
	Span Length (ft)	93.60 Ft.	78.33 Ft.	67.43 Ft.	59.25 Ft.	52.89 Ft.	47.80 Ft.	43.64 Ft.	40.17 Ft.	37.23 Ft.	34.71 Ft.	32.53 Ft.	30.63 Ft.	28.94 Ft.	26.94 Ft.	
	Beam Span (ft)	91.60 Ft.	76.33 Ft.	65.43 Ft.	57.25 Ft.	50.89 Ft.	45.80 Ft.	41.64 Ft.	38.17 Ft.	35.23 Ft.	32.71 Ft.	30.53 Ft.	28.63 Ft.	26.94 Ft.		
	Bridge Deck Thickness (in)		8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.00 in.	
	Comp. Loads (ksf)		0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf
	Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)		0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf
	Live Load	Reduction factor		0.9												
Impact factor for Substructure		1.0														
LL Reaction per lane (END BENT)	Truck load		64.8 k	63.4 k	62.0 k	60.7 k	59.3 k	57.9 k	56.6 k	55.3 k	54.0 k	52.6 k	51.3 k	50.1 k	48.8 k	
	Lane load		56.0 k	51.1 k	47.6 k	45.0 k	42.9 k	41.3 k	40.0 k	38.9 k	37.9 k	37.1 k	36.4 k	35.8 k	35.3 k	
	Total Live Load (END BENT)		175.0 k	174.2 k	167.5 k	163.8 k	160.1 k	156.4 k	152.8 k	149.2 k	145.7 k	142.1 k	138.6 k	135.2 k	131.7 k	
LL Reaction per lane (PIER)	Truck load		66.0 k	64.9 k	63.7 k	62.5 k	61.4 k	60.3 k	59.2 k	58.1 k	57.0 k	55.9 k	54.8 k	53.7 k	52.7 k	
	Lane load		85.9 k	76.1 k	69.2 k	63.9 k	59.8 k	56.6 k	53.9 k	51.7 k	49.8 k	48.2 k	46.8 k	45.6 k	44.5 k	
Total Live Load (PIER)			231.9 k	205.6 k	186.7 k	172.6 k	165.8 k	162.8 k	159.8 k	156.8 k	153.8 k	150.8 k	147.9 k	145.0 k	142.2 k	
Total Load	Superstructure Load (END BENT)		900.8 k	743.0 k	671.6 k	610.8 k	578.0 k	551.1 k	511.1 k	493.0 k	477.2 k	463.2 k	450.6 k	439.1 k	424.7 k	
	Superstructure Load (PIER)		1389.5 k	1055.0 k	900.9 k	772.6 k	707.7 k	658.1 k	582.3 k	550.3 k	522.8 k	498.9 k	477.7 k	458.9 k	434.2 k	
Foundation	Maximum pile spacing		13.0 Ft.													
	Service Load Capacity of Piles		260.0 k													
	Location of Ext. pile from centering at End Bent/Pier		4.0 Ft.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	Number of Piles Required For END BENT		6	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	Service Design Load (END BENT)		225 k	186 k	168 k	153 k	145 k	138 k	133 k	128 k	123 k	119 k	116 k	113 k	110 k	106 k
Service Design Load (PIER)		232 k	211 k	225 k	193 k	177 k	165 k	146 k	138 k	131 k	125 k	119 k	115 k	111 k	109 k	







**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: M. LeComte

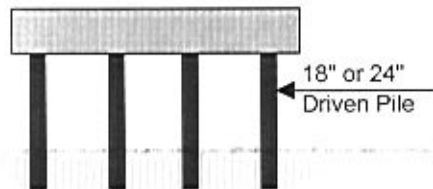
Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

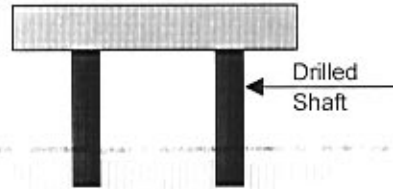
**Alternatives 1, 2 & 4  
(Bridges 1 & 4)**

**INTERMEDIATE BENTS / PIERS**

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternatives-1,2,4\Type A Bridges 1 and 4.xls\COST



Intermediate Bent Section



Pier Section  
(2 Drilled Shafts)

Foundation Type	18 in. Pile	24 in. Pile	36 in. Shaft
Estimated Pile Embedment Length	19 ft.	19 ft.	14 ft.
Pile Length Above Ground	8 ft.	8 ft.	8 ft.
Total Length of Pile	27 ft.	27 ft.	22 ft.
Estimated Cost of One Pile/Drilled Shaft	<b>\$891</b>	<b>\$1,242</b>	<b>\$4,840</b>
Bent cap cross sectional area	9.0 sq.ft	9.0 sq.ft	12.0 sq.ft
Bent Cap Length	43 ft.	43 ft.	43 ft.
Total Concrete Volume	14.4 CY	14.4 CY	19.1 CY
Reinforcement at 145 lbs/CY	2082 lbs	2082 lbs	2776 lbs
Estimated Cost of Bent Cap	<b>\$6,897</b>	<b>\$6,897</b>	<b>\$9,196</b>

PRESTRESSED PILES	18 in.	24 in.	DRILLED SHAFT	36 in.
Number of test loads per bridge	3 ea.	3 ea.	Number of test loads per bridge	1 ea.
			Core (Shaft Excavation)	
			Length of temporary casing	
Est. total cost of test piles w/ dynamic load test per bridge	\$20,160	\$20,160	% of casing splice	
			Excavation, unclassified shaft	
% of pile splice	10%	10%	Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	
% of pile hole preformed	100%	100%	Excavation, unclassified extra depth	

Number of Spans	Number of Piles Required		Number of Drilled Shafts	Total Cost of Piles per Bent / Pier		Total Cost of Drilled Shaft per Pier	Total Estimated Cost of ONE Pier		
	18 in.	24 in.		18" Pile	24" Pile		18" Pile	24" Pile	36" Shaft
5	10	6	2	\$16,060	\$13,794	\$22,180	\$22,957	\$20,691	\$31,376
6	8	5	2	\$12,848	\$11,327	\$19,680	\$19,745	\$18,224	\$28,876
7	7	4	2	\$11,074	\$9,196	\$18,013	\$17,971	\$16,093	\$27,209
8	6	4	2	\$9,492	\$8,716	\$16,823	\$16,389	\$15,613	\$26,019
9	5	4	2	\$8,030	\$8,356	\$15,930	\$14,927	\$15,253	\$25,126
10	5	4	2	\$7,750	\$8,076	\$15,236	\$14,647	\$14,973	\$24,431
11	4	4	2	\$6,424	\$7,852	\$14,680	\$13,321	\$14,749	\$23,876
12	4	4	2	\$6,241	\$7,669	\$14,225	\$13,138	\$14,566	\$23,421
13	4	4	2	\$6,088	\$7,516	\$13,847	\$12,985	\$14,413	\$23,043
14	4	4	2	\$5,959	\$7,387	\$13,526	\$12,856	\$14,284	\$22,722
15	4	4	2	\$5,848	\$7,276	\$13,251	\$12,745	\$14,173	\$22,447
16	4	4	2	\$5,752	\$7,180	\$13,013	\$12,649	\$14,077	\$22,209
17	4	4	2	\$5,668	\$7,096	\$12,805	\$12,565	\$13,993	\$22,001
18			2			\$12,621			\$21,817



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: M. LeComte

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**Alternatives 1, 2 & 4  
(Bridges 1 & 4)**

**END BENTS**

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternatives-1,2,4\Type A Bridges 1 and 4.xls\COST

Foundation Type	18 in. Pile	24 in. Pile	36 in. Shaft
Estimated Pile Embedment Length	19 ft.	19 ft.	14 ft.
Pile Length Above Ground	8 ft.	8 ft.	8 ft.
Total Length of Pile	27 ft.	27 ft.	22 ft.
Estimated Cost of One Pile/Drilled Shaft	<del>\$891</del>	<del>\$1,242</del>	<del>\$4,840</del>
Bent cap cross sectional area	7.5 sq.ft	7.5 sq.ft	12.0 sq.ft
Bent Cap Length	43 ft.	43 ft.	43 ft.
Total Concrete Volume	12.0 CY	12.0 CY	19.1 CY
Reinforcement at 145 lbs/CY	1735 lbs	1735 lbs	2776 lbs
Estimated Cost of Bent Cap	<b>\$5,747</b>	<b>\$5,747</b>	<b>\$9,196</b>

PRESTRESSED PILES	18 in.	24 in.	DRILLED SHAFTS	36 in.
			Core (Shaft Excavation)	
			Length of temporary casing	
			Percentage of casing splice	
			Excavation, unclassified shaft	
% of pile splice	10%	10%	Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	
% Pile hole preformed	100%	100%	Excavation, unclassified extra depth	

Number of Spans	Number of Piles Required <sup>1</sup>		Number of Drilled Shafts <sup>2</sup>	Total Cost of Piles per Bent / Pier		Total Cost of Drilled Shaft per Pier	Total Estimated Cost of ONE Pier		
	18 in.	24 in.		18" Pile	24" Pile		18" Pile	24" Pile	36" Shaft
5	9	6	5	\$9,918	\$8,754	\$24,200	\$29,053	\$27,889	\$46,783
6	8	6	5	\$8,816	\$8,754	\$24,200	\$27,951	\$27,889	\$46,783
7	7	6	5	\$7,714	\$8,754	\$24,200	\$24,181	\$25,221	\$44,115
8	7	6	5	\$7,714	\$8,754	\$24,200	\$24,181	\$25,221	\$44,115
9	6	6	5	\$6,612	\$8,754	\$24,200	\$23,079	\$25,221	\$44,115
10	6	6	5	\$6,612	\$8,754	\$24,200	\$23,079	\$25,221	\$44,115
11	6	6	5	\$6,612	\$8,754	\$24,200	\$20,652	\$22,794	\$41,688
12	6	6	5	\$6,612	\$8,754	\$24,200	\$20,652	\$22,794	\$41,688
13	6	6	5	\$6,612	\$8,754	\$24,200	\$20,652	\$22,794	\$41,688
14	6	6	5	\$6,612	\$8,754	\$24,200	\$20,652	\$22,794	\$41,688
15	6	6	5	\$6,612	\$8,754	\$24,200	\$20,652	\$22,794	\$41,688
16	6	6	5	\$6,612	\$8,754	\$24,200	\$20,652	\$22,794	\$41,688
17	6	6	5	\$6,612	\$8,754	\$24,200	\$20,652	\$22,794	\$41,688
18			5			\$24,200			\$41,688

<sup>1</sup>Includes wingwall piles for Type IV, III, II beams.

<sup>2</sup>Includes wingwall drilled shafts for Type IV, III, II beams.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

Alternatives 1, 2 & 4  
(Bridges 1 & 4)

**SUBSTRUCTURE & SUPERSTRUCTURE ALTERNATIVES COMPARISON**

\\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternatives-1,2,4\Type A Bridges 1 and 4.xls\ COST

Number of Spans	ADJUSTED SPAN LENGTH			Number of Piers	Cost of Substructure			Cost of Superstructure			Total Cost of Structure		
	18 in. Pile	24 in. Pile	36 in. Shaft		18 in. Pile	24 in. Pile	36 in. Shaft	18 in. Pile	24 in. Pile	36 in. Shaft	18 in. Pile	24 in. Pile	36 in. Shaft
5	93.20 Ft.	93.60 Ft.	94.40 Ft.	4	\$149,934	\$138,542	\$219,070	\$446,732	\$448,649	\$452,484	\$596,666	\$587,191	\$671,554
6	77.92 Ft.	78.33 Ft.	79.17 Ft.	5	\$154,627	\$146,898	\$237,946	\$369,630	\$371,607	\$375,560	\$524,256	\$518,504	\$613,506
7	67.00 Ft.	67.43 Ft.	68.29 Ft.	6	\$156,187	\$146,999	\$251,486	\$370,347	\$372,716	\$377,454	\$526,534	\$519,715	\$628,939
8	58.81 Ft.	59.25 Ft.	60.13 Ft.	7	\$163,084	\$159,732	\$270,362	\$340,008	\$342,537	\$347,596	\$503,092	\$502,269	\$617,957
9	52.44 Ft.	52.89 Ft.	53.78 Ft.	8	\$165,573	\$172,465	\$289,237	\$341,092	\$343,982	\$349,764	\$506,665	\$516,447	\$639,001
10	47.35 Ft.	47.80 Ft.	48.70 Ft.	9	\$177,980	\$185,198	\$308,113	\$342,176	\$345,428	\$351,932	\$520,155	\$530,625	\$660,045
11	43.18 Ft.	43.64 Ft.	44.55 Ft.	10	\$174,513	\$193,077	\$322,135	\$318,560	\$321,913	\$328,620	\$493,072	\$514,990	\$650,755
12	39.71 Ft.	40.17 Ft.	41.08 Ft.	11	\$185,817	\$205,809	\$341,011	\$319,566	\$323,254	\$330,632	\$505,383	\$529,064	\$671,643
13	36.77 Ft.	37.23 Ft.	38.15 Ft.	12	\$197,122	\$218,542	\$359,887	\$320,572	\$324,596	\$332,643	\$517,694	\$543,138	\$692,530
14	34.25 Ft.	34.71 Ft.	35.64 Ft.	13	\$208,427	\$231,275	\$378,763	\$321,578	\$325,937	\$334,655	\$530,005	\$557,212	\$713,418
15	32.07 Ft.	32.53 Ft.	33.47 Ft.	14	\$219,732	\$244,008	\$397,639	\$322,584	\$327,278	\$336,667	\$542,316	\$571,287	\$734,306
16	30.16 Ft.	30.63 Ft.	31.56 Ft.	15	\$231,037	\$256,741	\$416,515	\$323,590	\$328,620	\$338,679	\$554,627	\$585,361	\$755,194
17	28.47 Ft.	28.94 Ft.	29.88 Ft.	16	\$242,342	\$269,474	\$435,391	\$324,596	\$329,961	\$340,691	\$566,938	\$599,435	\$776,082
18			28.39 Ft.	17			\$454,267			\$342,703			\$796,970

**SUMMARY OF MOST ECONOMICAL ALTERNATIVES FOR EACH SPAN ARRANGEMENT:**

Number of Spans	Estimated Cost	Foundation Alternative	Superstructure Alternative	Number of Spans	Number of Beams	Number of Piles or Drilled Shafts	Total Length of Piles or Drilled Shafts	Number of Test Piles	Total Length of Test Piles
5	\$587,191	24 in.	Type IV	5	6	33	891 ft	3	126 ft
6	\$518,504	24 in.	Type IV	6	4	34	918 ft	3	126 ft
7	\$519,715	24 in.	Type III	7	5	33	891 ft	3	126 ft
8	\$502,269	24 in.	Type III	8	4	37	999 ft	3	126 ft
9	\$506,665	18 in.	Type III	9	4	49	1323 ft	3	126 ft
10	\$520,155	18 in.	Type III	10	4	54	1458 ft	3	126 ft
11	\$493,072	18 in.	Type II	11	4	49	1323 ft	3	126 ft
12	\$505,383	18 in.	Type II	12	4	53	1431 ft	3	126 ft
13	\$517,694	18 in.	Type II	13	4	57	1539 ft	3	126 ft
14	\$530,005	18 in.	Type II	14	4	61	1647 ft	3	126 ft
15	\$542,316	18 in.	Type II	15	4	65	1755 ft	3	126 ft
16	\$554,627	18 in.	Type II	16	4	69	1863 ft	3	126 ft
17	\$566,938	18 in.	Type II	17	4	73	1971 ft	3	126 ft
18	\$796,970	36 in.	Type II	18	4	44	968 ft		

\$493,072 <--- Minimum

**RESULT OF COST COMPARISON STUDY:**

Most economical superstructure type: Type II

Most economical substructure type: 18 in.

Optimum Span Arrangement: 11 spans at 43.18 FT.

Total bridge length: 475.00 Ft.

Total number of beams: 44

Total length of beams: 1900.00 Ft.

Number of piles or drilled Shafts: 49

Length of Piles or drilled Shafts: 1323.00 Ft.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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Done by: M. LeComte

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**Alternatives 1, 2 & 4  
(Bridges 1 & 4)**

**ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternatives-1,2,4\Type A Bridges 1 and 4.xls\COST

Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Price	Amount
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	505.6	CY	\$310	\$156,721
Reinforcing Steel <sup>1</sup>	103638	LBS	\$0.45	\$46,637
Bridge Floor Grooving	2111	SY	\$2.50	\$5,278
Traffic Railing Barrier	950.0	FT	\$35	\$33,250
Expansion Joints <sup>3</sup>	86.2	FT	\$84	\$7,238
Type II Beam	1900.0	FT	\$54	\$102,600
Neoprene Bearing Pads	9.627	CY	\$425	\$4,092
		<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>		<b>\$355,815</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	201.9	CY	\$415	\$83,796
Reinforcing Steel <sup>2</sup>	29278	LBS	\$0.45	\$13,175
Pile Hole, Preformed	49	EA	\$200	\$9,800
Test Piles	126	Ft.	\$160	\$20,160
18 in. Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	1323	Ft.	\$33	\$43,659
Pile Splices	5	EA	\$110	\$550
Drilled shaft		LF	\$220	
Test load for drilled shaft		EA	\$50,000	
Core (Shaft Excavation)		LF		
Temporary casing		LF		
Casing splice		EA		
Excavation, unclassified shaft		LF		
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming		LF		
Excavation, unclassified extra depth		LF		
		<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>		<b>\$171,140</b>
		<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>		<b>\$526,955</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	26,348
Contingency (15% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	79,043
		<b>Total Construction Cost</b>		<b>\$632,347</b>
		Deck Square Footage (Ft.)		20,465
		<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>		<b>\$30.90/sf</b>

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to superstructure concrete: 205 Lbs/CY.

<sup>2</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to substructure concrete: 145 Lbs/CY.

<sup>3</sup>Number of expansion piers: 2



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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Done by: M. LeComte

**Alternatives 1, 2 & 4 (Bridges 2 & 3)**

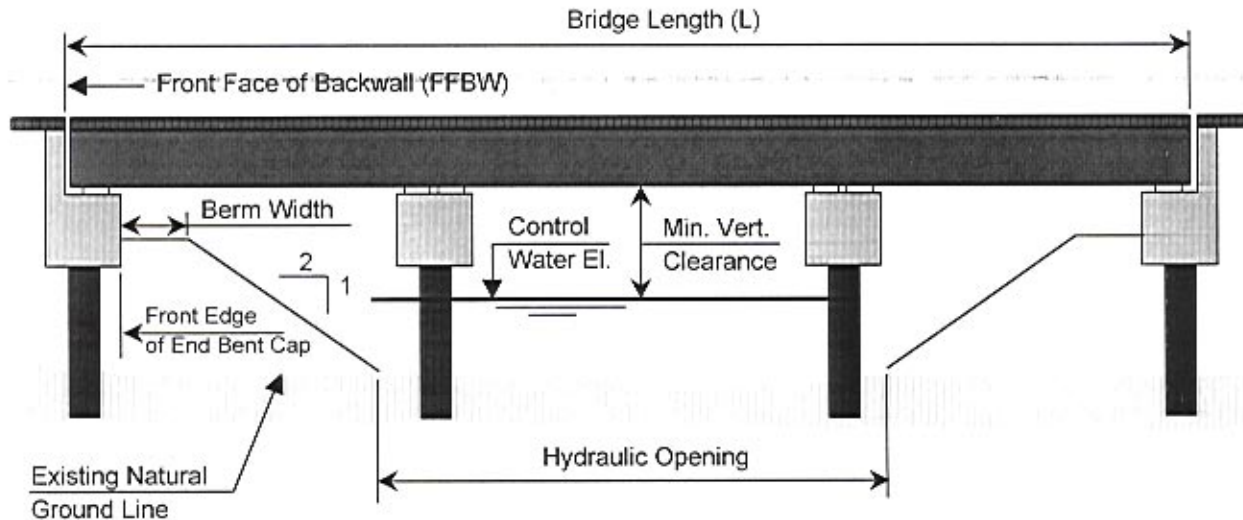
**BRIDGE AND SPAN LENGTHS**

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternatives-1,2,4\Type B Bridges 2 and 3.xls]SUPER

**Determine Bridge Length based on hydraulic opening:**



Hydraulic Opening Width at Natural Ground Level	300.00 Ft.
Natural Ground Elevation	5.00 Ft.
Control Water Elevation	7.50 Ft.
Minimum Clearance over Control Water Elevation	6.00 Ft.
Berm Width	3.00 Ft.
Vertical Distance from bottom of beams to top of Berm where slope starts	2.25 Ft.
Distance From FFBW to Front Edge of End Bent Cap	2.00 Ft.
Minimum Span length	28.00 Ft.

Preliminary Bridge Length (No adjustment due to pile/drilled shaft in the opening),  $L' = 335.00 \text{ Ft.}$

Number of Spans	ADJUSTED BRIDGE LENGTH (L)			ADJUSTED SPAN LENGTH		
	18 in. Pile	24 in. Pile	36 in. Drilled Shaft	18 in. Pile	24 in. Pile	36 in. Drilled Shaft
4	339.50 Ft.	341.00 Ft.	344.00 Ft.	84.88 Ft.	85.25 Ft.	86.00 Ft.
5	341.00 Ft.	343.00 Ft.	347.00 Ft.	68.20 Ft.	68.60 Ft.	69.40 Ft.
6	342.50 Ft.	345.00 Ft.	350.00 Ft.	57.08 Ft.	57.50 Ft.	58.33 Ft.
7	344.00 Ft.	347.00 Ft.	353.00 Ft.	49.14 Ft.	49.57 Ft.	50.43 Ft.
8	345.50 Ft.	349.00 Ft.	356.00 Ft.	43.19 Ft.	43.63 Ft.	44.50 Ft.
9	347.00 Ft.	351.00 Ft.	359.00 Ft.	38.56 Ft.	39.00 Ft.	39.89 Ft.
10	348.50 Ft.	353.00 Ft.	362.00 Ft.	34.85 Ft.	35.30 Ft.	36.20 Ft.
11	350.00 Ft.	355.00 Ft.	365.00 Ft.	31.82 Ft.	32.27 Ft.	33.18 Ft.
12	351.50 Ft.	357.00 Ft.	368.00 Ft.	29.29 Ft.	29.75 Ft.	30.67 Ft.
13	353.00 Ft.	359.00 Ft.	371.00 Ft.			28.54 Ft.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**Alternatives 1, 2 & 4 (Bridges  
2 & 3)**

**BEAM SPACING vs. DESIGN SPAN**

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternatives-1,2,4\Type B Bridges 2 and 3.xls\SUPER COMP

**Determine beam spacing and design span:**

Bridge Width: 43.08 Ft.  
 Slab Thickness: 8.50 in.

Number of Beams	<sup>1</sup> Beam Spacing	<sup>2</sup> Design Span					
		AASHTO Type II	AASHTO Type III	AASHTO Type IV	18" Double T	24" Double T	30" Double T
4	10.77 Ft.	46.00 Ft.	65.00 Ft.	84.00 Ft.			
5	8.62 Ft.	52.00 Ft.	73.00 Ft.	90.00 Ft.			
6	7.18 Ft.	58.00 Ft.	78.00 Ft.	96.00 Ft.	40.00 Ft.	50.00 Ft.	60.00 Ft.
7	6.15 Ft.	62.00 Ft.	82.00 Ft.	98.00 Ft.			
8	5.39 Ft.	66.00 Ft.	84.00 Ft.	102.00 Ft.			

<sup>1</sup>Beam spacing is based on assuming the cantilever to be half of the beam spacing.

<sup>2</sup>Design spans are determined from the charts based on the beam spacing given.



Number of Spans	Most Economical AASHTO					
	Beam Type					
	18" PILES		24" PILES		DRILLED SHAFT	
	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST
4	IV	\$142,590	IV	\$143,220	IV	\$144,480
5	III	\$114,235	III	\$114,905	III	\$116,245
6	III	\$91,790	III	\$92,460	III	\$93,800
7	III	\$92,192	III	\$92,996	III	\$94,604
8	II	\$74,628	II	\$75,384	II	\$76,896
9	II	\$74,952	II	\$75,816	II	\$77,544
10	II	\$75,276	II	\$76,248	II	\$78,192
11	II	\$75,600	II	\$76,680	II	\$78,840
12	II	\$75,924	II	\$77,112	II	\$79,488
13					II	\$80,136



### Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS

**PBS**

### SUPERSTRUCTURE ALTERNATIVES COMPARISON

[c:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiaki-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternatives-1,2,4\Type B Bridges 2 and 3.xls\SUPER C November 29, 2000

Deck Reinforcement 205 lbs/CY concrete  
Cost of Deck per foot \$455/ft.

[illegible]



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
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Drawn by: M. LaCombe

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**FOUNDATION LOADS and NUMBER of 18 in. PRESTRESSED PILES**

Alternatives 1, 2 & 4  
(Bridges 2 & 3)

STRUCTURE: Design Tamiami Trail design cost analysis alternatives 1, 2 & 4 (Type B Bridges 2 and 3) and 5 (Type A Bridge 1)

Bridge Width 43.08 Ft.		Number of lanes		3		Number of Florida Double Tee = 6													
Number of Spans		4 spans		5 spans		6 spans		7 spans		8 spans		9 spans		10 spans		11 spans		12 spans	
Beam Type		IV		III		III		III		II		II		II		II		II	
Beam Weight (k/ft)		0.822 klf		0.583 klf		0.583 klf		0.583 klf		0.384 klf		0.384 klf		0.384 klf		0.384 klf		0.384 klf	
Number of Beams		5 beams		5 beams		4 beams		4 beams		4 beams		4 beams		4 beams		4 beams		4 beams	
Span Length (ft)		84.88 Ft.		68.20 Ft.		57.08 Ft.		49.14 Ft.		43.19 Ft.		38.56 Ft.		34.85 Ft.		31.82 Ft.		29.29 Ft.	
Beam Span (ft)		82.88 Ft.		66.20 Ft.		55.08 Ft.		47.14 Ft.		41.19 Ft.		36.56 Ft.		32.85 Ft.		29.82 Ft.		27.29 Ft.	
Bridge Deck Thickness (in)		8.50 in.		8.50 in.		8.50 in.		8.50 in.		8.50 in.		8.50 in.		8.50 in.		8.50 in.		8.50 in.	
Comp. Loads (ksf)		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf	
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)		0.836 klf		0.836 klf		0.836 klf		0.836 klf		0.836 klf		0.836 klf		0.836 klf		0.836 klf		0.836 klf	
Dead Load		Beam Load (End Bent)		463.6 k		331.7 k		261.0 k		224.7 k		180.3 k		161.0 k		145.5 k		132.8 k	
		Beam Load (Pier)		927.1 k		663.5 k		522.1 k		449.4 k		360.6 k		321.9 k		291.0 k		265.7 k	
Live Load		Reduction factor		0.9															
	Impact factor for Substructure	1.0																	
LL Reaction per lane (END BENT)		Truck load		64.1 k		62.1 k		60.2 k		58.3 k		56.4 k		54.6 k		52.7 k		50.9 k	
		Lane load		53.2 k		47.8 k		44.3 k		41.7 k		39.8 k		38.3 k		37.2 k		36.2 k	
Total Live Load (END BENT)				173.0 k		167.8 k		162.6 k		157.5 k		152.4 k		147.3 k		142.3 k		137.4 k	
LL Reaction per lane (PIER)		Truck load		65.4 k		63.8 k		62.2 k		60.6 k		59.0 k		57.5 k		55.9 k		54.4 k	
		Lane load		80.3 k		69.6 k		62.5 k		57.5 k		53.6 k		50.7 k		48.3 k		46.4 k	
Total Live Load (PIER)				216.9 k		188.0 k		168.8 k		163.6 k		159.4 k		155.2 k		151.0 k		146.9 k	
Total Load		Superstructure Load (END BENT)		812.7 k		675.6 k		599.7 k		558.3 k		508.8 k		484.4 k		463.9 k		446.3 k	
		Superstructure Load (PIER)		1202.2 k		909.7 k		749.1 k		671.2 k		578.2 k		535.3 k		500.2 k		470.7 k	
Foundation		Maximum pile spacing		13.0 Ft.															
	Service Load Capacity of Piles	147.0 k																	
Location of Ext. pile from coping at End Bent Pier		Number of Piles Required For END BENT		6		5		5		4		4		4		4		4	
		Number of Piles Required For PIER		9		7		6		5		4		4		4		4	
	Service Design Load (END BENT)	135 k		135 k		120 k		140 k		127 k		116 k		112 k		108 k		108 k	
	Service Design Load (PIER)	134 k		130 k		125 k		134 k		145 k		134 k		125 k		118 k		111 k	







**PBS**  
Drama by: M. LeCompte

### FOUNDATION LOADS ON DRILLED SHAFT

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

Bridge Width 43.08 Ft.		Number of Lanes 3			Number of Florida Double Tee - 6						
		4 spans	5 spans	6 spans	7 spans	8 spans	9 spans	10 spans	11 spans	12 spans	13 spans
	Beam Type	IV	III	III	III	II	II	II	II	II	II
	Beam Weight (k-ft)	0.822 klf	0.583 klf	0.583 klf	0.583 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf
	Number of Beams	5 beams	5 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams
	Span Length (ft)	86.00 Ft.	69.40 Ft.	58.33 Ft.	50.43 Ft.	44.50 Ft.	39.89 Ft.	36.20 Ft.	33.18 Ft.	30.67 Ft.	28.54 Ft.
	Beam Span (ft)	84.00 Ft.	67.40 Ft.	56.33 Ft.	48.43 Ft.	42.50 Ft.	37.89 Ft.	34.20 Ft.	31.18 Ft.	28.67 Ft.	26.54 Ft.
	Bridge Deck Thickness (in)	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.	8.50 in.
	Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf
	Barrier Loads (k-ft/both sides)	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf
<b>Dead Load</b>											
	Beam Load (End Bent)	460.7 k	337.6 k	266.7 k	230.6 k	185.8 k	166.5 k	151.1 k	138.5 k	128.0 k	119.1 k
	Beam Load (Pier)	939.4 k	675.2 k	533.5 k	461.2 k	371.6 k	333.1 k	302.3 k	277.1 k	256.1 k	238.3 k
	Reduction factor	0.9									
	Impact factor for Substructure	1.0									
<b>Live Load</b>											
	LL Reaction per Lane (END BENT)										
	Truck load	64.2 k	62.3 k	60.5 k	58.7 k	56.9 k	55.2 k	53.4 k	51.7 k	50.1 k	48.5 k
	Lane load	53.5 k	48.2 k	44.7 k	42.1 k	40.2 k	38.8 k	37.6 k	36.6 k	35.8 k	35.1 k
	Total Live Load (END BENT)	173.3 k	168.3 k	163.3 k	158.4 k	153.6 k	148.9 k	144.3 k	139.7 k	135.2 k	130.8 k
	LL Reaction per Lane (PIER)										
	Truck load	65.5 k	63.9 k	62.4 k	60.9 k	59.4 k	58.0 k	56.5 k	55.1 k	53.7 k	52.4 k
	Lane load	81.0 k	70.4 k	63.3 k	58.3 k	54.5 k	51.5 k	49.2 k	47.2 k	45.6 k	44.3 k
	Total Live Load (PIER)	218.8 k	190.1 k	171.0 k	164.4 k	160.4 k	156.5 k	152.6 k	148.8 k	145.1 k	141.4 k
<b>Total Load</b>											
	Superstructure Load (END BENT)	848.2 k	711.0 k	635.2 k	594.2 k	544.6 k	520.6 k	500.6 k	483.4 k	468.4 k	455.1 k
	Superstructure Load (PIER)	1235.8 k	942.8 k	782.0 k	703.2 k	609.5 k	567.1 k	532.4 k	503.4 k	478.7 k	457.3 k
<b>Foundation</b>											
	Maximum pile spacing	16.0 Ft.									
	Location of Ext. shaft from coping at End Bent	6.0 Ft.									
	Number of Piles Required For END BENT	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Number of Piles Required For PIER	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Service Design Load (END BENT)	283 k	237 k	212 k	198 k	183 k	174 k	167 k	161 k	156 k	152 k
	Service Design Load (PIER)	618 k	471 k	391 k	352 k	305 k	284 k	266 k	252 k	239 k	229 k



November 29, 2000







Length of Piles or drilled Shafts: 1026.00 Ft.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**

**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**

Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: M. LeComte

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**Alternatives 1, 2 & 4  
(Bridges 2 & 3)**

**ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternatives-1,2,4\Type B Bridges 2 and 3.xls\SUPER COMP

Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Price	Amount
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	367.7	CY	\$310	\$113,994
Reinforcing Steel <sup>1</sup>	75383	LBS	\$0.45	\$33,922
Bridge Floor Grooving	1536	SY	\$2.50	\$3,839
Traffic Railing Barrier	691.0	FT	\$35	\$24,185
Expansion Joints <sup>3</sup>	86.2	FT	\$84	\$7,238
Type II Beam	1382.0	FT	\$54	\$74,628
Neoprene Bearing Pads	7.002	CY	\$425	\$2,976
			<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>	<b>\$260,782</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	158.8	CY	\$415	\$65,916
Reinforcing Steel <sup>2</sup>	23031	LBS	\$0.45	\$10,364
Pile Hole, Preformed	38	EA	\$200	\$7,600
Test Piles	84	Ft.	\$160	\$13,440
18 in. Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	1026	Ft.	\$33	\$33,858
Pile Splices	4	EA	\$110	\$440
Drilled shaft		LF	\$220	
Test load for drilled shaft		EA	\$50,000	
Core (Shaft Excavation)		LF		
Temporary casing		LF		
Casing splice		EA		
Excavation, unclassified shaft		LF		
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming		LF		
Excavation, unclassified extra depth		LF		
			<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>	<b>\$131,618</b>
			<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>	<b>\$392,400</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	19,620
Contingency (15% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	58,860
			<b>Total Construction Cost</b>	<b>\$470,880</b>
			Deck Square Footage (Ft.)	14,885
			<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>	<b>\$31.63/sf</b>

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to superstructure concrete: 205 Lbs/CY.

<sup>2</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to substructure concrete: 145 Lbs/CY.

<sup>3</sup>Number of expansion piers: 2



10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377 378 379 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398 399 400 401 402 403 404 405 406 407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420 421 422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434 435 436 437 438 439 440 441 442 443 444 445 446 447 448 449 450 451 452 453 454 455 456 457 458 459 460 461 462 463 464 465 466 467 468 469 470 471 472 473 474 475 476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501 502 503 504 505 506 507 508 509 510 511 512 513 514 515 516 517 518 519 520 521 522 523 524 525 526 527 528 529 530 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 540 541 542 543 544 545 546 547 548 549 550 551 552 553 554 555 556 557 558 559 560 561 562 563 564 565 566 567 568 569 570 571 572 573 574 575 576 577 578 579 580 581 582 583 584 585 586 587 588 589 590 591 592 593 594 595 596 597 598 599 600 601 602 603 604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619 620 621 622 623 624 625 626 627 628 629 630 631 632 633 634 635 636 637 638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647 648 649 650 651 652 653 654 655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667 668 669 670 671 672 673 674 675 676 677 678 679 680 681 682 683 684 685 686 687 688 689 690 691 692 693 694 695 696 697 698 699 700 701 702 703 704 705 706 707 708 709 710 711 712 713 714 715 716 717 718 719 720 721 722 723 724 725 726 727 728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741 742 743 744 745 746 747 748 749 750 751 752 753 754 755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795 796 797 798 799 800 801 802 803 804 805 806 807 808 809 810 811 812 813 814 815 816 817 818 819 820 821 822 823 824 825 826 827 828 829 830 831 832 833 834 835 836 837 838 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 854 855 856 857 858 859 860 861 862 863 864 865 866 867 868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876 877 878 879 880 881 882 883 884 885 886 887 888 889 890 891 892 893 894 895 896 897 898 899 900 901 902 903 904 905 906 907 908 909 910 911 912 913 914 915 916 917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926 927 928 929 930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937 938 939 940 941 942 943 944 945 946 947 948 949 950 951 952 953 954 955 956 957 958 959 960 961 962 963 964 965 966 967 968 969 970 971 972 973 974 975 976 977 978 979 980 981 982 983 984 985 986 987 988 989 990 991 992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: F. Ornarli

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**COST SUMMARY**

**PERMANENT & TEMPORARY STRUCTURES FOR ALTERNATIVES 1 & 2 USING NORTH DETOUR**

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Items	Area Sq. Ft.	Unit Cost \$/Sq.Ft.	Cost per Bridge \$	QTY Ea.	Total Cost \$
APPROACH BRIDGES (For constr. of first 2 bridges)	50,400	93.74	\$4,724,522	4	\$18,898,088
APPROACH BRIDGES <sup>1</sup> (For constr. of next 2 bridges)	50,400	38.98	\$1,964,522	4	\$7,858,088
TEMPORARY BRIDGES (For constr. of first 2 bridges)	48,000	99.9	\$4,796,437	2	\$9,592,875
TEMPORARY BRIDGE <sup>2</sup> (For constr. of next 2 bridges)	48,000	36.9	\$1,771,437	2	\$3,542,875
PERMANENT BRIDGES <sup>3</sup> (Bridges 1 & 4)	20,852	77.0	\$1,605,983	2	\$3,211,965
PERMANENT BRIDGES <sup>3</sup> (Bridges 2 & 3)	15,144	77.0	\$1,165,583	2	\$2,331,165
Removal of APPROACH BRIDGES	50,400	12	\$604,800	8	\$4,838,400
Removal of TEMPORARY BRIDGES	48,000	12	\$576,000	4	\$2,304,000
<b>TOTAL</b>					<b>\$52,577,456</b>

<sup>1</sup> Precast slab units and barrier walls are reused. Only installation cost of these items are included.

<sup>2</sup> Temporary steel truss superstructure is reused. Only installation cost of the superstructure is included.

<sup>3</sup> Top down construction is considered due to limited construction area (Constr. Cost is increased by 20%).

**The total construction cost of the temporary bridges for MOT is based on the following assumptions:**

- Two permanent bridges will be built at the same time, which requires 2 temporary bridges. If all 4 permanent bridges are to be built at the same time, cost of additional 2 temporary steel truss bridges need to be considered.  
The total cost above does not include, however, the cost due to longer construction period by constructing 2 bridges at a time, not 4
- Superstructure of approach bridges and temporary steel truss bridges will be reused.  
Only installation cost of the superstructure is considered for the next 2 bridges.
- Salvaged value of temporary steel truss bridges is not considered in the total cost above.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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**APPROACH BRIDGE**

**BEAM SPACING vs. DESIGN SPAN**

**PERMANENT & TEMPORARY STRUCTURES FOR ALTERNATES 1 & 2 USING NORTH DETOUR**

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**SUPERSTRUCTURE OF APPROACH BRIDGE**

Bridge Width: **42.00 Ft.**  
 Bridge Length: **1200.00 Ft.**  
 Precast slab thickness: **24.00 in.**  
 Roadway width: **24.00 Ft.**  
 Shld. Width on each side: **4.00 Ft.**  
 Width of pile cap: **3.50 Ft.**  
 Depth of pile cap: **3.00 Ft.**

**SUBSTRUCTURE OF APPROACH BRIDGE**

Cap width: **3.50 Ft.**  
 Cap depth: **3.00 Ft.**  
 Drilled shaft spacing: **30.00 Ft.**  
 Drilled shaft length: **29.00 Ft.**

**SUPERSTRUCTURE OF TEMPORARY BRIDGE**

Bridge Width: **32.00 Ft.**  
 Bridge Length: **1500.00 Ft.**  
 Lightweight slab thickness: **5.00 in.**  
 Span length: **30.00 Ft.**

**SUBSTRUCTURE OF TEMPORARY BRIDGE**

Cap width: **4.00 Ft.**  
 Cap depth: **3.00 Ft.**  
 No. of drilled shaft per pier: **2**  
 Drilled shaft length: **29.00 Ft.**

**SUPERSTRUCTURE OF PERMANENT BRIDGE**

Bridge Width: **32.00 Ft.**  
 Bridge Length: **1500.00 Ft.**  
 Lightweight slab thickness: **5.00 in.**  
 Span length: **30.00 Ft.**

**SUBSTRUCTURE OF PERMANENT BRIDGE**

Cap width: **4.00 Ft.**  
 Cap depth: **3.00 Ft.**  
 No. of drilled shaft per pier: **2**  
 Drilled shaft length: **29.00 Ft.**



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**APPROACH BRIDGE**

**ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

**PERMANENT & TEMPORARY STRUCTURES FOR ALTERNATIVES 1 & 2 USING NORTH DETOUR**

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Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Price	Amount
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Superstructure)	0	CY	\$310.00	\$0
Reinforcing Steel -- (Superstructure) <sup>1</sup>	0	LBS	\$0.45	\$0
Bridge Floor Grooving	5600	SY	\$2.50	\$14,000
Traffic Railing Barrier	2400.0	FT	\$35.00	\$84,000
Expansion Joints	0.0	FT	\$84.00	\$0
Precast Slab (24 in. thick)	3733.3	CY	\$750.00	\$2,800,000
Neoprene Bearing Pads	41.7	CF	\$425.00	\$17,708
<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$2,915,708</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Substructure)	933	CY	\$415.00	\$387,333
Reinforcing Steel -- (Substructure) <sup>2</sup>	135333	LBS	\$0.45	\$60,900
Pile Hole, Preformed	0	EA	\$200.00	\$0
Test Piles	0	Ft.	\$160.00	\$0
Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	0	Ft.	\$33.00	\$0
Pile Splices	0	EA	\$110.00	\$0
Drilled shaft	2378	LF	\$220.00	\$523,160
Test load for drilled shaft	1	EA	\$50,000.00	\$50,000
Core(Shaft Excavation)	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Temporary casing	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Casing splice(Included in shaft price)	0	EA	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified shaft	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified extra depth	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$1,021,393</b>
<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>				<b>\$3,937,102</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$196,855
Contingency ( 15% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$590,565.25
<b>Total Construction Cost</b>				<b>\$4,724,522</b>
<b>Deck Square Footage (Ft.)</b>				<b>50,400</b>
<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>				<b>\$93.74 /SF</b>

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to superstructure concrete: 205 Lbs/CY.

<sup>2</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to substructure concrete: 145 Lbs/CY.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: F. Ormali

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**APPROACH BRIDGE  
(REUSE OF DECK)**

**ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

**PERMANENT & TEMPORARY STRUCTURES FOR ALTERNATIVES 1 & 2 USING NORTH DETOUR**

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Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Price	Amount
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Superstructure)	0	CY	\$310.00	\$0
Reinforcing Steel -- (Superstructure) <sup>1</sup>	0	LBS	\$0.45	\$0
Bridge Floor Grooving	5600	SY	\$2.50	\$14,000
Traffic Railing Barrier	2400.0	FT	\$10.00	\$24,000 (Installation)
Expansion Joints	0.0	FT	\$84.00	\$0
Precast Slab (24 in. thick)	3733.3	CY	\$150.00	\$560,000 (Installation)
Neoprene Bearing Pads	41.7	CF	\$425.00	\$17,708
<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$615,708</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Substructure)	933	CY	\$415.00	\$387,333
Reinforcing Steel -- (Substructure) <sup>2</sup>	135333	LBS	\$0.45	\$60,900
Pile Hole, Preformed	0	EA	\$200.00	\$0
Test Piles	0	FL	\$160.00	\$0
Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	0	FL	\$33.00	\$0
Pile Splices	0	EA	\$110.00	\$0
Drilled shaft	2378	LF	\$220.00	\$523,160
Test load for drilled shaft	1	EA	\$50,000.00	\$50,000
Core(Shaft Excavation)	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Temporary casing	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Casing splice(Included in shaft price)	0	EA	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified shaft	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified extra depth	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$1,021,393</b>
<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>				<b>\$1,637,102</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$81,855
Contingency ( 15% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$245,565.25
<b>Total Construction Cost</b>				<b>\$1,964,522</b>
<b>Deck Square Footage (Fl.)</b>				<b>50,400</b>
<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>				<b>\$38.98 /Sf</b>

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to superstructure concrete: 205 Lbs/CY.

<sup>2</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to substructure concrete: 145 Lbs/CY.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: F. Ornarli

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**TEMPORARY BRIDGE**

**ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

**PERMANENT & TEMPORARY STRUCTURES FOR ALTERNATIVES 1 & 2 USING NORTH DETOUR**

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Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Price	Amount
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Superstructure)	741	CY	\$310.00	\$229,630
Reinforcing Steel -- (Superstructure) <sup>1</sup>	151852	LBS	\$0.45	\$68,333
Bridge Floor Grooving	5333	SY	\$2.50	\$13,333
Temporary Steel Truss Superstructure	1.0	LS	\$3,000,000	\$3,000,000
		<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>		<b>\$3,311,296</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Substructure)	725	CY	\$415.00	\$301,013
Reinforcing Steel -- (Substructure) <sup>2</sup>	105173	LBS	\$0.45	\$47,328
Pile Hole, Preformed	0	EA	\$200.00	\$0
Test Piles	0	Ft.	\$160.00	\$0
Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	0	Ft.	\$33.00	\$0
Pile Splices	0	EA	\$110.00	\$0
Drilled shaft	2958	LF	\$220.00	\$650,760
Test load for drilled shaft	1	EA	\$50,000.00	\$50,000
Core(Shaft Excavation)	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Temporary casing	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Casing splice(Included in shaft price)	0	EA	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified shaft	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified extra depth	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
		<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>		<b>\$1,049,101</b>
		<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>		<b>\$4,360,398</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$218,020
Contingency (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$218,020
		<b>Total Construction Cost</b>		<b>\$4,796,437</b>
		<b>Deck Square Footage (Ft.)</b>		<b>48,000</b>
		<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>		<b>\$99.9 /Sf</b>

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to superstructure concrete: 205 Lbs/CY.

<sup>2</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to substructure concrete: 145 Lbs/CY.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**

**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**

Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: F. Ornarli

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**TEMPORARY BRIDGE  
(REUSE)**

**ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

**PERMANENT & TEMPORARY STRUCTURES FOR ALTERNATIVES 1 & 2 USING NORTH DETOUR**

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Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Price	Amount
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Superstructure)	741	CY	\$310.00	\$229,630
Reinforcing Steel -- (Superstructure) <sup>1</sup>	151852	LBS	\$0.45	\$68,333
Bridge Floor Grooving	5333	SY	\$2.50	\$13,333
Temporary Steel Truss Superstructure	1.0	LS	\$250,000	\$250,000 (Installation)
<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$561,296</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Substructure)	725	CY	\$415.00	\$301,013
Reinforcing Steel -- (Substructure) <sup>2</sup>	105173	LBS	\$0.45	\$47,328
Pile Hole, Preformed	0	EA	\$200.00	\$0
Test Piles	0	Ft.	\$160.00	\$0
Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	0	Ft.	\$33.00	\$0
Pile Splices	0	EA	\$110.00	\$0
Drilled shaft	2958	LF	\$220.00	\$650,760
Test load for drilled shaft	1	EA	\$50,000.00	\$50,000
Core(Shaft Excavation)	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Temporary casing	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Casing splice(Included in shaft price)	0	EA	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified shaft	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified extra depth	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$1,049,101</b>
<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>				<b>\$1,610,398</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$80,520
Contingency (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$80,520
<b>Total Construction Cost</b>				<b>\$1,771,437</b>
<b>Deck Square Footage (Ft.)</b>				<b>48,000</b>
<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>				<b>\$36.90 /Sf</b>

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to superstructure concrete: 205 Lbs/CY.

<sup>2</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to substructure concrete: 145 Lbs/CY.



[illegible]



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: M. LeComte

**Alternatives 1 & 2 (Bridges 1 & 4)**

**BEAM SPACING vs. DESIGN SPAN**

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative 1&2 northdetour\Type A Bridges 1 and 4 TOPDOWN.xls\BEAM-INP

**Determine beam spacing and design span:**

Bridge Width: 43.08 Ft.  
 Slab Thickness: 8.50 in.

Number of Beams	<sup>1</sup> Beam Spacing	<sup>2</sup> Design Span					
		AASHTO Type II	AASHTO Type III	AASHTO Type IV	18" Double T	24" Double T	30" Double T
4	10.77 Ft.	46.00 Ft.	65.00 Ft.	84.00 Ft.			
5	8.62 Ft.	52.00 Ft.	73.00 Ft.	90.00 Ft.			
6	7.18 Ft.	58.00 Ft.	78.00 Ft.	96.00 Ft.	40.00 Ft.	50.00 Ft.	60.00 Ft.
7	6.15 Ft.	62.00 Ft.	82.00 Ft.	98.00 Ft.			
8	5.39 Ft.	66.00 Ft.	84.00 Ft.	102.00 Ft.			

<sup>1</sup>Beam spacing is based on assuming the cantilever to be half of the beam spacing.

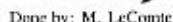
<sup>2</sup>Design spans are determined from the charts based on the beam spacing given.







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Checked by: C. Li

Alternatives 1 & 2  
(Bridges 1 & 4)

### SUPERSTRUCTURE ALTERNATIVES COMPARISON

\\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative 1&2 north\etour\TType A Bridges 1 and 4 TOP

November 29, 2000

[illegible]

Deck Reinforcement 205 lbs/CY concrete  
Cost of Deck per foot \$455/ft.

[illegible]

PRECAST SLAB ALTERNATIVE IS PREFERRED FOR TOP DOWN CONSTRUCTION REQ'D



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: M. LaCourse

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**Alternatives 1 & 2 (Bridges 1 & 4) FOUNDATION LOADS and NUMBER of 18 in. PRESTRESSED PILES**

STRUCT Design: Tamiami Trail design case analysis alternative 1&2 northbound (Type A Buidges 1 and 4 TOPDOWN, 25) BEAM-IN-UT

Bridge Width 43.08 Ft.	Number of lanes	3	Number of Florida Double Tee = 6
------------------------	-----------------	---	----------------------------------

Number of Spans	14 spans	15 spans	16 spans	17 spans
Beam Type	21	20	19	18
Beam Weight (k/ft)	11.309 klf	10.771 klf	10.232 klf	9.694 klf
Number of Beams	1 beams	1 beams	1 beams	1 beams
Span Length (ft)	34.25 Ft.	32.07 Ft.	30.16 Ft.	28.47 Ft.
Beam Span (ft)	32.25 Ft.	30.07 Ft.	28.16 Ft.	26.47 Ft.

**Bridge Deck Thickness (in)**

Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf

**Dead Load**

Beam Load (End Bent)	218.3 k	195.7 k	175.9 k	158.4 k
Beam Load (Pier)	436.5 k	391.4 k	351.9 k	316.9 k

**Live Load**

Reduction factor	0.9
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0

**LL Reaction per lane (END BENT)**

Truck load	52.4 k	51.0 k	49.7 k	48.4 k
Lane load	37.0 k	36.3 k	35.7 k	35.1 k
Total Live Load (END BENT)	141.4 k	137.8 k	134.2 k	130.7 k

**LL Reaction per lane (PIER)**

Truck load	55.6 k	54.5 k	53.4 k	52.3 k
Lane load	47.9 k	46.5 k	45.3 k	44.2 k
Total Live Load (PIER)	150.3 k	147.2 k	144.3 k	141.3 k

**Total Load**

Superstructure Load (END BENT)	535.8 k	509.6 k	486.3 k	465.2 k
Superstructure Load (PIER)	644.9 k	596.8 k	554.3 k	516.3 k

**Foundation**

Maximum pile spacing	13.0 Ft.
Service Load Capacity of Piles	147.0 k
Location of Ext. pile from coping at End Bent/Pier	4.0 Ft.

Number of Piles Required For END BENT	4	4	4	4
Number of Piles Required For PIER	5	5	4	4
Service Design Load (END BENT)	134 k	127 k	122 k	116 k
Service Design Load (PIER)	129 k	119 k	139 k	129 k





Done by: M. LeComte

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS  
Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

**FOUNDATION LOADS and NUMBER of 24 in. PRESTRESSED PILES**

Alternatives 1 & 2  
(Bridges 1 & 4)

U:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami Trail design\cor analysis\alternative 1&2\wrbldsubr1\Type A Bridges 1 and 4 TOPDOWN.xls\BEAM-INTUT

Bridge Width 43.08 Ft.	Number of lanes	3	Number of Florida Double Tee = 6
------------------------	-----------------	---	----------------------------------

Number of Spans	14 spans	15 spans	16 spans	17 spans
Beam Type	21	20	19	18
Beam Weight (k/ft)	11.309 klf	10.771 klf	10.232 klf	9.694 klf

Number of Beams	1 beams	1 beams	1 beams	1 beams
Span Length (ft)	34.71 Ft.	32.53 Ft.	30.63 Ft.	28.94 Ft.
Beam Span (ft)	32.71 Ft.	30.53 Ft.	28.63 Ft.	26.94 Ft.

Bridge Deck Thickness (in)	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf
Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)				

**Dead Load**

Beam Load (End Bent)	221.2 k	198.6 k	178.7 k	161.1 k
Beam Load (PIER)	442.4 k	397.1 k	357.3 k	322.1 k

**Live Load**

Reduction factor	0.9			
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0			

**1.1. Reaction per lane (END BENT)**

Truck load	52.6 k	51.3 k	50.1 k	48.8 k
Lane load	37.1 k	36.4 k	35.8 k	35.3 k
Total Live Load (END BENT)	142.1 k	138.6 k	135.2 k	131.7 k

**1.1. Reaction per lane (PIER)**

Truck load	55.9 k	54.8 k	53.7 k	52.7 k
Lane load	48.2 k	46.8 k	45.6 k	44.5 k
Total Live Load (PIER)	150.8 k	147.9 k	145.0 k	142.2 k

**Total Load**

Superstructure Load (END BENT)	539.5 k	513.3 k	489.9 k	468.9 k
Superstructure Load (PIER)	651.5 k	603.2 k	560.5 k	522.4 k

**Foundation**

Maximum pile spacing	13.0 Ft.			
Service Load Capacity of Piles	260.0 k			
Location of Ext. pile from coping at End Bent/Pier	4.0 Ft.			
Number of Piles Required For END BENT	4	4	4	4
Number of Piles Required For PIER	4	4	4	4
Service Design Load (END BENT)	135 k	128 k	122 k	117 k
Service Design Load (PIER)	163 k	151 k	140 k	131 k



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendixes For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

  
 Done by: M. LetCom  
 Checked by: C. Li  
 November 29, 2000

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**Alternatives 1 & 2**  
(Bridges 1 & 4)

**FOUNDATION LOADS on DRILLED SHAFT**

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E:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami Trail\design\load-analysis\alternative 1&2 northbound\Type A Bridges 1 and 4 TOPDOWN.xls\BEAM INPUT

Bridge Width 43.08 Ft.	Number of lanes	3	Number of Florida Double Tee	6
------------------------	-----------------	---	------------------------------	---

Number of Spans	14 spans	15 spans	16 spans	17 spans	18 spans
Beam Type	21	20	19	19	18
Beam Weight (k/ft)	11.309 klf	10.771 klf	10.232 klf	10.232 klf	9.694 klf

Number of Beams	1 beams	1 beams	1 beams	1 beams	1 beams
Span Length (ft)	35.64 Ft.	33.47 Ft.	31.56 Ft.	29.88 Ft.	28.39 Ft.
Beam Span (ft)	33.64 Ft.	31.47 Ft.	29.56 Ft.	27.88 Ft.	26.39 Ft.

Bridge Deck Thickness (in)					
Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf
Barrier Loads (k./ft/both sides)	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf

Dead Load					
Beam Load (End Bent)	227.1 k	204.3 k	184.1 k	174.3 k	158.0 k
Beam Load (Pier)	454.3 k	408.5 k	368.3 k	348.7 k	316.0 k

Live Load					
Reduction factor	0.9				
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0				

LL Reaction per lane (END BENT)					
Truck load	53.1 k	51.9 k	50.7 k	49.5 k	48.3 k
Lane load	37.4 k	36.7 k	36.1 k	35.6 k	35.1 k
Total Live Load (END BENT)	143.5 k	140.3 k	136.9 k	133.7 k	130.5 k

LL Reaction per lane (PIER)					
Truck load	56.3 k	55.3 k	54.3 k	53.3 k	52.3 k
Lane load	48.8 k	47.4 k	46.2 k	45.1 k	44.2 k
Total Live Load (PIER)	152.0 k	149.2 k	146.5 k	143.8 k	141.1 k

Total Load					
Superstructure Load (END BENT)	575.8 k	549.6 k	526.2 k	513.2 k	493.7 k
Superstructure Load (PIER)	683.8 k	635.3 k	592.3 k	570.0 k	534.7 k

Foundation					
Maximum pile spacing	16.0 Ft.				
Location of Ext. shaft from coping at End Bent	6.0 Ft.				
Number of Piles Required For END BENT	3	3	3	3	3
Number of Piles Required For PIER	2	2	2	2	2
Service Design Load (END BENT)	192 k	183 k	175 k	171 k	165 k
Service Design Load (PIER)	342 k	318 k	296 k	285 k	267 k











Length of Piles or drilled Shafts: 1863.00 Ft.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**

**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**

Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: M. LeConte

**Alternatives 1 & 2  
(Bridges 1 & 4)**

**ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative 1&2 northdetour\Type A Bridges 1 and 4 TOPDOW

Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Price	Amount
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	0	CY	\$310	
Reinforcing Steel <sup>1</sup>	0	LBS	\$0.45	
Bridge Floor Grooving	2151	SY	\$2.50	\$5,378
Traffic Railing Barrier	968.0	FT	\$35	\$33,880
Expansion Joints <sup>3</sup>	86.2	FT	\$84	\$7,238
18 in. thick precast slab	1158.5	CY	\$750	\$868,847
Neoprene Bearing Pads	32.313	CF	\$425	\$13,733
		<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>		<b>\$929,076</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	253.7	CY	\$415	\$105,291
Reinforcing Steel <sup>2</sup>	36788	LBS	\$0.45	\$16,555
Pile Hole, Preformed	69	EA	\$200	\$13,800
Test Piles	126	Ft.	\$160	\$20,160
18 in. Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	1863	Ft.	\$33	\$61,479
Pile Splices	7	EA	\$110	\$770
Drilled shaft	0	LF	\$220	
Test load for drilled shaft	0	EA	\$50,000	
Core (Shaft Excavation)	0	LF		
Temporary casing	0	LF		
Casing splice	0	EA		
Excavation, unclassified shaft	0	LF		
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	0	LF		
Excavation, unclassified extra depth	0	LF		
		<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>		<b>\$218,055</b>
		<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>		<b>\$1,147,131</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	57,357
Contingency (15% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	172,070
TOP DOWN Construction (20% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	229,426
		<b>Total Construction Cost</b>		<b>\$1,605,983</b>
		Deck Square Footage (Ft.)		20,852
		<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>		<b>\$77.02/sf</b>

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to superstructure concrete: 205 Lbs/CY.

<sup>2</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to substructure concrete: 145 Lbs/CY.

<sup>3</sup>Number of expansion piers: 2



[illegible]



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: M. LeComte

**Alternatives 1 & 2 (Bridges 2 & 3)**

**BEAM SPACING vs. DESIGN SPAN**

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative 1&2 northdetour\IType B Bridges 2 and 3 TOPDOWN.xls\LENGTH

Determine beam spacing and design span:

Bridge Width: 43.08 Ft.  
 Slab Thickness: 8.50 in.

Number of Beams	<sup>1</sup> Beam Spacing	<sup>2</sup> Design Span					
		AASHTO Type II	AASHTO Type III	AASHTO Type IV	18" Double T	24" Double T	30" Double T
4	10.77 Ft.	46.00 Ft.	65.00 Ft.	84.00 Ft.			
5	8.62 Ft.	52.00 Ft.	73.00 Ft.	90.00 Ft.			
6	7.18 Ft.	58.00 Ft.	78.00 Ft.	96.00 Ft.	40.00 Ft.	50.00 Ft.	60.00 Ft.
7	6.15 Ft.	62.00 Ft.	82.00 Ft.	98.00 Ft.			
8	5.39 Ft.	66.00 Ft.	84.00 Ft.	102.00 Ft.			

<sup>1</sup>Beam spacing is based on assuming the cantilever to be half of the beam spacing.

<sup>2</sup>Design spans are determined from the charts based on the beam spacing given.







PRECAST SLAB ALTERNATIVE IS PREFERRED FOR TOP DOWN CONSTRUCTION REQ'D





Done by: M. LeComte

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRUSSEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

**FOUNDATION LOADS and NUMBER of 18 in. PRESTRESSED PILES**

Alternatives 1 & 2  
(Bridges 2 & 3)

STRUCTURAL Design: Tamiami Trail design/consulting alternative 1&2 methods as per (Type B Bridges 2 and 3 TOPDOWN AS LENGTH)

Bridge Width 43.08 Ft.	Number of lanes	3	Number of Florida Double Tee = 6
------------------------	-----------------	---	----------------------------------

Number of Spans	10 spans	11 spans	12 spans
Beam Type	21	20	18
Beam Weight (k/ft)	11.209 klf	10.771 klf	9.694 klf

Number of Beams	1 beams	1 beams	1 beams
Span Length (ft)	34.85 Ft.	31.82 Ft.	29.29 Ft.
Beam Span (ft)	32.85 Ft.	29.82 Ft.	27.29 Ft.

Bridge Deck Thickness (in)			
Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf

**Dead Load**

Beam Load (End Beam)	222.1 k	194.2 k	163.0 k
Beam Load (Pier)	414.2 k	388.4 k	326.0 k

**Live Load**

Reduction factor	0.9
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0

**11. Reaction per lane (END BENT)**

Truck load	52.7 k	50.9 k	49.1 k
Lane load	37.2 k	36.2 k	35.4 k
Total Live Load (END BENT)	142.3 k	137.4 k	132.5 k

**11. Reaction per lane (PIER)**

Truck load	55.9 k	54.4 k	52.9 k
Lane load	48.3 k	46.4 k	44.7 k
Total Live Load (PIER)	151.0 k	146.9 k	142.8 k

**Total Load**

Superstructure Load (END BENT)	540.5 k	507.7 k	471.6 k
Superstructure Load (PIER)	653.4 k	593.4 k	527.0 k

**Foundation**

Maximum pile spacing	13.0 Ft.
Service Load Capacity of Piles	147.0 k
Location of Ext. pile from coping at End Bent/Pier	4.0 Ft.
Number of Piles Required For END BENT	4
Number of Piles Required For PIER	5
Service Design Load (END BENT)	135 k
Service Design Load (PIER)	131 k



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Draw by: M. LeCunne

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**FOUNDATION LOADS and NUMBER of 24 in. PRESTRESSED PILES**

**Alternatives 1 & 2  
(Bridges 2 & 3)**

STRUCTURE: Tamiami Trail design used analysis alternative 1 & 3 northbound (Type B Bridges 2 and 3) TOWNDOWN side LENGTH

Bridge Width 43.08 Ft.	Number of lanes 3	Number of Florida Double Tee = 6
------------------------	-------------------	----------------------------------

<b>Number of Spans</b>	<b>10 spans</b>	<b>11 spans</b>	<b>12 spans</b>
<b>Beam Type</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>Beam Weight (k/ft)</b>	<b>11,309 klf</b>	<b>10,771 klf</b>	<b>10,232 klf</b>

<b>Number of Beams</b>	<b>1 beams</b>	<b>1 beams</b>	<b>1 beams</b>
<b>Span Length (ft)</b>	<b>35.30 Ft.</b>	<b>32.27 Ft.</b>	<b>29.75 Ft.</b>
<b>Beam Span (ft)</b>	<b>33.30 Ft.</b>	<b>30.27 Ft.</b>	<b>27.75 Ft.</b>

<b>Bridge Deck Thickness (in)</b>			
<b>Comp. Loads (ksf)</b>	<b>0.015 ksf</b>	<b>0.015 ksf</b>	<b>0.015 ksf</b>
<b>Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)</b>	<b>0.836 klf</b>	<b>0.836 klf</b>	<b>0.836 klf</b>

<b>Dead Load</b>			
<b>Beam Load (End Bent)</b>	<b>225.0 k</b>	<b>197.0 k</b>	<b>173.6 k</b>
<b>Beam Load (Pier)</b>	<b>449.9 k</b>	<b>393.9 k</b>	<b>347.1 k</b>

<b>Live Load</b>			
<b>Reduction factor</b>	<b>0.9</b>		
<b>Impact factor for Substructure</b>	<b>1.0</b>		

<b>11. Reaction per lane (END BENT)</b>			
<b>Truck load</b>	<b>53.0 k</b>	<b>51.2 k</b>	<b>49.4 k</b>
<b>Lane load</b>	<b>37.3 k</b>	<b>36.3 k</b>	<b>35.5 k</b>
<b>Total Live Load (END BENT)</b>	<b>143.0 k</b>	<b>138.2 k</b>	<b>133.4 k</b>

<b>11. Reaction per lane (PIER)</b>			
<b>Truck load</b>	<b>56.1 k</b>	<b>54.6 k</b>	<b>53.2 k</b>
<b>Lane load</b>	<b>48.6 k</b>	<b>46.7 k</b>	<b>45.0 k</b>
<b>Total Live Load (PIER)</b>	<b>151.6 k</b>	<b>147.5 k</b>	<b>143.6 k</b>

<b>Total Load</b>			
<b>Superstructure Load (END BENT)</b>	<b>544.1 k</b>	<b>511.3 k</b>	<b>483.1 k</b>
<b>Superstructure Load (PIER)</b>	<b>659.6 k</b>	<b>599.7 k</b>	<b>545.9 k</b>

<b>Foundation</b>			
<b>Maximum pile spacing</b>	<b>13.0 Ft.</b>		
<b>Service Load Capacity of Piles</b>	<b>260.0 k</b>		
<b>Location of Ext. pile from coping at End Bent/Pier</b>	<b>4.0 Ft.</b>		
<b>Number of Piles Required For END BENT</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Number of Piles Required For PIER</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Service Design Load (END BENT)</b>	<b>136 k</b>	<b>128 k</b>	<b>121 k</b>
<b>Service Design Load (PIER)</b>	<b>165 k</b>	<b>150 k</b>	<b>137 k</b>



# FOUNDATION LOADS ON DRILLED SHAFT

STRUCTURAL DESIGN ANALYSIS ALTERNATIVE 1&amp;2 northbound Type B Bridges 2 and 3 TOWNSHIP LENGTH

Bridge Width 43.08 Ft.	Number of lanes			3	Number of Florida Double Tee = 6		
	Number of Spans	10 spans	11 spans	12 spans	13 spans		
	Beam Type	22	20	19	18		
	Beam Weight (k/ft)	11.848 klf	10.771 klf	10.232 klf	9.694 klf		
	Number of Beams	1 beams	1 beams	1 beams	1 beams		
	Span Length (ft)	36.20 Ft.	33.18 Ft.	30.67 Ft.	28.54 Ft.		
	Beam Span (ft)	34.20 Ft.	31.18 Ft.	28.67 Ft.	26.54 Ft.		
	Bridge Deck Thickness (in)						
	Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf	0.015 ksf		
	Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf		
<b>Dead Load</b>							
	Beam Load (End Bent)	240.4 k	202.5 k	178.9 k	158.8 k		
	Beam Load (Pier)	480.9 k	405.0 k	357.8 k	317.6 k		
	Reduction factor	0.9					
	Impact factor for Substructure	1.0					
<b>Live Load</b>							
	II. Reaction per lane (END BENT)						
	Truck load	53.4 k	51.7 k	50.1 k	48.5 k		
	Lane load	37.6 k	36.6 k	35.8 k	35.1 k		
	Total Live Load (END BENT)	141.3 k	139.7 k	155.2 k	130.8 k		
	II. Reaction per lane (PIER)						
	Truck load	56.5 k	55.1 k	53.7 k	52.4 k		
	Lane load	49.2 k	47.2 k	45.6 k	44.3 k		
	Total Live Load (PIER)	152.6 k	148.8 k	145.1 k	141.4 k		
<b>Total Load</b>							
	Superstructure Load (END BENT)	589.9 k	547.4 k	519.3 k	494.8 k		
	Superstructure Load (PIER)	711.1 k	631.4 k	580.5 k	536.6 k		
<b>Foundation</b>							
	Maximum pile spacing	16.0 Ft.					
	Location of Ext. shaft from coping at End Bent	6.0 Ft.					
	Number of Piles Required for END BENT	3	3	3	3		
	Number of Piles Required For PIER	2	2	2	2		
	Service Design Load (END BENT)	197 k	182 k	173 k	165 k		
	Service Design Load (PIER)	356 k	316 k	290 k	268 k		







<sup>2</sup>Includes wingwall drilled shafts for Type IV, III, II beams.



Length of Piles or drilled Shafts: 1350.00 Ft.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: M. LeComte

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

**Alternatives 1 & 2  
(Bridges 2 & 3)**

**ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative 1&2 northdetour\IType B Bridges 2 and 3 TOPDOWN

Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Price	Amount
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	0	CY	\$310	
Reinforcing Steel <sup>1</sup>	0	LBS	\$0.45	
Bridge Floor Grooving	1562	SY	\$2.50	\$3,906
Traffic Railing Barrier	703.0	FT	\$35	\$24,605
Expansion Joints <sup>3</sup>	86.2	FT	\$84	\$7,238
18 in. thick precast slab	841.3	CY	\$750	\$630,991
Neoprene Bearing Pads	23.337	CF	\$425	\$9,918
			<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>	<b>\$676,658</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	181.9	CY	\$415	\$75,492
Reinforcing Steel <sup>2</sup>	26377	LBS	\$0.45	\$11,869
Pile Hole, Preformed	50	EA	\$200	\$10,000
Test Piles	84	Ft.	\$160	\$13,440
18 in. Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	1350	Ft.	\$33	\$44,550
Pile Splices	5	EA	\$110	\$550
Drilled shaft	0	LF	\$220	
Test load for drilled shaft	0	EA	\$50,000	
Core (Shaft Excavation)	0	LF		
Temporary casing	0	LF		
Casing splice	0	EA		
Excavation, unclassified shaft	0	LF		
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	0	LF		
Excavation, unclassified extra depth	0	LF		
			<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>	<b>\$155,901</b>
			<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>	<b>\$832,559</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	41,628
Contingency (15% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	124,884
TOP DOWN Construction (20% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	166,512
			<b>Total Construction Cost</b>	<b>\$1,165,583</b>
			Deck Square Footage (Ft.)	15,144
			<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>	<b>\$76.97/sf</b>

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to superstructure concrete: 205 Lbs/CY.

<sup>2</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to substructure concrete: 145 Lbs/CY.

<sup>3</sup>Number of expansion piers: 2







**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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Done by: F. ORNARLI

Checked by: S.YETIMOGLU

November 7, 2000

**Alternative 2C**

**ESTIMATE OF ADDITIONAL COST OF STRUCTURES**

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Project Length 59220.00 Ft  
 Total Bridge Length 1641.00 Ft (2 - 475ft long, 2 - 345.5ft long bridges)

ITEM	UNIT PRICE	QTY	TOTAL PRICE
Gravity wall on wetland side	\$157.30	57579 LF	\$9,057,389.96
Retaining wall on wetland side	\$159.28	57579 LF	\$9,171,099.59
Temporary retaining system	\$331.68	57579 LF	\$19,097,648.11
Traffic Barrier on retaining wall	\$35.00	57579 LF	\$2,015,265.00
* TOTAL:			<b>\$39,341,403</b>

**\* NOTE: This cost is additional to the cost of 4 bridges in Alternative 2.**



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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**PBSJ**

Done by: S. YETIMOGLU

Alternative 2C

**TEMPORARY SHEET PILE COST**

Checked by: F. ORNARLI

November 7, 2000

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**INPUT**

Height of Temporary sheet pile	13.00 Ft	(PZ27)
Soil anchor spacing	12.00 Ft	
Spacing of Tie back w/ deadman	12.00 Ft	
Deadman size		
Length	5.00 Ft	
Width	5.00 Ft	
Thickness	0.75 Ft	
Tie rod length	20.00 Ft	
Tie rod size	1.75 in (No. 14 rebar)	
Wale	50.00 lbs/Tft	

ITEM	QTY	35	TOTAL/Ft.
* Temporary sheet pile	13.00 Ft	\$16	\$208.00
Soil anchor	0.083 each/ft	\$1,200	\$100.00
Deadman	0.06 CY/ft	\$310	\$17.94
Tie rod	13 Lbs	\$0.45	\$5.74
Wale	50 Lbs	\$0.80	\$40.00
TOTAL COST/Ft.			<b>\$331.68</b>

\* Unit price used is for permanent sheet pile since sheet piles cannot be removed due to tie rods buried under the new roadway.



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Done by: F. ORNARLI

Checked by: S.YETIMOGLU

November 7, 2000

**Alternative 2C**

**CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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**DESIGN DATA**

**Soil Parameters and Loading Information:**

Moist Unit Weight of Soil (pcf)	105.00
Saturated Unit Weight of Soil (pcf)	120.00
Coefficient of Friction	0.40
Crane Load Surcharge (psf)	0.00
Angle of internal friction $\phi$ (deg)	30.00
Wall Friction angle $\delta$ (deg)	17.00
Angle of back face of wall $\alpha$ (deg)	90.00
Slope of back fill $\beta$ (deg)	0.00
Ka	0.299
Equiv. Passive Fluid Pressure (pcf)	35 300,000
Angle of Int. Friction for Key (deg.)	30.000

**Soil and Water Elevations (NGVD - feet):**

Top of Wall Elevation	13.500
Top of Back Soil Elevation	13.500
Top of Front Soil Elevation	9.500
Back Water Elevation	11.500
Front Water Elevation	10.500
Top of Footing Elevation	8.500

**Wall and Footing Information:**

Top of Wall Thickness (inch)	11.000
Back Slope of Wall (inch/foot)	0.000
Heel Length (feet)	3.582
Footing Length (feet)	4.500
Footing Thickness (inch)	12.000
Toe Length (feet)	0.001

**Wall Design Data:**

Dead Load - Load Factor	1.40
L.L. & Soil Pres. - Load Factor	1.70
Concrete Strength (ksi)	4.00
Reinforcing Steel (ksi)	60.00
Cover - Bottom of Footing (inch)	3.00
Cover - Top of Footing (inch)	1.50
Cover - Wall (inch)	2.00

**Additional Input**

Distance from F.F. Key to Toe	1.000 ft.
Depth of Key	6.0 in.
Rebar Size (wall)	# 8
Rebar Size (Footing - Toe)	# 9
Rebar Size (Footing - Heel)	# 5

**ADDITIONAL LOADS**

**Dead Loads:**

Moment (ft-kip/ft)	0.000
Shear (Kips/ft)	0.000
Vertical Load (kips/ft)	0.000

**Wind Loads:**

Moment (ft-kip/ft)	0.000
Shear (Kips/ft)	0.000
Vertical Load (kips/ft)	0.000

**Live Loads:**

Moment (ft-kip/ft)	0.000
Shear (Kips/ft)	0.000
Vertical Load (kips/ft)	0.000

**Live Load Surcharge(ksf)**

	0.210
--	-------

**Crane Surcharge load (kips)**

	0.00
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**Over Stress Factor**

	1.00
--	------

**Note:**

- 1) Live loads, Wind loads and Liveload Surcharge are not considered while designing for Crane Surcharge Loads.
- 2) The allowable 25% overstress for Wind Loads is not considered in the design to be conservative.
- 3) Downward loads, loads and moments causing overturning are positive.



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Drawn by: F. ORNALLI

Checked by: S. YETIMOGLOU

November 7, 2000

**Alternative 2C CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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**Lateral Earth Pressures**

Distance from Top of Wall	Back Face Pressures				Front Face Pressures			Net Back Pressures	
	Active Pressure of Soil	Water Adjust.	Surcharge	Total Back Face Pressure	Active Pressure from Soil	Water Pressure	Total Front Face Pressure	Without Surcharge	With Surcharge
feet	psf	psf	psf	psf	psf	psf	psf	psf	psf
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.250	7.860	0.000	0.000	7.860	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.860	7.860
0.500	15.721	0.000	0.000	15.721	0.000	0.000	0.000	15.721	15.721
0.750	23.581	0.000	0.000	23.581	0.000	0.000	0.000	23.581	23.581
1.000	31.441	0.000	0.000	31.441	0.000	0.000	0.000	31.441	31.441
1.250	39.301	0.000	0.000	39.301	0.000	0.000	0.000	39.301	39.301
1.500	47.162	0.000	0.000	47.162	0.000	0.000	0.000	47.162	47.162
1.750	55.022	0.000	0.000	55.022	0.000	0.000	0.000	55.022	55.022
2.000	62.882	0.000	0.000	62.882	0.000	0.000	0.000	62.882	62.882
2.250	70.742	12.052	0.000	82.794	0.000	0.000	0.000	82.794	82.794
2.500	78.603	24.103	0.000	102.706	0.000	0.000	0.000	102.706	102.706
2.750	86.463	36.155	0.000	122.618	0.000	0.000	0.000	122.618	122.618
3.000	94.323	48.207	0.000	142.530	0.000	0.000	0.000	142.530	142.530
3.250	102.183	60.258	0.000	162.442	0.000	15.600	15.600	146.842	146.842
3.500	110.044	72.310	0.000	182.354	0.000	31.200	31.200	151.154	151.154
3.750	117.904	84.362	0.000	202.265	0.000	46.800	46.800	155.465	155.465
4.000	125.764	96.413	0.000	222.177	0.000	62.400	62.400	159.777	159.777
4.250	133.624	108.465	0.000	242.089	0.000	78.000	78.000	164.089	164.089
4.500	141.485	120.517	0.000	262.001	0.000	93.600	93.600	168.401	168.401
4.750	149.345	132.568	0.000	281.913	0.000	109.200	109.200	172.713	172.713
5.000	157.205	144.620	0.000	301.825	0.000	124.800	124.800	177.025	177.025
6.000	188.646	192.826	0.000	381.473	0.000	187.200	187.200	194.273	194.273

**WITHOUT CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Calculation of Driving Moment and Shear**

Distance from Top of Wall	Net Back Pressure (inc. LL & WL)	Increment Shear	Total Shear	Increment Moment	Total Moment
feet	psf	kips	kips	ft-kips	ft-kips
0.000	62.882	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.250	70.742	0.017	0.017	0.002	0.002
0.500	78.603	0.019	0.035	0.006	0.009
0.750	86.463	0.021	0.056	0.011	0.020
1.000	94.323	0.023	0.079	0.017	0.037
1.250	102.183	0.025	0.103	0.023	0.059
1.500	110.044	0.027	0.130	0.029	0.088
1.750	117.904	0.028	0.158	0.036	0.124
2.000	125.764	0.030	0.189	0.043	0.168
2.250	145.676	0.034	0.223	0.051	0.219
2.500	165.588	0.039	0.261	0.060	0.279
2.750	185.500	0.044	0.305	0.071	0.350
3.000	205.412	0.049	0.354	0.082	0.432
3.250	209.724	0.052	0.406	0.095	0.528
3.500	214.036	0.053	0.459	0.108	0.636
3.750	218.348	0.054	0.513	0.122	0.757
4.000	222.659	0.055	0.568	0.135	0.892
4.250	226.971	0.056	0.624	0.149	1.041
4.500	231.283	0.057	0.682	0.163	1.205
4.750	235.595	0.058	0.740	0.178	1.382
5.000	239.907	0.059	0.800	0.192	1.575
6.000	257.155	0.249	1.048	0.922	2.497

Driving Moment (ft-kips)  
 2.497    1.365  
 (w/ LL & WL)    (w/o LL & WL)  
 Resisting Moment (ft-kips)  
 7.09    5.049  
 (w/ LL & WL)    (w/o LL & WL)  
 F.S. against Overturning  
 2.838

Driving Shear (kips)  
 1.048    0.671  
 (w/ LL & WL)    (w/o LL & WL)  
 Bouyant Dead Load Reaction (Kips)  
 3.174    2.422  
 (w/ LL & WL)    (w/o LL & WL)  
 Frictional Resistance (kips)  
 1.270    0.969  
 (w/ LL & WL)    (w/o LL & WL)  
 F.S. against Sliding  
 1.211

Depth of Key  
 6.0 in.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

**Alternative 2C CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**



Done by: P. ORNARLI

Checked by: S. YETIMOGLU

November 7, 2000

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**Calculation of Resisting Moment and Shear**

Element	Weight kips	Mom. Arm feet	Moment ft-kips
Base of Foundation	0.675	2.250	1.519
Constant Thickness Wall	0.688	0.459	0.316
Sloped Backface of Wall	0.000	0.918	0.000
Water over Soil over Toe	0.000	0.001	0.000
Soil over Toe	0.000	0.001	0.000
Soil above Base	1.881	2.709	5.095
Soil above Wall Taper	0.000	0.918	0.000
Water adjust above Base	0.161	2.709	0.437
Water adjust above Wall Taper	0.000	0.918	0.000
Uniform Bouyancy	-0.842	2.250	-1.895
Differential Bouyancy	-0.140	3.000	-0.421
Additional Vertical Load	0.000	0.459	0.000
Additional L.L. Surcharge	0.752	2.709	2.038
Total	3.174		7.087

Bearing against Key (F.S.=1.5)

0.605 ksf

Distance from F.F. Key to Toe

1.000 ft.

Depth of Passive Resistance

2.077 feet

Passive Resistance

0.647 kips

S.F. against Sliding

1.829

**WITH CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Calculation of Driving Moment and Shear**

Distance from Top of Wall	Net Back Pressure	Increment Shear	Total Shear	Increment Moment	Total Moment
feet	psf	kips	kips	ft-kips	ft-kips
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.250	7.860	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000
0.500	15.721	0.003	0.004	0.001	0.001
0.750	23.581	0.005	0.009	0.002	0.002
1.000	31.441	0.007	0.016	0.003	0.005
1.250	39.301	0.009	0.025	0.005	0.010
1.500	47.162	0.011	0.035	0.007	0.018
1.750	55.022	0.013	0.048	0.010	0.028
2.000	62.882	0.015	0.063	0.014	0.042
2.250	82.794	0.018	0.081	0.018	0.060
2.500	102.706	0.023	0.104	0.023	0.083
2.750	122.618	0.028	0.132	0.029	0.112
3.000	142.530	0.033	0.166	0.037	0.150
3.250	146.842	0.036	0.202	0.046	0.195
3.500	151.154	0.037	0.239	0.055	0.250
3.750	155.465	0.038	0.277	0.065	0.315
4.000	159.777	0.039	0.317	0.074	0.389
4.250	164.089	0.040	0.357	0.084	0.473
4.500	168.401	0.042	0.399	0.094	0.568
4.750	172.713	0.043	0.441	0.105	0.673
5.000	177.025	0.044	0.485	0.116	0.789
6.000	194.273	0.186	0.671	0.577	1.365

Driving Moment

1.365 ft-kips

Resisting Moment

5.049 ft-kips

F.S. against Overturning

3.698

Driving Shear

0.671 kips

Bouyant Dead Load Reaction

2.422 kips

Frictional Resistance

0.969 kips

F.S. against Sliding

1.444

Depth of Key 6.0 in.



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Done by: P. ORNARLI

Checked by: S.YETIMOGLU

November 7, 2000

**Alternative 2C**

**CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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**Calculation of Resisting Moment and Shear**

Element	Weight	Mom. Arm	Moment
	kips	feet	ft-kips
Base of Foundation	0.675	2.250	1.519
Constant Thickness Wall	0.688	0.459	0.316
Sloped Backface of Wall	0.000	0.918	0.000
Water over Soil over Toe	0.000	0.001	0.000
Soil over Toe	0.000	0.001	0.000
Soil above Base	1.881	2.709	5.095
Soil above Wall Taper	0.000	0.918	0.000
Water adjust above Base	0.161	2.709	0.437
Water adjust above Wall Taper	0.000	0.918	0.000
Uniform Bouyancy	-0.842	2.250	-1.895
Differential Bouyancy	-0.140	3.000	-0.421
Additional Vertical Load	0.000	0.459	0.000
Surcharge	0.000	2.709	0.000
Total w/o Surcharge Vertical Load	2.422		5.049
Total w/ Surcharge Vertical Load	2.422		5.049

Bearing against Key (F.S.=1.5)

0.075 ksf \_\_\_\_\_

Distance from F.F. Key to Toe

1.000 ft.

Depth of Passive Resistance

2.077 feet

Passive Resistance

0.647 kips

S.F. against Sliding

2.409 \_\_\_\_\_



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**Alternative 2C**

**CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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**Bearing Capacity Analysis**

Service Load Design		Factored Load Design	
<b>Bearing Capacity w/o Surcharge Vertical Load</b>			
Average Bearing Stress (ksf)	0.705	Average Bearing Stress (ksf)	1.293
Section Modulus of Footing (ft <sup>3</sup> )	3.375	Section Modulus of Footing (ft <sup>3</sup> )	3.375
Eccentricity (feet)	0.804	Eccentricity (feet)	0.717
Bearing Stress Due to Moment (ksf)	0.756	Bearing Stress Due to Moment (ksf)	1.237
Net Length of Bearing (feet)	4.338	Length of Bearing (feet)	4.500
Net Bearing Stress at Toe (ksf)	1.463	Bearing Stress at Toe (ksf)	2.530
Net Bearing Stress at Heel (ksf)	0.000	Bearing Stress at Heel (ksf)	0.056
<b>Bearing Capacity w/ Surcharge Vertical Load</b>			
Average Bearing Stress (ksf)	0.538	Average Bearing Stress (ksf)	1.059
Section Modulus of Footing (ft <sup>3</sup> )	3.375	Section Modulus of Footing (ft <sup>3</sup> )	3.375
Eccentricity (feet)	0.729	Eccentricity (feet)	0.573
Bearing Stress Due to Moment (ksf)	0.523	Bearing Stress Due to Moment (ksf)	0.810
Net Length of Bearing (feet)	4.500	Length of Bearing (feet)	4.500
Net Bearing Stress at Toe (ksf)	1.061	Bearing Stress at Toe (ksf)	1.869
Net Bearing Stress at Heel (ksf)	0.015	Bearing Stress at Heel (ksf)	0.249

**Foundation Design (Factored)**

Toe Design Pressures (ksf):		Heel Design Pressures (ksf):	
<b>Bearing Pressures w/o Surcharge Vertical Load</b>			
Downward Pressure Toe End	0.291	Downward Pressure Heel End	1.008
Downward Pressure Wall End	0.291	Downward Pressure Wall End	1.008
Upward Pressure Toe End	-2.530	Upward Pressure Heel End	-0.056
Upward Pressure Wall End	-2.529	Upward Pressure Wall End	-2.026
<b>Bearing Pressures w/ Surcharge Vertical Load</b>			
Downward Pressure Toe End	0.291	Downward Pressure Heel End	1.008
Downward Pressure Wall End	0.291	Downward Pressure Wall End	1.008
Upward Pressure Toe End	-1.869	Upward Pressure Heel End	-0.249
Upward Pressure Wall End	-1.869	Upward Pressure Wall End	-1.539
<b>Foundation Reinforcement:</b>			
Main Toe Reinforcing	# 9	Main Heel Reinforcing	# 5
Effective Depth (inches)	8.438	Effective Depth (inches)	10.188
Shear in Toe (kips)	0.002	Shear in Heel (kips)	0.408
Shear Stress (ksi)	0.000	Shear Stress (ksi)	0.003
Moment in Toe (ft-kips) (Reduced)	0.000	Moment in Heel (ft-kips) (Redu.)	2.110
As-required [Bottom] (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	0.000	As-required [Top] (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	0.046
As-max (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	2.165	As-max (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	2.614
As-min (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	0.338	As-min (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	0.408



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: F. ORNARLI  
 Checked by: S. YETIMOGLU  
 November 7, 2000

**Alternative 2C CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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**WITHOUT CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Wall Reinforcing Requirements - Shear Check (Factored)**

Max. Rebar Size	# 8	Allowable Factored Shear Stress		0.108 ksi			
Distance from Top of Wall	Effective Depth of Rebar	Net D.L. Back Pressure	Net L.L. Back Pressure	Increment Shear	Total Shear	Shear Stress	Status
feet	inches	psf	psf	kips	kips	ksi	
0.000	8.500	0.000	62.882	0.000	0.000	0.000	O.K.
0.250	8.500	7.860	62.882	0.028	0.028	0.000	O.K.
0.500	8.500	15.721	62.882	0.032	0.060	0.001	O.K.
0.750	8.500	23.581	62.882	0.035	0.095	0.001	O.K.
1.000	8.500	31.441	62.882	0.038	0.134	0.001	O.K.
1.250	8.500	39.301	62.882	0.042	0.175	0.002	O.K.
1.500	8.500	47.162	62.882	0.045	0.220	0.002	O.K.
1.750	8.500	55.022	62.882	0.048	0.269	0.003	O.K.
2.000	8.500	62.882	62.882	0.052	0.321	0.003	O.K.
2.250	8.500	82.794	62.882	0.058	0.378	0.004	O.K.
2.500	8.500	102.706	62.882	0.066	0.445	0.004	O.K.
2.750	8.500	122.618	62.882	0.075	0.519	0.005	O.K.
3.000	8.500	142.530	62.882	0.083	0.602	0.006	O.K.
3.250	8.500	146.842	62.882	0.088	0.690	0.007	O.K.
3.500	8.500	151.154	62.882	0.090	0.780	0.008	O.K.
3.750	8.500	155.465	62.882	0.092	0.872	0.009	O.K.
4.000	8.500	159.777	62.882	0.094	0.966	0.009	O.K.
4.250	8.500	164.089	62.882	0.096	1.062	0.010	O.K.
4.500	8.500	168.401	62.882	0.097	1.159	0.011	O.K.
4.750	8.500	172.713	62.882	0.099	1.258	0.012	O.K.
5.000	8.500	177.025	62.882	0.101	1.359	0.013	O.K.
6.000	N/A	194.273	62.882	0.423	1.782	N/A	N/A

**WITH CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Wall Reinforcing Requirements - Shear Check (Factored)**

Max. Rebar Size	# 8	Allowable Factored Shear Stress		0.108 ksi			
Distance from Top of Wall	Effective Depth of Rebar	Net D.L. Back Pressure	Net L.L. Back Pressure	Increment Shear	Total Shear	Shear Stress	Status
feet	inches	psf	psf	kips	kips	ksi	
0.000	8.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	O.K.
0.250	8.500	7.860	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.000	O.K.
0.500	8.500	15.721	0.000	0.005	0.007	0.000	O.K.
0.750	8.500	23.581	0.000	0.008	0.015	0.000	O.K.
1.000	8.500	31.441	0.000	0.012	0.027	0.000	O.K.
1.250	8.500	39.301	0.000	0.015	0.042	0.000	O.K.
1.500	8.500	47.162	0.000	0.018	0.060	0.001	O.K.
1.750	8.500	55.022	0.000	0.022	0.082	0.001	O.K.
2.000	8.500	62.882	0.000	0.025	0.107	0.001	O.K.
2.250	8.500	82.794	0.000	0.031	0.138	0.001	O.K.
2.500	8.500	102.706	0.000	0.039	0.177	0.002	O.K.
2.750	8.500	122.618	0.000	0.048	0.225	0.002	O.K.
3.000	8.500	142.530	0.000	0.056	0.281	0.003	O.K.
3.250	8.500	146.842	0.000	0.061	0.343	0.003	O.K.
3.500	8.500	151.154	0.000	0.063	0.406	0.004	O.K.
3.750	8.500	155.465	0.000	0.065	0.471	0.005	O.K.
4.000	8.500	159.777	0.000	0.067	0.538	0.005	O.K.
4.250	8.500	164.089	0.000	0.069	0.607	0.006	O.K.
4.500	8.500	168.401	0.000	0.071	0.678	0.007	O.K.
4.750	8.500	172.713	0.000	0.072	0.750	0.007	O.K.
5.000	8.500	177.025	0.000	0.074	0.825	0.008	O.K.
6.000	N/A	194.273	0.000	0.316	1.140	N/A	N/A



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: F. ORNARLI

Checked by: S. YETIMOGU

November 7, 2000

**Alternative 2C**

**CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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**WITHOUT CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Wall Reinforcing Requirements - Moment Check (Factored)**

Distance from Top of Wall	Effective Depth of Rebar	Net D.L. Back Pressure	Net L.L. Back Pressure	Total Shear	Total Moment	Area of Steel Required	As-max.	As-min.
feet	inches	psf	psf	kips	ft-kips	in <sup>2</sup> /ft	in <sup>2</sup> /ft	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
0.000	8.500	0.000	62.882	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.181	0.340
0.250	8.500	7.860	62.882	0.028	0.003	0.000	2.181	0.340
0.500	8.500	15.721	62.882	0.060	0.014	0.000	2.181	0.340
0.750	8.500	23.581	62.882	0.095	0.034	0.001	2.181	0.340
1.000	8.500	31.441	62.882	0.134	0.062	0.002	2.181	0.340
1.250	8.500	39.301	62.882	0.175	0.101	0.003	2.181	0.340
1.500	8.500	47.162	62.882	0.220	0.150	0.004	2.181	0.340
1.750	8.500	55.022	62.882	0.269	0.211	0.006	2.181	0.340
2.000	8.500	62.882	62.882	0.321	0.285	0.007	2.181	0.340
2.250	8.500	82.794	62.882	0.378	0.372	0.010	2.181	0.340
2.500	8.500	102.706	62.882	0.445	0.475	0.012	2.181	0.340
2.750	8.500	122.618	62.882	0.519	0.595	0.016	2.181	0.340
3.000	8.500	142.530	62.882	0.602	0.735	0.019	2.181	0.340
3.250	8.500	146.842	62.882	0.690	0.897	0.023	2.181	0.340
3.500	8.500	151.154	62.882	0.780	1.081	0.028	2.181	0.340
3.750	8.500	155.465	62.882	0.872	1.287	0.034	2.181	0.340
4.000	8.500	159.777	62.882	0.966	1.517	0.040	2.181	0.340
4.250	8.500	164.089	62.882	1.062	1.770	0.046	2.181	0.340
4.500	8.500	168.401	62.882	1.159	2.048	0.054	2.181	0.340
4.750	8.500	172.713	62.882	1.258	2.350	0.062	2.181	0.340
5.000	8.500	177.025	62.882	1.359	2.677	0.070	2.181	0.340
6.000	N/A	194.273	62.882	1.782	4.245	N/A	N/A	N/A

**WITH CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Wall Reinforcing Requirements - Moment Check (Factored)**

Distance from Top of Wall	Effective Depth of Rebar	Net D.L. Back Pressure	Net L.L. Back Pressure	Total Shear	Total Moment	Area of Steel Required (redu.)	As-max.	As-min.
feet	inches	psf	psf	kips	ft-kips	in <sup>2</sup> /ft	in <sup>2</sup> /ft	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
0.000	8.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.181	0.340
0.250	8.500	7.860	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.000	2.181	0.340
0.500	8.500	15.721	0.000	0.007	0.001	0.000	2.181	0.340
0.750	8.500	23.581	0.000	0.015	0.004	0.000	2.181	0.340
1.000	8.500	31.441	0.000	0.027	0.009	0.000	2.181	0.340
1.250	8.500	39.301	0.000	0.042	0.017	0.000	2.181	0.340
1.500	8.500	47.162	0.000	0.060	0.030	0.001	2.181	0.340
1.750	8.500	55.022	0.000	0.082	0.048	0.001	2.181	0.340
2.000	8.500	62.882	0.000	0.107	0.071	0.002	2.181	0.340
2.250	8.500	82.794	0.000	0.138	0.102	0.003	2.181	0.340
2.500	8.500	102.706	0.000	0.177	0.141	0.004	2.181	0.340
2.750	8.500	122.618	0.000	0.225	0.191	0.005	2.181	0.340
3.000	8.500	142.530	0.000	0.281	0.254	0.007	2.181	0.340
3.250	8.500	146.842	0.000	0.343	0.332	0.009	2.181	0.340
3.500	8.500	151.154	0.000	0.406	0.426	0.011	2.181	0.340
3.750	8.500	155.465	0.000	0.471	0.536	0.014	2.181	0.340
4.000	8.500	159.777	0.000	0.538	0.662	0.017	2.181	0.340
4.250	8.500	164.089	0.000	0.607	0.805	0.021	2.181	0.340
4.500	8.500	168.401	0.000	0.678	0.966	0.025	2.181	0.340
4.750	8.500	172.713	0.000	0.750	1.144	0.030	2.181	0.340
5.000	8.500	177.025	0.000	0.825	1.341	0.035	2.181	0.340
6.000	N/A	194.273	0.000	1.140	2.321	N/A	N/A	N/A



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: P. ORNARLI  
 Checked by: S. YETIMOGLU  
 November 7, 2000

**Alternative 2C CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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**RESULTS**

**Wall height:** 5.0 feet

**Footing Reinforcement (Factored load design)**

Toe			Heel		
As Max.	2.165	in <sup>2</sup> /ft	As Max.	2.614	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Min.	0.338	in <sup>2</sup> /ft	As Min.	0.408	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Req'd.	0.000	in <sup>2</sup> /ft	As Req'd.	0.046	in <sup>2</sup> /ft

**WITHOUT CRANE SURCHARGE**

**WITH CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Wall Reinf.(Factored load design)**

As Max.	2.181	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Min.	0.340	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Req'd.	0.070	in <sup>2</sup> /ft

**Wall Reinf.(Factored load design)**

As Max.	2.181	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Min.	0.340	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Req'd.	0.035	in <sup>2</sup> /ft

**Bearing Capacity (Service Load)**

Net Length of Bearing (feet)	4.338
Net Bearing Stress at Toe (ksf)	1.463
Net Bearing Stress at Heel (ksf)	0.000

**Bearing Capacity (Service Load)**

Net Length of Bearing (feet)	4.500
Net Bearing Stress at Toe (ksf)	1.061
Net Bearing Stress at Heel (ksf)	0.015

**Factor of Safety**

Overtuning	2.838
Sliding	1.211
Sliding with key	1.829

**Factor of Safety**

Overtuning	3.698
Sliding	1.444
Sliding with key	2.409

**Shear**

Bot. of Wall (w/o crane surcharge)	0.013
Bot. of Wall (w/ crane surcharge)	0.008
Footing (at Toe)	0.000

**QUANTITIES & UNIT COST**

	Quantity	Unit price	Cost
Concrete =	0.35 CY	415	147.30
Reinforcement =	26.62 lbs	0.45	11.98
		<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>159.28 \$/LF</b>

75 lbs/cy is used



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: S. YETIMOGLU

**Alternative 2D**

**TEMPORARY SHEET PILE COST**

Checked by: F. ORNARLI

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November 7, 2000

**INPUT**

Height of Temporary sheet pile	13.00 Ft	(PZ27)
Soil anchor spacing	12.00 Ft	
Spacing of Tie back w/ deadman	12.00 Ft	
Deadman size		
Length	5.00 Ft	
Width	5.00 Ft	
Thickness	0.75 Ft	
Tie rod length	20.00 Ft	
Tie rod size	1.75 in (No. 14 rebar)	
Wale	50.00 lbs/Ft	

ITEM	QTY	35	TOTAL/Ft.
* Temporary sheet pile	13.00 Ft	\$16	\$208.00
Soil anchor	0.083 each/ft	\$1,200	\$100.00
Deadman	0.06 CY/ft	\$310	\$17.94
Tie rod	13 Lbs	\$0.45	\$5.74
Wale	50 Lbs	\$0.80	\$40.00
TOTAL COST/Ft.			<b>\$331.68</b>

\* Unit price used is for permanent sheet pile since sheet piles cannot be removed due to tie rods buried under the new roadway.



<b>Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project</b> <b>Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS</b> Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida		<b>PBSJ</b> Done by: F. ORNARLI Checked by: S.YETIMOGLU November 7, 2000
<b>Alternatives 2D</b>	<b>BULKHEAD (KINGPILE WITH TIE-BACK SYSTEM) DESIGN &amp; COST</b>	

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# INPUT

Height to Cap-top, H = 15.50 Ft  
 Height to Top of Backfill, h = 15.00 Ft  
 Location of anchor from top = 2.50 Ft

## Soil Properties:

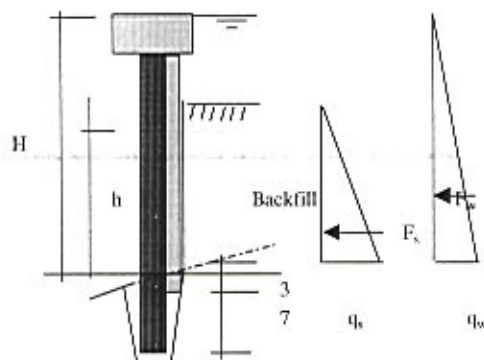
Soil Density,  $\gamma$  = 120 Lbs/Cu. Ft.  
 Angle of Friction,  $\Phi$  = 30°  
 Coef. Of Active Pressure,  $K_a$  = 0.33

## Cap Size:

Height = 3.50 Ft  
 Width = 3.00 Ft

## Pile Size:

Diameter = 18.00 In.  
 Penetration = 10.00 Ft  
 Length = 24.50 Ft  
 Spacing = 10.00 Ft



OUTPUT	PRESSURE	FORCE	LOCATION		MAX. MOMENT IN PILE	Mom. Capacity of 18" Sq. Pile( $f_c$ ' = 6 Ksi and 12-0.5 In <sup>2</sup> Strands(*))
			FROM BOTTOM	FORCE ON ANCHOR		
Due to Soil	6000.00 Psf.	45.00 K	5.00 Ft	15.00 k	63.40 Ft-K	
Due to Hydrostatic	9920.00 Psf.	76.88 K	5.17 Ft	26.48 k	111.92 Ft-K	
TOTAL		121.88 K		41.48 k	175.32 Ft-K	< 190.00 Ft-K

\*) See attached document, (PCI Journal, Oct. 1968) for Moment Capacity of Prestressed Pile

ITEM	QTY	U.PRICE	TOTAL/FL.
Bulkhead Cap	0.389 CY	\$415	\$161.39
Precast Panels	0.417 CY	\$310	\$129.17
Reinforcement(*)	81 Lbs	\$0.45	\$36.25
18" Prestressed Pile/LF	2.45 Ft	\$33	\$80.85
** 40 ft. long anchor rod	31 Lbs	\$0.45	\$13.77
** Wale	50 Lbs	\$0.80	\$40.00
TOTAL COST/FL.			\$461.43

\* 100 Lbs/CY

\*\* Sheet pile for MOT will be utilized as Deadman. Therefore, the cost of deadman is not included.



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Done by: F. ORNARLI

Checked by: S.YETIMOGLU

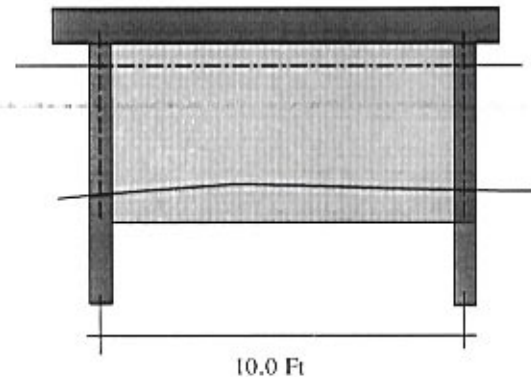
November 7, 2000

**Alternative 2D**

**BULKHEAD (KINGPILE WITH TIE-BACK SYSTEM)**  
**DESIGN & COST**

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Panel Penetration	3.00 Ft
Panel Height	15.00 Ft
Panel Width	10.00 Ft
Panel Thickness	0.75 Ft
Max. Soil Pressure	600.00 Psf.
Max. Hydrostatic Pressure	992.00 Psf.
Total Pressure	1592.00 Psf. 3 Ft. above the bottom
Max. Pos. Moment	19.90 Ft-K



**PC PANEL DESIGN**

Applied Factored Moment  
 Concrete Width  
 Effective Depth  
 Total Depth  
 28-Day Conc. Comp. Stress  
 Rebar Yield Stress  
 1.2 x Cracking Moment

Mu =	27.9 K-Ft/Ft.
b =	12.0 in
d =	6.70 in
h =	9.0 in
f'c =	3.4 ksi
fy =	60.0 ksi
1.2Mcr =	7.1 k-ft
β1 =	0.85
As(min) =	0.24 in <sup>2</sup> (1.2Mcr)
As(4/3) =	1.43 in <sup>2</sup> (1/3 > required)
As (reqd) =	1.07 in <sup>2</sup>
As(max) =	1.46 in <sup>2</sup>



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November 7, 2000

**Alternative 2D**

**CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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**DESIGN DATA**

**Soil Parameters and Loading Information:**

Moist Unit Weight of Soil (pcf)	105.00
Saturated Unit Weight of Soil (pcf)	120.00
Coefficient of Friction	0.40
Crane Load Surcharge (psf)	0.00
Angle of internal friction $\phi$ (deg)	30.00
Wall Friction angle $\delta$ (deg)	17.00
Angle of back face of wall $\alpha$ (deg)	90.00
Slope of back fill $\beta$ (deg)	0.00
Ka	0.299
Equiv. Passive Fluid Pressure (pcf)	300.000
Angle of Int. Friction for Key (deg.)	30.000

**Soil and Water Elevations (NGVD - feet):**

Top of Wall Elevation	13.500
Top of Back Soil Elevation	13.500
Top of Front Soil Elevation	9.500
Back Water Elevation	11.500
Front Water Elevation	10.500
Top of Footing Elevation	8.500

**Wall and Footing Information:**

Top of Wall Thickness (inch)	11.000
Back Slope of Wall (inch/foot)	0.000
Heel Length (feet)	3.582
Footing Length (feet)	4.500
Footing Thickness (inch)	12.000
Toe Length (feet)	0.001

**Wall Design Data:**

Dead Load - Load Factor	1.40
L.L. & Soil Pres. - Load Factor	1.70
Concrete Strength (ksi)	4.00
Reinforcing Steel (ksi)	60.00
Cover - Bottom of Footing (inch)	3.00
Cover - Top of Footing (inch)	1.50
Cover - Wall (inch)	2.00

**Additional Input**

Distance from F.F. Key to Toe	1.000 ft.
Depth of Key	6.0 in.
Rebar Size (wall)	# 8
Rebar Size (Footing - Toe)	# 9
Rebar Size (Footing - Heel)	# 5

**ADDITIONAL LOADS**

**Dead Loads:**

Moment (ft-kip/ft)	0.000
Shear (Kips/ft)	0.000
Vertical Load (kips/ft)	0.000

**Wind Loads:**

Moment (ft-kip/ft)	0.000
Shear (Kips/ft)	0.000
Vertical Load (kips/ft)	0.000

**Live Loads:**

Moment (ft-kip/ft)	0.000
Shear (Kips/ft)	0.000
Vertical Load (kips/ft)	0.000

**Live Load Surcharge (ksf)**

0.210

**Crane Surcharge load (kips)**

0.00

**Over Stress Factor**

1.00

**Note:**

- 1) Live loads, Wind loads and Liveload Surcharge are not considered while designing for Crane Surcharge Loads.
- 2) The allowable 25% overstress for Wind Loads is not considered in the design to be conservative.
- 3) Downward loads, loads and moments causing overturning are positive.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: F. ORNARLI

Checked by: S. YETIMOGLU

November 7, 2000

**Alternative 2D CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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**Lateral Earth Pressures**

Distance from Top of Wall	Back Face Pressures				Front Face Pressures			Net Back Pressures	
	Active Pressure of Soil	Water Adjust.	Surcharge	Total Back Face Pressure	Active Pressure from Soil	Water Pressure	Total Front Face Pressure	Without Surcharge	With Surcharge
feet	psf	psf	psf	psf	psf	psf	psf	psf	psf
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.250	7.860	0.000	0.000	7.860	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.860	7.860
0.500	15.721	0.000	0.000	15.721	0.000	0.000	0.000	15.721	15.721
0.750	23.581	0.000	0.000	23.581	0.000	0.000	0.000	23.581	23.581
1.000	31.441	0.000	0.000	31.441	0.000	0.000	0.000	31.441	31.441
1.250	39.301	0.000	0.000	39.301	0.000	0.000	0.000	39.301	39.301
1.500	47.162	0.000	0.000	47.162	0.000	0.000	0.000	47.162	47.162
1.750	55.022	0.000	0.000	55.022	0.000	0.000	0.000	55.022	55.022
2.000	62.882	0.000	0.000	62.882	0.000	0.000	0.000	62.882	62.882
2.250	70.742	12.052	0.000	82.794	0.000	0.000	0.000	82.794	82.794
2.500	78.603	24.103	0.000	102.706	0.000	0.000	0.000	102.706	102.706
2.750	86.463	36.155	0.000	122.618	0.000	0.000	0.000	122.618	122.618
3.000	94.323	48.207	0.000	142.530	0.000	0.000	0.000	142.530	142.530
3.250	102.183	60.258	0.000	162.442	0.000	15.600	15.600	146.842	146.842
3.500	110.044	72.310	0.000	182.354	0.000	31.200	31.200	151.154	151.154
3.750	117.904	84.362	0.000	202.265	0.000	46.800	46.800	155.465	155.465
4.000	125.764	96.413	0.000	222.177	0.000	62.400	62.400	159.777	159.777
4.250	133.624	108.465	0.000	242.089	0.000	78.000	78.000	164.089	164.089
4.500	141.485	120.517	0.000	262.001	0.000	93.600	93.600	168.401	168.401
4.750	149.345	132.568	0.000	281.913	0.000	109.200	109.200	172.713	172.713
5.000	157.205	144.620	0.000	301.825	0.000	124.800	124.800	177.025	177.025
6.000	188.646	192.826	0.000	381.473	0.000	187.200	187.200	194.273	194.273

**WITHOUT CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Calculation of Driving Moment and Shear**

Distance from Top of Wall	Net Back Pressure (w/ LL & WL)	Increment Shear	Total Shear	Increment Moment	Total Moment
feet	psf	kips	kips	ft-kips	ft-kips
0.000	62.882	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.250	70.742	0.017	0.017	0.002	0.002
0.500	78.603	0.019	0.035	0.006	0.009
0.750	86.463	0.021	0.056	0.011	0.020
1.000	94.323	0.023	0.079	0.017	0.037
1.250	102.183	0.025	0.103	0.023	0.059
1.500	110.044	0.027	0.130	0.029	0.088
1.750	117.904	0.028	0.158	0.036	0.124
2.000	125.764	0.030	0.189	0.043	0.168
2.250	145.676	0.034	0.223	0.051	0.219
2.500	165.588	0.039	0.261	0.060	0.279
2.750	185.500	0.044	0.305	0.071	0.350
3.000	205.412	0.049	0.354	0.082	0.432
3.250	209.724	0.052	0.406	0.095	0.528
3.500	214.036	0.053	0.459	0.108	0.636
3.750	218.348	0.054	0.513	0.122	0.757
4.000	222.659	0.055	0.568	0.135	0.892
4.250	226.971	0.056	0.624	0.149	1.041
4.500	231.283	0.057	0.682	0.163	1.205
4.750	235.595	0.058	0.740	0.178	1.382
5.000	239.907	0.059	0.800	0.192	1.575
6.000	257.155	0.249	1.048	0.922	2.497

Driving Moment (ft-kips)  
 2.497 1.365  
 (w/ LL & WL) (w/o LL & WL)  
 Resisting Moment (ft-kips)  
 7.09 5.049  
 (w/ LL & WL) (w/o LL & WL)  
 F.S. against Overturning  
 2.838

Driving Shear (kips)  
 1.048 0.671  
 (w/ LL & WL) (w/o LL & WL)  
 Bouyant Dead-Load Reaction (Kips)  
 3.174 2.422  
 (w/ LL & WL) (w/o LL & WL)  
 Frictional Resistance (kips)  
 1.270 0.969  
 (w/ LL & WL) (w/o LL & WL)  
 F.S. against Sliding  
 1.211

Depth of Key  
 6.0 in.



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 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

**Alternative 2D**

**CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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Done by: F. ORNARLI

Checked by: S.YETIMOGLU

November 7, 2000

**Calculation of Resisting Moment and Shear**

Element	Weight	Mom. Arm	Moment
	kips	feet	ft-kips
Base of Foundation	0.675	2.250	1.519
Constant Thickness Wall	0.688	0.459	0.316
Sloped Backface of Wall	0.000	0.918	0.000
Water over Soil over Toe	0.000	0.001	0.000
Soil over Toe	0.000	0.001	0.000
Soil above Base	1.881	2.709	5.095
Soil above Wall Taper	0.000	0.918	0.000
Water adjust above Base	0.161	2.709	0.437
Water adjust above Wall Taper	0.000	0.918	0.000
Uniform Bouyancy	-0.842	2.250	-1.895
Differential Bouyancy	-0.140	3.000	-0.421
Additional Vertical Load	0.000	0.459	0.000
Additional L.L. Surcharge	0.752	2.709	2.038
<b>Total</b>	<b>3.174</b>		<b>7.087</b>

Bearing against Key (F.S.=1.5)

0.605 ksf

Distance from F.F. Key to Toe

1.000 ft.

Depth of Passive Resistance

2.077 feet

Passive Resistance

0.647 kips

S.F. against Sliding

1.829

**WITH CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Calculation of Driving Moment and Shear**

Distance from Top of Wall	Net Back Pressure	Increment Shear	Total Shear	Increment Moment	Total Moment
feet	psf	kips	kips	ft-kips	ft-kips
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.250	7.860	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000
0.500	15.721	0.003	0.004	0.001	0.001
0.750	23.581	0.005	0.009	0.002	0.002
1.000	31.441	0.007	0.016	0.003	0.005
1.250	39.301	0.009	0.025	0.005	0.010
1.500	47.162	0.011	0.035	0.007	0.018
1.750	55.022	0.013	0.048	0.010	0.028
2.000	62.882	0.015	0.063	0.014	0.042
2.250	82.794	0.018	0.081	0.018	0.060
2.500	102.706	0.023	0.104	0.023	0.083
2.750	122.618	0.028	0.132	0.029	0.112
3.000	142.530	0.033	0.166	0.037	0.150
3.250	146.842	0.036	0.202	0.046	0.195
3.500	151.154	0.037	0.239	0.055	0.250
3.750	155.465	0.038	0.277	0.065	0.315
4.000	159.777	0.039	0.317	0.074	0.389
4.250	164.089	0.040	0.357	0.084	0.473
4.500	168.401	0.042	0.399	0.094	0.568
4.750	172.713	0.043	0.441	0.105	0.673
5.000	177.025	0.044	0.485	0.116	0.789
6.000	194.273	0.186	0.671	0.577	1.365

Driving Moment

1.365 ft-kips

Resisting Moment

5.049 ft-kips

F.S. against Overturning

3.698

Driving Shear

0.671 kips

Bouyant Dead Load Reaction

2.422 kips

Frictional Resistance

0.969 kips

F.S. against Sliding

1.444

Depth of Key 6.0 m.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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Done by: F. ORNARLI  
 Checked by: S. YETIMOGLU  
 November 7, 2000

**Alternative 2D CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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**Calculation of Resisting Moment and Shear**

Element	Weight kips	Mom. Arm feet	Moment ft-kips
Base of Foundation	0.675	2.250	1.519
Constant Thickness Wall	0.688	0.459	0.316
Sloped Backface of Wall	0.000	0.918	0.000
Water over Soil over Toe	0.000	0.001	0.000
Soil over Toe	0.000	0.001	0.000
Soil above Base	1.881	2.709	5.095
Soil above Wall Taper	0.000	0.918	0.000
Water adjust above Base	0.161	2.709	0.437
Water adjust above Wall Taper	0.000	0.918	0.000
Uniform Bouyancy	-0.842	2.250	-1.895
Differential Bouyancy	-0.140	3.000	-0.421
Additional Vertical Load	0.000	0.459	0.000
Surcharge	0.000	2.709	0.000
Total w/o Surcharge Vertical Load	2.422		5.049
Total w/ Surcharge Vertical Load	2.422		5.049

Bearing against Key (F.S.=1.5)  
 0.075 ksf

Distance from F.F. Key to Toe  
 1.000 ft.

Depth of Passive Resistance  
 2.077 feet

Passive Resistance  
 0.647 kips

S.F. against Sliding  
 2.409



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**Alternative 2D**

**CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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**Bearing Capacity Analysis**

**Service Load Design**

**Factored Load Design**

**Bearing Capacity w/o Surcharge Vertical Load**

Average Bearing Stress (ksf)	0.705	Average Bearing Stress (ksf)	1.293
Section Modulus of Footing (ft <sup>3</sup> )	3.375	Section Modulus of Footing (ft <sup>3</sup> )	3.375
Eccentricity (feet)	0.804	Eccentricity (feet)	0.717
Bearing Stress Due to Moment (ksf)	0.756	Bearing Stress Due to Moment (ksf)	1.237
Net Length of Bearing (feet)	4.338	Length of Bearing (feet)	4.500
Net Bearing Stress at Toe (ksf)	1.463	Bearing Stress at Toe (ksf)	2.530
Net Bearing Stress at Heel (ksf)	0.000	Bearing Stress at Heel (ksf)	0.056

**Bearing Capacity w/ Surcharge Vertical Load**

Average Bearing Stress (ksf)	0.538	Average Bearing Stress (ksf)	1.059
Section Modulus of Footing (ft <sup>3</sup> )	3.375	Section Modulus of Footing (ft <sup>3</sup> )	3.375
Eccentricity (feet)	0.729	Eccentricity (feet)	0.573
Bearing Stress Due to Moment (ksf)	0.523	Bearing Stress Due to Moment (ksf)	0.810
Net Length of Bearing (feet)	4.500	Length of Bearing (feet)	4.500
Net Bearing Stress at Toe (ksf)	1.061	Bearing Stress at Toe (ksf)	1.869
Net Bearing Stress at Heel (ksf)	0.015	Bearing Stress at Heel (ksf)	0.249

**Foundation Design (Factored)**

**Toe Design Pressures (ksf):**

**Heel Design Pressures (ksf):**

**Bearing Pressures w/o Surcharge Vertical Load**

Downward Pressure Toe End	0.291	Downward Pressure Heel End	1.008
Downward Pressure Wall End	0.291	Downward Pressure Wall End	1.008
Upward Pressure Toe End	-2.530	Upward Pressure Heel End	-0.056
Upward Pressure Wall End	-2.529	Upward Pressure Wall End	-2.026

**Bearing Pressures w/ Surcharge Vertical Load**

Downward Pressure Toe End	0.291	Downward Pressure Heel End	1.008
Downward Pressure Wall End	0.291	Downward Pressure Wall End	1.008
Upward Pressure Toe End	-1.869	Upward Pressure Heel End	-0.249
Upward Pressure Wall End	-1.869	Upward Pressure Wall End	-1.539

**Foundation Reinforcement:**

Main Toe Reinforcing	# 9	Main Heel Reinforcing	# 5
Effective Depth (inches)	8.438	Effective Depth (inches)	10.188
Shear in Toe (kips)	0.002	Shear in Heel (kips)	0.408
Shear Stress (ksi)	0.000	Shear Stress (ksi)	0.003
Moment in Toe (ft-kips) (Reduced)	0.000	Moment in Heel (ft-kips) (Reduced)	2.110
As-required [Bottom] (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	0.000	As-required [Top] (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	0.046
As-max (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	2.165	As-max (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	2.614
As-min (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	0.338	As-min (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	0.408



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**CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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**WITHOUT CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Wall Reinforcing Requirements - Shear Check (Factored)**

Max. Rebar Size # 8 Allowable Factored Shear Stress 0.108 ksi

Distance from Top of Wall	Effective Depth of Rebar	Net D.L. Back Pressure	Net L.L. Back Pressure	Increment Shear	Total Shear	Shear Stress	Status
feet	inches	psf	psf	kips	kips	ksi	
0.000	8.500	0.000	62.882	0.000	0.000	0.000	O.K.
0.250	8.500	7.860	62.882	0.028	0.028	0.000	O.K.
0.500	8.500	15.721	62.882	0.032	0.060	0.001	O.K.
0.750	8.500	23.581	62.882	0.035	0.095	0.001	O.K.
1.000	8.500	31.441	62.882	0.038	0.134	0.001	O.K.
1.250	8.500	39.301	62.882	0.042	0.175	0.002	O.K.
1.500	8.500	47.162	62.882	0.045	0.220	0.002	O.K.
1.750	8.500	55.022	62.882	0.048	0.269	0.003	O.K.
2.000	8.500	62.882	62.882	0.052	0.321	0.003	O.K.
2.250	8.500	82.794	62.882	0.058	0.378	0.004	O.K.
2.500	8.500	102.706	62.882	0.066	0.445	0.004	O.K.
2.750	8.500	122.618	62.882	0.075	0.519	0.005	O.K.
3.000	8.500	142.530	62.882	0.083	0.602	0.006	O.K.
3.250	8.500	146.842	62.882	0.088	0.690	0.007	O.K.
3.500	8.500	151.154	62.882	0.090	0.780	0.008	O.K.
3.750	8.500	155.465	62.882	0.092	0.872	0.009	O.K.
4.000	8.500	159.777	62.882	0.094	0.966	0.009	O.K.
4.250	8.500	164.089	62.882	0.096	1.062	0.010	O.K.
4.500	8.500	168.401	62.882	0.097	1.159	0.011	O.K.
4.750	8.500	172.713	62.882	0.099	1.258	0.012	O.K.
5.000	8.500	177.025	62.882	0.101	1.359	0.013	O.K.
6.000	N/A	194.273	62.882	0.423	1.782	N/A	N/A

**WITH CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Wall Reinforcing Requirements - Shear Check (Factored)**

Max. Rebar Size # 8 Allowable Factored Shear Stress 0.108 ksi

Distance from Top of Wall	Effective Depth of Rebar	Net D.L. Back Pressure	Net L.L. Back Pressure	Increment Shear	Total Shear	Shear Stress	Status
feet	inches	psf	psf	kips	kips	ksi	
0.000	8.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	O.K.
0.250	8.500	7.860	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.000	O.K.
0.500	8.500	15.721	0.000	0.005	0.007	0.000	O.K.
0.750	8.500	23.581	0.000	0.008	0.015	0.000	O.K.
1.000	8.500	31.441	0.000	0.012	0.027	0.000	O.K.
1.250	8.500	39.301	0.000	0.015	0.042	0.000	O.K.
1.500	8.500	47.162	0.000	0.018	0.060	0.001	O.K.
1.750	8.500	55.022	0.000	0.022	0.082	0.001	O.K.
2.000	8.500	62.882	0.000	0.025	0.107	0.001	O.K.
2.250	8.500	82.794	0.000	0.031	0.138	0.001	O.K.
2.500	8.500	102.706	0.000	0.039	0.177	0.002	O.K.
2.750	8.500	122.618	0.000	0.048	0.225	0.002	O.K.
3.000	8.500	142.530	0.000	0.056	0.281	0.003	O.K.
3.250	8.500	146.842	0.000	0.061	0.343	0.003	O.K.
3.500	8.500	151.154	0.000	0.063	0.406	0.004	O.K.
3.750	8.500	155.465	0.000	0.065	0.471	0.005	O.K.
4.000	8.500	159.777	0.000	0.067	0.538	0.005	O.K.
4.250	8.500	164.089	0.000	0.069	0.607	0.006	O.K.
4.500	8.500	168.401	0.000	0.071	0.678	0.007	O.K.
4.750	8.500	172.713	0.000	0.072	0.750	0.007	O.K.
5.000	8.500	177.025	0.000	0.074	0.825	0.008	O.K.
6.000	N/A	194.273	0.000	0.316	1.140	N/A	N/A



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**Alternative 2D CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

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**WITHOUT CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Wall Reinforcing Requirements - Moment Check (Factored)**

Distance from Top of Wall	Effective Depth of Rebar	Net D.L. Back Pressure	Net L.L. Back Pressure	Total Shear	Total Moment	Area of Steel Required	As-max.	As-min.
feet	inches	psf	psf	kips	ft-kips	in <sup>2</sup> /ft	in <sup>2</sup> /ft	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
0.000	8.500	0.000	62.882	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.181	0.340
0.250	8.500	7.860	62.882	0.028	0.003	0.000	2.181	0.340
0.500	8.500	15.721	62.882	0.060	0.014	0.000	2.181	0.340
0.750	8.500	23.581	62.882	0.095	0.034	0.001	2.181	0.340
1.000	8.500	31.441	62.882	0.134	0.062	0.002	2.181	0.340
1.250	8.500	39.301	62.882	0.175	0.101	0.003	2.181	0.340
1.500	8.500	47.162	62.882	0.220	0.150	0.004	2.181	0.340
1.750	8.500	55.022	62.882	0.269	0.211	0.006	2.181	0.340
2.000	8.500	62.882	62.882	0.321	0.285	0.007	2.181	0.340
2.250	8.500	82.794	62.882	0.378	0.372	0.010	2.181	0.340
2.500	8.500	102.706	62.882	0.445	0.475	0.012	2.181	0.340
2.750	8.500	122.618	62.882	0.519	0.595	0.016	2.181	0.340
3.000	8.500	142.530	62.882	0.602	0.735	0.019	2.181	0.340
3.250	8.500	146.842	62.882	0.690	0.897	0.023	2.181	0.340
3.500	8.500	151.154	62.882	0.780	1.081	0.028	2.181	0.340
3.750	8.500	155.465	62.882	0.872	1.287	0.034	2.181	0.340
4.000	8.500	159.777	62.882	0.966	1.517	0.040	2.181	0.340
4.250	8.500	164.089	62.882	1.062	1.770	0.046	2.181	0.340
4.500	8.500	168.401	62.882	1.159	2.048	0.054	2.181	0.340
4.750	8.500	172.713	62.882	1.258	2.350	0.062	2.181	0.340
5.000	8.500	177.025	62.882	1.359	2.677	0.070	2.181	0.340
6.000	N/A	194.273	62.882	1.782	4.245	N/A	N/A	N/A

**WITH CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Wall Reinforcing Requirements - Moment Check (Factored)**

Distance from Top of Wall	Effective Depth of Rebar	Net D.L. Back Pressure	Net L.L. Back Pressure	Total Shear	Total Moment	Area of Steel Required (redu.)	As-max.	As-min.
feet	inches	psf	psf	kips	ft-kips	in <sup>2</sup> /ft	in <sup>2</sup> /ft	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
0.000	8.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.181	0.340
0.250	8.500	7.860	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.000	2.181	0.340
0.500	8.500	15.721	0.000	0.007	0.001	0.000	2.181	0.340
0.750	8.500	23.581	0.000	0.015	0.004	0.000	2.181	0.340
1.000	8.500	31.441	0.000	0.027	0.009	0.000	2.181	0.340
1.250	8.500	39.301	0.000	0.042	0.017	0.000	2.181	0.340
1.500	8.500	47.162	0.000	0.060	0.030	0.001	2.181	0.340
1.750	8.500	55.022	0.000	0.082	0.048	0.001	2.181	0.340
2.000	8.500	62.882	0.000	0.107	0.071	0.002	2.181	0.340
2.250	8.500	82.794	0.000	0.138	0.102	0.003	2.181	0.340
2.500	8.500	102.706	0.000	0.177	0.141	0.004	2.181	0.340
2.750	8.500	122.618	0.000	0.225	0.191	0.005	2.181	0.340
3.000	8.500	142.530	0.000	0.281	0.254	0.007	2.181	0.340
3.250	8.500	146.842	0.000	0.343	0.332	0.009	2.181	0.340
3.500	8.500	151.154	0.000	0.406	0.426	0.011	2.181	0.340
3.750	8.500	155.465	0.000	0.471	0.536	0.014	2.181	0.340
4.000	8.500	159.777	0.000	0.538	0.662	0.017	2.181	0.340
4.250	8.500	164.089	0.000	0.607	0.805	0.021	2.181	0.340
4.500	8.500	168.401	0.000	0.678	0.966	0.025	2.181	0.340
4.750	8.500	172.713	0.000	0.750	1.144	0.030	2.181	0.340
5.000	8.500	177.025	0.000	0.825	1.341	0.035	2.181	0.340
6.000	N/A	194.273	0.000	1.140	2.321	N/A	N/A	N/A



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: F. ORNARLI

Checked by: S.YETIMOGLU

November 7, 2000

**Alternative 2D**

**CONCRETE CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL**

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative 2D\cantilever\Walls.xls\CantWall

**RESULTS**

**Wall height:** 5.0 feet

**Footing Reinforcement (Factored load design)**

**Toe**

As Max.	2.165	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Min.	0.338	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Req'd.	<b>0.000</b>	<b>in<sup>2</sup>/ft</b>

**Heel**

As Max.	2.614	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Min.	0.408	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Req'd.	<b>0.046</b>	<b>in<sup>2</sup>/ft</b>

**WITHOUT CRANE SURCHARGE**

**WITH CRANE SURCHARGE**

**Wall Reinf.(Factored load design)**

As Max.	2.181	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Min.	0.340	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Req'd.	<b>0.070</b>	<b>in<sup>2</sup>/ft</b>

**Wall Reinf.(Factored load design)**

As Max.	2.181	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Min.	0.340	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
As Req'd.	<b>0.035</b>	<b>in<sup>2</sup>/ft</b>

**Bearing Capacity (Service Load)**

Net Length of Bearing (feet)	4.338	
Net Bearing Stress at Toe (ksf)	1.463	
Net Bearing Stress at Heel (ksf)	0.000	

**Bearing Capacity (Service Load)**

Net Length of Bearing (feet)	4.500
Net Bearing Stress at Toe (ksf)	1.061
Net Bearing Stress at Heel (ksf)	0.015

**Factor of Safety**

Overtuning	2.838	
Sliding	1.211	
Sliding with key	1.829	

**Factor of Safety**

Overtuning	3.698
Sliding	1.444
Sliding with key	2.409

**Shear**

Bot. of Wall (w/o crane surcharge)	0.013	
Bot. of Wall (w/ crane surcharge)	0.008	
Footing (at Toe)	0.000	

**QUANTITIES & UNIT COST**

	<b>Quantity</b>	<b>Unit price</b>	<b>Cost</b>
Concrete =	0.35 CY	415	147.30
Reinforcement =	26.62 lbs	0.45	11.98
		<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>159.28</b> \$/LF

75 lbs/cy is used



2. The proposed project would not result in the loss of any prime farmland, unique plant or animal communities, or other biologically sensitive resources.

3. The proposed project would not result in the loss of any prime farmland, unique plant or animal communities, or other biologically sensitive resources.





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS  
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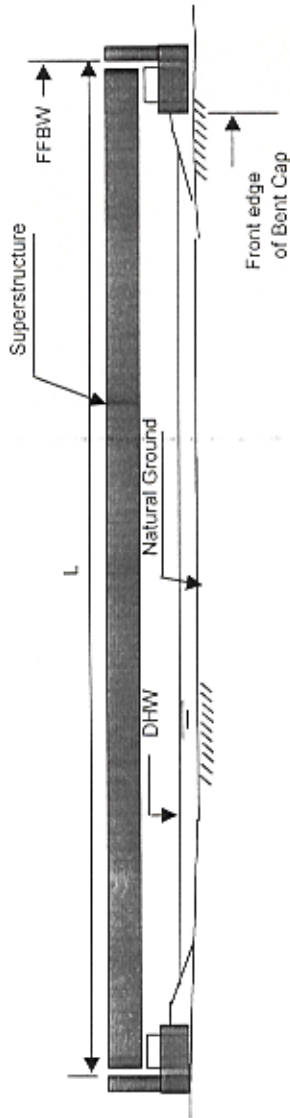
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BRIDGE AND SPAN LENGTHS

Design: FO Date: 11/29/00  
Checked: CL Date: 11/29/00

STRUCT/Design/Tamiami - Trail design cost analysis/alternative 3 (Type C Bridge 1 and 8)/COST

Alternative 3 (Bridges 1 & 8)



L: 1214 Ft.  
75 Ft.  
1

Bridge Length  
Minimum Span length  
Increments of number of spans

NO. OF SPANS	ADJUSTED BRIDGE LENGTH (FT.)			ADJUSTED SPAN LENGTH (FT.)		
	18 PILE	24 PILE	36 DRILLED SHAFT	18 PILE	24 PILE	36 DRILLED SHAFT
9	1214	1214	1214	134.9	134.9	134.9
10	1214	1214	1214	121.4	121.4	121.4
11	1214	1214	1214	110.4	110.4	110.4
12	1214	1214	1214	101.2	101.2	101.2
13	1214	1214	1214	93.4	93.4	93.4
14	1214	1214	1214	86.7	86.7	86.7
15	1214	1214	1214	80.9	80.9	80.9
16	1214	1214	1214	75.9	75.9	75.9

LENGTH





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
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**BEAM SPACING VS DESIGN SPAN**

Design: **FO** Date: 11/29/00  
Checked: **CL** Date: 11/29/00

FASTSTRUCT Design/Tamiami-Trail design cost-analysis/alternative-3 [Type C Bridge 1 and 8.xls]COST

**Alternative 3 (Bridges 1 & 8)**

BRIDGE WIDTH: 43.083 Ft. SLAB THICK: 8.5 In.

NUMBER OF BEAMS	* BEAM SPACING	** DESIGN SPAN (AASHTO BEAMS)			
		TYPE V	TYPE VI	FBT72	FBT78
4	10.77	108.5	126.0	114.0	118.0
5	8.62	115.5	135.0	124.0	128.0
6	7.18	120.5	141.0	132.0	138.0
7	6.15	125.0	146.0	137.0	145.0
8	5.39	128.0	150.0	143.0	152.0

\* Based on Cantilever being half of the beam spacing.

\*\* Design spans are determined from the charts based on the beam spacing given.





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
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AASHTO BEAMS COMPARISON

Sheet of

Design: FO Date: 07/11/00  
Checked: CL Date: 11/29/00

1. STRUCTURE Design of Tamiami Trail design cost analysis alternative 3 (Bridges 1 and 2) Type C Bridge 1 and 2 (Type C) COST

Alternative 3 (Bridges 1 & 2)

NUMBER OF SPANS	ADJUSTED SPAN LENGTH (FT.)		NUMBER OF AASHTO BEAMS												DRILLED SHAFT			
			18" PILES						24" PILES									
	18 IN.	24 IN.	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78	FBT72	FBT78	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78	V	VI
9	134.9	134.9				134.9												
10	121.4	121.4				121.4												
11	110.4	110.4				110.4												
12	101.2	101.2				101.2												
13	93.4	93.4				93.4												
14	86.7	86.7				86.7												
15	80.9	80.9				80.9												
16	75.9	75.9				75.9												

NUMBER OF SPANS	ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST OF AASHTO BEAMS												DRILLED SHAFT			
	18" PILES						24" PILES									
	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78	V	VI	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78	V	VI	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78
9	N/A	\$667,700	\$824,306	\$801,240	N/A	\$667,700	\$824,306	\$801,240	N/A	\$667,700	\$824,306	\$801,240	N/A	\$667,700	\$824,306	\$801,240
10	\$781,816	\$534,160	\$593,790	\$677,700	\$781,816	\$534,160	\$593,790	\$677,700	\$781,816	\$534,160	\$593,790	\$677,700	\$781,816	\$534,160	\$593,790	\$677,700
11	\$558,440	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$558,440	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$558,440	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$558,440	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160
12	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160
13	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160
14	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160
15	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160
16	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160	\$446,752	\$534,160	\$471,032	\$341,160
Beam Unit Price:	\$92.00	\$110.00	\$97.00	\$110.00	\$92.00	\$110.00	\$97.00	\$110.00	\$92.00	\$110.00	\$97.00	\$110.00	\$92.00	\$110.00	\$97.00	\$110.00

NUMBER OF SPANS	MOST ECONOMICAL AASHTO BEAM TYPE												DRILLED SHAFT			
	18" PILES						24" PILES									
	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST
9	VI	\$667,700	VI	\$667,700	VI	\$667,700	VI	\$667,700	VI	\$667,700	VI	\$667,700	VI	\$667,700	VI	\$667,700
10	VI	\$534,160	VI	\$534,160	VI	\$534,160	VI	\$534,160	VI	\$534,160	VI	\$534,160	VI	\$534,160	VI	\$534,160
11	FBT72	\$471,032	FBT72	\$471,032	FBT72	\$471,032	FBT72	\$471,032	FBT72	\$471,032	FBT72	\$471,032	FBT72	\$471,032	FBT72	\$471,032
12	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752
13	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752
14	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752
15	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752
16	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752	V	\$446,752





Deck Reinforcement	205 Lbs/CY of Concrete	\$455
Cost of Deck/Foot		

SUPER\_COMP





**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS  
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Date:	11/29/00

### FOUNDATION LOADS AND NUMBER OF 18 IN. PRESTRESSED PILES

STRUCTURAL-Traffic design cost analysis alternative-3 [Type C Bridge 1 and 8 xds] COST

## Alternative 3 (Bridges 1 &amp; 8)

43.083									
3									
Bridge Width (ft)	V1	VT	FBI72	V	V	V	V	V	V
Number of Lanes	1,130	1,130	0.800	1,055	1,055	1,055	1,055	1,055	1,055
Beam Type	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	16
Beam Weight (k/ft)	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of Spans	131.9	121.4	110.4	101.2	93.4	86.7	80.9	75.9	75.9
Span Length (ft)	132.9	119.4	108.4	99.2	91.4	84.7	78.9	73.9	73.9
Beam Span (ft)									
Bridge Deck Thickness (in)	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500
Comp. Loads (ksi)	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836
<b>Dead Load</b>									
Beam Load (kips) (END BENT)	800.1	651.5	519.5	527.8	497.2	452.4	422.2	395.8	395.8
Beam Load (kips)(PIER)	1600.3	1303.1	1038.9	1055.5	974.3	904.7	844.4	791.6	791.6
<b>Live Load</b>									
Reduction factor	0.9								
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0								
LL Reaction per lane (END BENT)									
Truck load (kips)	67.02	66.46	65.91	65.36	64.80	64.25	63.70	63.14	63.14
Lane load (kips)	69.16	64.85	61.32	58.37	55.88	53.75	51.90	50.28	50.28
Total Live Load (kips) (END BENT)	186.7	179.5	178.0	176.5	175.0	173.5	172.0	170.5	170.5
LL Reaction per lane (PIER)									
Truck load (kips)	67.85	67.39	66.93	66.46	66.00	65.54	65.08	64.62	64.62
Lane load (kips)	112.33	103.70	96.63	90.75	85.77	81.50	77.80	74.56	74.56
Total Live Load (kips)(PIER)	365.3	280.0	260.9	245.0	231.6	220.0	210.1	201.5	201.5
<b>Total Load</b>									
Superstructure Load (kips) (END BENT)	1080.6	924.7	791.1	797.9	755.8	719.6	687.9	660.0	660.0
Superstructure Load (kips) (PIER)	1961.7	1641.2	1358.0	1359.7	1264.1	1182.9	1112.6	1051.1	1051.1
<b>Foundation</b>									
Maximum pile spacing (ft)	13.0								
Service Load Capacity of Piles (kips)	147.0								
** Number of Piles Req'd For END BENT	8.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
** Number of Piles Req'd For PIER	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.0	9.0	8.0	8.0
Service Design Load (kips)(END BENT)	135	132	132	133	126	144	138	132	132
Service Design Load (kips)(PIER)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	140	131	139	131	131

\*\*\* NOTE: N/A indicates that required number of piles exceeds the max. number of piles based on minimum pile spacing (3' pile size)





**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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**Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida**

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 Design: SV  
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 Date: 11/29/00  
 Date: 11/29/00

**FOUNDATION LOADS AND NUMBER OF 24 IN. PRESTRESSED PILES**

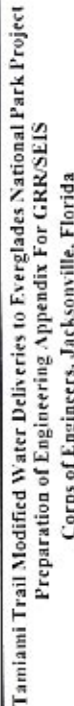
1. STRUCCT Design Tamiami Trail design component analysis, alternative 4-2 (Type C Bridge 1 and 1.5b) COST

**Alternative 3 (Bridges 1 & 8)**

Bridge Width (ft)	43.083									
Number of lanes	3									
Beam Type	VT	FBI72	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
Beam Weight (k/ft)	1.130	0.800	1.055	1.055	1.055	1.055	1.055	1.055	1.055	1.055
Number of Spans	9	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Number of Beams	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Span Length (ft)	134.9	121.4	101.2	93.4	86.7	80.9	75.9	73.9	73.9	73.9
Beam Span (ft)	132.9	119.4	108.4	99.2	91.4	84.7	78.9	73.9	73.9	73.9
Bridge Deck Thickness (in)	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500
Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836
Dead Load										
Beam Load (kips) (END BENT)	800.1	651.5	519.5	487.2	452.4	422.2	395.8	371.6	347.4	323.0
Beam Load (kips) (PIER)	1600.3	1303.1	1038.9	974.3	904.7	841.4	791.6	743.2	695.8	648.4
Live Load										
Reduction factor	0.9									
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0									
LL Reaction per lane (END BENT)										
Truck load (kips)	67.02	66.46	65.91	64.80	64.25	63.70	63.14	62.59	62.04	61.49
Lane load (kips)	69.16	64.85	61.32	55.88	53.75	51.90	50.28	48.76	47.24	45.72
Total Live Load (kips) (END BENT)	186.7	179.5	178.0	175.0	173.5	172.0	170.5	169.0	167.5	166.0
LL Reaction per lane (PIER)										
Truck load (kips)	67.85	67.39	66.93	66.00	65.54	65.08	64.62	64.16	63.70	63.24
Lane load (kips)	112.33	103.70	96.63	83.77	81.50	77.80	74.56	71.32	68.08	64.84
Total Live Load (kips) (PIER)	303.3	280.0	260.9	231.6	220.0	210.1	201.3	192.5	183.6	174.8
Total Load										
Superstructure Load (kips) (END BENT)	1080.6	924.7	791.1	755.8	719.6	687.9	660.0	632.1	604.2	576.3
Superstructure Load (kips) (PIER)	1961.7	1641.2	1358.0	1264.1	1182.9	1112.6	1051.1	989.6	928.1	866.6
Foundation										
Maximum pile spacing (ft)	13.0									
Service Load Capacity of Piles (kips)	260.0									
** Number of Piles Req'd For END BENT	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
** Number of Piles Req'd For PIER	N/A	7.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Service Design Load (kips)(END BENT)	216	231	198	199	180	172	165	157	149	141
Service Design Load (kips)(PIER)	N/A	234	226	253	237	223	210	197	184	171

\*\* NOTE: N/A indicates that required number of piles exceeds the max. number of piles based on minimum pile spacing (3 \* pile size).





Design:	SV	Date:	11/29/00
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## Alternative 3 (Bridges 1 &amp; 8)

	Bridge Width (ft)	3	V1	V6	FBI72	V	V	V	V	V
Number of lanes		3								
Beam Type										
Beam Weight (k/ft)			1.130	1.130	0.800	1.055	1.055	1.055	1.055	1.055
Number of Spans			9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Number of Beams			5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Span Length (ft)			134.9	121.4	110.4	101.2	93.4	86.7	80.9	75.9
Beam Span (ft)			132.9	119.4	108.4	99.2	91.4	84	78.9	73.9

Bridge Deck Thickness (in)	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500
Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
Barrier Loads (k/ft, both sides)	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836

Dead Load								
Beam Load (kips) (END BENT)	800.1	651.5	519.5	527.8	487.2	452.4	422.2	395.8
Beam Load (kips) (PIER)	1600.3	1303.1	1038.9	1055.5	974.3	904.7	841.4	791.6

Live Load	0.9
Reduction factor	1.0
Impact factor for Substructure	
Impact factor for Superstructure	
Reaction per lane (END BENT)	

Truck load (kips)	67.02	66.46	65.91	65.36	64.80	64.25	63.70	63.14
Lane load (kips)	69.16	64.85	61.32	58.37	55.88	53.75	51.90	50.28
Total Live Load (kips) (END BENT)	186.7	179.5	178.0	176.5	175.0	173.5	172.0	170.5
II. Reaction per lane (PIER)								

	Truck load (kips)	Lane load (kips)	Total Live Load (kips) (PIER)
1	67.85	67.39	66.93
2	111.33	103.70	96.63
3	302.3	280.0	260.9
4	231.6	245.0	231.6
5	231.6	245.0	231.6
6	85.77	90.75	85.77
7	81.50	85.77	81.50
8	74.56	77.80	74.56
9	65.54	66.08	65.54
10	65.08	65.54	65.08

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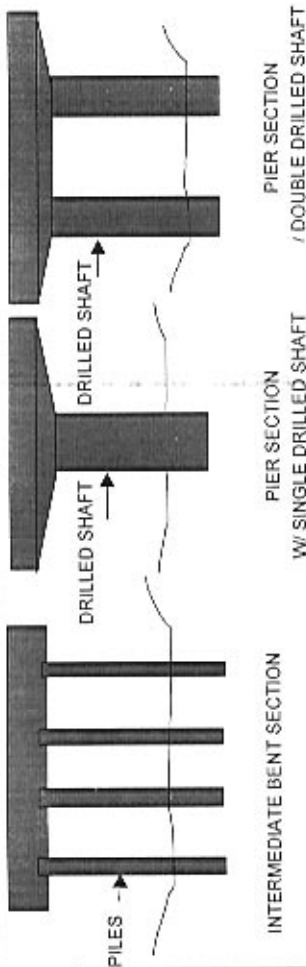
Design:	FO	Date:	11/29/00
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## INTERMEDIATE BENTS / PIERS

**LISTING C-7** Design Tamiami-TriI design cost analysis alternari e-3 (Type C Bridge 1 and 8.xls) COST

Alternative 3 (Bridges 1 & 8)

	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES	DRILLED SHAFT
Pile Dia. ( Inches )	18	19	21
Estimated Pile Embedment Length( Ft. )	8	8	8
Pile Length Above Ground( Ft. )	27	27	29
Total Length of Pile ( Ft. )			
Estimated Cost of One Pile/Drilled Shaft	\$891	\$1,242	\$9,380
BentCap X-section ( SqFt. )	9	9	12
Bent Length( Ft. )	43.083	43.083	43.083
Total Concrete Volume( CY. )	14.36	14.36	19.15
Reinforcement( Lbs ) *	2082	2082	2778
ESTIMATED COST OF BENT CAP	\$6,897	\$6,897	\$9,196



145 Lbs/CY

PRESTRESSED PILES	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES	DRILLED SHAFT
No. of test piles with dynamic load tests per bridge	7	7	No of test load for drilled shaft per bridge Core(Shaft Excavation) Length of temporary casing % of casing splice Excavation, unclassified shaft Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming Excavation, unclassified extra depth
Estimated total cost of test piles w/dynamic load test per bridge	\$47,040.00	\$47,040.00	EA
% of pile splice	10	10	LF
% of pile hole performed	100	100	LF

[illegible]

PIER

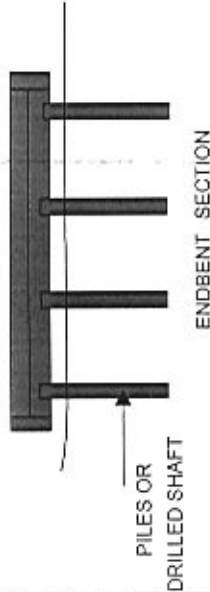


## END BENTS

STRUCTURION Tamimi. Trail design cost analysis alternative-3 (Type C Bridge 1 and 8 x 16) COST

**Alternative 3 (Bridges 1 & 8)**

Pile Dia ( Inches )	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES	DRILLED SHAFT
Estimated Pile Embedment Length( Ft. )	19	19	21
Pile Length Above Ground( Ft. )	8	8	8
Total Length of Pile ( Ft. )	27	27	29
Estimated Cost of One Pile/Drilled Shaft	<b>\$891</b>	<b>\$1,242</b>	<b>\$6,380</b>
End BentCap X-section ( SqFt. )	7.5	7.5	12
End Bent Length( Ft. )	43.083	43.083	43.083
Total Concrete Volume( CY. )	11.97	11.97	19.15
Reinforcement( Lbs ) *	1735	1735	2776
ESTIMATED COST OF BENT CAP	<b>\$5,747</b>	<b>\$5,747</b>	<b>\$9,196</b>



145 Lbs/CY

✱

	PRESTRESSED PILES			DRILLED SHAFTS	
	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES			
				Core (Shaft Excavation)	LF
				Length of temporary casing	LF
				% age of casing splice	%
				Excavation, unclassified shaft	LF
% of pile splice	10	10		Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	LF
% Pile hole preformed	100	100		Excavation, unclassified extra depth	LF

[illegible]

\* Includes 2 wingwall piles for all beam types

Includes 2 wingwall drilled shafts for all beam types

ENDOBENT





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
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## SUBSTRUCTURE & SUPERSTRUCTURE ALTERNATIVES COMPARISON

Alternative 3 (Bridges 1 & 8)

2. EXTRACT Design Tamiami Trail design can also be alternative 4 (Type C Bridge 1 and 8) or COST

SPAN NUMBER	ADJUSTED SPAN LENGTH (FT.)		NO. OF PIERS	COST OF SUBSTRUCTURE			COST OF SUPERSTRUCTURE			TOTAL COST OF STRUCTURE	
	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES		18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES	DRILLED SHAFT	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES	DRILLED SHAFT	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES
9	134.9	134.9	8	N/A	N/A	\$341,400	\$1,219,843	\$1,219,843	\$1,219,843	N/A	\$1,561,133
10	121.4	121.4	9	N/A	\$237,847	\$353,445	\$1,085,103	\$1,085,103	\$1,085,103	N/A	\$1,449,648
11	110.4	110.4	10	N/A	\$160,367	\$385,401	\$1,022,875	\$1,022,875	\$1,022,875	N/A	\$1,283,342
12	101.2	101.2	11	N/A	\$270,832	\$402,161	\$958,695	\$958,695	\$958,695	N/A	\$1,269,517
13	93.4	93.4	12	\$306,401	\$268,965	\$414,117	\$958,695	\$958,695	\$958,695	\$1,305,098	\$1,400,857
14	86.7	86.7	13	\$321,072	\$233,137	\$448,073	\$958,695	\$958,695	\$958,695	\$1,319,707	\$1,427,813
15	80.9	80.9	14	\$332,398	\$227,348	\$468,029	\$958,695	\$958,695	\$958,695	\$1,321,084	\$1,444,768
16	75.9	75.9	15	\$338,111	\$211,540	\$488,085	\$958,695	\$958,695	\$958,695	\$1,329,607	\$1,468,690

### SUMMARY OF MOST ECONOMICAL ALTERNATIVES FOR EACH SPAN ARRANGEMENT:

COST	FOUNDATION ALTERNATIVE	SUPERSTR. ALTERNATIVE	CORRESPONDING NUMBER OF SPANS	NUMBER OF BEAMS	NUMBER OF PILES OR DRILLED SHAFT	TOTAL LENGTH OF PILES OR DRILLED SHAFT (FT.)	NUMBER OF TEST PILES	TOTAL LENGTH OF TEST PILES (FT.)
\$1,561,133	DRILLED SHAFT	VI	9	5	26	724	0	0
\$1,449,648	DRILLED SHAFT	VI	10	4	28	872	0	0
\$1,408,377	DRILLED SHAFT	FB172	11	4	30	870	0	0
\$1,400,857	DRILLED SHAFT	V	12	4	32	928	0	0
\$1,423,813	DRILLED SHAFT	V	13	4	34	986	0	0
\$1,444,768	DRILLED SHAFT	V	14	4	36	1044	0	0
\$1,468,724	DRILLED SHAFT	V	15	4	38	1102	0	0
\$1,488,690	DRILLED SHAFT	V	16	4	40	1160	0	0

\$1,400,857 ← Minimum

### RESULT OF COST COMPARISON STUDY:

MOST ECONOMICAL SUPERSTRUCTURE TYPE:

MOST ECONOMICAL SUBSTRUCTURE TYPE:

OPTIMUM SPAN ARRANGEMENT

TOTAL BRIDGE LENGTH:

TOTAL NUMBER OF BEAMS:

TOTAL BEAM LENGTH:

NUMBER OF PILES OR DRILLED SHAFT

LENGTH OF PILES OR DRILLED SHAFT:

V  
DRILLED SHAFT  
12  
1214 FT.  
48  
4868 FT.  
32  
928 FT.

SPANS AT  
101.17 FT.

NOTE: DRILLED SHAFT ALTERNATIVE IS CHOSEN TO MINIMIZE THE OBSTRUCTION IN CANAL

RESULT





I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative-3\Type C Bridge 1 and 8.xls\COST

**Alternative 3 (Bridges 1 & 8)**

ITEM	QUANTITY	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Superstructure)	1372.1	CY	\$310.00	\$425,364
Reinforcing Steel -- (Superstructure)*	281289	LBS	\$0.45	\$126,580
Bridge Floor Grooving	5396	SY	\$2.50	\$13,489
Traffic Railing Barrier	2428.0	FT	\$35.00	\$84,980
Expansion Joints***	215.4	FT	\$84.00	\$18,095
AASHTO Beam, Type V	4856.0	FT	\$92.00	\$446,752
Neoprene Bearing Pads	26.880	CY	\$425.00	\$11,424
<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$1,126,683</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Substructure)	341.1	CY	\$415.00	\$141,573
Reinforcing Steel -- (Substructure)**	49465	LBS	\$0.45	\$22,259
Pile Hole, Preformed	0	EA	\$0.00	\$0
Test Piles	0	FL	\$0.00	\$0
Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	0	FL	\$0.00	\$0
Pile Splices	0	EA	\$0.00	\$0
Drilled shaft	986	LF	\$220.00	\$216,920
Test load for drilled shaft	1	EA	\$50,000.00	\$50,000
Core(Shaft Excavation)	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Temporary casing	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Casing splice	0	EA	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified shaft	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified extra depth	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$430,752</b>
<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>				<b>\$1,557,435</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$77,872
Contingency (15% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$233,615.29
<b>Total Construction Cost</b>				<b>\$1,868,922</b>
<b>Deck Square Footage (Ft.)</b>				<b>52,303</b>
<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>				<b>\$35.73</b>

Note: Extra Pier Concrete, Reinforcement and Drilled Shaft are considered due to straddle piers.

\*RATIO REBAR:CONC. (SUPERSTRUCTURE): 205 Lbs/CY.

\*\*RATIO REBAR:CONC. (SUBSTRUCTURE): 145 Lbs/CY.

\*\*\*NO.OF EXPANSION PIERS: 5







**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: M. LeComte

**Alternative 3 (Bridges 2 & 7)**

**BEAM SPACING vs. DESIGN SPAN**

Checked by: C. Li

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative-3\Type D Bridges 2 and 7.xls|SUPER\_COMP

November 29, 2000

**Determine beam spacing and design span:**

Bridge Width: 43.08 Ft.  
 Slab Thickness: 8.00 in.

Number of Beams	<sup>1</sup> Beam Spacing	<sup>2</sup> Design Span					
		AASHTO Type II	AASHTO Type III	AASHTO Type IV	18" Double T	24" Double T	30" Double T
4	10.77 Ft.	46.00 Ft.	65.00 Ft.	84.00 Ft.			
5	8.62 Ft.	52.00 Ft.	73.00 Ft.	90.00 Ft.			
6	7.18 Ft.	58.00 Ft.	78.00 Ft.	96.00 Ft.	40.00 Ft.	50.00 Ft.	60.00 Ft.
7	6.15 Ft.	62.00 Ft.	82.00 Ft.	98.00 Ft.			
8	5.39 Ft.	66.00 Ft.	84.00 Ft.	102.00 Ft.			

<sup>1</sup>Beam spacing is based on assuming the cantilever to be half of the beam spacing.

<sup>2</sup>Design spans are determined from the charts based on the beam spacing given.



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[illegible][illegible][illegible]



Done by: M. LeComte

November 29, 2000

Deck Reinforcement 205 lbs/CY concrete  
Cost of Deck per foot \$428/ft.

[illegible]



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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Alternative 3 (Bridges  
2 & 7)

**FOUNDATION LOADS and NUMBER of 18 in. PRESTRESSED PILES**

STRUCTURE: Tamiami Trail design.com analysis alternatives 3 Type D Bridges 2 and 7 subSUPER COMP

Bridge Width 43.08 Ft.		Number of lanes		3		Number of Florida Double Tee = 6	
		Number of Spans		4 spans		5 spans	
		Beam Type		III		II	
		Beam Weight (k/ft)		0.822 klf		0.384 klf	
		Number of Beams		4 beams		4 beams	
		Span Length (ft)		81.33 Ft.		41.42 Ft.	
		Beam Span (ft)		59.38 Ft.		39.42 Ft.	
		Bridge Deck Thickness (in)		8.00 in.		8.00 in.	
		Comp. Loads (ksf)		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf	
		Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)		0.836 klf		0.836 klf	
<b>Dead Load</b>		Beam Load (End Bent)		399.8 k		167.3 k	
		Beam Load (Pier)		799.7 k		334.7 k	
<b>Live Load</b>		Reduction factor		0.9			
		Impact factor for Substructure		1.0			
<b>LL Reaction per lane (END BENT)</b>		Truck load		63.7 k		53.2 k	
		Lane load		52.0 k		37.4 k	
<b>Total Live Load (END BENT)</b>				172.1 k		143.6 k	
<b>LL Reaction per lane (PIER)</b>		Truck load		65.1 k		56.3 k	
		Lane load		78.1 k		48.9 k	
<b>Total Live Load (PIER)</b>				210.7 k		152.1 k	
<b>Total Load</b>		Superstructure Load (END BENT)		748.0 k		494.0 k	
		Superstructure Load (PIER)		1068.6 k		550.7 k	
<b>Foundation</b>		Maximum pile spacing		13.0 Ft.			
		Service Load Capacity of Piles		147.0 k			
		Location of Ext. pile from coping at End Bent/Pier		4.0 Ft.			
		Number of Piles Required For END BENT		6		4	
		Number of Piles Required For PIER		8		4	
		Service Design Load (END BENT)		125 k		110 k	
		Service Design Load (PIER)		134 k		115 k	



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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**FOUNDATION LOADS and NUMBER of 24 in. PRESTRESSED PILES**

Alternative 3 (Bridges 2 & 7)

STRUCTURE Design: Tamiami Trail design and analysis; Alternative 3 (Type D Bridges 2 and 7) and 7 (Subsidiary COMP)

Bridge Width 43.08 Ft.	Number of lanes	3	Number of Florida Double Tee	6
------------------------	-----------------	---	------------------------------	---

Number of Spans	3 spans	4 spans	5 spans	6 spans	7 spans	8 spans	9 spans
Beam Type	IV	III	III	II	II	II	II
Beam Weight (k/ft)	0.822 klf	0.583 klf	0.583 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf
Number of Beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams
Span Length (ft)	81.67 ft.	61.75 ft.	49.80 ft.	41.83 ft.	36.14 ft.	31.88 ft.	28.56 ft.
Beam Span (ft)	79.67 ft.	59.75 ft.	47.80 ft.	39.83 ft.	34.14 ft.	29.88 ft.	26.56 ft.

Bridge Deck Thickness (in)	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.
Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf
Barrier Loads (k/ft/both sides)	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf

Dead Load							
Beam Load (End Bent)	401.5 k	274.1 k	221.0 k	169.0 k	146.0 k	128.8 k	115.4 k
Beam Load (Pier)	803.0 k	548.1 k	442.0 k	338.0 k	292.0 k	257.6 k	230.7 k

Live Load							
Reduction factor	0.9						
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0						

II. Reaction per lane (END BENT)							
Truck load	63.8 k	61.1 k	58.5 k	55.9 k	53.4 k	50.9 k	48.5 k
Lane load	52.1 k	45.8 k	41.9 k	39.4 k	37.6 k	36.2 k	35.1 k
Total Live Load (END BENT)	172.2 k	185.0 k	158.0 k	151.0 k	144.2 k	137.5 k	130.9 k

II. Reaction per lane (PIER)							
Truck load	65.1 k	62.9 k	60.8 k	58.6 k	56.5 k	54.4 k	52.4 k
Lane load	78.3 k	65.5 k	57.9 k	52.8 k	49.1 k	46.4 k	44.3 k
Total Live Load (PIER)	211.3 k	176.9 k	164.0 k	158.3 k	152.6 k	147.0 k	141.5 k

Total Load							
Superstructure Load (END BENT)	749.8 k	615.2 k	555.1 k	496.1 k	466.3 k	442.4 k	422.3 k
Superstructure Load (PIER)	1072.5 k	783.2 k	664.2 k	554.4 k	502.8 k	462.7 k	430.4 k

Foundation							
Maximum pile spacing	13.0 Ft.						
Service Load Capacity of Piles	260.0 k						
Location of Ext. pile from center of End Bent/Pier	4.0 Ft.						
Number of Piles Required For END BENT	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of Piles Required For PIER	5	154 k	139 k	124 k	117 k	111 k	106 k
Service Design Load (END BENT)	187 k						
Service Design Load (PIER)	214 k	196 k	186 k	139 k	126 k	116 k	108 k



### FOUNDATION LOADS ON DRILLED SHAFT

### STRUCTURE (Section Timimi-Traill division) and analysis alternatives:

- 1) Type D Bridges 2 and 7.
- 2) SUPER COMP

Boatee Width 43.08 Ft	Number of lanes	3	Number of Florida Double Tee = 6
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## Dead Load

Beam Load (End Beam)	454.8 k	277.4 k	224.6 k	172.4 k	149.5 k	132.3 k	119.0 k
Beam Load (Pier)	809.5 k	554.8 k	449.1 k	344.8 k	299.0 k	264.6 k	237.9 k

## Live Load

Reduction factor	0.9
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0

## LL Reaction per Line (END BENT)

Truck load	63.8 k	61.2 k	58.7 k	56.3 k	53.8 k	51.5 k	49.2 k
lane load	52.3 k	46.0 k	42.2 k	37.8 k	37.8 k	36.5 k	35.4 k
total live load (END BENT)	172.4 k	165.4 k	158.5 k	151.9 k	145.4 k	139.0 k	132.8 k

## I.I. Reaction per lane (PIER)

Truck load	65.2 k	63.0 k	60.9 k	58.9 k	56.9 k	54.9 k	53.0 k
Lane load	58.4 k	56.0 k	53.2 k	49.7 k	47.0 k	44.8 k	41.8 k
Legal live load (FHRR)	712.5 k	678.2 k	654.5 k	629.0 k	603.5 k	578.0 k	552.5 k

## Total Load

Superstructure Load (FND BENT)	782.3 k	647.9 k	588.3 k	529.4 k	500.0 k	476.5 k	456.9 k
Superstructure Load (PIER)	1099.6 k	810.5 k	691.2 k	581.3 k	530.1 k	490.4 k	458.5 k

## Foundation

Maximum pile spacing	16.0 Ft.
Location of Ext. shaft from coping at End Bent	6.0 Ft.
Number of Piles Required For END BENT	3
Number of Piles Required For PIER	2
Service Design Load (END BENT)	261 k
Service Design Load (PIER)	550 k



[illegible]



<sup>2</sup>Includes wingwall drilled shafts for Type IV, III, II beams.



Length of Piles or drilled Shafts: 810.00 Ft.



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Done by: M. LeComte

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

Alternative 3 (Bridges 2  
& 7)

**ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative-3\Type D Bridges 2 and 7.xls\SUPER\_COMP

Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Price	Amount
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	264.5	CY	\$310	\$81,990
Reinforcing Steel <sup>1</sup>	54219	LBS	\$0.45	\$24,399
Bridge Floor Grooving	1104	SY	\$2.50	\$2,761
Traffic Railing Barrier	497.0	FT	\$35	\$17,395
Expansion Joints <sup>3</sup>	86.2	FT	\$84	\$7,238
Type II Beam	994.0	FT	\$54	\$53,676
Neoprene Bearing Pads	5.251	CY	\$425	\$2,232
			<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>	<b>\$189,690</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	130.1	CY	\$415	\$53,997
Reinforcing Steel <sup>2</sup>	18866	LBS	\$0.45	\$8,490
Pile Hole, Preformed	30	EA	\$200	\$6,000
Test Piles	84	Ft.	\$160	\$13,440
18 in. Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	810	Ft.	\$33	\$26,730
Pile Splices	3	EA	\$110	\$330
Drilled shaft		LF	\$220	
Test load for drilled shaft		EA	\$50,000	
Core (Shaft Excavation)		LF		
Temporary casing		LF		
Casing splice		EA		
Excavation, unclassified shaft		LF		
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming		LF		
Excavation, unclassified extra depth		LF		
			<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>	<b>\$108,987</b>
			<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>	<b>\$298,677</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	14,934
Contingency (15% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	44,802
			<b>Total Construction Cost</b>	<b>\$358,412</b>
			Deck Square Footage (Ft.)	10,706
			<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>	<b>\$33.48/sf</b>

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to superstructure concrete: 205 Lbs/CY.

<sup>2</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to substructure concrete: 145 Lbs/CY.

<sup>3</sup>Number of expansion piers: 2



[illegible]



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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Done by: M. LeComte

**Alternative 3 (Bridge 3)**

**BEAM SPACING vs. DESIGN SPAN**

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative-3\Type E Bridge 3.xls\LENGTH

Determine beam spacing and design span:

Bridge Width: 43.08 Ft.

Slab Thickness: 8.00 in.

Number of Beams	<sup>1</sup> Beam Spacing	<sup>2</sup> Design Span					
		AASHTO Type II	AASHTO Type III	AASHTO Type IV	18" Double T	24" Double T	30" Double T
4	10.77 Ft.	46.00 Ft.	65.00 Ft.	84.00 Ft.			
5	8.62 Ft.	52.00 Ft.	73.00 Ft.	90.00 Ft.			
6	7.18 Ft.	58.00 Ft.	78.00 Ft.	96.00 Ft.	40.00 Ft.	50.00 Ft.	60.00 Ft.
7	6.15 Ft.	62.00 Ft.	82.00 Ft.	98.00 Ft.			
8	5.39 Ft.	66.00 Ft.	84.00 Ft.	102.00 Ft.			

<sup>1</sup>Beam spacing is based on assuming the cantilever to be half of the beam spacing.

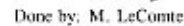
<sup>2</sup>Design spans are determined from the charts based on the beam spacing given.







## Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

[illegible]



Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS  
Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

PBSI

Done by: M. LaCombe

Checked by: C. La

November 29, 2000

Alternative 3 (Bridge 3)

FOUNDATION LOADS and NUMBER of 18 in. PRESTRESSED PILES

E:\STBUCCT\Design Tamiami-Trail\des\grc\anal\analysis alternative 3\Type E Bridge 3.tbl\LENGTH1

Bridge Width 43.08 Ft.		Number of lanes			3		Number of Florida Double Tee = 6						
Number of Spans		2 spans		3 spans		4 spans		5 spans		6 spans		7 spans	
Beam Type		IV		III		III		II		II		II	
Beam Weight (k/ft)		0.822 klf		0.583 klf		0.583 klf		0.384 klf		0.384 klf		0.384 klf	
Number of Beams		7 beams		4 beams		4 beams		4 beams		4 beams		4 beams	
Span Length (ft)		96.25 Ft.		64.67 Ft.		48.88 Ft.		39.40 Ft.		33.08 Ft.		28.57 Ft.	
Beam Span (ft)		94.25 Ft.		62.67 Ft.		46.88 Ft.		37.40 Ft.		31.08 Ft.		26.57 Ft.	
Bridge Deck Thickness (in)		8.00 in.		8.00 in.		8.00 in.		8.00 in.		8.00 in.		8.00 in.	
Comp. Loads (ksf)		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf	
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)		0.836 klf		0.836 klf		0.836 klf		0.836 klf		0.836 klf		0.836 klf	
Dead Load		Beam Load (End Bent)		591.9 k		287.0 k		216.9 k		159.2 k		133.7 k	
		Beam Load (Pier)		1183.7 k		574.0 k		433.8 k		318.4 k		267.3 k	
Live Load		Reduction factor		0.9									
		Impact factor for Substructure		1.0									
LL Reaction per lane (END BENT)		Truck load		65.0 k		61.6 k		58.3 k		54.9 k		51.7 k	
		Lane load		56.8 k		46.7 k		41.6 k		38.6 k		35.1 k	
Total Live Load (END BENT)				175.5 k		166.3 k		157.3 k		148.3 k		139.6 k	
LL Reaction per lane (PIER)		Truck load		66.2 k		63.3 k		60.5 k		57.8 k		55.1 k	
		Lane load		87.6 k		67.4 k		57.3 k		51.2 k		47.2 k	
Total Live Load (PIER)				236.5 k		181.9 k		163.5 k		156.0 k		143.7 k	
Total Load		Superstructure Load (END BENT)		943.5 k		629.4 k		550.3 k		483.6 k		449.3 k	
		Superstructure Load (PIER)		1478.4 k		814.1 k		655.5 k		532.6 k		474.2 k	
Foundation		Maximum pile spacing		13.0 Ft.									
		Service Load Capacity of Piles		147.0 k									
Location of Ext. pile from coping at End Bent/Pier		Number of Piles Required For END BENT		7		5		4		4		4	
		Number of Piles Required For PIER		11		6		5		4		4	
		Service Design Load (END BENT)		135 k		126 k		138 k		121 k		106 k	
		Service Design Load (PIER)		134 k		136 k		131 k		133 k		119 k	



Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
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**FOUNDATION LOADS and NUMBER of 24 in. PRESTRESSED PILES**

Alternative 3 (Bridge 3)

P-SUBJECT Design Tamiami Trail design case mobile alternative-3 (Type E Bridge 3 x5) LENGTH

Bridge Width 43.08 Ft.		Number of lanes 3		Number of Florida Double Tee = 6	
Number of Spans		2 spans		3 spans	
Beam Type		IV		III	
Beam Weight (k/ft)		0.822 klf		0.583 klf	
Number of Beams		7 beams		4 beams	
Span Length (ft)		96.50 Ft.		65.00 Ft.	
Beam Span (ft)		94.50 Ft.		63.00 Ft.	
Bridge Deck Thickness (in)		8.00 in.		8.00 in.	
Comp. Loads (ksf)		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf	
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)		0.836 klf		0.836 klf	
Dead Load		593.4 k		288.5 k	
Beam Load (End Bent)		1186.8 k		577.0 k	
Live Load		0.9		1.0	
Impact factor for Substructure		0.9		1.0	
LL Reaction per lane (END BENT)		65.0 k		61.7 k	
Truck load		56.9 k		46.8 k	
Lane load		175.6 k		166.5 k	
Total Live Load (END BENT)		65.0 k		58.4 k	
LL Reaction per lane (PIER)		66.2 k		63.4 k	
Truck load		87.8 k		67.6 k	
Lane load		237.0 k		182.5 k	
Total Live Load (PIER)		66.2 k		60.6 k	
Superstructure Load (END BENT)		945.1 k		631.1 k	
Superstructure Load (PIER)		1481.9 k		817.6 k	
Total Load		945.1 k		552.2 k	
Foundation		13.0 Ft.		4.0 Ft.	
Maximum pile spacing		260.0 k		260.0 k	
Service Load Capacity of Piles		4.0 Ft.		4.0 Ft.	
Location of Ext. pile from coping at End Bent/Pier		4		4	
Number of Piles Required For END BENT		4		4	
Number of Piles Required For PIER		6		4	
Service Design Load (END BENT)		236 k		158 k	
Service Design Load (PIER)		247 k		204 k	
7 spans		II		II	
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**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SFIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

**FOUNDATION LOADS on DRILLED SHAFT**

Alternative 3 (Bridge 3)

STRUCTURE Design: Tamiami-Trail design case analysis alternative 3 (Type E Bridge 3 x 10) LENGTH

Bridge Width 43.08 Ft.	Number of lanes	3	Number of Florida Double Tee - 6
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Number of Spans	2 spans	3 spans	4 spans	5 spans	6 spans	7 spans
Beam Type	IV	III	III	II	II	II
Beam Weight (k/ft)	0.822 klf	0.583 klf	0.583 klf	0.394 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf
Number of Beams	7 beams	5 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams
Span Length (ft)	97.00 Ft.	65.67 Ft.	50.00 Ft.	40.60 Ft.	34.33 Ft.	29.86 Ft.
Beam Span (ft)	95.00 Ft.	63.67 Ft.	48.00 Ft.	38.60 Ft.	32.33 Ft.	27.86 Ft.
Bridge Deck Thickness (in)	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.
Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf

<b>Dead Load</b>						
Beam Load (End Beam)	596.5 k	310.6 k	221.9 k	164.0 k	138.7 k	120.6 k
Beam Load (Pier)	1192.9 k	621.2 k	443.8 k	328.1 k	277.4 k	241.3 k

<b>Live Load</b>						
Reduction factor	0.9					
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0					
<b>11. Reaction per lane (END BENT)</b>						
Truck load	65.1 k	61.8 k	58.6 k	55.4 k	52.4 k	49.5 k
Lane load	57.0 k	47.0 k	42.0 k	39.0 k	37.0 k	35.6 k
Total Live Load (END BENT)	175.7 k	166.8 k	153.1 k	149.7 k	141.6 k	133.6 k

<b>11. Reaction per lane (PIER)</b>						
Truck load	66.2 k	63.5 k	60.8 k	58.2 k	55.7 k	53.2 k
Lane load	88.1 k	68.0 k	53.0 k	52.0 k	48.0 k	45.1 k
Total Live Load (PIER)	237.8 k	183.7 k	164.2 k	157.2 k	150.4 k	143.3 k

<b>Total Load</b>						
Superstructure Load (END BENT)	977.3 k	682.5 k	585.2 k	513.9 k	485.5 k	459.4 k
Superstructure Load (PIER)	1508.3 k	882.4 k	685.5 k	562.8 k	505.3 k	462.6 k

<b>Foundation</b>						
Maximum pile spacing	16.0 Ft.					
Location of Ex. shaft from coping at End Bent	6.0 Ft.					
Number of Piles Required For END BENT	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of Piles Required For PIER	2	2	2	2	2	2
Service Design Load (END BENT)	326 k	228 k	195 k	173 k	162 k	153 k
Service Design Load (PIER)	754 k	441 k	343 k	281 k	253 k	231 k



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Length of Piles or drilled Shafts: 648.00 Ft.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: M. LeComte

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

Alternative 3 (Bridge 3)

**ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative-3\Type E Bridge 3.xls\LENGTH

Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Price	Amount
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	206.5	CY	\$310	\$64,008
Reinforcing Steel <sup>1</sup>	42328	LBS	\$0.45	\$19,048
Bridge Floor Grooving	862	SY	\$2.50	\$2,156
Traffic Railing Barrier	388.0	FT	\$35	\$13,580
Expansion Joints <sup>3</sup>	86.2	FT	\$84	\$7,238
Type III Beam	776.0	FT	\$67	\$51,992
Neoprene Bearing Pads	0.094	CY	\$425	\$40
<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$158,061</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	97.1	CY	\$415	\$40,292
Reinforcing Steel <sup>2</sup>	14078	LBS	\$0.45	\$6,335
Pile Hole, Preformed	24	EA	\$200	\$4,800
Test Piles	84	Ft.	\$160	\$13,440
18 in. Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	648	Ft.	\$33	\$21,384
Pile Splices	3	EA	\$110	\$330
Drilled shaft		LF	\$220	
Test load for drilled shaft		EA	\$50,000	
Core (Shaft Excavation)		LF		
Temporary casing		LF		
Casing splice		EA		
Excavation, unclassified shaft		LF		
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming		LF		
Excavation, unclassified extra depth		LF		
<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$86,581</b>
<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>				<b>\$244,642</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	12,232
Contingency (15% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	36,696
<b>Total Construction Cost</b>				<b>\$293,571</b>
Deck Square Footage (Ft.)				8,358
<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>				<b>\$35.12/sf</b>

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to superstructure concrete: 205 Lbs/CY.

<sup>2</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to substructure concrete: 145 Lbs/CY.

<sup>3</sup>Number of expansion piers: 2







**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: M. LeComte

**Alternative 3 (Bridge 4)**

**BEAM SPACING vs. DESIGN SPAN**

Checked by: C. Li

November 29, 2000

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative-3\{Type F Bridge 4.xls\COST

Determine beam spacing and design span:

Bridge Width: 35.08 Ft.  
 Slab Thickness: 8.00 in.

Number of Beams	<sup>1</sup> Beam Spacing	<sup>2</sup> Design Span					
		AASHTO Type II	AASHTO Type III	AASHTO Type IV	18" Double T	24" Double T	30" Double T
4	8.77 Ft.	46.00 Ft.	65.00 Ft.	84.00 Ft.			
5	7.02 Ft.	52.00 Ft.	73.00 Ft.	90.00 Ft.			
6	5.85 Ft.	58.00 Ft.	78.00 Ft.	96.00 Ft.	40.00 Ft.	50.00 Ft.	60.00 Ft.
7	5.01 Ft.	62.00 Ft.	82.00 Ft.	98.00 Ft.			
8	4.39 Ft.	66.00 Ft.	84.00 Ft.	102.00 Ft.			

<sup>1</sup>Beam spacing is based on assuming the cantilever to be half of the beam spacing.

<sup>2</sup>Design spans are determined from the charts based on the beam spacing given.



[illegible]



[illegible]



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

**FOUNDATION LOADS and NUMBER of 18 in. PRESTRESSED PILES**

Alternative 3 (Bridge 4)

STRUCTURE Design: Tamiami Trail design 2000 and 2001 alternatives 3 (Type F Bridge 4 x 10) (C281)

Bridge Width: 35.08 Ft.		Number of lanes		2		Number of Florida Double Tee - 5	
		Number of Spans		2 spans		3 spans	
		Beam Type		IV		III	
		Beam Weight (k/ft)		0.822 k/ft		0.583 k/ft	
		Number of Beams		4 beams		4 beams	
		Span Length (ft)		82.75 Ft.		55.67 Ft.	
		Beam Span (ft)		80.75 Ft.		40.13 Ft.	
		Bridge Deck Thickness (in)		8.00 in.		8.00 in.	
		Comp. Loads (ksf)		0.035 ksf		0.035 ksf	
		Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)		0.836 k/ft		0.836 k/ft	
Dead Load	Beam Load (End Bent)	362.1 k	217.0 k	147.4 k	119.0 k	100.0 k	
	Beam Load (Pier)	724.3 k	434.0 k	294.9 k	238.0 k	200.1 k	
Live Load	Reduction factor	1.0					
	Impact factor for Substructure	1.0					
LL Reaction per lane (END BENT)							
Total Live Load (END BENT)	Truck load	63.9 k	59.9 k	56.0 k	52.2 k	48.5 k	
	Lane load	52.5 k	43.8 k	39.5 k	36.9 k	35.1 k	
Total Live Load (END BENT)		127.8 k	119.9 k	112.1 k	104.5 k	97.0 k	
LL Reaction per lane (PIER)							
Total Live Load (PIER)	Truck load	65.2 k	61.9 k	58.7 k	55.5 k	52.4 k	
	Lane load	79.0 k	61.6 k	52.0 k	47.8 k	44.3 k	
Total Live Load (PIER)		157.9 k	123.9 k	117.4 k	111.1 k	104.8 k	
Total Load							
Superstructure Load (END BENT)	Superstructure Load (END BENT)	633.3 k	480.3 k	402.9 k	366.9 k	340.4 k	
	Superstructure Load (PIER)	929.5 k	605.2 k	459.7 k	396.4 k	352.3 k	
Foundation							
		Maximum pile spacing	13.0 Ft.				
		Service Load Capacity of Piles	147.0 k				
Location of 1st. pile from coping at End Bent Pier		4.0 Ft.					
Number of Piles Required For END BENT		5	4	4	4	4	
Number of Piles Required For PIER		7	5	4	4	4	
Service Design Load (END BENT)		127 k	120 k	101 k	92 k	85 k	
Service Design Load (PIER)		133 k	121 k	115 k	99 k	88 k	



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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**FOUNDATION LOADS and NUMBER of 24 in. PRESTRESSED PILES**

Alternative 3 (Bridge 4)

PROJECT Design: Tamiami Trail design.com analysis: alternative-3 (Type F Bridge 4 x3) COST

Bridge Width 35.08 Ft.	Number of lanes	2	Number of Florida Double Tee - 5
------------------------	-----------------	---	----------------------------------

Number of Spans	2 spans	3 spans	4 spans	5 spans	6 spans
Beam Type	IV	III	II	II	II
Beam Weight (k/ft)	0.822 klf	0.583 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf
Number of Beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams
Span Length (ft)	83.00 Ft.	56.00 Ft.	42.50 Ft.	34.40 Ft.	29.00 Ft.
Beam Span (ft)	81.00 Ft.	54.00 Ft.	40.50 Ft.	32.40 Ft.	27.00 Ft.
Bridge Deck Thickness (in)	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.
Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf

**Dead Load**

Beam Load (End Bent)	363.2 k	218.2 k	148.8 k	120.4 k	101.5 k
Beam Load (Pier)	726.4 k	436.6 k	297.5 k	240.8 k	203.0 k

**Live Load**

Reduction factor *	1.0
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0

**LL Reaction per lane (END BENT)**

Truck load	63.9 k	60.0 k	56.2 k	52.5 k	48.8 k
Lane load	52.6 k	43.9 k	39.6 k	37.0 k	35.3 k
Total Live Load (END BENT)	127.8 k	120.0 k	112.4 k	104.9 k	97.7 k

**LL Reaction per lane (PIER)**

Truck load	65.3 k	62.0 k	58.8 k	55.7 k	52.7 k
Lane load	79.1 k	61.8 k	53.2 k	48.0 k	44.6 k
Total Live Load (PIER)	158.2 k	124.0 k	117.6 k	111.4 k	105.4 k

**Total Load**

Superstructure Load (END BENT)	634.4 k	481.7 k	404.5 k	368.7 k	342.6 k
Superstructure Load (PIER)	932.0 k	608.0 k	462.5 k	399.6 k	355.8 k

**Foundation**

Maximum pile spacing	13.0 Ft.
Service Load Capacity of Piles	260.0 k
Location of Ext. pile from coping at End Bent/Pier	4.0 Ft.
Number of Piles Required For END BENT	4
Number of Piles Required For PIER	4
Service Design Load (END BENT)	159 k
Service Design Load (PIER)	233 k

	4	4	4	4	4
	4	4	4	4	4
	120 k	101 k	92 k	86 k	86 k
	152 k	116 k	100 k	89 k	89 k



November 29, 2000

Bridge Width 35.08 Ft.	Number of lanes			Number of Florida Double Tee - 5		
	2 spans	3 spans	4 spans	5 spans	6 spans	
<b>Dead Load</b>						
Number of Spans	2 spans	3 spans	4 spans	5 spans	6 spans	
Beam Type	IV	III	II	II	II	
Beam Weight (k/ft)	0.822 klf	0.583 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	0.384 klf	
Number of Beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	4 beams	
Span Length (ft)	83.50 Ft.	56.67 Ft.	43.25 Ft.	35.20 Ft.	29.83 Ft.	
Beam Span (ft)	81.50 Ft.	54.67 Ft.	41.25 Ft.	33.20 Ft.	27.83 Ft.	
Bridge Deck Thickness (in)	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	8.00 in.	
Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	0.035 ksf	
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	0.836 klf	
Beam Load (End Bent)	365.4 k	220.9 k	151.4 k	123.2 k	104.4 k	
Beam Load (Pier)	730.8 k	441.8 k	302.8 k	246.4 k	208.8 k	
Reduction factor	1.0					
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0					
<b>Live Load</b>						
IL Reaction per lane (END BENT)						
Truck load	64.0 k	60.1 k	56.5 k	52.9 k	49.5 k	
Lane load	52.7 k	44.1 k	39.8 k	37.3 k	35.5 k	
Total Live Load (END BENT)	127.9 k	120.3 k	112.9 k	105.8 k	95.9 k	
IL Reaction per lane (PIER)						
Truck load	65.3 k	62.1 k	59.1 k	56.1 k	53.2 k	
Lane load	79.4 k	62.3 k	53.7 k	48.5 k	45.1 k	
Total Live Load (PIER)	158.9 k	124.5 k	118.1 k	112.2 k	106.5 k	
<b>Total Load</b>						
Superstructure Load (END BENT)	660.4 k	508.3 k	431.4 k	396.1 k	370.5 k	
Superstructure Load (PIER)	952.9 k	629.5 k	484.0 k	421.7 k	378.5 k	
<b>Foundation</b>						
Maximum pile spacing	16.0 Ft.					
Location of Ext. shaft from coping at End Bent	6.0 Ft.					
Number of Piles Required For END BENT	3	3	3	3	3	
Number of Piles Required For PIER	2	2	2	2	2	
Service Design Load (END BENT)	220 k	169 k	144 k	132 k	123 k	
Service Design Load (PIER)	476 k	315 k	242 k	211 k	189 k	



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<sup>2</sup>Includes wingwall drilled shafts for Type IV, III, II beams.



Length of Piles or drilled Shafts: 594.00 Ft.



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
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Done by: M. LeComte

**Alternative 3 (Bridge 4)**

**ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

Checked by: C. Li

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative-3\Type F Bridge 4.xls\COST

November 29, 2000

Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Price	Amount
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	146.0	CY	\$310	\$45,271
Reinforcing Steel <sup>1</sup>	29938	LBS	\$0.45	\$13,472
Bridge Floor Grooving	599	SY	\$2.50	\$1,498
Traffic Railing Barrier	337.0	FT	\$35	\$11,795
Expansion Joints <sup>3</sup>	70.2	FT	\$84	\$5,894
Type II Beam	674.0	FT	\$54	\$36,396
Neoprene Bearing Pads	3.501	CY	\$425	\$1,488
<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$115,814</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Concrete	87.0	CY	\$415	\$36,113
Reinforcing Steel <sup>2</sup>	12618	LBS	\$0.45	\$5,678
Pile Hole, Preformed	22	EA	\$200	\$4,400
Test Piles	84	FL	\$160	\$13,440
18 in. Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	594	FL	\$33	\$19,602
Pile Splices	3	EA	\$110	\$330
Drilled shaft		LF	\$220	
Test load for drilled shaft		EA	\$50,000	
Core (Shaft Excavation)		LF		
Temporary casing		LF		
Casing splice		EA		
Excavation, unclassified shaft		LF		
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming		LF		
Excavation, unclassified extra depth		LF		
<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$79,563</b>
<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>				<b>\$195,377</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	9,769
Contingency (15% of Construction Cost)	1	LS	\$	29,307
<b>Total Construction Cost</b>				<b>\$234,453</b>
Deck Square Footage (Ft.)				5,912
<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>				<b>\$39.66/sf</b>

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to superstructure concrete: 205 Lbs/CY.

<sup>2</sup>Ratio of reinforcement to substructure concrete: 145 Lbs/CY.

<sup>3</sup>Number of expansion piers: 2





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
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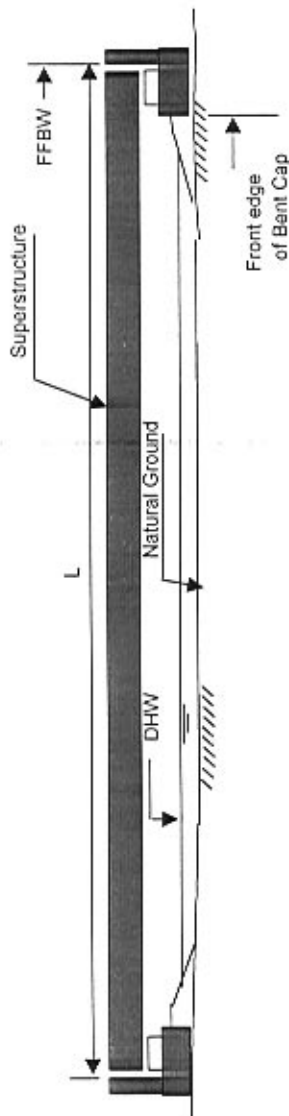
Sheet \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

Design: FO Date: 11/29/00  
Checked: CL Date: 11/29/00

BRIDGE AND SPAN LENGTHS

1.STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost analysis\alternatives\3\1Type G Bridges 5 and 6.xls\RESULT

Alternative 3 (Bridges 5 & 6)



L: 1200 FL.  
85 FL.  
1

Bridge Length  
Minimum Span length  
Increments of number of spans

NO. OF SPANS	ADJUSTED BRIDGE LENGTH(FT.)			ADJUSTED SPAN LENGTH (FT.)		
	18 PILE	24 PILE	36 DRILLED SHAFT	18 PILE	24 PILE	36 DRILLED SHAFT
8	1200	1200	1200	150.0	150.0	150.0
9	1200	1200	1200	133.3	133.3	133.3
10	1200	1200	1200	120.0	120.0	120.0
11	1200	1200	1200	109.1	109.1	109.1
12	1200	1200	1200	100.0	100.0	100.0
13	1200	1200	1200	92.3	92.3	92.3
14	1200	1200	1200	85.7	85.7	85.7

LENGTH





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
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## BEAM SPACING VS DESIGN SPAN

Design: FO Date: 11/29/00  
Checked: CL Date: 11/29/00

INSTRUCT:Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative-3 (Type G Bridges 5 and 6.xls)RESULT

### Alternative 3 (Bridges 5 & 6)

BRIDGE WIDTH: 43.083 Ft. SLAB THICK: 8.5 In.

NUMBER OF BEAMS	* BEAM SPACING	** DESIGN SPAN (AASHTO BEAMS)			
		TYPE V	TYPE VI	FBT72	FBT78
4	10.77	108.5	126.0	114.0	118.0
5	8.62	115.5	135.0	124.0	128.0
6	7.18	120.5	141.0	132.0	138.0
7	6.15	125.0	146.0	137.0	145.0
8	5.39	128.0	150.0	143.0	152.0

\* Based on Cantilever being half of the beam spacing.

\*\* Design spans are determined from the charts based on the beam spacing given.





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
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AASHTO BEAMS COMPARISON

Sheet \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

Design: FO Date: 07/11/00  
Checked: CL Date: 11/29/00

1. STRUCT Design Tamiami Trail along with south side alternative 2 (Type C Bridges 5 and 6) (RESULTS)

Alternative 3 (Bridges 5 & 6)

NUMBER OF SPANS	ADJUSTED SPAN LENGTH (FT.)		DRILLED SHAFT		NUMBER OF AASHTO BEAMS					
	PILES				18" PILES			24" PILES		
	18 IN.	24 IN.	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78
8	150.0	150.0		8		8		8		8
9	133.3	133.3		5	7	8		5	7	8
10	120.0	120.0	6	4	5	5	6	4	5	6
11	109.1	109.1	5	4	4	4	5	4	4	5
12	100.0	100.0	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
13	92.3	92.3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
14	85.7	85.7	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

NUMBER OF SPANS	ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST OF AASHTO BEAMS									
	18" PILES			24" PILES			DRILLED SHAFT			
	V	VI	FBT72	V	VI	FBT72	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78
8	N/A	\$1,056,000	N/A	N/A	\$1,056,000	N/A	1056000	N/A	\$1,056,000	1056000
9	N/A	\$660,000	\$314,800	N/A	\$660,000	\$814,800	792000	N/A	\$660,000	792000
10	\$662,400	\$528,000	\$582,000	\$552,400	\$528,000	\$582,000	660000	\$562,400	\$528,000	660000
11	\$552,000	\$528,000	\$465,600	\$528,000	\$528,000	\$465,600	528000	\$552,000	\$465,600	528000
12	\$441,600	\$528,000	\$465,600	\$441,600	\$528,000	\$465,600	528000	\$441,600	\$528,000	528000
13	\$441,600	\$528,000	\$465,600	\$441,600	\$528,000	\$465,600	528000	\$441,600	\$528,000	528000
14	\$441,600	\$528,000	\$465,600	\$441,600	\$528,000	\$465,600	528000	\$441,600	\$528,000	528000
Beam Unit Price:	\$92.00	\$110.00	\$97.00		\$92.00	\$110.00	\$97.00		\$110.00	\$97.00

NUMBER OF SPANS	MOST ECONOMICAL AASHTO BEAM TYPE					
	18" PILES		24" PILES		DRILLED SHAFT	
	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST
8	VI	\$1,056,000	VI	\$1,056,000	VI	\$1,056,000
9	VI	\$660,000	VI	\$660,000	VI	\$660,000
10	VI	\$528,000	VI	\$528,000	VI	\$528,000
11	FBT72	\$465,600	FBT72	\$465,600	FBT72	\$465,600
12	V	\$441,600	V	\$441,600	V	\$441,600
13	V	\$441,600	V	\$441,600	V	\$441,600
14	V	\$441,600	V	\$441,600	V	\$441,600





Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS

## SUPERSTRUCTURE ALTERNATIVES COMPARISON

Alternative 3 (Bridges 5 &amp; 6)

Design:	FO	Date
Checked:	CL	Date

Deck Reinforcement	205 Lbs/1Y of Concrete	\$455
Cost of Deck/Fest		





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
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FOUNDATION LOADS AND NUMBER OF 18 IN. PRESTRESSED PILES

Design: SY Date: 11/29/00  
Checked: CL Date: 11/29/00

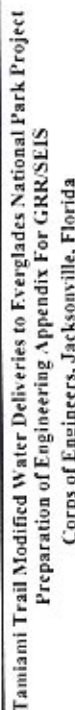
1. STRUCT Design/Tamiami-Trail design/cont. analysis alternative-3 (Type G Bridges 5 and 6) RESULT

Alternative 3 (Bridges 5 & 6)

43.083											
3											
Bridge Width (ft)	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	V
Number of lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Beam Type	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Beam Weight (k/ft)	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Number of Spans	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Number of Beams	150.0	133.3	120.0	109.1	100.0	92.3	85.7	83.7	83.7	83.7	83.7
Span Length (ft)	148.0	131.3	118.0	107.1	98.0	90.3	83.7	83.7	83.7	83.7	83.7
Beam Span (ft)	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500
Bridge Deck Thickness (in)	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)											
Dead Load											
Beam Load (kips) (END BENT)	1144.0	790.9	644.0	513.5	521.7	481.5	447.2	447.2	447.2	447.2	447.2
Beam Load (kips) (PIER)	2288.0	1581.8	1288.0	1026.9	1043.4	963.1	894.3	894.3	894.3	894.3	894.3
Live Load											
Reduction factor	0.9										
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0										
LL Reaction per lane (END BENT)	67.52	66.96	66.40	65.84	65.28	64.72	64.16	64.16	64.16	64.16	64.16
Truck load (kips)	74.00	68.67	64.40	60.91	58.00	55.54	53.43	53.43	53.43	53.43	53.43
Lane load (kips)	199.8	185.4	179.3	177.8	176.3	174.7	173.2	173.2	173.2	173.2	173.2
Total Live Load (kips) (END BENT)	68.27	67.80	67.33	66.87	66.40	65.93	65.47	65.47	65.47	65.47	65.47
LL Reaction per lane (PIER)	122.00	111.33	102.80	95.82	90.00	85.08	80.86	80.86	80.86	80.86	80.86
Lane load (kips)	329.4	300.6	277.6	258.7	243.0	229.7	218.3	218.3	218.3	218.3	218.3
Total Live Load (kips) (PIER)											
Total Load											
Superstructure Load (kips) (END BENT)	1437.5	1070.0	917.0	784.9	791.6	750.0	714.1	714.1	714.1	714.1	714.1
Superstructure Load (kips) (PIER)	2675.6	1940.6	1623.8	1343.8	1344.5	1251.0	1170.8	1170.8	1170.8	1170.8	1170.8
Foundation											
Maximum pile spacing (ft)	13.0										
Service Load Capacity of Piles (kips)	117.0										
** Number of Piles Req'd For END BENT	N/A	8.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
** Number of Piles Req'd For PIER	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Service Design Load (kips)(END BENT)	N/A	134	131	131	132	125	143	143	143	143	143
Service Design Load (kips)(PIER)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	139	146	146	146	146	146

\*\* NOTE: N/A indicates that required number of piles exceeds the max. number of piles based on minimum pile spacing (3' pile size).





Sheet \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

1

Sheet

system.

YS

1

# FOUNDATION LOADS AND NUMBER OF 24 IN. PRESTRESSED PILES

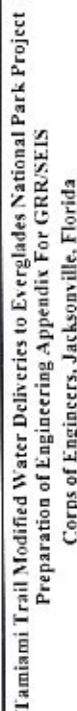
4.8.10.1 CTD Design Tuning: Traffic Identification Analysis Alternative 3/Type C Bridges 5 and 6. a. b. RESULT

### Alternative 3 (Bridges 5 & 6)

43.083									
3									
Bridge Width (ft)	VI	VI	VI	VT	FBT72	V	V	V	V
Number of Lanes	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Beam Type	VI	VI	VI	VT	FBT72	V	V	V	V
Beam Weight (k/ft)	1.130	1.130	1.130	1.130	0.800	1.055	1.055	1.055	1.055
Number of Spans	8	9	9	10	11	12	13	14	14
Number of Beams	8	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4
Span Length (ft)	150.0	133.3	133.3	120.0	109.1	100.0	92.3	85.7	85.7
Beam Span (ft)	148.0	131.3	131.3	118.0	107.1	98.0	90.3	83.7	83.7
Bridge Deck Thickness (in)	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500
Comp. Loads (ksi)	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836
Dead Load									
Beam Load (kips) (END BENT)	1144.0	790.9	614.0	614.0	513.5	521.7	481.5	447.2	447.2
Beam Load (kips) (PIER)	2248.0	1581.8	1288.0	1288.0	1036.9	1043.4	963.1	894.3	894.3
Live Load									
Reduction factor	0.9								
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0								
H.I. Reaction per lane (END BENT)									
Truck load (kips)	67.52	66.96	66.40	66.40	65.84	65.28	64.72	64.16	64.16
Lane load (kips)	74.00	68.67	64.40	64.40	60.91	58.00	55.51	53.43	53.43
Total Live Load (kips) (END BENT)	199.8	185.4	179.3	179.3	177.8	176.3	174.7	173.2	173.2
H.I. Reaction per lane (PIER)									
Truck load (kips)	68.27	67.80	67.33	67.33	66.87	66.40	65.93	65.47	65.47
Lane load (kips)	122.00	111.33	102.80	102.80	95.82	90.00	85.08	80.85	80.85
Total Live Load (kips) (PIER)	329.4	300.6	277.6	277.6	258.7	243.0	229.7	218.3	218.3
Total Load									
Superstructure Load (kips) (END BENT)	1437.5	1070.0	917.0	917.0	784.9	791.6	750.0	714.1	714.1
Superstructure Load (kips) (PIER)	2675.6	1940.6	1623.8	1623.8	1343.8	1344.5	1251.0	1170.8	1170.8
Foundation									
Maximum pile spacing (ft)	13.0								
Service Load Capacity of Piles (kips)	260.0								
*** Number of Piles Req'd For END BENT	6.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
** Number of Piles Req'd For PIER	N/A	N/A	7.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0
Service Design Load (kips)(END BENT)	240	214	229	229	196	198	187	179	179
Service Design Load (kips)(PIER)	N/A	N/A	232	232	224	224	250	234	234

•• NOTE: N/A indicates that required number of piles exceeds the max. number of piles based on minimum pile spacing (3 • pile size).





Sheet \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

Design: SY

Design:	SY	Date:	11/29/00
Checked:	CL	Date:	11/29/00

# FOUNDATION LOADS ON DRILLED SHAFT

STRUCTURE/TAMIMI-TRAIL design cost analysis alternative 3 (Type G Bridges 5 and 6 x) RESULT

### Alternative 3 (Bridges 5 & 6)

43.083									
3									
Bridge Width (ft)	VT	VT	V1	EBT72	V	V	V	V	V
Number of Lanes	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Beam Type	1130	1130	1130	0.800	1.055	1.055	1.055	1.055	1.055
Beam Weight (k/ft)	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	14	14
Number of Spans	8	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of Beams	150.0	133.3	120.0	109.1	100.0	92.3	85.7	85.7	85.7
Span Length (ft)	148.0	131.3	118.0	107.1	98.0	90.3	83.7	83.7	83.7
Beam Span (ft)									
Bridge Deck Thickness (in)	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500
Comp. Loads (ksf)	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836
Dead Load									
Beam Load (kips) (END BENT)	1141.0	790.9	644.0	513.5	521.7	481.5	447.2	447.2	447.2
Beam Load (kips) (PIER)	2288.0	1581.8	1288.0	1026.9	1043.4	963.1	891.3	891.3	891.3
Live Load									
Reduction factor	0.9								
Impact factor for Substructure	1.0								
LL Reaction per lane (END BENT)									
Truck load (kips)	67.52	66.96	66.40	65.81	65.28	64.72	64.16	64.16	64.16
Lane load (kips)	74.00	68.67	64.40	60.91	58.00	55.54	53.43	53.43	53.43
Total Live Load (kips) (END BENT)	199.8	185.4	179.3	177.8	176.3	174.7	173.2	173.2	173.2
LL Reaction per lane (PIER)									
Truck load (kips)	68.27	67.80	67.33	66.87	66.40	65.93	65.47	65.47	65.47
Lane load (kips)	122.00	111.33	102.80	95.82	90.00	83.08	80.86	80.86	80.86
Total Live Load (kips) (PIER)	329.4	300.6	277.6	258.7	243.0	229.7	218.3	218.3	218.3
Total Load									
* Superstructure Load (kips) (END BENT)	1466.6	1099.1	946.1	814.0	820.7	779.1	743.2	743.2	743.2
* Superstructure Load (kips) (PIER)	2695.0	1960.0	1643.1	1363.2	1363.9	1270.4	1190.2	1190.2	1190.2
Foundation									
Maximum pile spacing (ft)	16.0								
Canilever dist. from shaft to coping (ft)	6.0								
Number of Piles Required For END BENT	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Number of Piles Required For PIER	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Service Design Load (kips)(END BENT)	1489	366	315	271	274	260	248	248	248
Service Design Load (kips)(PIER)	1347	980	822	682	682	635	595	595	595





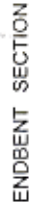
Alternative 3 (Bridges 5 &amp; 6)

PRESTRESSED PILES		18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES	DRILLED SHAFT	
No. of test piles with dynamic load tests per bridge	6	6	No of test load for drilled shaft per bridge	EA	1
			Core(Shaft Excavation)	LF	0
			Length of temporary casing	LF	0
Estimated total cost of test piles w/ dynamic load test per bridge	\$40,320.00	\$40,320.00	% of casing splice	%	0
% of pile splice	10	10	Excavation, unclassified shaft	LF	0
% of pile hole performed	100	100	Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	LF	0
			Excavation, unclassified extra depth	LF	0

PIER



### Alternative 3 (Bridges 5 & 6)

145 Lbs/CY

	% of pile splice	% Pile hole preformed
1	100	100
2	100	100
3	100	100
4	100	100
5	100	100
6	100	100
7	100	100
8	100	100
9	100	100
10	100	100
11	100	100
12	100	100
13	100	100
14	100	100
15	100	100
16	100	100
17	100	100
18	100	100
19	100	100
20	100	100
21	100	100
22	100	100
23	100	100
24	100	100
25	100	100
26	100	100
27	100	100
28	100	100
29	100	100
30	100	100
31	100	100
32	100	100
33	100	100
34	100	100
35	100	100
36	100	100
37	100	100
38	100	100
39	100	100
40	100	100
41	100	100
42	100	100
43	100	100
44	100	100
45	100	100
46	100	100
47	100	100
48	100	100
49	100	100
50	100	100
51	100	100
52	100	100
53	100	100
54	100	100
55	100	100
56	100	100
57	100	100
58	100	100
59	100	100
60	100	100
61	100	100
62	100	100
63	100	100
64	100	100
65	100	100
66	100	100
67	100	100
68	100	100
69	100	100
70	100	100
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82	100	100
83	100	100
84	100	100
85	100	100
86	100	100
87	100	100
88	100	100
89	100	100
90	100	100
91	100	100
92	100	100
93	100	100
94	100	100
95	100	100
96	100	100
97	100	100
98	100	100
99	100	100
100	100	100

\*\*\* Includes 2 wingwall drilled shafts for all beam types





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRNSES  
Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

## SUBSTRUCTURE & SUPERSTRUCTURE ALTERNATIVES COMPARISON

Alternative 3 (Bridges 5 & 6)

STRUCTURE DESIGN (Heavy) Trail Bridge with and without Alternative 3 (Trail C Bridge 1 and 2) and Alternative 1

SPAN NUMBER	ADJUSTED SPAN LENGTH (FT.)		NO. OF PIERS	COST OF SUBSTRUCTURE		DRILLED SHAFT	COST OF SUPER STRUCTURE		DRILLED SHAFT	TOTAL COST OF STRUCTURE	
	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES		18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES		18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES		18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES
8	150.0	150.0	7	N/A	N/A	\$319,534	\$1,601,578	\$1,601,578	\$1,601,578	N/A	\$1,931,112
9	133.3	133.3	8	N/A	N/A	\$344,460	\$1,205,578	\$1,205,578	\$1,205,578	N/A	\$1,547,058
10	120.0	120.0	9	N/A	N/A	\$363,445	\$1,073,578	\$1,073,578	\$1,073,578	N/A	\$1,437,024
11	109.1	109.1	10	N/A	N/A	\$251,127	\$1,011,178	\$1,011,178	\$1,011,178	N/A	\$1,358,450
12	100.0	100.0	11	N/A	N/A	\$253,647	\$987,178	\$987,178	\$987,178	N/A	\$1,359,340
13	92.3	92.3	12	\$298,681	\$282,245	\$402,161	\$987,178	\$987,178	\$987,178	\$1,286,859	\$1,411,295
14	85.7	85.7	13	\$298,666	\$276,437	\$440,073	\$987,178	\$987,178	\$987,178	\$1,287,144	\$1,433,251

### SUMMARY OF MOST ECONOMICAL ALTERNATIVES FOR EACH SPAN ARRANGEMENT:

COST	FOUNDATION ALTERNATIVE	SUPERSTR. ALTERNATIVE	CORRESPONDING NUMBER OF SPANS	NUMBER OF BEAMS	NUMBER OF PILES OR DRILLED SHAFT	TOTAL LENGTH OF PILES OR DRILLED SHAFT (FT.)	NUMBER OF TEST PILES	TOTAL LENGTH OF TEST PILES (FT.)
\$1,921,112	DRILLED SHAFT	V	8	8	24	528	0	0
\$1,547,058	DRILLED SHAFT	VI	9	5	25	754	0	0
\$1,324,705	24 IN. PILES	VI	10	4	85	1755	0	252
\$1,264,825	24 IN. PILES	FB72	11	4	92	1874	6	252
\$1,251,280	24 IN. PILES	V	12	4	98	1939	6	252
\$1,249,423	24 IN. PILES	V	13	4	82	1874	0	252
\$1,233,615	24 IN. PILES	V	14	4	87	1909	0	252

\$1,248,423 <--- Minimum

### RESULT OF COST COMPARISON STUDY:

MOST ECONOMICAL SUPERSTRUCTURE TYPE:

MOST ECONOMICAL SUBSTRUCTURE TYPE:

OPTIMUM SPAN ARRANGEMENT

TOTAL BRIDGE LENGTH:

TOTAL NUMBER OF BEAMS:

TOTAL BEAM LENGTH:

NUMBER OF PILES OR DRILLED SHAFT

LENGTH OF PILES OR DRILLED SHAFT:

V  
24 IN. PILES  
13  
1200 FT.  
52  
4800 FT.  
62  
1674 FT.

SPANS AT 92.31 FT.

RESULT





**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**

**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**

**Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida**

**ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

Sheet        of       

Design: **FO** Date: 11/29/00

Checked: **CL** Date: 11/29/00

U:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative-3\Type G Bridges 5 and 6.xls\RESULT

**Alternative 3 (Bridges 5 & 6)**

ITEM	QUANTITY	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Superstructure)	1356.3	CY	\$310.00	\$420,458
Reinforcing Steel -- (Superstructure)*	278045	LBS	\$0.45	\$125,120
Bridge Floor Grooving	5333	SY	\$2.50	\$13,333
Traffic Railing Barrier	2400.0	FT	\$35.00	\$84,000
Expansion Joints***	215.4	FT	\$84.00	\$18,095
AASHTO Beam, Type V	4800.0	FT	\$92.00	\$441,600
Neoprene Bearing Pads	29.120	CY	\$425.00	\$12,376
<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$1,114,983</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Substructure)	255.2	CY	\$415.00	\$105,925
Reinforcing Steel -- (Substructure)**	37010	LBS	\$0.45	\$16,655
Pile Hole, Preformed	62	EA	\$200.00	\$12,400
Test Piles	252	FL	\$160.00	\$40,320
Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	1674	FL	\$46.00	\$77,004
Pile Splices	7	EA	\$170.00	\$1,190
Drilled shaft	0	LF	\$220.00	\$0
Test load for drilled shaft	0	EA	\$50,000.00	\$0
Core(Shaft Excavation)	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Temporary casing	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Casing splice	0	EA	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified shaft	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified extra depth	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$253,494</b>
<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>				<b>\$1,368,477</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$68,424
Contingency (15% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$205,271.49
<b>Total Construction Cost</b>				<b>\$1,642,172</b>
<b>Deck Square Footage (Ft.)</b>				<b>51,700</b>
<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>				<b>\$31.76</b>
*RATIO REBAR:CONC. (SUPERSTRUCTURE):	205	Lbs/CY.		
**RATIO REBAR:CONC. (SUBSTRUCTURE):	145	Lbs/CY.		
***NO.OF EXPANSION PIERS:	5			



## Appendix D-6

## Alternative 5

TABLE D-6: Alternative 5: Project Impacts on Wetlands and Riparian Areas		TABLE D-7: Alternative 5: Project Impacts on Wetlands and Riparian Areas	
1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28
29	30	31	32
33	34	35	36
37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44
45	46	47	48
49	50	51	52
53	54	55	56
57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64
65	66	67	68
69	70	71	72
73	74	75	76
77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84
85	86	87	88
89	90	91	92
93	94	95	96
97	98	99	100





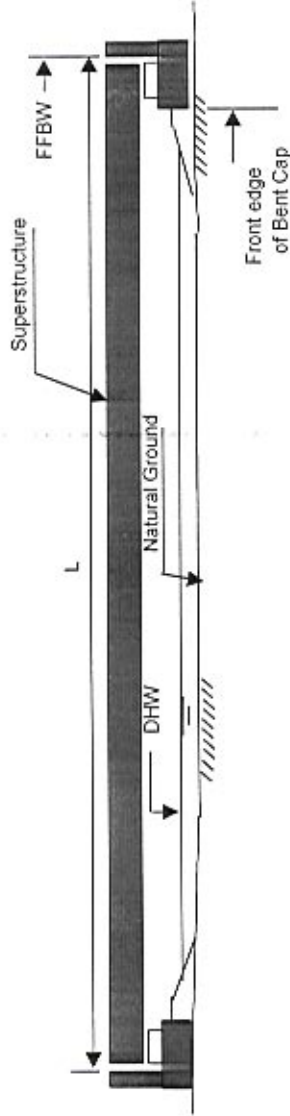
Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GR/SEIS  
Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

BRIDGE AND SPAN LENGTHS

Design: FO Date: 11/29/00  
Checked: CL Date: 11/29/00

L:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternatives\5\Type H Bridge 1.sht\RESULT

Alternative 5



L: 59220 Ft.  
100 Ft.  
15

Bridge Length  
Minimum Span length  
Increments of number of spans

NO. OF SPANS	ADJUSTED BRIDGE LENGTH(FT.)		ADJUSTED SPAN LENGTH (FT.)		
	18 PILE	24 PILE	36 DRILLED SHAFT	18 PILE	24 PILE 36 DRILLED SHAFT
390	59220	59220	59220	151.8	151.8
405	59220	59220	59220	146.2	146.2
420	59220	59220	59220	141.0	141.0
435	59220	59220	59220	136.1	136.1
450	59220	59220	59220	131.6	131.6
465	59220	59220	59220	127.4	127.4
480	59220	59220	59220	123.4	123.4
495	59220	59220	59220	119.6	119.6
510	59220	59220	59220	116.1	116.1
525	59220	59220	59220	112.8	112.8
540	59220	59220	59220	109.7	109.7
555	59220	59220	59220	106.7	106.7
570	59220	59220	59220	103.9	103.9
585	59220	59220	59220	101.2	101.2

LENGTH





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS  
Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

Sheet \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

Design: **FO** Date: 11/29/00  
Checked: **CL** Date: 11/29/00

**BEAM SPACING VS DESIGN SPAN**

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami-Trail\design\cost-analysis\alternative-5 (Type H Bridge Layout)\RESULT

**Alternative 5**

BRIDGE WIDTH: 43.083 Ft. SLAB THICK: 8.5 In.

NUMBER OF BEAMS	* BEAM SPACING	** DESIGN SPAN (AASHTO BEAMS)			
		TYPE V	TYPE VI	FBT72	FBT78
4	10.77	108.5	126.0	114.0	118.0
5	8.62	115.5	135.0	124.0	128.0
6	7.18	120.5	141.0	132.0	138.0
7	6.15	125.0	146.0	137.0	145.0
8	5.39	128.0	150.0	143.0	152.0

\* Based on Cantilever being half of the beam spacing.

\*\* Design spans are determined from the charts based on the beam spacing given.

INPUT





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR / SEIS  
Corp of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida  
AASHTO BEAMS COMPARISON

Sheet \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

Design: FO Date: 07/11/00  
Checked: CL Date: 11/29/00

1. SUBJECT: Design: Tamiami Trail design (see sheet 104) alternative 3 (Type II Bridge) 1 sub RESULT

Alternative 5

NUMBER OF SPANS	ADJUSTED SPAN LENGTH (FT.)		NUMBER OF AASHTO BEAMS												DRILLED SHAFT	
	PILES		18" PILES						24" PILES						DRILLED SHAFT	
	18 IN.	24 IN.	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78	V	VI	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78
390	151.8	151.8		8		8		8		8		8		8		8
405	145.2	145.2		8		8		8		8		8		8		8
420	141.0	141.0		8		8		8		8		8		8		8
435	136.1	136.1		6		6		6		6		6		6		6
450	131.6	131.6		5		5		5		5		5		5		5
465	127.4	127.4		5		5		5		5		5		5		5
480	123.4	123.4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4
495	119.6	119.6		4		4		4		4		4		4		4
510	116.1	116.1		4		4		4		4		4		4		4
525	112.8	112.8		4		4		4		4		4		4		4
540	109.7	109.7		4		4		4		4		4		4		4
555	106.7	106.7		4		4		4		4		4		4		4
570	103.9	103.9		4		4		4		4		4		4		4
585	101.2	101.2		4		4		4		4		4		4		4

NUMBER OF SPANS	ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST OF AASHTO BEAMS																	
	18" PILES						24" PILES						DRILLED SHAFT					
	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78	V	VI	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78	V	VI	V	VI	FBT72	FBT78	V	VI
390	N/A	\$52,113,600	N/A	52113600	N/A	52113600	N/A	52113600	N/A	52113600	N/A	52113600	N/A	52113600	N/A	52113600	5.2E+07	5.2E+07
405	N/A	\$52,113,600	N/A	52113600	N/A	52113600	N/A	52113600	N/A	52113600	N/A	52113600	N/A	52113600	N/A	52113600	5.2E+07	5.2E+07
420	N/A	\$39,085,200	\$45,954,720	45599400	N/A	45599400	N/A	\$39,085,200	\$45,954,720	45599400	N/A	\$39,085,200	\$45,954,720	45599400	N/A	\$39,085,200	4.6E+07	4.6E+07
435	N/A	\$39,085,200	\$40,210,380	39085200	N/A	39085200	N/A	\$39,085,200	\$40,210,380	39085200	N/A	\$39,085,200	\$40,210,380	39085200	N/A	\$39,085,200	3.9E+07	3.9E+07
450	N/A	\$32,571,000	\$34,466,040	33085200	N/A	33085200	N/A	\$32,571,000	\$34,466,040	33085200	N/A	\$32,571,000	\$34,466,040	33085200	N/A	\$32,571,000	3.9E+07	3.9E+07
465	\$43,585,920	\$32,571,000	\$34,466,040	32571000	\$43,585,920	32571000	\$32,571,000	\$34,466,040	32571000	\$43,585,920	\$32,571,000	\$34,466,040	32571000	\$43,585,920	\$32,571,000	\$34,466,040	3.3E+07	3.3E+07
480	\$38,137,680	\$26,056,800	\$28,721,700	32571000	\$38,137,680	32571000	\$26,056,800	\$28,721,700	32571000	\$38,137,680	\$26,056,800	\$28,721,700	32571000	\$38,137,680	\$26,056,800	\$28,721,700	3.3E+07	3.3E+07
495	\$32,689,440	\$26,056,800	\$28,721,700	26056800	\$32,689,440	26056800	\$26,056,800	\$28,721,700	26056800	\$32,689,440	\$26,056,800	\$28,721,700	26056800	\$32,689,440	\$26,056,800	\$28,721,700	2.6E+07	2.6E+07
510	\$27,241,200	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$27,241,200	26056800	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$27,241,200	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$27,241,200	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	2.6E+07	2.6E+07
525	\$27,241,200	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$27,241,200	26056800	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$27,241,200	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$27,241,200	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	2.6E+07	2.6E+07
540	\$21,792,960	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$21,792,960	26056800	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$21,792,960	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$21,792,960	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	2.6E+07	2.6E+07
555	\$21,792,960	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$21,792,960	26056800	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$21,792,960	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$21,792,960	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	2.6E+07	2.6E+07
570	\$21,792,960	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$21,792,960	26056800	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$21,792,960	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$21,792,960	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	2.6E+07	2.6E+07
585	\$21,792,960	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$21,792,960	26056800	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$21,792,960	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	26056800	\$21,792,960	\$26,056,800	\$22,977,360	2.6E+07	2.6E+07
Beam Unit Price:		\$92.00	\$110.00	\$97.00	\$110.00	\$97.00	\$110.00	\$97.00	\$110.00	\$97.00	\$110.00	\$97.00	\$110.00	\$97.00	\$110.00	\$97.00	\$110.00	\$110.00

NUMBER OF SPANS	MOST ECONOMICAL AASHTO BEAM TYPE											
	18" PILES				24" PILES				DRILLED SHAFT			
	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST
390	VI	\$52,113,600	VI	\$52,113,600	VI	\$52,113,600	VI	\$52,113,600	VI	\$52,113,600	VI	\$52,113,600
405	VI	\$52,113,600	VI	\$52,113,600	VI	\$52,113,600	VI	\$52,113,600	VI	\$52,113,600	VI	\$52,113,600
420	VI	\$39,085,200	VI	\$39,085,200	VI	\$39,085,200	VI	\$39,085,200	VI	\$39,085,200	VI	\$39,085,200
435	VI	\$39,085,200	VI	\$39,085,200	VI	\$39,085,200	VI	\$39,085,200	VI	\$39,085,200	VI	\$39,085,200
450	VI	\$32,571,000	VI	\$32,571,000	VI	\$32,571,000	VI	\$32,571,000	VI	\$32,571,000	VI	\$32,571,000
465	VI	\$32,571,000	VI	\$32,571,000	VI	\$32,571,000	VI	\$32,571,000	VI	\$32,571,000	VI	\$32,571,000
480	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800
495	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800
510	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800	VI	\$26,056,800
525	FBT72	\$22,977,360	FBT72	\$22,977,360	FBT72	\$22,977,360	FBT72	\$22,977,360	FBT72	\$22,977,360	FBT72	\$22,977,360
540	FBT72	\$22,977,360	FBT72	\$22,977,360	FBT72	\$22,977,360	FBT72	\$22,977,360	FBT72	\$22,977,360	FBT72	\$22,977,360
555	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960
570	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960
585	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960	V	\$21,792,960





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS  
Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

Sheet \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

Design: FO  
Checked: CL

Date: 11/29/00  
Date: 11/29/00

**SUPERSTRUCTURE ALTERNATIVES COMPARISON**

1. S:\0101\CT Design\Tamiami Trail\design\comparisons\table\comp\type II Bridge\Tab1\RESULT1

Alternative 5

SPAN NUMBER	ADJUSTED SPAN LENGTH (FT.)			COST OF BEAMS & DECK SLAB						BEAM NUMBERS	
	FOR 18" PILES	FOR 24" PILES	FOR DRILLED SHAFT	FOR 18" PILES		FOR 24" PILES		FOR DRILLED SHAFT		18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES
				TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST	TYPE	COST		
200	151.8	151.8	151.8	VI	\$79,037,893	VI	\$79,037,893	VI	\$79,037,893	8	8
405	146.2	146.2	146.2	VI	\$79,037,893	VI	\$79,037,893	VI	\$79,037,893	8	8
420	141.0	141.0	141.0	VI	\$66,009,493	VI	\$66,009,493	VI	\$66,009,493	6	6
435	136.1	136.1	136.1	VI	\$66,009,493	VI	\$66,009,493	VI	\$66,009,493	6	6
450	131.6	131.6	131.6	VI	\$59,495,293	VI	\$59,495,293	VI	\$59,495,293	5	5
465	127.4	127.4	127.4	VI	\$59,495,293	VI	\$59,495,293	VI	\$59,495,293	5	5
480	123.4	123.4	123.4	VI	\$52,981,093	VI	\$52,981,093	VI	\$52,981,093	4	4
495	119.6	119.6	119.6	VI	\$52,981,093	VI	\$52,981,093	VI	\$52,981,093	4	4
510	115.1	115.1	115.1	VI	\$52,981,093	VI	\$52,981,093	VI	\$52,981,093	4	4
525	112.8	112.8	112.8	FBI72	\$49,901,653	FBI72	\$49,901,653	FBI72	\$49,901,653	4	4
540	109.7	109.7	109.7	FBI72	\$49,901,653	FBI72	\$49,901,653	FBI72	\$49,901,653	4	4
555	106.7	106.7	106.7	V	\$48,717,253	V	\$48,717,253	V	\$48,717,253	4	4
570	103.9	103.9	103.9	V	\$48,717,253	V	\$48,717,253	V	\$48,717,253	4	4
585	101.2	101.2	101.2	V	\$48,717,253	V	\$48,717,253	V	\$48,717,253	4	4

Deck Reinforcement

205 Lbs/Cy of Concrete

Cost of Deck/Foot

\$455





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS  
Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

FOUNDATION LOADS AND NUMBER OF 18 IN. PRESTRESSED PILES

I:\STRUCT\Design\Tamiami Trail\design\corr-analysis\alternativ-5-4\Type II Bridge Load\RESULT

Alternative 5

Bridge Width (ft)

Number of lanes

Beam Type

Beam Weight (k/ft)

Number of Spans

Number of Beams

Span Length (ft)

Beam Span (ft)

Bridge Deck Thickness (in)

Comp. Loads (ksf)

Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)

Dead Load

Beam Load (kips) (END BENT)

Beam Load (kips) (PIER)

Live Load

Reduction factor

Impact factor for Substructure

I.I. Reaction per lane (END BENT)

Truck load (kips)

Lane load (kips)

Total Live Load (kips) (END BENT)

I.I. Reaction per lane (PIER)

Truck load (kips)

Lane load (kips)

Total Live Load (kips) (PIER)

Total Load

Superstructure Load (kips) (END BENT)

Superstructure Load (kips) (PIER)

Foundation

Maximum pile spacing (ft)

Service Load Capacity of Piles (kips)

\*\* Number of Piles Req'd For END BENT

\*\* Number of Piles Req'd For PIER

Service Design Load (kips)(END BENT)

Service Design Load (kips)(PIER)

\*\* NOTE: N/A Indicates that required number of piles exceeds the max. number of piles based on minimum pile spacing (3 \* pile size).

Sheet \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

Design: SY  
Checked: CL

Date: 11/29/00  
Date: 11/29/00

43.083

3

VI

1.130

390

8

151.8

149.8

8.500

0.020

0.836

1138.1

2316.2

0.9

1.0

67.57

74.59

201.4

68.31

123.18

332.6

1453.2

2706.9

13.0

147.0

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

VI

1.130

420

435

6

141.0

139.0

8.500

0.020

0.836

916.0

1832.1

67.06

71.12

196.5

68.17

119.58

322.9

1405.4

2611.4

VI

1.130

435

450

5

131.6

129.6

8.500

0.020

0.836

780.6

1561.2

66.89

68.11

183.9

67.74

110.22

297.6

1029.4

1859.3

VI

1.130

450

465

4

123.4

121.4

8.500

0.020

0.836

662.1

1324.3

66.55

65.48

179.7

67.46

104.96

283.4

935.5

1665.8

VI

1.130

450

465

4

119.6

117.6

8.500

0.020

0.836

642.1

1284.1

66.38

64.28

179.2

67.52

102.57

276.9

915.0

1619.2

VI

1.130

450

465

4

116.1

114.1

8.500

0.020

0.836

623.2

1246.4

66.21

63.16

178.8

67.18

100.32

270.9

895.7

1575.4

VI

1.130

450

465

4

112.8

110.8

8.500

0.020

0.836

530.9

1061.9

66.04

62.10

176.3

67.04

98.19

265.1

802.9

1385.1

VI

1.130

450

465

4

109.7

107.7

8.500

0.020

0.836

516.2

1032.4

65.87

61.09

177.9

66.89

96.19

259.7

787.7

1350.2

VI

1.130

450

465

4

106.7

104.7

8.500

0.020

0.836

556.6

1113.3

65.70

60.14

177.4

66.75

92.49

249.7

817.7

1426.0

VI

1.130

450

465

4

103.9

101.9

8.500

0.020

0.836

542.0

1081.0

65.53

59.25

176.9

66.61

90.79

245.1

798.3

1359.5

VI

1.130

450

465

4

105.5

103.5

8.500

0.020

0.836

570

570

58.36

58.36

176.5

66.17

90.79

245.1

798.3

1359.5

VI

1.130

450

465

4

105.5

103.5

8.500

0.020

0.836

570

570

58.36

58.36

176.5

66.17

90.79

245.1

798.3

1359.5

VI

1.130

450

465

4

105.5

103.5

8.500

0.020

0.836

570

570

58.36

58.36

176.5

66.17

90.79

245.1

798.3

1359.5

VI

1.130

450

465

4

105.5

103.5

8.500

0.020

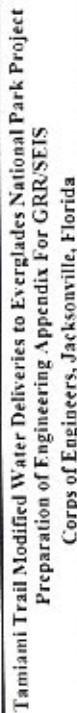
0.836

570

570

58.36





### Alternative 5

### FOUNDATION LOADS AND NUMBER OF 24 IN. PRESTRESSED PILES

Design	SY	Date: 11/29/00
Checked	CL	Date: 11/29/00

43.083												
3												
Bridge Width (ft)												
Number of Lanes												
Beam Type												
Beam Weight (k/ft)												
Number of Spans												
Number of Beams												
Span Length (ft)												
Beam Span (ft)												
Bridge Deck Thickness (in)												
Comp. Loads (ksi)												
Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)												
Dead Load												
Beam Load (kips) (END BENT)												
Beam Load (kips) (PIER)												
Live Load												
Reduction factor												
Impact factor for Substructure												
I.I. Reaction per lane (END BENT)												
Truck load (kips)												
Lane load (kips)												
Total Live Load (kips) (END BENT)												
I.I. Reaction per lane (PIER)												
Truck load (kips)												
Lane load (kips)												
Total Live Load (kips) (PIER)												
Total Load												
Superstructure Load (kips) (END BENT)												
Superstructure Load (kips) (PIER)												
Foundation												
Maximum pile spacing (ft)												
Service Load Capacity of Piles (kips)												
** Number of Piles Req'd For END BENT												
** Number of Piles Req'd For PIER												
Service Design Load (kips)(END BENT)												
Service Design Load (kips)(PIER)												
VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI	VI
1,130	1,130	1,130	1,130	1,130	1,130	1,130	1,130	1,130	1,130	1,130	1,055	1,055
390	405	420	435	450	465	480	495	510	525	540	570	585
8	8	6	6	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
151.8	146.2	141.0	136.1	131.6	127.4	123.4	119.6	116.1	112.8	109.7	103.9	101.2
149.8	144.2	139.0	134.1	129.6	125.4	121.4	117.6	114.1	110.8	107.7	101.9	99.2
8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500
0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836	0.836
1158.1	1115.2	916.0	884.5	780.6	755.4	662.1	643.1	623.2	530.9	516.2	542.0	528.1
2316.2	2250.4	1832.1	1768.9	1561.2	1510.9	1324.3	1284.1	1246.4	1061.9	1037.4	1084.0	1056.2
0.9												
1.0												
67.57	67.40	67.23	67.06	66.89	66.72	66.55	66.38	66.21	66.04	65.87	65.70	65.53
74.59	72.79	71.12	69.56	68.11	66.75	65.48	64.28	63.16	62.10	61.09	60.14	59.25
201.4	196.5	192.0	187.8	183.9	180.2	179.7	179.2	178.8	178.3	177.9	177.4	176.5
68.31	68.17	68.03	67.89	67.74	67.60	67.46	67.32	67.18	67.04	66.89	66.75	66.61
123.18	119.58	116.24	113.13	110.22	107.51	104.96	102.57	100.32	98.19	96.19	94.29	90.79
332.6	322.9	313.8	305.4	297.6	290.3	283.4	276.9	270.9	265.1	259.7	254.6	245.1
1453.2	1405.4	1201.8	1166.0	1058.2	1029.4	935.5	915.0	895.7	802.9	787.7	827.7	798.3
2706.9	2611.4	2204.1	2132.5	1917.0	1859.3	1665.8	1619.2	1575.4	1385.1	1350.2	1426.0	1359.5
13.0												
260.0												
6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
242	234	233	233	212	257	234	229	224	201	197	207	203
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	238	231	225	231	225	238	232

\*\*\* NOTE: N/A indicates that required number of piles exceeds the max. number of piles based on minimum pile spacing (3 \* pile size).





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS  
Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

FOUNDATION LOADS ON DRILLED SHAFT

STRUCT Design: Tamiami Trail design.com-analysis\ahumav\c-5\Type II Bridge 1-04\BFS\ULT

Alternative 5

Bridge Width (ft)

Number of lanes

Beam Type

Beam Weight (k/ft)

Number of Spans

Number of Beams

Span Length (ft)

Beam Span (ft)

Bridge Deck Thickness (in)

Comp. Loads (ksf)

Barrier Loads (k/ft)(both sides)

Dead Load

Beam Load (kips) (END BENT)

Beam Load (kips) (PIER)

Live Load

Reduction factor

Impact factor for Substructure

I.I. Reaction per lane (END BENT)

Truck load (kips)

Lane load (kips)

Total Live Load (kips) (END BENT)

I.I. Reaction per lane (PIER)

Truck load (kips)

Lane load (kips)

Total Live Load (kips) (PIER)

Total Load

\* Superstructure Load (kips) (END BENT)

\* Superstructure Load (kips) (PIER)

Foundation

Maximum pile spacing (ft)

Cantilever dist. from shaft to coping (ft)

Number of Piles Required For END BENT

Number of Piles Required For PIER

Service Design Load (kips)(END BENT)

Service Design Load (kips)(PIER)

43.083

3

VI

1.130

390

8

151.8

149.8

8.500

0.020

0.836

0.836

1158.1

2316.2

1115.2

2230.4

916.0

1832.1

884.5

1768.9

780.6

1561.2

755.4

1510.9

662.1

1324.3

642.1

1284.1

530.9

1061.9

516.2

1032.4

66.21

66.04

62.10

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

61.09

178.8

177.9

66.38

64.28

63.16

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178.8

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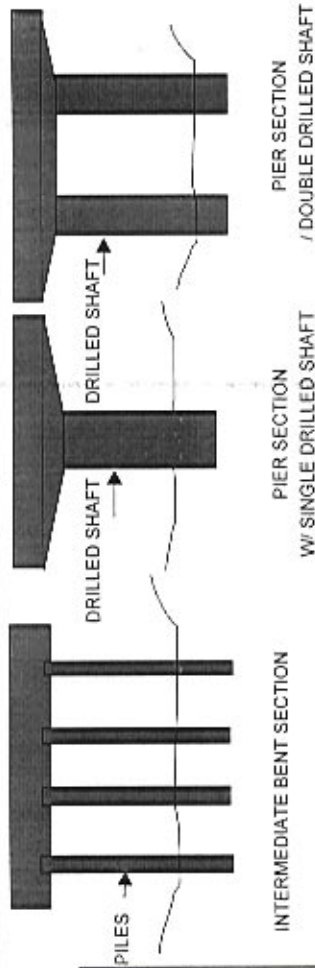


**INTERMEDIATE BENTS / PIERS**

STRUCTURE Design: Tamiami Trail design cost study alternative 5 (Type II Bridge) 1-01-000000

**Alternative 5**

Pile Dia (Inches)	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES	DRILLED SHAFT
Estimated Pile Embedment Length (Ft.)	19	19	21
Pile Length Above Ground (Ft.)	8	8	8
Total Length of Pile (Ft.)	27	27	29
Estimated Cost of One Pile/Drilled Shaft	\$891	\$1,242	\$6,380
BentCap X-section (SqFt.)	9	9	12
Bent Length (Ft.)	43.083	43.083	43.083
Total Concrete Volume (CY.)	14.36	14.36	19.15
Reinforcement (Lbs.)	2082	2082	2775
ESTIMATED COST OF BENT CAP	\$6,897	\$6,897	\$9,196



145 Lbs/CY

PRESTRESSED PILES	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES	DRILLED SHAFT
No. of test piles with dynamic load tests per bridge	297	237	No. of test load for drilled shaft per bridge
Estimated total cost of test piles w/ dynamic load test per bridge	\$1,995,840.00	\$1,995,840.00	Core/Shaft Excavation
% of pile splice	10	10	Length of temporary casing
% of pile hole preformed	100	100	% of casing splice
			Excavation, unclassified shaft
			Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming
			Excavation, unclassified extra depth

NUMBER OF SPANS	NUMBER OF PILES		NUMBER OF DRILLED SHAFT	TOTAL COST OF PILES PER BENT		TOTAL COST OF DRILLED SHAFT PER PIER	ESTIMATED COST OF ONE BENT/PIER	
	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES		18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES		18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES
390	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	\$12,889	N/A	\$22,084
405	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	\$12,884	N/A	\$22,080
420	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	\$12,879	N/A	\$22,075
435	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	\$12,875	N/A	\$22,071
450	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	\$12,871	N/A	\$22,067
465	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	\$12,868	N/A	\$22,064
480	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	\$14,380	\$12,864	N/A	\$22,060
495	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	\$14,263	\$12,861	N/A	\$22,057
510	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	\$14,134	\$12,858	N/A	\$22,054
525	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	\$12,563	\$12,855	N/A	\$22,051
540	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	\$12,457	\$12,853	N/A	\$22,049
555	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	\$12,357	\$12,850	N/A	\$22,046
570	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	\$12,262	\$12,848	N/A	\$22,044
585	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	\$12,172	\$12,846	N/A	\$22,041

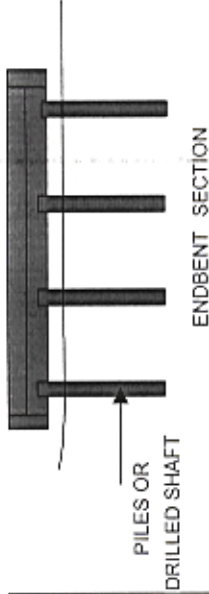


## END BENTS

STRUCTURE DESIGN: Tamiami Trail design cost analysis alternative-5 (Type H Bridge 1 x 1) RESULT

### Alternative 5

Pile Dia. ( Inches )	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES	DRILLED SHAFT
Estimated Pile Embedment Length( Ft. )	19	19	21
Pile Length Above Ground( Ft. )	8	8	8
Total Length of Pile ( Ft. )	27	27	29
Estimated Cost of One Pile/Drilled Shaft	\$891	\$1,242	\$6,380
End BentCap X-section ( SqFt. )	7.5	7.5	12
End Bent Length( Ft. )	43.083	43.083	43.083
Total Concrete Volume( CY. )	11.97	11.97	19.15
Reinforcement( Lbs ) *	1735	1735	2776
ESTIMATED COST OF BENT CAP	\$5,747	\$5,747	\$9,196



\* 145 Lbs/CY

	PRESTRESSED PILES		DRILLED SHAFTS	
	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES	Core(Shaft Excavation)	
% of pile splice	10	10	Length of temporary casing	LF
% Pile hole performed	100	100	%age of casing splice	LF
			Excavation, unclassified shaft	%
			Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	LF
			Excavation, unclassified extra depth	LF

NUMBER OF SPANS	* NUMBER OF PILES		** NUMBER OF DRILLED SHAFT	TOTAL COST OF PILES PER ENDBENT		TOTAL COST OF DRILLED SHAFT PER ENDBENT **	ESTIMATED COST OF ONE ENDBENT		
	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES		18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES		18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES	DRILLED SHAFT
390	N/A	6	5	N/A	\$8,754	\$31,900	N/A	\$31,327	\$57,921
405	N/A	6	5	N/A	\$8,754	\$31,900	N/A	\$31,327	\$57,921
420	N/A	5	5	N/A	\$7,295	\$31,900	N/A	\$29,868	\$57,921
435	10	5	5	\$11,020	\$7,295	\$31,900	\$33,593	\$29,868	\$57,921
450	10	5	5	\$11,020	\$7,295	\$31,900	\$33,593	\$29,868	\$57,921
465	10	4	5	\$11,020	\$5,836	\$31,900	\$33,593	\$28,409	\$57,921
480	9	4	5	\$9,918	\$5,836	\$31,900	\$32,491	\$28,409	\$57,921
495	9	4	5	\$9,918	\$5,836	\$31,900	\$32,491	\$28,409	\$57,921
510	9	4	5	\$9,918	\$5,836	\$31,900	\$32,491	\$28,409	\$57,921
525	8	4	5	\$8,816	\$5,836	\$31,900	\$31,389	\$28,409	\$57,921
540	8	4	5	\$8,816	\$5,836	\$31,900	\$31,389	\$28,409	\$57,921
555	8	4	5	\$8,816	\$5,836	\$31,900	\$28,791	\$25,811	\$55,324
570	8	4	5	\$8,816	\$5,836	\$31,900	\$28,791	\$25,811	\$55,324
585	8	4	5	\$8,816	\$5,836	\$31,900	\$28,791	\$25,811	\$55,324

\* Includes 2 wingwall piles for all beam types

\*\* Includes 2 wingwall drilled shafts for all beam types





Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project  
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Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida

## SUBSTRUCTURE & SUPERSTRUCTURE ALTERNATIVES COMPARISON

Alternative 3

1: 8141 KT Design Tamiami Trail design and construction alternatives (1) per H Bridge 1.0, 3/20/2017

SPAN NUMBER	ADJUSTED SPAN LENGTH (FT.)		NO. OF PIERS	COST OF SUBSTRUCTURE		DRILLED SHAFT	COST OF SUPER STRUCTURE		DRILLED SHAFT	TOTAL COST OF STRUCTURE	
	18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES		18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES		18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES		18 IN. PILES	24 IN. PILES
300	151.8	151.8	369	N/A	N/A	\$8,109,690	\$79,037,893	\$79,037,893	\$79,037,893	N/A	\$87,144,553
400	146.2	146.2	404	N/A	N/A	\$9,035,997	\$79,037,893	\$79,037,893	\$79,037,893	N/A	\$88,073,890
420	141.0	141.0	419	N/A	N/A	\$9,355,334	\$66,009,493	\$66,009,493	\$66,009,493	N/A	\$75,374,827
435	136.1	136.1	434	N/A	N/A	\$9,694,972	\$66,009,493	\$66,009,493	\$66,009,493	N/A	\$75,374,827
450	131.6	131.6	449	N/A	N/A	\$10,074,009	\$59,495,293	\$59,495,293	\$59,495,293	N/A	\$69,579,502
465	127.4	127.4	464	N/A	N/A	\$10,353,347	\$59,495,293	\$59,495,293	\$59,495,293	N/A	\$69,579,502
480	123.4	123.4	479	N/A	N/A	\$10,248,785	\$52,981,093	\$52,981,093	\$52,981,093	N/A	\$63,603,777
495	119.9	119.9	484	N/A	N/A	\$10,504,934	\$52,981,093	\$52,981,093	\$52,981,093	N/A	\$63,603,777
510	116.1	116.1	509	N/A	N/A	\$10,781,582	\$52,981,093	\$52,981,093	\$52,981,093	N/A	\$63,603,777
525	112.8	112.8	524	N/A	N/A	\$10,753,714	\$49,901,653	\$49,901,653	\$49,901,653	N/A	\$61,901,687
540	109.7	109.7	539	N/A	N/A	\$10,409,477	\$49,901,653	\$49,901,653	\$49,901,653	N/A	\$61,901,687
555	106.7	106.7	554	N/A	N/A	\$10,178,044	\$48,717,253	\$48,717,253	\$48,717,253	N/A	\$61,041,428
570	103.9	103.9	569	N/A	N/A	\$10,952,807	\$48,717,253	\$48,717,253	\$48,717,253	N/A	\$61,370,768
585	101.2	101.2	584	N/A	N/A	\$11,187,571	\$48,717,253	\$48,717,253	\$48,717,253	N/A	\$61,700,103

### SUMMARY OF MOST ECONOMICAL ALTERNATIVES FOR EACH SPAN ARRANGEMENT:

COST	FOUNDATION ALTERNATIVE	SUPERSTR. ALTERNATIVE	CORRESPONDING NUMBER OF SPANS	NUMBER OF BEAMS	NUMBER OF PILES OR DRILLED SHAFT	TOTAL LENGTH OF PILES OR DRILLED SHAFT (FT.)	NUMBER OF TEST PILES	TOTAL LENGTH OF TEST PILES (FT.)
\$87,144,553	DRILLED SHAFT	V1	330	6	788	22852	0	0
\$88,073,890	DRILLED SHAFT	V1	405	8	818	23722	0	0
\$75,374,827	DRILLED SHAFT	V1	420	6	843	24592	0	0
\$75,374,827	DRILLED SHAFT	V1	435	6	878	25462	0	0
\$69,579,502	DRILLED SHAFT	V1	450	5	903	26332	0	0
\$69,579,502	DRILLED SHAFT	V1	465	5	928	27202	0	0
\$63,603,777	DRILLED SHAFT	V1	480	4	953	28072	0	0
\$63,603,777	DRILLED SHAFT	V1	495	4	978	28942	0	0
\$63,603,777	DRILLED SHAFT	V1	510	4	1003	29812	0	0
\$61,901,687	DRILLED SHAFT	FBT72	525	4	1058	30682	0	0
\$61,901,687	DRILLED SHAFT	FBT72	540	4	1088	31552	0	0
\$61,041,428	DRILLED SHAFT	V	555	4	1118	32422	0	0
\$61,370,768	DRILLED SHAFT	V	570	4	1148	33292	0	0
\$61,700,103	DRILLED SHAFT	V	585	4	1178	34162	0	0

\$61,041,428 < Minimum

### RESULT OF COST COMPARISON STUDY:

MOST ECONOMICAL SUPERSTRUCTURE TYPE:

MOST ECONOMICAL SUBSTRUCTURE TYPE:

OPTIMUM SPAN ARRANGEMENT

TOTAL BRIDGE LENGTH:

TOTAL NUMBER OF BEAMS:

TOTAL BEAM LENGTH:

NUMBER OF PILES OR DRILLED SHAFT

LENGTH OF PILES OR DRILLED SHAFT:

V  
DRILLED SHAFT  
555  
59220 FT.  
2220  
236880 FT.  
1118  
34422 FT.

106.70 FT.

SPANS AT

NOTE: DRILLED SHAFT ALTERNATIVE IS CHOSEN TO MINIMIZE THE OBSTRUCTION IN CANAL





**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
**Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida**

**ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

Sheet \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

Design: **FO** Date: 11/29/00

Checked: **CL** Date: 11/29/00

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**Alternative 5**

ITEM	QUANTITY	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
<b>SUPERSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Superstructure)	66934.2	CY	\$310.00	\$20,749,611
Reinforcing Steel -- (Superstructure)*	13721517	LBS	\$0.45	\$6,174,682
Bridge Floor Grooving	263200	SY	\$2.50	\$658,000
Traffic Railing Barrier	118440.0	FT	\$35.00	\$4,145,400
Expansion Joints***	8616.6	FT	\$84.00	\$723,794
AASHTO Beam, Type V	236880.0	FT	\$92.00	\$21,792,960
Neoprene Bearing Pads	1243.200	CY	\$425.00	\$528,360
<b>Superstructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$54,772,807</b>
<b>SUBSTRUCTURE:</b>				
Class II Concrete -- (Substructure)	10705.3	CY	\$415.00	\$4,442,684
Reinforcing Steel -- (Substructure)**	1552263	LBS	\$0.45	\$698,518
Pile Hole, Preformed	0	EA	\$0.00	\$0
Test Piles	0	FL	\$0.00	\$0
Prestressed Concrete Piles (F & I)	0	FL	\$0.00	\$0
Pile Splices	0	EA	\$0.00	\$0
Drilled shaft	32422	LF	\$220.00	\$7,132,840
Test load for drilled shaft	1	EA	\$50,000.00	\$50,000
Core (Shaft Excavation)	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Temporary casing	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Casing splice	0	EA	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified shaft	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Drilled shaft sidewall overreaming	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
Excavation, unclassified extra depth	0	LF	\$0.00	\$0
<b>Substructure Subtotal</b>				<b>\$12,324,043</b>
<b>Construction Cost Subtotal</b>				<b>\$67,096,850</b>
Mobilization (5% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$3,354,843
Contingency (15% of Construction Cost)	1	LS		\$10,064,527.51
<b>Total Construction Cost</b>				<b>\$80,516,220</b>
<b>Deck Square Footage (Ft.)</b>				<b>2,551,375</b>
<b>Cost Per Square Foot</b>				<b>\$31.56</b>

\*RATIO REBAR:CONC. (SUPERSTRUCTURE):

205 Lbs/CY.

\*\*RATIO REBAR:CONC. (SUBSTRUCTURE):

145 Lbs/CY.

\*\*\*NO.OF EXPANSION PIERS:

200



**Tamiami Trail Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park Project**  
**Preparation of Engineering Appendix For GRR/SEIS**  
 Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville, Florida



Done by: F. ORNARLI

Checked by: S.YETIMOGLU

November 29, 2000

**Alternative 2D**

**ESTIMATE OF ADDITIONAL COST OF STRUCTURES**

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Project Length 59220.00 Ft

Total Bridge Length 3841.00 Ft (2 - 475ft long, 2 - 345.5ft long, 1 - 1000ft long and 1 - 1200ft long bridges)

NOTE: 1000ft long bridge is at Tiger Tail Camp area & 1200ft long bridge is at abandoned park area on the east side of Struct. S355B are proposed not to further reduce the width of narrower canal in these area.

ITEM	UNIT PRICE	QTY	TOTAL PRICE
1000ft long Bridge at Tiger Tail Camp	\$32.00	43000 SF	\$1,376,000.00
1200ft long Bridge at Park Area	\$32.00	51600 SF	\$1,651,200.00
Retaining wall on canal side(Kingpile System)	\$461.43	55379 LF	\$25,553,285.84
Retaining wall on canal side	\$159.28	55379 LF	\$8,820,686.79
Temporary retaining system	\$331.68	55379 LF	\$18,367,958.02
Traffic Barrier on retaining wall	\$35.00	55379 LF	\$1,938,265.00
<b>* TOTAL:</b>			<b>\$57,707,396</b>

**\* NOTE: This cost is additional to the cost of 4 bridges in Alternative 2.**